

ASSIGNMENT-1

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1 QUESTION NO-2.27

Construct $\triangle ABC$ such that $AC = 3, \angle A = 70^\circ$ and $\angle B = 50^\circ$.

2 SOLUTION

To find angle C:

$$\angle A + \angle B + \angle C = 180^\circ \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$\angle C = 180^\circ - 120^\circ \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$= 60^\circ \quad (2.0.3)$$

Now we shall find the side c by using the formula

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c} \quad (2.0.4)$$

To find side c

$$c = b \left(\frac{\sin C}{\sin B} \right) \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$= 3 \left(\frac{\sin 60^\circ}{\sin 50^\circ} \right) \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$= 3.3915 \quad (2.0.7)$$

The vertices of $\triangle ABC$ are

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} c \cos 70^\circ \\ c \sin 70^\circ \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.8)$$

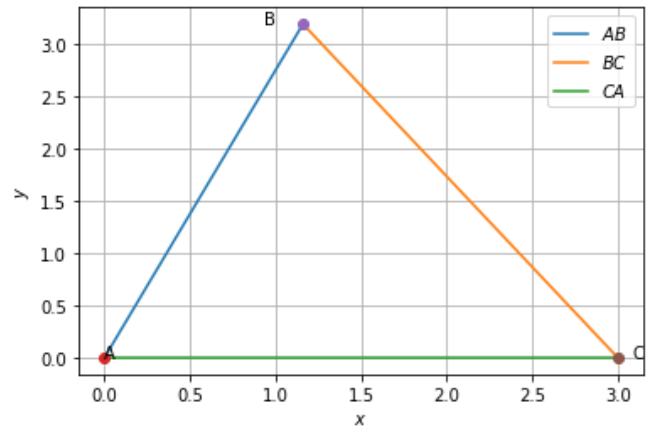


Fig. 2.1: Plot of $\triangle ABC$

Lines AB, BC, CA are then generated and plotted using these coordinates to construct $\triangle ABC$

Plot of the $\triangle ABC$