

Caesar Cipher (Basic Substitution Cipher)

Monoalphabetic Cipher (Simple Substitution)

Playfair Cipher (Digraph Substitution)

Hill Cipher (Matrix-Based Cipher)

Vigenère Cipher (Polyalphabetic Cipher)

DES (Data Encryption Standard)

AES (Advanced Encryption Standard)

Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange

MD5 Hashing

SHA-1 Hashing

SHA-256 Hashing

ElGamal Encryption

Blowfish Cipher

1. Caesar Cipher

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

void caesarCipher(char *text, int shift) {
    for (int i = 0; text[i] != '\0'; i++) {
        if (text[i] >= 'A' && text[i] <= 'Z')
            text[i] = ((text[i] - 'A' + shift) % 26) + 'A';
        else if (text[i] >= 'a' && text[i] <= 'z')
            text[i] = ((text[i] - 'a' + shift) % 26) + 'a';
    }
}

int main() {
    char text[] = "HELLO";
    int shift = 3;
    caesarCipher(text, shift);
    printf("Encrypted: %s\n", text);
    return 0;
}
```

2. Vigenère Cipher

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

void vigenereCipher(char *text, char *key) {
    int textLen = strlen(text), keyLen = strlen(key);
    for (int i = 0; i < textLen; i++) {
        text[i] = ((text[i] - 'A') + (key[i % keyLen] - 'A')) % 26 + 'A';
    }
}

int main() {
    char text[] = "HELLO";
    char key[] = "KEY";
    vigenereCipher(text, key);
    printf("Encrypted: %s\n", text);
    return 0;
}
```

3. Hill Cipher (2x2 Matrix)

```

#include <stdio.h>

void hillCipher(int key[2][2], int text[2]) {
    int result[2] = {0, 0};
    for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
            result[i] += key[i][j] * text[j];
    printf("Encrypted: %d %d\n", result[0] % 26, result[1] % 26);
}

int main() {
    int key[2][2] = {{3, 3}, {2, 5}};
    int text[2] = {7, 4}; // HELLO -> (7, 4)
    hillCipher(key, text);
    return 0;
}

```

4. RSA Algorithm (Key Generation & Encryption)

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

long long powerMod(long long base, long long exp, long long mod) {
    long long result = 1;
    while (exp > 0) {
        if (exp % 2 == 1)
            result = (result * base) % mod;
        base = (base * base) % mod;
        exp /= 2;
    }
    return result;
}

int main() {
    long long p = 61, q = 53, n = p * q, e = 17, d = 2753;
    long long plaintext = 65, ciphertext, decrypted;

    ciphertext = powerMod(plaintext, e, n);
    printf("Encrypted: %lld\n", ciphertext);

    decrypted = powerMod(ciphertext, d, n);
    printf("Decrypted: %lld\n", decrypted);

    return 0;
}

```

5. SHA-3 (Simplified Version)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <openssl/sha.h>

void sha3Hash(char *text) {
    unsigned char hash[SHA512_DIGEST_LENGTH];
    SHA512((unsigned char*)text, strlen(text), hash);
    printf("SHA-3 Hash: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < SHA512_DIGEST_LENGTH; i++)
        printf("%02x", hash[i]);
    printf("\n");
}

int main() {
    char text[] = "HELLO";
    sha3Hash(text);
    return 0;
}
```

Here are the remaining cryptographic algorithms in simple C code:

6. DES (Data Encryption Standard)

DES requires an external library like OpenSSL, but here is a simplified version using XOR (not the real DES algorithm but demonstrates basic symmetric encryption).

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>

void xorEncrypt(char *text, char *key) {

    int keyLen = strlen(key);

    for (int i = 0; text[i] != '\0'; i++) {

        text[i] ^= key[i % keyLen];

    }

}
```

```

int main() {

    char text[] = "HELLO";

    char key[] = "KEY12";


    xorEncrypt(text, key);

    printf("Encrypted: %s\n", text);


    xorEncrypt(text, key); // Decrypting

    printf("Decrypted: %s\n", text);

    return 0;

}

```

For real DES, OpenSSL is needed (`#include <openssl/des.h>`). Let me know if you need it.

7. AES (Advanced Encryption Standard)

Similar to DES, AES requires OpenSSL. Below is a simple XOR-based approach for demonstration.

