

# ASSIGNMENT-9

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## 1 QUESTION No-2.2(VECTORS)

Let  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$  be the vertices of  $\triangle ABC$ .

- The median from  $\mathbf{A}$  meets  $BC$  at  $\mathbf{D}$ . Find the coordinates of the point  $\mathbf{D}$ .
- Find the coordinates of the point  $\mathbf{P}$  on  $AD$  such that  $AP : PD = 2 : 1$ .
- Find the coordinates of the points  $\mathbf{Q}$  and  $\mathbf{R}$  on medians  $BE$  and  $CF$  respectively such that  $BQ : QE = 2 : 1$  and  $CR : RF = 2 : 1$ .

## 2 SOLUTION

- Given  $\triangle ABC$  with vertices

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.1)$$

Given that the median from  $\mathbf{A}$  meets  $BC$  at  $\mathbf{D}$ , now the coordinate of  $\mathbf{D}$  is given as,

$$\mathbf{D} = \frac{\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C}}{2} = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}}{2} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{7}{2} \\ \frac{9}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.3)$$

- Result : The coordinates of point  $\mathbf{C}$  dividing the line  $AB$  in the ratio  $m : n$  is given by

$$\frac{n\mathbf{A} + m\mathbf{B}}{m + n} \quad (2.0.4)$$

Given that the point  $\mathbf{P}$  divides  $AD$  in the ratio  $2 : 1$ , now to find  $\mathbf{P}$  we use (2.0.4),

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{1\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + 2\begin{pmatrix} \frac{7}{2} \\ \frac{9}{2} \end{pmatrix}}{3} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{11}{3} \\ \frac{11}{3} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.5)$$

- Given that the point  $\mathbf{Q}$  on the median  $BE$

divides it in the ratio  $2 : 1$ , first we find  $\mathbf{E}$ ,

$$\mathbf{E} = \frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{C}}{2} = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}}{2} \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{E} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix}. \quad (2.0.7)$$

Now we find  $\mathbf{Q}$  using (2.0.4)

$$\mathbf{Q} = \frac{1\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + 2\begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix}}{3} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{11}{3} \\ \frac{11}{3} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.8)$$

Similarly, Given that the point  $\mathbf{R}$  on the median  $CF$  divides it in the ratio  $2 : 1$ , first we find  $\mathbf{F}$ ,

$$\mathbf{F} = \frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}}{2} = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}}{2} \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{7}{2} \end{pmatrix}. \quad (2.0.10)$$

Now we find  $\mathbf{R}$  using (2.0.4)

$$\mathbf{R} = \frac{1\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + 2\begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{7}{2} \end{pmatrix}}{3} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{11}{3} \\ \frac{11}{3} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.11)$$

The plot of the  $\triangle ABC$  is given below

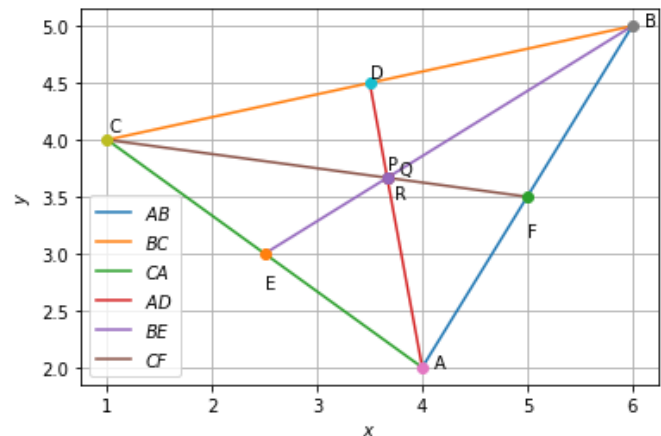


Fig. 2.1: Plot of  $\triangle ABC$