



# **Node-RED and Watson Visual Recognition**

## **Hands-on Workshop**

*Urs Witzig  
Yamini Rao*



# Overview

The [IBM Watson Developer Cloud](#) (WDC) offers a variety of services for developing cognitive applications. Each Watson service provides a Representational State Transfer (REST) Application Programming Interface (API) for interacting with the service. Some services, such as the Speech to Text service, provide additional interfaces.

This workshop will use the Visual Recognition service to show the integration into Watson Cloud services.

[Node-RED](#) is a visual tool for wiring the Internet of Things. It is easy to connect devices, data and API's (services). It can also be used for other types of applications to quickly assemble flows of services. Node-RED is available as open source and has been implemented by the IBM Emerging Technology organization. Node-RED provides a browser-based flow editor that makes it easy to wire together flows using the wide range of nodes in the palette. Flows can be then deployed to the runtime in a single-click. While Node-Red is based on Node.js, JavaScript functions can be created within the editor using a rich text editor. A built-in library allows you to save useful functions, templates or flows for re-use.

Node-RED is included in the Node-RED starter application in IBM Cloud but you can also deploy it as a stand alone Node.js application. Node-RED can not only be used for IoT applications, but it is a generic event-processing engine. For example, you can use it to listen to events from http, websockets, tcp, Twitter and more and store this data in databases without having to program much if at all. You can also use it for example to implement simple REST APIs. You can find many other sample flows on the [Node-RED website](#).

This app in this lab will be created and run on your IBM Cloud Account.

- In a first step, a IBM Cloud Node-RED environment will be created and setup. This will then host your Node-RED flows.
- Next you will create a simple Node-RED flow that allows you to past an Image URL from the Web and pass it to the IBM Watson Visual Recognition service you have created in an earlier lab.

## Objectives

- Learn how to use the Node-Red environment on IBM Cloud
- Learn how to implement the Image-Analysis application using Node-Red

## Prerequisites

- The prerequisite for this lab is an IBM Cloud account and a Watson Visual Recognition service
- Steps to create a Visual Recognition Service in the IBM Cloud console and retrieve the key from there (Service Credentials) is included below.

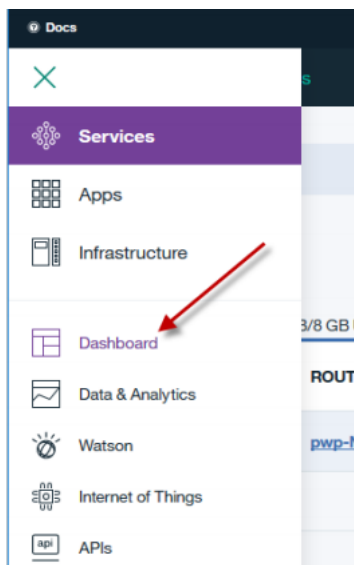
## Section 1: *Creating services in IBM Cloud*

IBM Cloud offers services, or cloud extensions, that provide additional functionality that is ready to use by your application's running code.

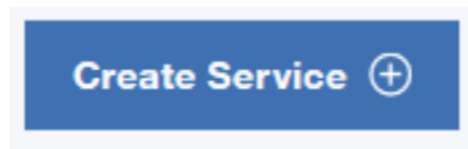
You have two options for working with applications and services in IBM Cloud. You can use the IBM Cloud web user interface or the Cloud Foundry command-line interface (cf cli).