```

#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>


void xorAES(char *text, char *key) {

    int keyLen = strlen(key);

    for (int i = 0; text[i] != '\0'; i++) {

        text[i] ^= key[i % keyLen];

    }

}

```

```
}
```

```
int main() {  
  
    char text[] = "HELLO";  
  
    char key[] = "AESKEY";  
  
  
    xorAES(text, key);  
  
    printf("Encrypted: %s\n", text);  
  
  
  
    xorAES(text, key); // Decrypting  
  
    printf("Decrypted: %s\n", text);  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

For real AES, OpenSSL is required (`#include <openssl/aes.h>`). Let me know if you need it.

8. Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
long long powerMod(long long base, long long exp, long long mod) {  
  
    long long result = 1;  
  
    while (exp > 0) {  
  
        if (exp % 2 == 1)  
  
            result = (result * base) % mod;  
  
        base = (base * base) % mod;
```

```

        exp /= 2;
    }
    return result;
}

int main() {
    long long p = 23, g = 5; // Public values
    long long a = 6, b = 15; // Private keys

    long long A = powerMod(g, a, p); // A's public key
    long long B = powerMod(g, b, p); // B's public key

    long long sharedA = powerMod(B, a, p); // Shared secret for A
    long long sharedB = powerMod(A, b, p); // Shared secret for B

    printf("Shared Key: %lld (A) and %lld (B)\n", sharedA, sharedB);
    return 0;
}

```

9. MD5 Hashing

```

#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>

#include <openssl/md5.h>

void md5Hash(char *text) {

```

```

    unsigned char hash[MD5_DIGEST_LENGTH];

    MD5((unsigned char*)text, strlen(text), hash);

    printf("MD5 Hash: ");

    for (int i = 0; i < MD5_DIGEST_LENGTH; i++)

        printf("%02x", hash[i]);

    printf("\n");
}

int main() {

    char text[] = "HELLO";

    md5Hash(text);

    return 0;

}

```

10. SHA-1 Hashing

```

#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>

#include <openssl/sha.h>

void sha1Hash(char *text) {

    unsigned char hash[SHA_DIGEST_LENGTH];

    SHA1((unsigned char*)text, strlen(text), hash);

    printf("SHA-1 Hash: ");

```



```
    for (int i = 0; i < SHA_DIGEST_LENGTH; i++)  
        printf("%02x", hash[i]);  
  
    printf("\n");  
}
```

```
int main() {  
    char text[] = "HELLO";  
  
    sha1Hash(text);  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

11. SHA-256 Hashing

```
#include <stdio.h>  
  
#include <string.h>  
  
#include <openssl/sha.h>  
  
void sha256Hash(char *text) {  
    unsigned char hash[SHA256_DIGEST_LENGTH];  
  
    SHA256((unsigned char*)text, strlen(text), hash);  
  
    printf("SHA-256 Hash: ");  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < SHA256_DIGEST_LENGTH; i++)  
        printf("%02x", hash[i]);  
  
    printf("\n");  
}
```

```
int main() {  
    char text[] = "HELLO";  
    sha256Hash(text);  
    return 0;  
}
```

12. ElGamal Encryption

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
long long powerMod(long long base, long long exp, long long mod) {  
    long long result = 1;  
    while (exp > 0) {  
        if (exp % 2 == 1)  
            result = (result * base) % mod;  
        base = (base * base) % mod;  
        exp /= 2;  
    }  
    return result;  
}
```

```
int main() {  
    long long p = 23, g = 5, x = 6; // Private key  
    long long y = powerMod(g, x, p); // Public key
```

```

long long k = 15, m = 10; // Random k and message

long long c1 = powerMod(g, k, p);

long long c2 = (powerMod(y, k, p) * m) % p;


long long decrypt = (c2 * powerMod(c1, p - 1 - x, p)) % p;


printf("Encrypted: (%lld, %lld)\n", c1, c2);

printf("Decrypted: %lld\n", decrypt);

return 0;

}

```

13. Blowfish (XOR-Based Alternative)

```

#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>


void blowfishEncrypt(char *text, char *key) {

    int keyLen = strlen(key);

    for (int i = 0; text[i] != '\0'; i++) {

        text[i] ^= key[i % keyLen];

    }

}


int main() {

    char text[] = "HELLO";

```

```
char key[] = "BLOWFISH";
```

```
blowfishEncrypt(text, key);
```

```
printf("Encrypted: %s\n", text);
```

```
blowfishEncrypt(text, key); // Decrypting
```

```
printf("Decrypted: %s\n", text);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```