# **EZ TRACKER**

Technical Report

## **Declaration of Joint Authorship**

## Copy of the Approved Proposal

## Abstract

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## List of Illustrations or Diagrams

## Introduction

## Work Breakdown and Requirements

### Software specifications

#### Application Specifications and Breakdown

Ryan will be responsible for refining and updating the current version of the Android application. He will update, modify, and adhere to new ideas of the project based on weekly meetings and discussions. Extensive testing will be performed on a number of devices owned by members of the group. Both Delroy and Ryan will jointly be responsible for creating a basic website that will read the raw data from the database. They will also be responsible for refining the site with advance data and metrics which will provide further detail not available on the Android application regarding statistics and hardware data, if possible.

#### **Database Specifications and Breakdown**

The application will be collecting the data and send the results to Google's Firebase. While the person is using the EZ Tracker hardware, it will not be connected to the internet. After doing extensive research on various ways of utilizing Firebase, saving a limited amount of data offline is something Firebase is capable of doing, which will be sent to the cloud when the device has connected to the internet. Jonas will be responsible for getting the EZ Tracker hardware to connect to the database, and the device connecting to the Android phone. Jonas will also be responsible in getting connectivity from the Broadcom development platform to the database. Jonas will also report if any additional information will be needed, created, and added to the database. The database will be implemented with constraints that will prohibit others users from

reading and or access unauthorized user data. Other rules will be implemented as needed throughout the project.

#### Hardware Specifications and Breakdown

The continual development of our Broadcom Development Platform, the Raspberry Pi, will be a combined effort amongst JRD Developers. In order to progress the project, the sensors must first be combined to a single entity that must be recognized on a sole system. JRD Developers will collaborate to create a new PCB on Fritzing that will enable the Pi to work with multiple sensors on a single board. Jonas will be responsible for connecting and testing the hardware components. Delroy will assist Jonas in the SSD1306 OLED display that will read the values from LSM303 Accelerometer and Magnetometer. Jonas will be held accountable for the capacitive touch sensor which will allow the user to control the device. Functionality will include changing what's being shown on the display, starting, stopping, and restarting the device. This will allow the user to see the data they want to see, especially due to the display being small in size. As the project nears the final stages, the device will have to be re-housed into a more robust, sleek, and compact design. Delroy will be in charge for the re-design and refinement of the case using Corel Draw, and working with the prototype lab for laser cutting. Jonas and Ryan will help with additional suggestions and ideas. The hardware needs to be suitable to be carried by a person over a lengthy period of time, whether by holding on to it, or strapping it onto themselves. Therefore, the device needs to be compact. Measurements and revisions will be made to allow the EZ Tracker to have a small of a footprint as possible.

### **Overall Description**

### **Product Perspective**

This product was developed out of a specific need of the market. It is a new, self-contained product, the first version in its family. Its goal is to compete against fitness trackers that simply aim to add loads of features just to make them look like they are improving, but as in effect making them more and more complex.

#### **Product Functions**

The application has five major functions. These include multiple modes, step counting, calorie tracking, speed, and goals. The multiple modes give the user the choice of how much data is presented to them. For example, the simple mode presents information in an easy-to-read text format with one graph or chart, depending on the information that the user selects. The advanced mode presents information in compact format with multiple graphs and charts. The step counting function is a feature that will count the number of steps a user has done. It can be turned on or off, depending on the activity (i.e, turned off for cycling)

- Calorie tracking: a function to calculate the calories burned based on distance traveled and steps taken.
- Speed: the feature where the speed at which the user traveled to accomplish his specific goal is calculated.
- Goals: users will be able to set goals for themselves for the week, and will be able to
  monitor said goal with ease in a simple, plain format.

#### User Classes and Characteristics

- Elderly
  - o Simple interface allowing for easy use
  - Large font options for readability
  - Most important user class due to the rising elderly population and with health/fitness on the minds of most people.

#### Power Users

- o Advanced interface available for the tech-savvy users.
- Detailed statistics for the avid health tracking user.

#### Cyclists

- Robust hardware allows user to never have to take out his/her phone while cycling.
- o Can monitor basic data on the built-in display.

## **Operating Environment**

The software will operate in conjunction with a Broadcom development platform (Raspberry Pi) as the main engine, a capacitive touch sensor/effector, an accelerometer, and an OLED monochrome display; powered by the Android 5.0 and above operating system as the mobile client. On the back end, the system will be linked to Linux based web server and Google's Firebase database for data storage and retrieval.

### **Design and Implementation Constraints**

The program will be created using the Java programming language with Android libraries.

Any smartphone that is capable of running Android 5.0 Lollipop will be able to use this app.

The following constraints can pose a possible threat to the complete functionality of the system:

- Users API's version may not be up-to-date to install the application
- Device may not have enough disk space for the installation (mobile app)
- Google play store may not be available in the user's demographic location
- Other mobile constraints may prevent the installation of the app

#### **User Documentation**

As the app is still in the development stages, all future documentation/instructions will be found at: <a href="https://github.com/YamiYukiSenpai/EZ">https://github.com/YamiYukiSenpai/EZ</a> Tracker/tree/master/documentation

### **Assumptions and Dependencies**

While the system is fairly simple to use, the assumption can be made that the system may be affected due to certain situations. These include but are not limited to:

- Browser compatibility- the system might not be able to run an outdated browser.
   Thus, users a being recommended to have the most current version of the browser installed on their device.
- OS Compatibility- The system might not be able to operate on versions of Android that are older than Lollipop, which is deemed outdated by the developer.
- Internet connection not available.