**Step 1: Create a Visual Recognition service** (On the IBM Cloud Console)

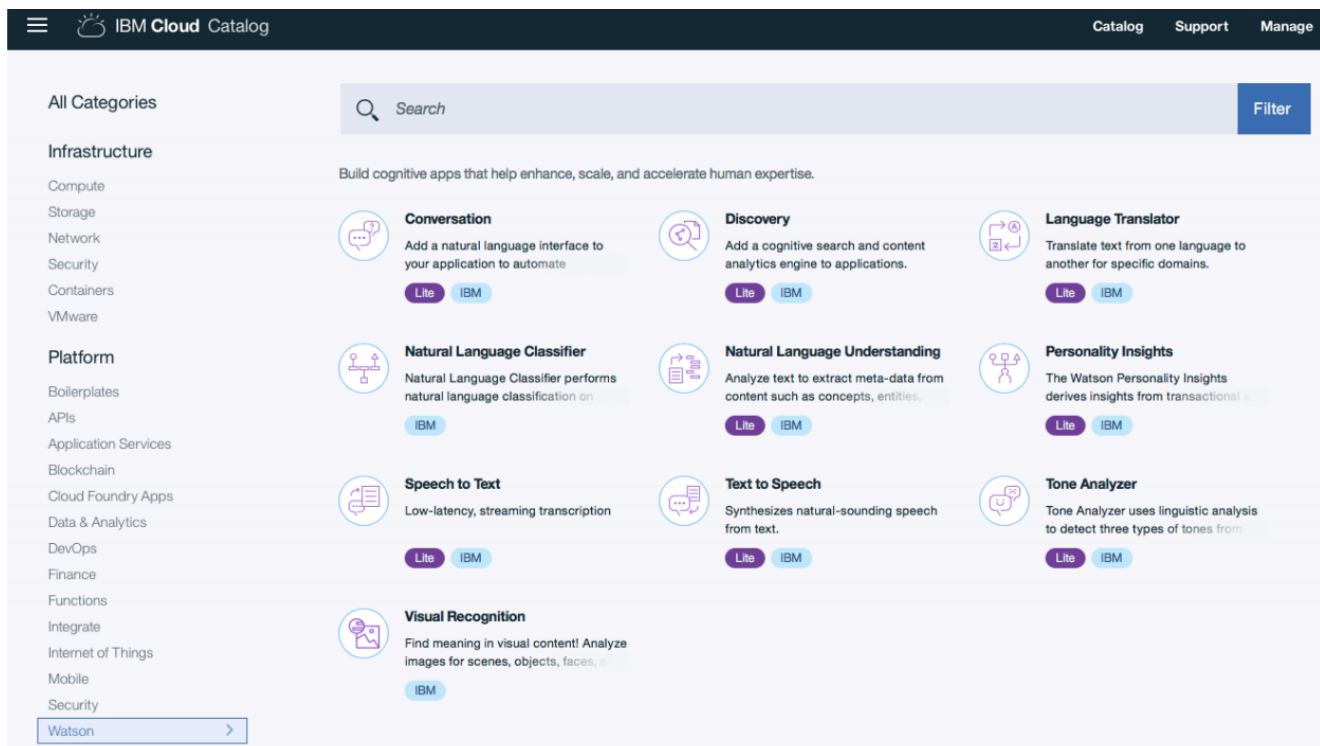
- a) Open a Browser and navigate to your IBM Cloud Interface
- b) Click the menu icon and select Services and then Dashboard.



c) Click the Create Service button



d) Under Services select the category Watson



e) Click the **Visual Recognition** service and as *Service name* specify **my-visual-recognition**

You can leave the *Credentials name* as the default.

**Service name:**  
my\_visual\_recognition|

**Credential name:**  
Credentials-1

**Select region to deploy in:** US South ▼ **Choose an organization:** kpschlottter **Choose a space:** dev

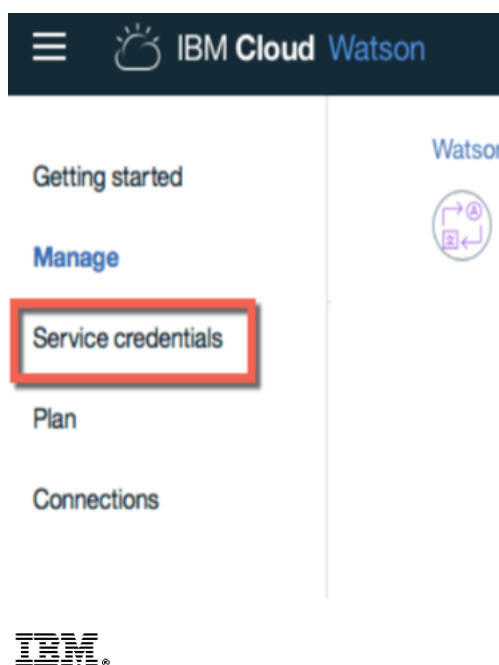
**Connect to:** Leave unbound ▼

f) Click the **Create** button



g) After the service is created you will see the **Manage** page of the service.

Click the **Service Credentials** to display them



h) In the list of credentials select the Action **View credentials** to display the “Credentials-1”.

Service credentials

Credentials are provided in JSON format. The JSON snippet lists credentials, such as the API key and secret, as well as connection information for the service.

View More

Service credentials

New credential +

10 Items per page | 1-1 of 1 items1 of 1 pages<1>

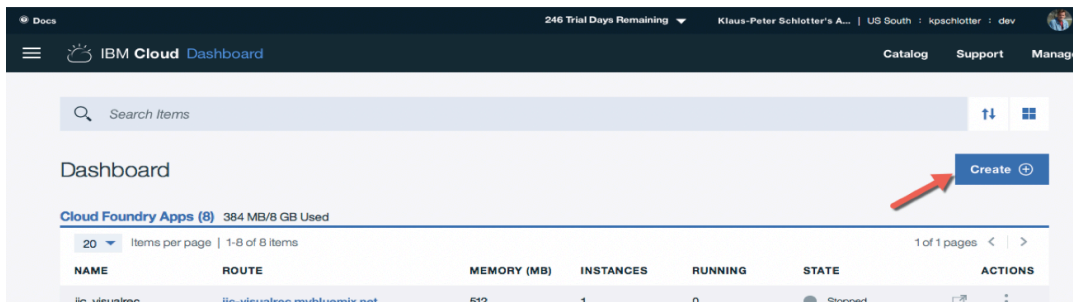
| <input type="checkbox"/> KEY NAME      | DATE CREATED           | ACTIONS                                   |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Credentials-1 | Jun 6, 2017 - 12:46:55 | <div>View credentials ▲</div> <div></div> |

```
{
  "url": "https://gateway.watsonplatform.net/language-translator/api",
  "username": "6a34!b073d",
  "password": "Mk"
}
```

