

sql project

MUSICIS IMPORTANT

Much more than we think

THIS PROJECT USES SQL TO ANALYZE THE DATASET OF AN ONLINE MUSIC STORE. THE GOAL OF THE PROJECT IS TO ANSWER A SET OF QUESTIONS ABOUT THE STORE'S BUSINESS PERFORMANCE AND HELP IN ITS GROWTH BY MAKING BETTER DECISIONS.

1-who is the senior most employee based on job title? select first_name,last_name,levels from employee order by levels desc limit 1

	first_name character	<u> </u>	last_name character	levels character varying (10))
1	Mohan		Madan	L7	

2- which contries have the most invoices?

select count(*) as c, billing_country from invoice group by billing_country order by (c) desc limit 1

	c bigint	billing_country character varying (30)
1	131	USA

3-what are top 3 values of total invoice?

select total from invoice order by total desc limit 3

	total double precision
1	23.75999999999998
2	19.8
3	19.8

4-which city has the best customers?

we would like to throw a promotional music festival in the city we made the most money.

write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals. Return both the city name & sum of all invoice totals?

select sum(total) as invoice_total,billing_city from invoice group by billing_city order by invoice_total desc limit 1

	invoice_total double precision	billing_city character varying (30)
1	273.24000000000007	Prague

- 5-Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer.
- Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.

- SELECT customer.customer_id, first_name, last_name, SUM(total) AS total_spending
- FROM customer
- JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
- GROUP BY customer.customer_id
- ORDER BY total_spending DESC

LIMIT 1;

	customer_id [PK] integer	first_name character	last_name character	total_spending double precision
1	5	R	Madhav	144.54000000000002

- 6- Write query to return the email, first name, last name, & Genre of all Rock Music listeners.
- Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A.
- SELECT DISTINCT email, first_name, last_name
- FROM customer
- JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
- JOIN invoice_line ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id
- WHERE track_id IN(
- SELECT track_id FROM track
- JOIN genre ON track.genre_id = genre.genre_id
- WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'

ORDER BY email;

7- Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our dataset. Write a query that returns the Artist name and total track count of the top 10 rock bands.

SELECT artist.artist_id, artist.name, COUNT (artist.artist_id) AS number_of_songs FROM track JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock' GROUP BY artist.artist_id ORDER BY number_of_songs DESC LIMIT 10;

- 8- Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length.
- Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the song length with the longest songs listed first.

```
select name, milliseconds from track
WHERE milliseconds > (
SELECT AVG(milliseconds) AS avg_track_length
FROM track)
ORDER BY milliseconds DESC;
```

9-Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists? Write a query to return customer name, artist name and total spent.

```
WITH best_selling_artist AS (
SELECT artist.artist_id AS artist_id, artist.name AS artist_name, SUM(invoice_line.unit_price*invoice_line.quantity) AS
total_sales
FROM invoice_line
JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoice_line.track_id
JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id
JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id
GROUP BY 1
ORDER BY 3 DESC
LIMIT 1
SELECT c.customer_id, c.first_name, c.last_name, bsa.artist_name, SUM(il.unit_price*il.quantity) AS amount_spent
FROM invoice i
JOIN customer c ON c.customer_id = i.customer_id
JOIN invoice_line il ON il.invoice_id = i.invoice_id
JOIN track t ON t.track_id = il.track_id
JOIN album alb ON alb.album_id = t.album_id
JOIN best_selling_artist bsa ON bsa.artist_id = alb.artist_id
GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
ORDER BY 5 DESC;
```

```
10- We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the
most popular genre as the genre
with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with
the top Genre. For countries where
the maximum number of purchases is shared return all Genres.
WITH popular_genre AS
 SELECT COUNT(invoice_line.quantity) AS purchases, customer.country, genre.name, genre.genre_id,
ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY customer.country ORDER BY COUNT(invoice_line.quantity) DESC) AS
RowNo
 FROM invoice_line
JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id
JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoice_line.track_id
JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
GROUP BY 2,3,4
ORDER BY 2 ASC, 1 DESC
SELECT * FROM popular_genre WHERE RowNo <= 1
```

```
11-Write a query that determines the customer that has spent the most on music for each country. Write a query that returns the country along with the top customer and how much they spent. For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide all customers who spent this amount.
```

```
WITH Customter_with_country AS (
SELECT
```

customer.customer_id,first_name,last_name,billing_country,SUM(total)

AS total_spending,

ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY billing_country ORDER BY SUM(total) DESC) AS RowNo

FROM invoice

JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id

GROUP BY 1,2,3,4

ORDER BY 4 ASC,5 DESC)

SELECT * FROM Customter_with_country WHERE RowNo <= 1