

PhraseMap: Attention-based Keyphrases Recommendation for Information Seeking













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Phrases in Scientific Papers

We propose InSituNet, a

deep learning based

surrogate model to support

parameter space exploration

for ensemble simulations

that are visualized in situ.

Phrases capture concise and precise information compared to sentence-level and word-level information.

Phrases recommendation can help users to locate information of interest during information seeking process.



Challenges of Phrase-based Retrieval

- Challenge1: Modeling relationships among phrases.
 - Encode relationships as the distance between the phrase embeddings fail to link phrases that are highly relevant but dissimilar in semantics, e.g., volume rendering & transfer function.
- Challenge2: Human-in-the-loop retrieval is crucial but challenging.
 - The information of corpus can be large and complex.
- **Goal**: An intuitive visualization interface with an intelligent phrase-recommending system that can communicate with users.



Approach Overview

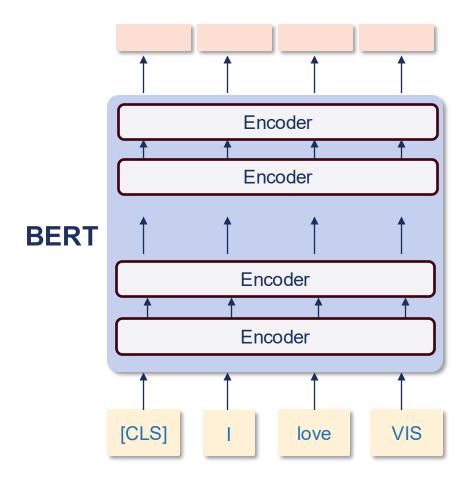


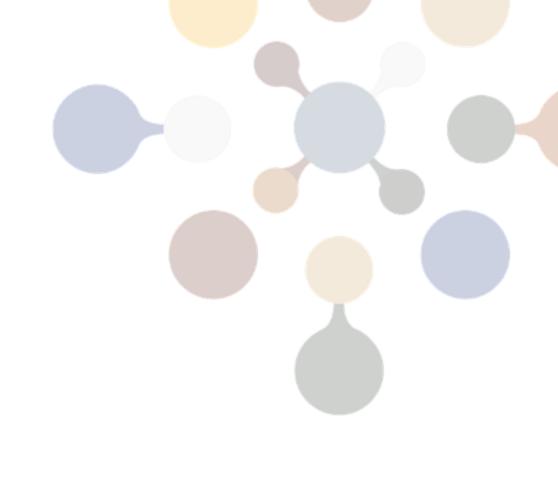




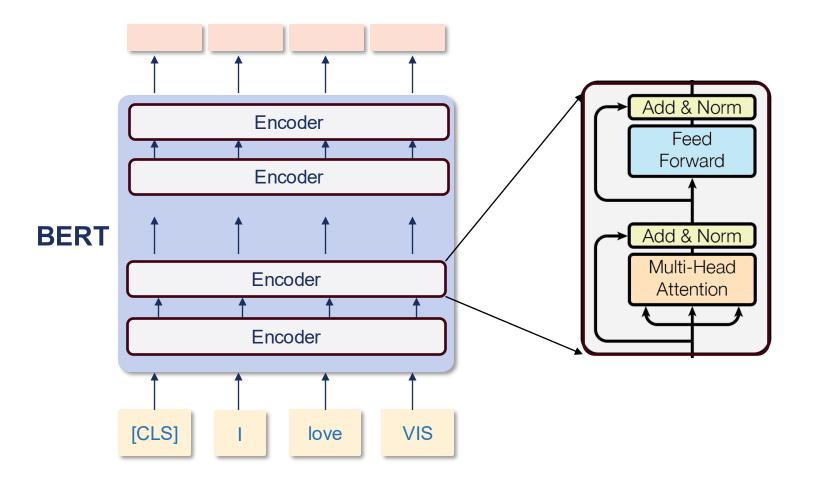


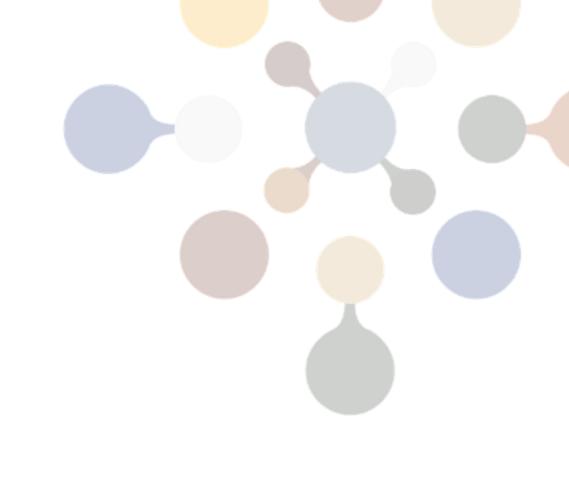
Self-Attention Mechanism



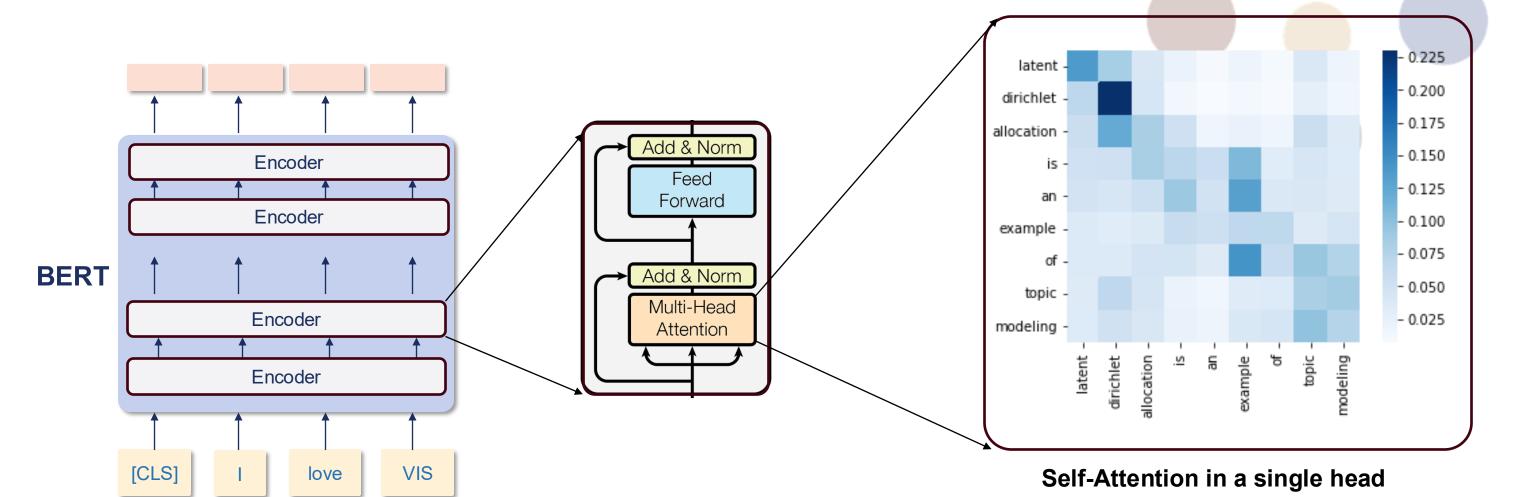


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Self-Attention Mechanism





What is PhraseMap?

We propose InSituNet, a

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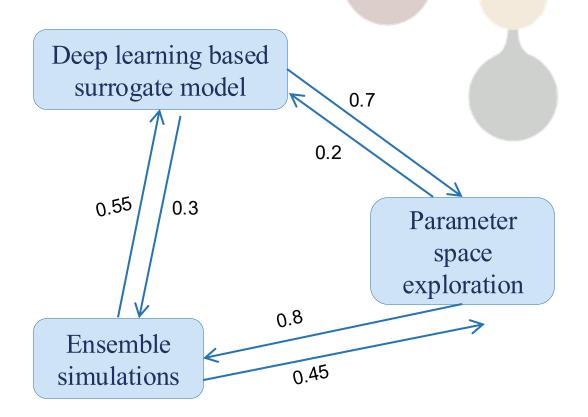
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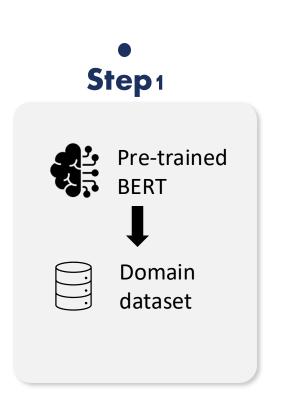