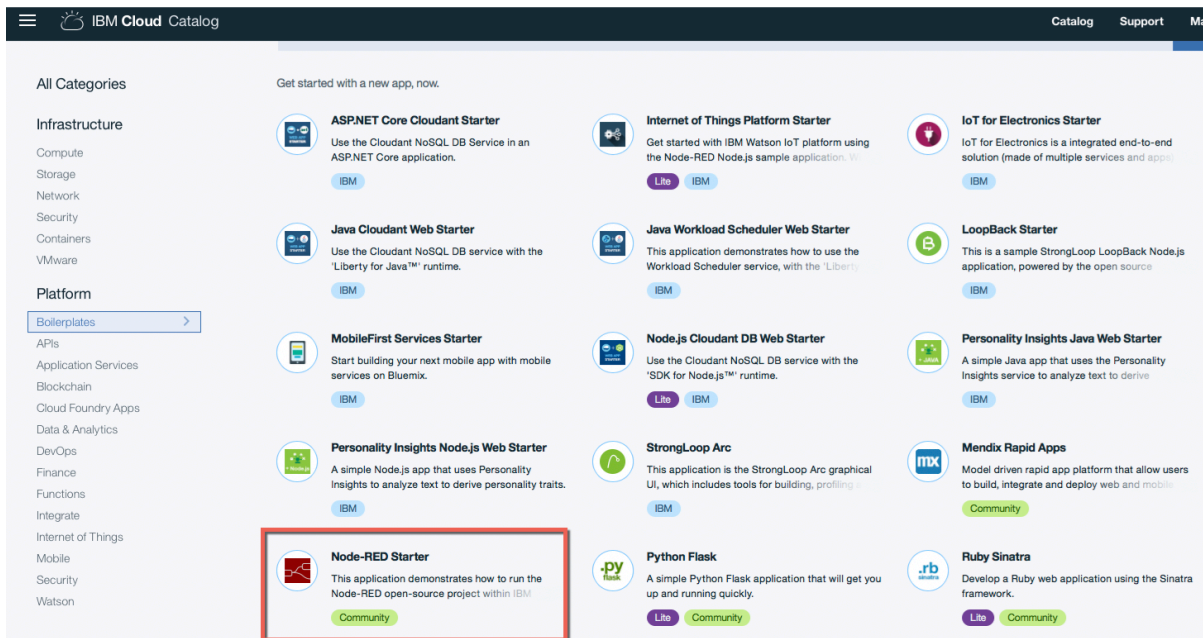
- i) Copy the username and the password of the service for later use into a file on your workstation or you can always go to the IBM Cloud console to copy the credentials from your list of services when you need them.

# Section 2: Creating a Node-RED Visual Recognition Flow on IBM Cloud

**Step 1** Log in to your IBM Cloud console and create a new application.



**Step 2** Under the Apps → Boilerplates category click the **Node-RED Starter**





## Step 3

Give your App a unique name and click the **Create** button.

The screenshot shows the 'Create a Cloud Foundry App' page in the IBM Bluemix Catalog. The page title is 'Create a Cloud Foundry App'. Under the 'Node-RED Starter' section, there is a description: 'This application demonstrates how to run the Node-RED open-source project within IBM Bluemix.' Below this is a 'Community' badge and a 'View Docs' link. The configuration section includes: 'App name:' with a text input field containing 'yourPrefixNode-RED' (highlighted with a red box); 'Host name:' with a text input field containing 'yourPrefixNode-RED'; 'Domain:' with a dropdown menu showing 'mybluemix.net'; 'Selected Plan:' with a dropdown menu showing 'Default'; 'SDK for Node.js™' with a dropdown menu showing 'Default'; and 'Cloudant NoSQL DB' with a dropdown menu showing 'Lite'. At the bottom left, there are links for 'Need Help? Contact Bluemix Sales' and 'Estimate Monthly Cost Cost Calculator'. At the bottom right, there is a blue 'Create' button (highlighted with a red box).

It may take a while until a Node-RED environment is instantiated and started in your IBM Cloud environment

**Step 4** In your App dashboard click the link for the running Node-RED application. You will first see the Welcome screen that lists some configuration steps. Click **Next**.

**Step 5** You can secure your Node-RED editor by specifying a user id and password. Select the options that best suit your needs and click **Next**.