For the system to be fully functional and effective, it will be dependent on the following:

Internet Connection- wile internet access is not absolutely necessary for the system
to function, it does require internet access at some point to interact and retrieve data
from the database stored on a web server.

#### **Hardware Interfaces**

The EZ Tracker app interacts with a few hardware components to accomplish its tasks. Firstly, system is powered by a Broadcom development platform (Raspberry Pi B+) as its main engine. It also uses a small 128x64 SSD1306 OLED Display for simple, on the fly, statistics. Tracking data is made possible by the LSM303 Accelerometer and Magnetometer, while the MPR121 12-Point Capacitive Touch Sensor offers seamless interaction between the system and the user. Data collected will be recorded to the Trackers local flash SD card storage, and the online database. This will be read to the small built-in screen as well as displayed into the EZ Tracker application. Supported Android devices include Android 5.0 and above.

#### **Software Interfaces**

Connections for the EZ Tracker

 Database: Google's Firebase will be used as the database. Used for storing tracking metrics such as direction, speed, steps, etc. Will only be an outbound connection.

Connections for the EZ Tracker application

Database: Inbound communication from Firebase. Will display information into the

application and display.

• Operating System: Internet Connection (HTTP) to send a request and receive e-mail

notifications/instructions for password reset (SMTP).

**Communications Interfaces** 

EZ Tracker will employ communication through a number of interfaces. The first method

being the database between the Tracker and the phone. The logs will be stored on the

database from the Tracker and corresponding statistics from the database onto the app (via

HTTP/Internet). Secondly, users will have their e-mails tied to their accounts on the app.

This will allow email notifications to be received without storing any mobile number

information (via SMTP). E-mail notifications can be disabled. A feedback form will also be

available from the settings menu for users to contribute any feedback to the developers.

**System Features** 

**Simple Mode** 

**Description and Priority** 

This mode will be the main attraction point for the app. In general, users just want their

product to work. It will display the simplest forms of data required to be considered a health

tracker. At a glance, users will be able to see all of the information they need to.

Priority Level: High

Risk: 2

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#### Cost: 2

#### **Stimulus/Response Sequences**

Preconditions: The user is logged in and the device is connected to the tracker, and the app has not been changed to Advanced Mode.

- 1. User wishes to see their up to date tracker stats.
- 2. User opens EZ Tracker and the Simple Mode page is displayed (calories, steps, goals, etc.).
- 3. User is able to view the basic stats they want to see for their general health/activity.

#### **Functional Requirements**

REQ-1: must download and install app from the Google Play Store.

REQ-2: Must be running android 5.0 with at least API 27 on mobile device

REQ-3: User must be registered and logged into the application

### **Other Non-functional Requirements**

### **Performance Requirements**

Upon opening the application on the device. The user will be able to see their up-to-date statistics within 5-10 seconds. The OLED display on the EZ Tracker will continuously update in real time since the numbers are local. In the case of querying the database, connection can depend on the users signal strength and will timeout if not successfully refreshed after 20 seconds.

### **Safety Requirements**

**Database corruption** The information in the database can be back up with the masterslave method in order for users to retain their data in case of data loss.

#### Security Requirements

The mobility domain has a privacy sensitive nature, specifically with regards to the location tracking of users. In order to create a viable offering for the user we will build a simple, transparent system that can be understood and trusted by the people that are using it. In order to build trust with the users of our system, the system shall make use of the following strategies:

- Anonymization & aggregation, so that information may be shared safely without disclosing personal information.
- Encryption, for all data that is privacy sensitive, but must be persisted on the server in order for basic functionality
- Open source / disclose security policies & practices
- Permit the use of anonymous avatars / aliases.
- Give control to end-users over private data (at least a delete private repository option)

### **Software Quality Attributes**

- Usability: checking that the system is easy to use and intuitive for the people not comfortable with current technology.
- Maintainability: any crashes regarding the app will prompt the user to send the crash report to the developers.

## **Business Rules**

Documents or other materials used for this project cannot be used for commercial purposes without the knowledge and consent of the developers.

## Conclusions

## Recommendations

## Bibliography

## **Appendices**

## **Appendix A: Glossary**

**APP** – Short form for application

**Database** – An organized collection of data, stored and accessed electronically.

**Android** – an operating system designed for mobile devices (i.e. cell phones, tablet computers) by Google, Inc.

**Android device** – any device running Android. In this document, synonymous to "smart phone running Android."

**Operating System** – the software that supports a computer's basic functions, such as scheduling tasks, executing applications, and controlling peripherals.

**SSD1306 Monochrome OLED Display** – a small display, about 1" diagonal, but very readable due to its high contrast. This display is made of 128x64 individual white OLED pixels, each one is turned on or off by the controller chip.

LSM303 Accelerometer and Magnetometer – a small chip that can determine speed as well as direction (North, South, East, West)

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**MPR121 12-Point Capacitive Touch Sensor** – a touch sensor that can handle up to 12 individual touch pads and can be implemented with nearly any microcontroller.

**SD Card** – Secure Digital card is a type of memory card typically used in digital cameras and other portable devices.

HTTP – Hypertext Transfer Protocol is the underlying protocol used by the World Wide Web and this protocol defines how messages are formatted and transmitted, and what actions Web servers and browsers should take in response to various commands

**SMTP** – Simple Mail Transfer Protocol is an Internet standard for electronic mail (email) transmission.