One document

Corresponding PhraseMap



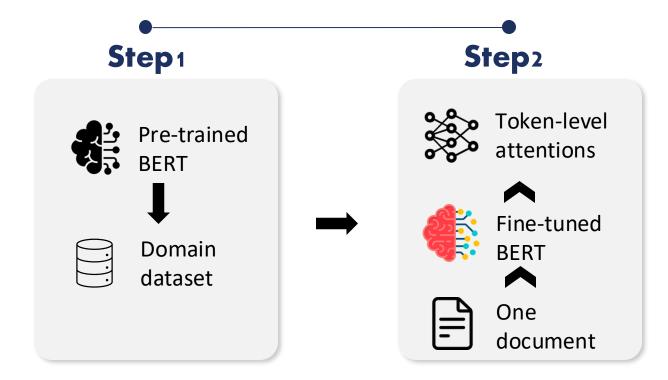


Attention Tuning

Fine-tuned on domain datasets to capture the relationships of domain-specific words better.







Attention Tuning

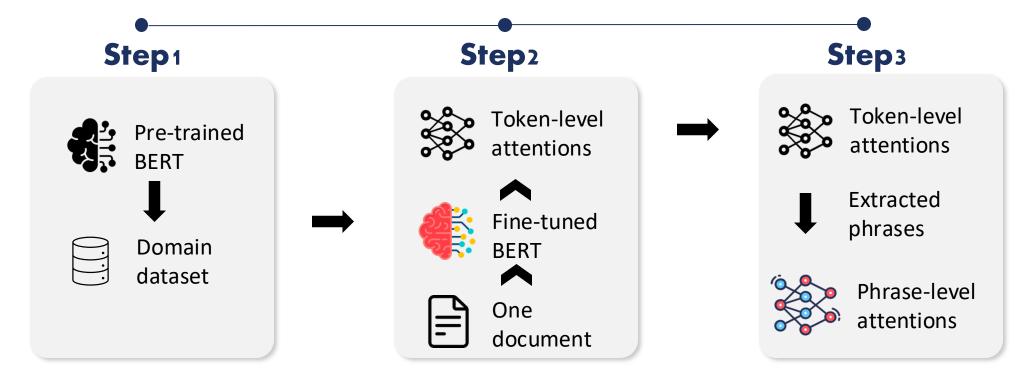
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Attention Extraction

For each document, average over the attention heads in the last layer to obtain the token relationships







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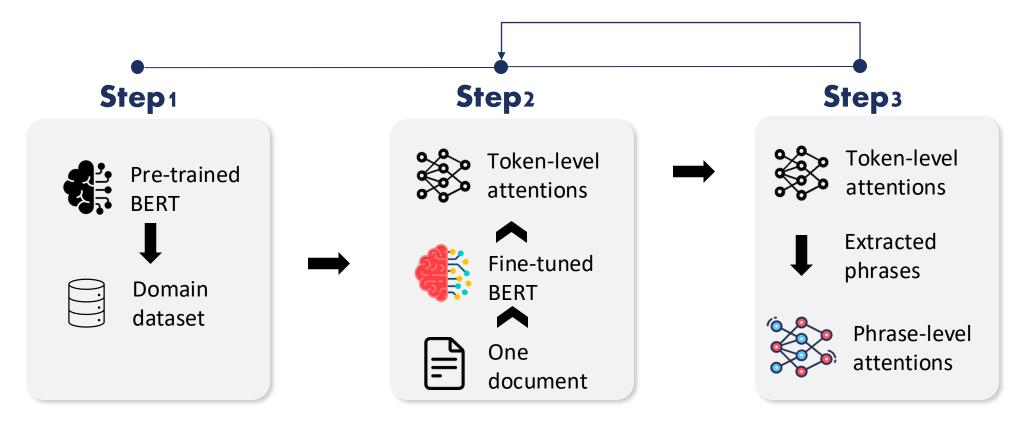
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Attention Refinement

Rule-based method for phrase extraction, and aggregate attentions into phrase-level based on it.