**Step 6** On the *Browse Available IBM Cloud nodes* just click **Next**.

**Step 7** On the *Finish the Install* screen click **Finish**.

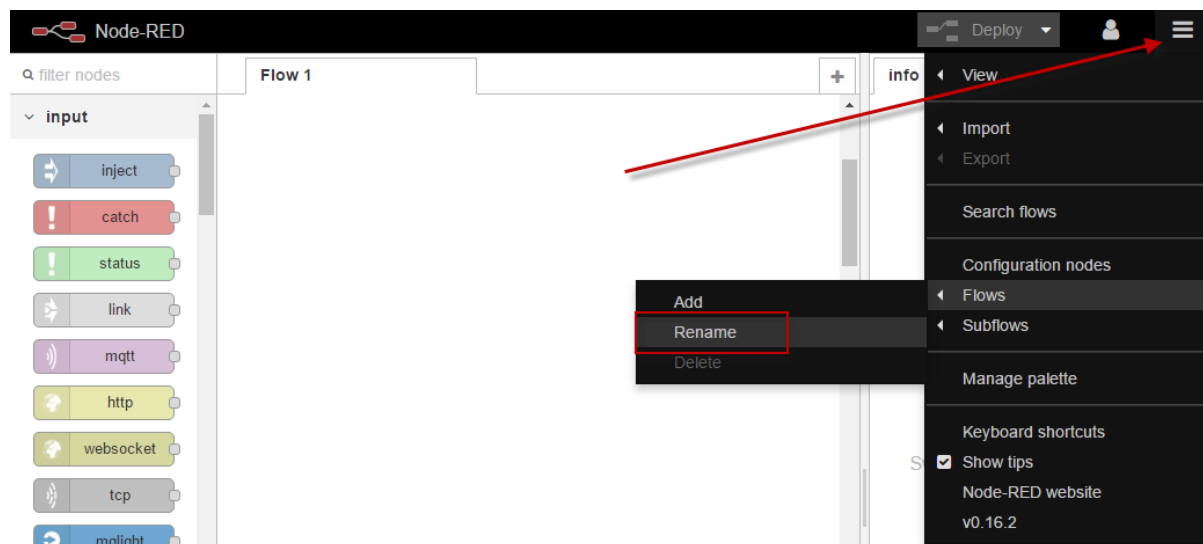
Your Node-RED environment will be started.

**Step 8** On the Node-RED on IBM Cloud screen just click  
**Go to your Node-RED flow editor.**

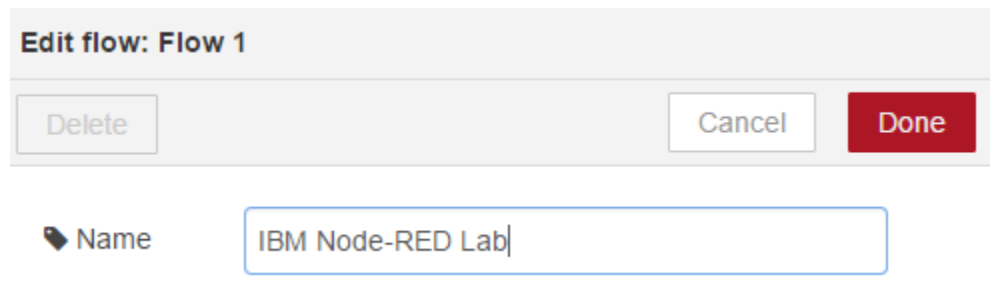
**Step 9** Eventually enter the username and password created in Step 5 and click **Login**.

