

Q3.

Given

$$\alpha_p = 3 \text{ dB}$$

$$\alpha_s = 10 \text{ dB}$$

$$f_s = 5000 \text{ Hz}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{f_s} = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ sec}$$

$$\omega_p = 2 \times \pi \times 1000 = 2000\pi \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$\omega_s = 2 \times \pi \times 350 = 700\pi \text{ rad/sec}$$

$\therefore$  Prewrapping digital frequencies.

$$\omega_p = \frac{2}{T} \tan \frac{\omega_p T}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{2 \times 10^{-4}} \tan \left( \frac{2000\pi \times 2 \times 10^{-4}}{2} \right) = 7265 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$\omega_s = \frac{2}{T} \tan \frac{\omega_s T}{2}$$

$$= 2285 \text{ rad/sec}$$

The order of filter

$$N = \frac{\log \sqrt{\frac{10^{0.1\alpha_s} - 1}{10^{0.1\alpha_p} - 1}}}{\log \frac{\omega_s}{\omega_p}} = 0.932$$

Let  $N=1$

the 1<sup>st</sup> order butterworth filter for  $\omega_p = 1 \text{ rad/sec}$

$$\text{is } H(s) = \frac{1}{1+s}$$

$$\text{Put } s \rightarrow \frac{\omega_p}{s} = \frac{7265}{s}$$

Transfer function of high pass filter

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} \bigg|_{s=\frac{7265}{s}}$$

$$= \frac{s}{s+7265}$$

using bilinear transformation,

$$H(z) = H(s) \bigg|_{s = \frac{2}{T} \left( \frac{1-z^{-1}}{1+z^{-1}} \right)}$$

$$= \frac{s}{s+7265} \bigg|_{s = \frac{2}{2 \times 10^{-4}} \left( \frac{1-z^{-1}}{1+z^{-1}} \right)}$$

$$= \frac{10000 \left( \frac{1-z^{-1}}{1+z^{-1}} \right)}{10000 \left( \frac{1-z^{-1}}{1+z^{-1}} \right) + 7265}$$

$$= \frac{0.5792 (1-z^{-1})}{1 - 0.1584 z^{-1}}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{0.5792 (1-z^{-1})}{1 - 0.1584 z^{-1}}$$