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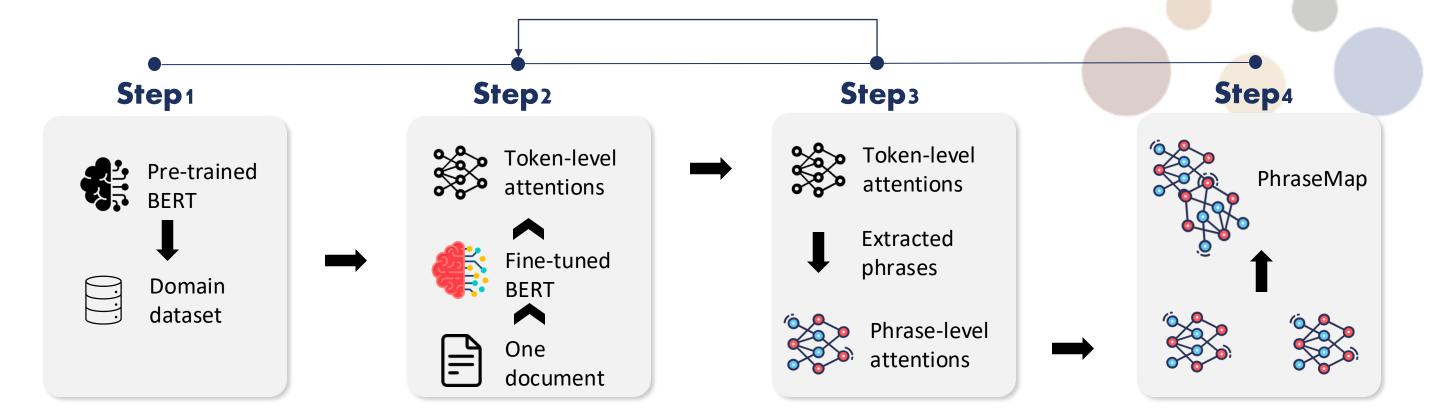
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Attention Aggregation

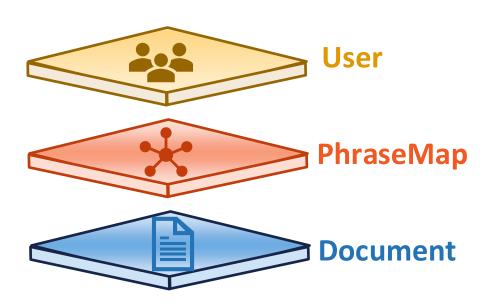
We merge the graphs of all documents in a corpus to create the PhraseMap in an iterative manner.



PhraseMap Navigation Algorithm

How to enable efficient query over the PhraseMap?

Key: Relevance score of each phrase to users' interests.



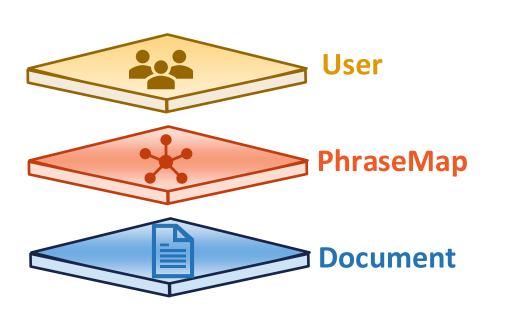


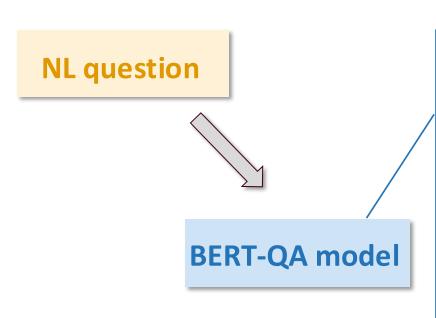
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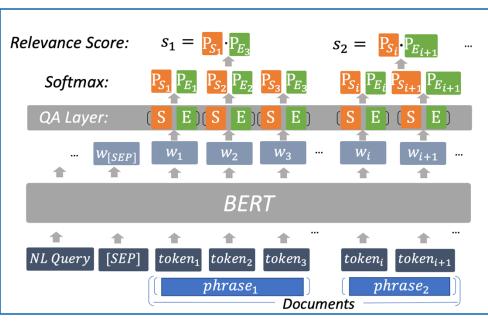
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Initialized by BERT-QA