**Step 10** A Node-RED Flow editor opens with an empty panel named *Flow 1*.

**Step 11** Rename your Flow via the menu to IBM Node-RED Lab.

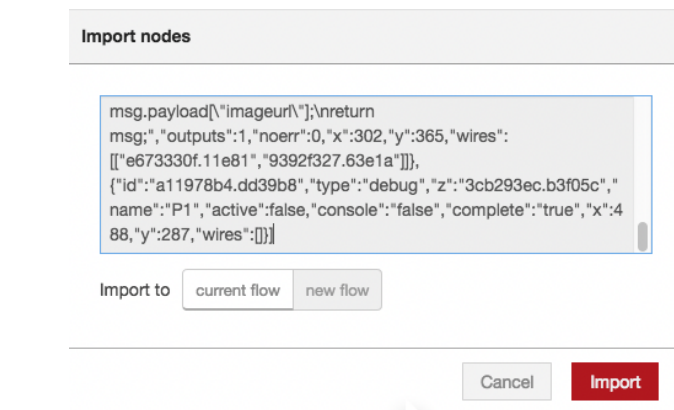


## Step 12 Click Done.



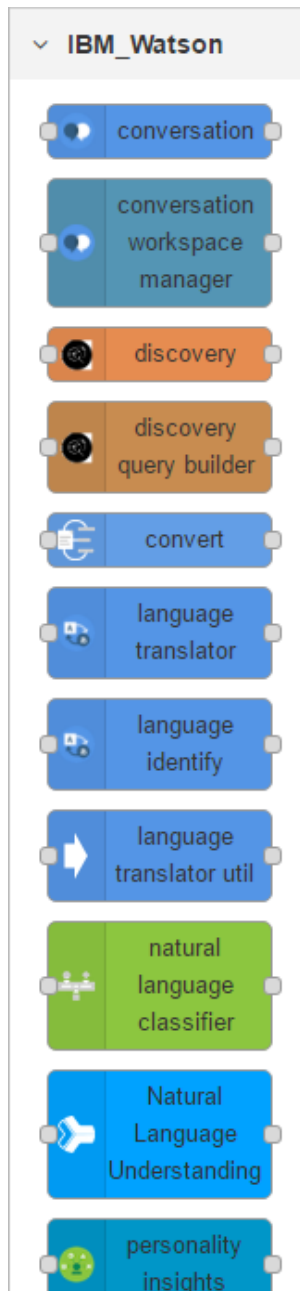
**Step 13 (Optional:)** If you have problems creating the flow described in the following steps, you can also import the flow from [here](#).


- a) Open the file in a text editor.
- b) Copy all content to the clipboard
- c) From the Node-Red editor menu select **Import** → **Clipboard**, paste the code, select **import to current flow** and click **Import**.



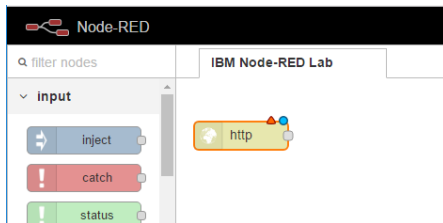
```
msg.payload["imageurl"];
return
msg;
{
  "outputs": 1,
  "noerr": 0,
  "x": 302,
  "y": 365,
  "wires": [
    [
      "e673330f.11e81",
      "9392f327.63e1a"
    ]
  ]
},
{
  "id": "a11978b4.dd39b8",
  "type": "debug",
  "z": "3cb293ec.b3f05c",
  "name": "P1",
  "active": false,
  "console": "false",
  "complete": "true",
  "x": 488,
  "y": 287,
  "wires": []
}
```

**Step 14** In the left side bar of the Editor you see a lot of standard Node-RED nodes. At the end of the list there are certain categories already customized by IBM, such as **IBM\_Watson**.



**Step 15** From the input category of nodes drag the  http node and drop it on the editor pane. The Info pane on the right side bar give you some information about the node.





**Step 16** Double click the **http** input node and specify the http **GET** request and an url of **/reco** and click **Done**.

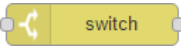
Delete
Cancel
Done

Method
GET

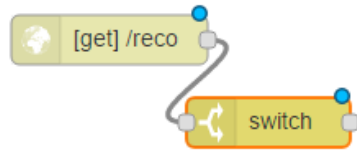
URL
/reco

Name
Name

This is the URL appended to your Bluemix Node-RED application to initial- ize the new flow **IBM Node-RED lab**.

**Step 17** In the nodes function section drag a  node and drop it on the editor pane.

**Step 18** Select the *output* of the */reco* node and drop it on the *input* of the **switch** node.



**Step 19** Double click the **switch** node and enter the info shown on the following image and click **Done**.

Delete Cancel Done

Name

Property

is null → 1


otherwise → 2

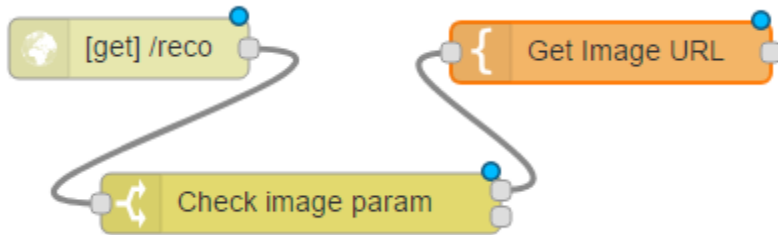
just append .imageUrl

add the second switch statement

add

☒ stopping after first match

**Step 20** From the *function* section of nodes drag a  node and drop it on the editor pane and connect the “is null” **output** of the switch to the **input** of the template.



**Step 21** Double click the **template** and specify the following information:

- a) Name: Get Image URL
- b) Leave property as msg.payload
- c) Syntax Highlight: HTML
- d) Format: Moustache template Template:
- e) Template:

```
<style>
input[type=submit]{
  background-color: rgb(85,150,230);
  border: none;
  color: white;
  padding: 16px 32px;
```

