

YAMUNA DAY6 ASSIGNMENT

1. Categorize products by stock status

(Display product_name, a new column stock_status whose values are based on below condition

units_in_stock = 0 is 'Out of Stock'

units_in_stock < 20 is 'Low Stock')

select product_name,

case

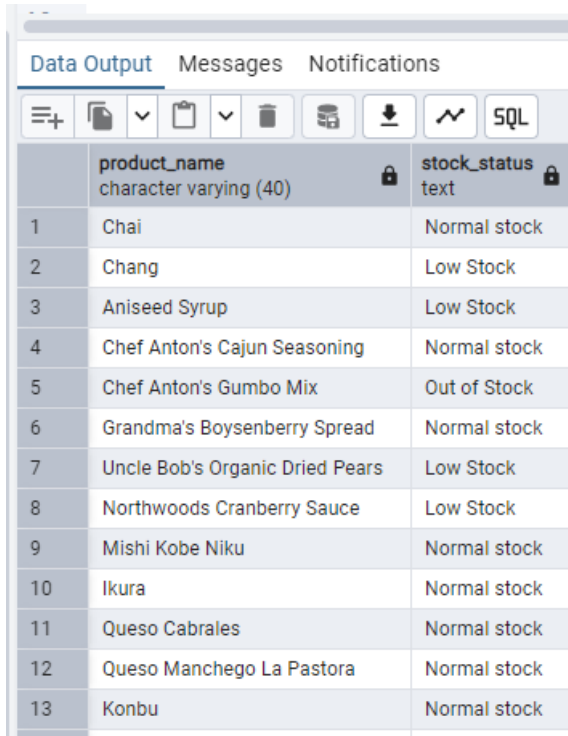
when units_in_stock = 0 then 'Out of Stock'

when units_in_stock < 20 then 'Low Stock'

else 'Normal stock'

end as stock_status

from products;



The screenshot shows a database interface with a 'Data Output' tab. It displays a table with two columns: 'product_name' (character varying (40)) and 'stock_status' (text). The table contains 13 rows of data, numbered 1 through 13. The stock status for each product is determined by its units in stock: 'Out of Stock' for product 5, 'Low Stock' for products 2, 3, 7, 8, and 13, and 'Normal stock' for products 1, 4, 6, 9, 10, 11, and 12.

	product_name character varying (40)	stock_status text
1	Chai	Normal stock
2	Chang	Low Stock
3	Aniseed Syrup	Low Stock
4	Chef Anton's Cajun Seasoning	Normal stock
5	Chef Anton's Gumbo Mix	Out of Stock
6	Grandma's Boysenberry Spread	Normal stock
7	Uncle Bob's Organic Dried Pears	Low Stock
8	Northwoods Cranberry Sauce	Low Stock
9	Mishi Kobe Niku	Normal stock
10	Ikura	Normal stock
11	Queso Cabrales	Normal stock
12	Queso Manchego La Pastora	Normal stock
13	Konbu	Normal stock

2. Find All Products in Beverages Category

(Subquery, Display product_name,unitprice)

```
select product_name, unit_price
```

```
from products
```

```
where category_id = (select category_id
```

```
from categories
```

```
where category_name = 'Beverages'
```

```
)
```

```
order by 1;
```

	product_name character varying (40)	unit_price real
1	Chai	18
2	Chang	19
3	Chartreuse verte	18
4	Côte de Blaye	263.5
5	Guaraná Fantástica	4.5
6	Ipoh Coffee	46
7	Lakkalikööri	18
8	Laughing Lumberjack Lager	14
9	Outback Lager	15
10	Rhönbräu Klosterbier	7.75
11	Sasquatch Ale	14
12	Steeleye Stout	18

3. Find Orders by Employee with Most Sales

(Display order_id, order_date, freight, employee_id.

Employee with Most Sales=Get the total no.of of orders for each employee then order by DESC and limit 1. Use Subquery)

```
select order_id, order_date, freight, employee_id
```

```
from orders
```

```
where employee_id = (select employee_id
```

```
from orders
```

```
group by employee_id
```

```
order by count(order_id) desc
```

```
limit 1
```

```
)
```

	order_id [PK] smallint	order_date date	freight real	employee_id smallint
1	10250	1996-07-08	65.83	4
2	10252	1996-07-09	51.3	4
3	10257	1996-07-16	81.91	4
4	10259	1996-07-18	3.25	4
5	10260	1996-07-19	55.09	4
6	10261	1996-07-19	3.05	4
7	10267	1996-07-29	208.58	4
8	10281	1996-08-14	2.94	4
9	10282	1996-08-15	12.69	4
10	10284	1996-08-19	76.56	4
11	10288	1996-08-23	7.45	4
12	10294	1996-08-30	147.26	4
13	10299	1996-09-06	29.76	4
14	10302	1996-09-10	6.27	4

4. Find orders where for country!= 'USA' with freight costs higher than any order from USA. (Subquery, Try with ANY, ALL operators)

```
select order_id, ship_country, freight
```

```
from orders
```

```
where ship_country != 'USA'
```

```
and freight > any(select freight from orders where ship_country = 'USA' order by freight desc)
```

```
order by freight desc;
```

	order_id [PK] smallint	order_date date	freight real	employee_id smallint
1	10250	1996-07-08	65.83	4
2	10252	1996-07-09	51.3	4
3	10257	1996-07-16	81.91	4
4	10259	1996-07-18	3.25	4
5	10260	1996-07-19	55.09	4
6	10261	1996-07-19	3.05	4
7	10267	1996-07-29	208.58	4
8	10281	1996-08-14	2.94	4
9	10282	1996-08-15	12.69	4
10	10284	1996-08-19	76.56	4
11	10288	1996-08-23	7.45	4
12	10294	1996-08-30	147.26	4
13	10299	1996-09-06	29.76	4
14	10302	1996-09-10	6.27	4

```
select order_id, ship_country, freight
from orders
where ship_country != 'USA'
and freight > all(select freight from orders where ship_country = 'USA')
order by freight desc;
```

	order_id [PK] smallint 	ship_country character varying (15) 	freight real 
1	10540	Germany	1007.64
2	10372	Brazil	890.78