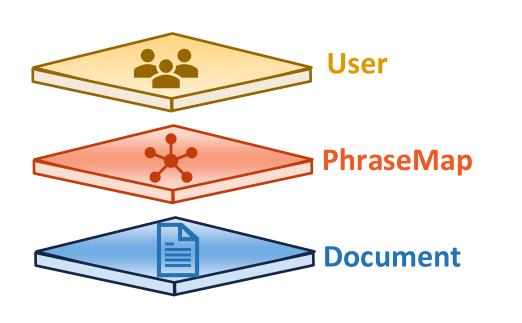


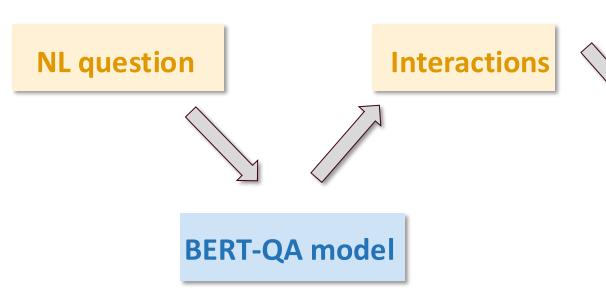
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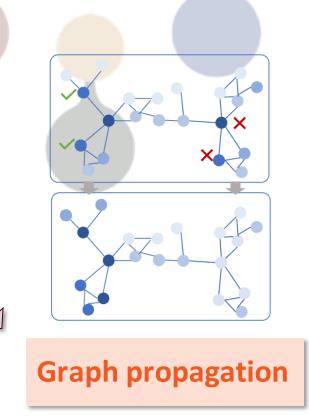
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Initialized by BERT-QA +Updated by Attention Score

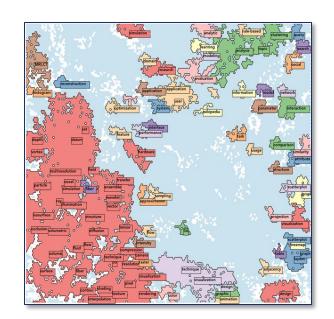






PhraseMap Visualization

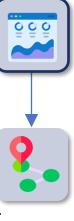
- Requirements of mapping PhraseMap to 2D grids :
 - 1. Phrases with similar semantics should be assigned to neighboring grids.
 - 2. One-to-one mapping to avoid visual clutter.
- Method: Resource-controlled Self-Organizing Map (RC-SOM)



Default Coloring



Color based on users' interests.

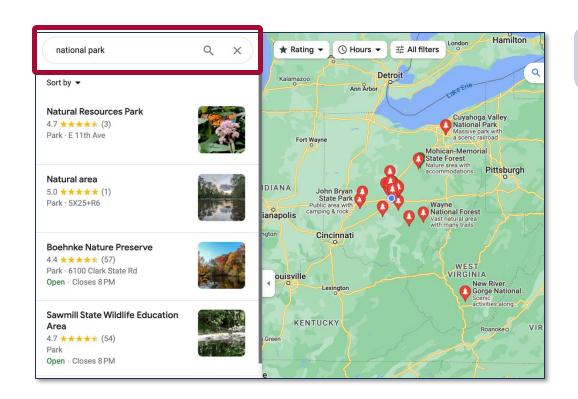




• We propose a *visual analytics framework* to enable interactive information seeking over the PhraseMap.



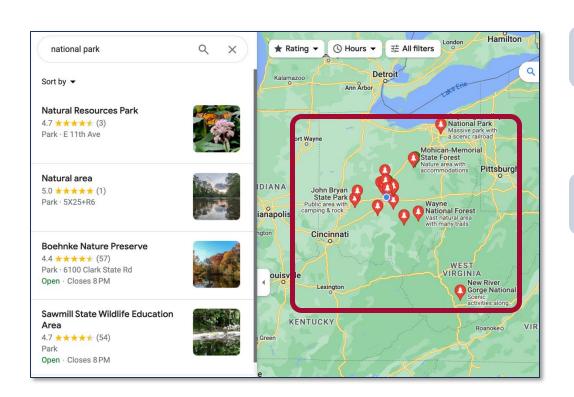
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Query



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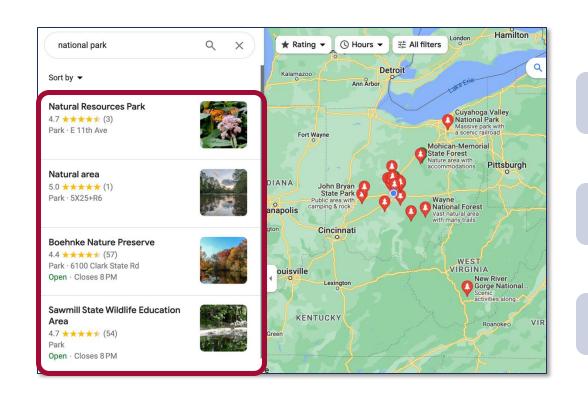