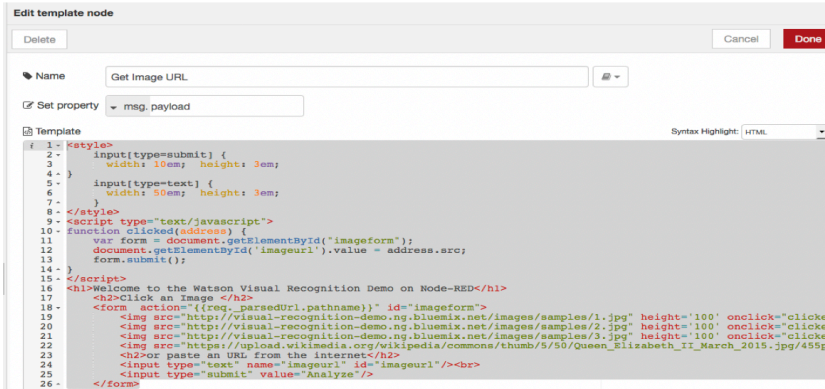
```


    text-decoration: none;
    margin: 4px 2px;
    cursor: pointer;
    font-size: 15px;
    border-radius: 10px;
)
input[type=text] {
    width: 50em; height: 3em;
}
</style>
<script type="text/javascript">
function clicked(address) {
    var form = document.getElementById("imageform");
    document.getElementById('imageurl').value = address.src;
    form.submit();
}
</script>
<h1>Welcome to the Watson Visual Recognition Demo on Node-RED</h1>
<h2>Click an Image </h2>
<form action="{req._parsedUrl.pathname}" id="imageform">
    
    
    
    
    <h2>or paste an URL from the internet</h2>
    <input type="text" name="imageurl" id="imageurl"/><br>
    <input type="submit" value="Analyze"/>
</form>

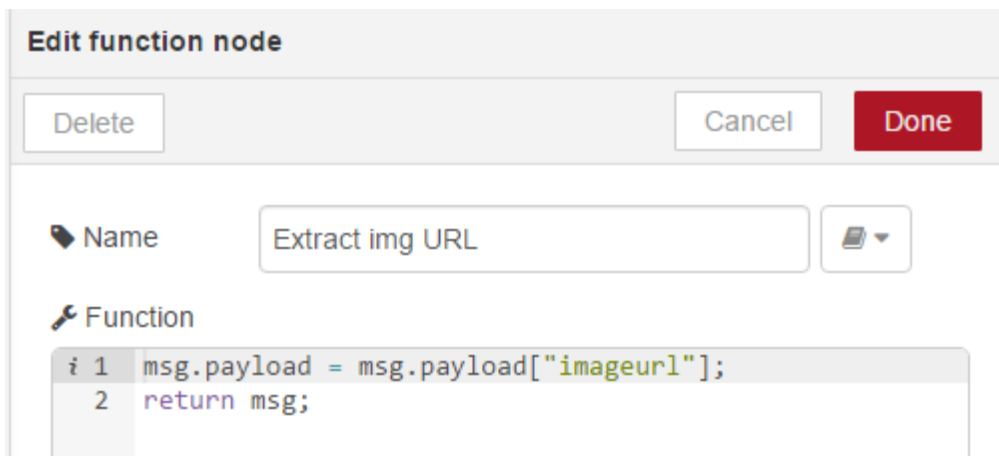
```

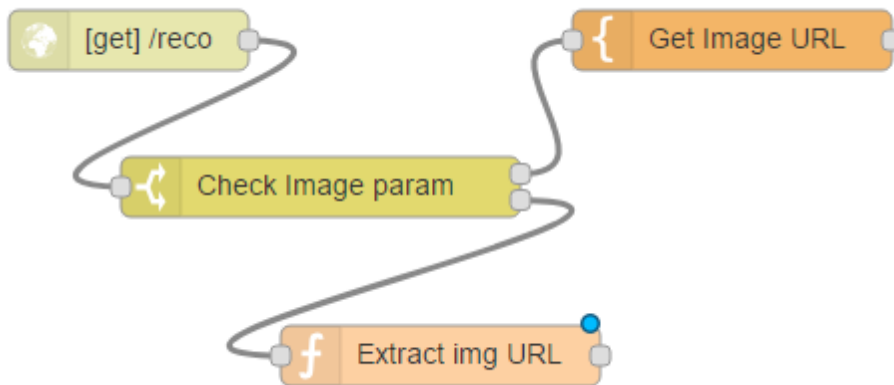
**f) Click Done.**

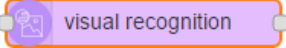




**Step 22** Add a  **function** node (named *Extract img URL* here) to convert the *imageurl* JSON object to a string and assign it to the payload to be provided as input to the Visual Recognition node:






**Step 23** From the **IBM\_Watson** category select the  **visual recognition** node and drop it behind the change node from previous step. Double click the **Visual Recognition** node and enter your **api key** you have created for the Visual Recognition service in Lab 01. Click **Done**.

**Edit visual recognition node**


Delete

Cancel


Done

 API Key


.....

 Detect:

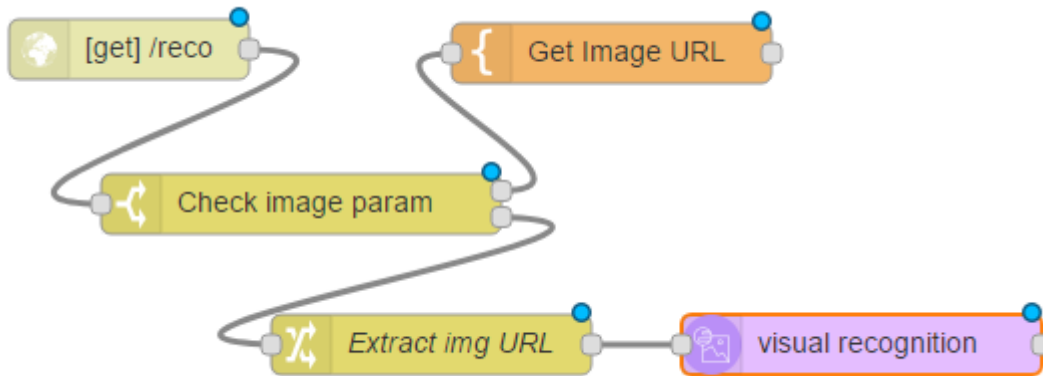
Classify an image ▼

 Name

Name

 Language

English ▼



**Step 24** Add another  behind the Visual Recognition node. Click **Done**.

- a) Name: Report
- b) property: message.payload
- c) Syntax Highlight: mustache
- d) Format: Mustache template
- e) Template

```

<div align="center">
  <form action="{{req._parsedUrl.pathname}}">
    <input type="submit" value="Try again"/>
  </form>
<h1>Node-RED Watson Visual Recognition output</h1> <p>Analyzed image:
{{req.query.imageurl}}<br/></p>
<p><b>Here are my results:</b></p> {{#result.images}}

```

```

  {{#classifiers}}
    <table border="0">
      <tr><td class=classifier
colspan="2">{{classifier_id}}</td></tr>
      <tr><td class="title">Class</td><td
class="title">Score</td></tr>
    {{#classes}}

```

```

<tr><td><b>{{class}}</b></td><td><i>{{score}}</i></td></tr>
    {{/classes}}
</table>
    {{/classifiers}}
    {{/result.images}}
</div>

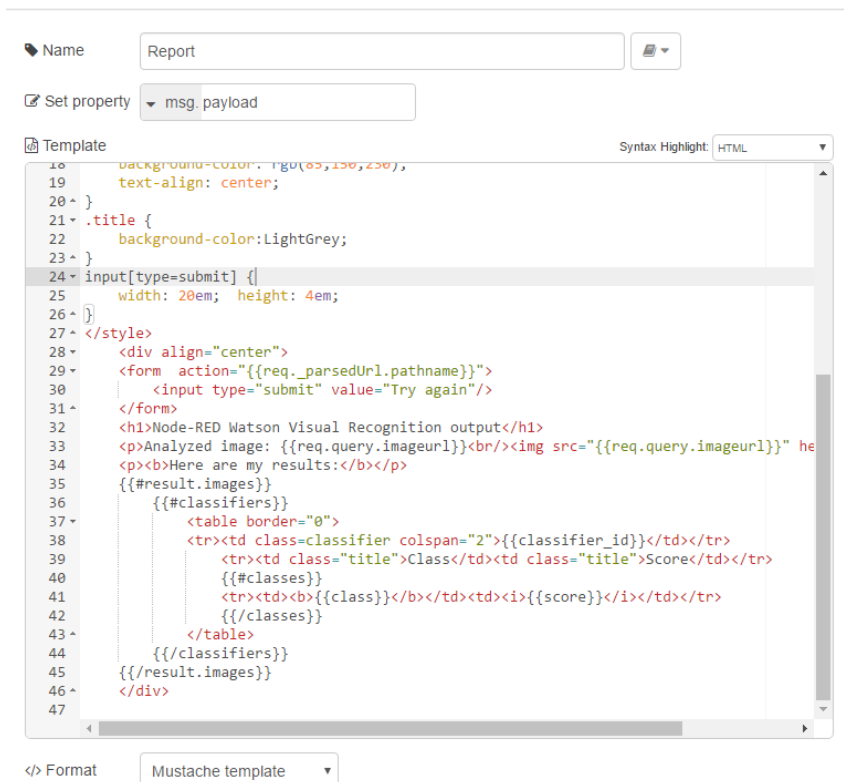
```

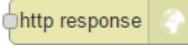
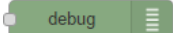
## f) Optional Styling at the top of the template