Query

Recommend



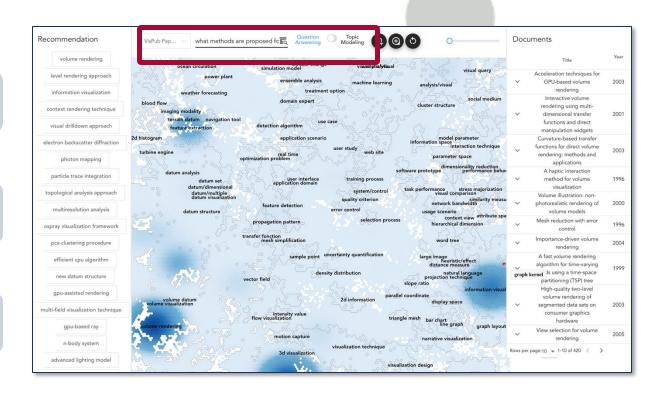
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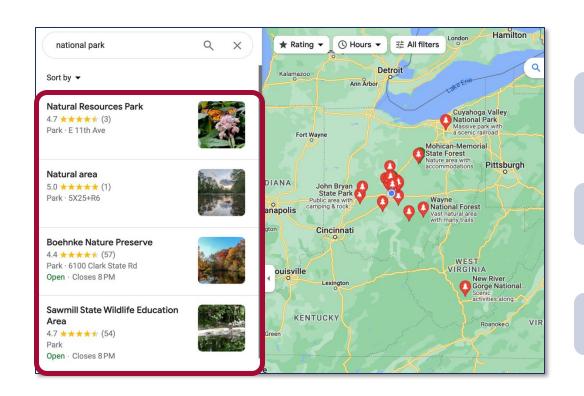
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Explore





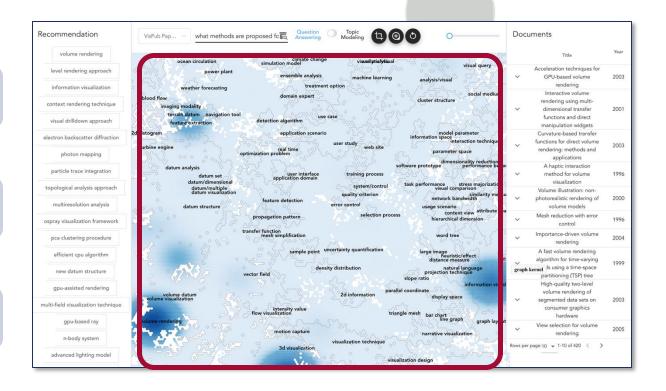
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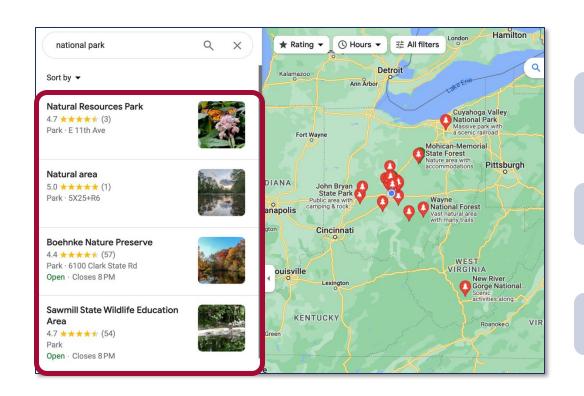
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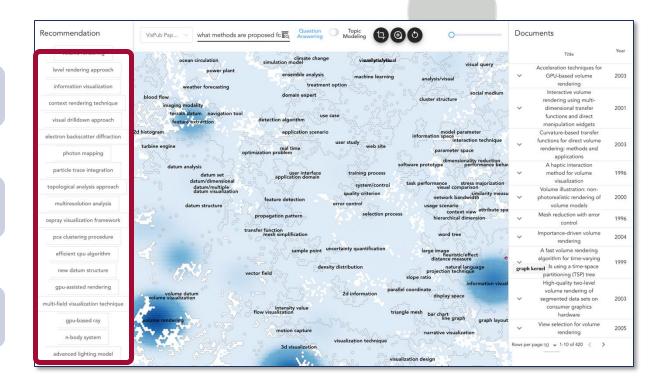
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Query

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Case Study





Evaluation

- Usage Scenarios:
 - Information Seeking in the Visualization Field
 - Cross-domain Analysis of ML Literature
 - Interactive Retrieval of COVID-19 papers
- Comparison Analysis:
 - Contextual Attention vs. Semantic Similarity
 - Evaluation of Resource Controlled-SOM
 - T-SNE & RC-SOM
 - RC-SOM & SOM





Thank You!



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