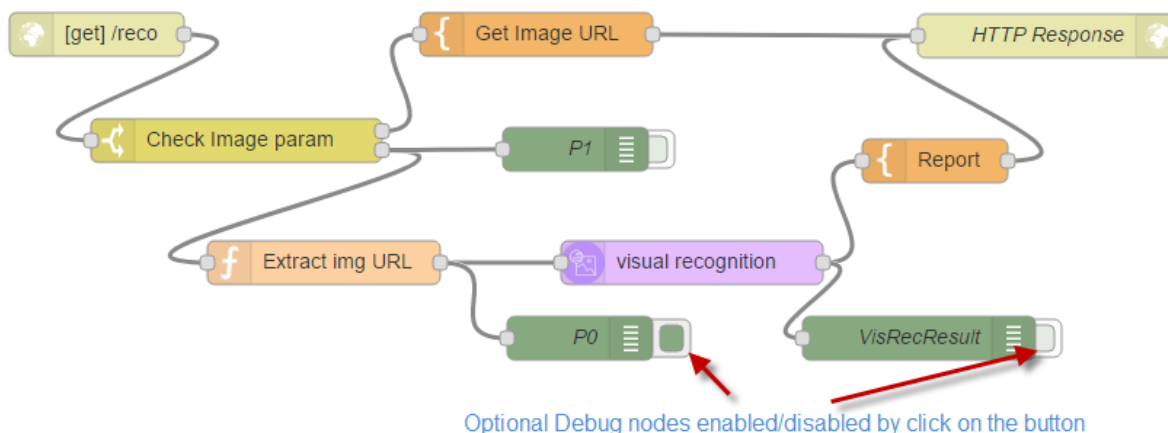
```

<style> h4 {
    text-align: center;
    margin: 10px;
}
table {
    width: 480px;
    margin-top: 10px;
}
th, td {
    padding: 8px;
    text-align: left;
    border-bottom: 1px solid #ddd;
    background-color: #FFFFFF;
    width: 50%;
}
.classifier {
    background-color: rgb(85,150,230);
    text-align: center;
}
.title {
    background-color: LightGrey;
}
input[type=submit]{
    background-color: rgb(85,150,230);
    border: none;
    color: white;
    padding: 16px 32px;
    text-decoration: none;
    margin: 4px 2px;
    cursor: pointer;
    font-size: 15px;
    border-radius: 10px;
} </style>

```

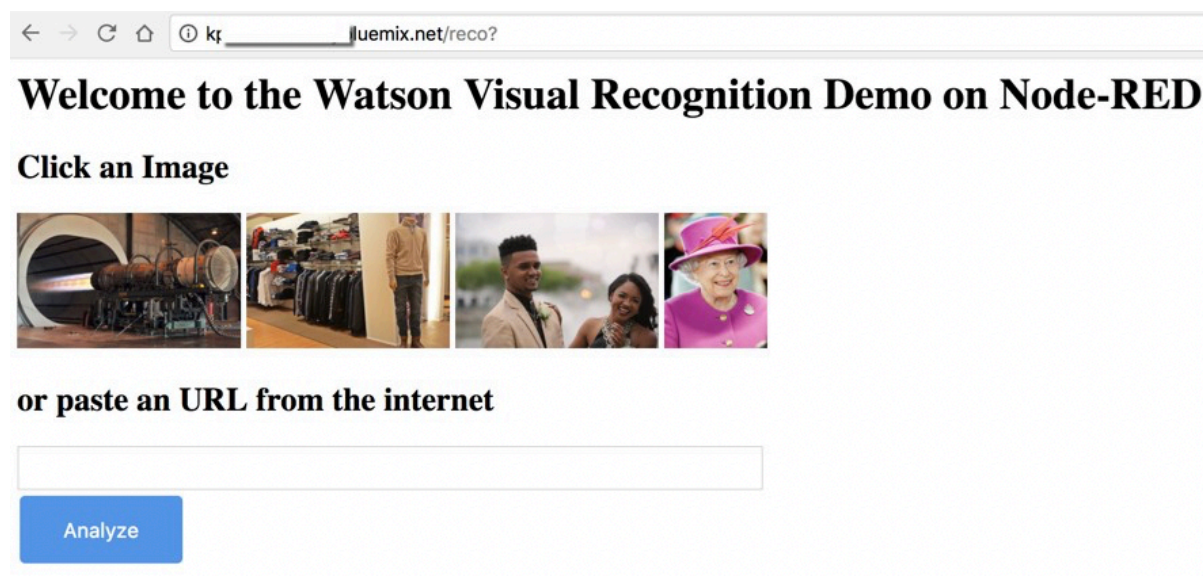


**Step 25** As the final node add a , name it *HTTP Response*, and connect it as shown in the following picture. Optional  nodes display the output of the node in the right side bar on the debug tab.



**Step 26** Click the  button at the top of the Node-RED application to de- ploy the flow in your environment.

**Step 27** Test the flow by calling the url <http://<yourNode-REDHost>.mybluemix.net/reco>



**Step 28** Click on of the images or **Copy and Paste** any image URL from the internet and click **Analyse**

Try again

## Node-RED Watson Visual Recognition output

Analyzed image: [https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/5/50/Queen\\_Elizabeth\\_II\\_March\\_2015.jpg/455px-Queen\\_Elizabeth\\_II\\_March\\_2015.jpg](https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/5/50/Queen_Elizabeth_II_March_2015.jpg/455px-Queen_Elizabeth_II_March_2015.jpg)



Here are my results:

| default             |       |
|---------------------|-------|
| Class               | Score |
| queen               | 0.908 |
| person              | 0.976 |
| Queen of England    | 0.706 |
| queen mother        | 0.5   |
| Tyrian purple color | 0.81  |
| fuschia color       | 0.788 |

This completes Your Lab!