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Distance Measures on Neural Spikes (Exercise Set 4)
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Select the CSV file to be load
FILENAME1 = "./csv/pulsed-signals-01-no-artifact.csv"
FILENAME2 = "./csv/pulsed-signals-02-motion-artifact.csv"
FILENAME3 = "./csv/pulsed-signals-03-motion-artifact-inversion.csv"
FILENAME4 = "./csv/pulsed-signals-04-baseline-drift.csv"
FILENAME5 = "./csv/pulsed-signals-05-strong-distortion.csv"
FILENAME=(FILENAME1,FILENAME2,FILENAME3,FILENAME4,FILENAME5)
PULSE_WIDTH = 50 # length of a single pulse, number of samples
POLYNOMIAL_ORDER = 4 # Polynomial order for shape modelling
def load_CSV(filename):
   Loads a single signal from the CSV file named filename.
   Expected CSV File Format:
   - Column 0: Sample Index k (int)
   - Column 1: Sample Value y_k (float)
   - Column 2: Spike Start (Boolean 0/1)
   - Column 3: Source neuron 1,2,3,... (int)
   Parameters
   filename : string
             CSV filename e.g. "data.csv"
   Returns
   y : numpy.ndarray of floats of shape (K,)
        Loaded sample data
   is_spike: numpy.ndarray of bool of shape (K,)
        indicates if a spike starts at this time index. "True" or "False".
   neuron_source: numpy.ndarray of float (K,)
        indicates neuron source 1,2,3,... for each time index (=Ground Truth). 0 for no
neuron.
   with
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P: number of pulses
   K: number of samples in the observed signal y.
   ys_csv = np.loadtxt(filename, delimiter=',') # load CSV
   index_k = ys_csv[:,0] # extract sample indices
   y = ys_csv[:,1] # extract signal y
   is_spike = (ys_csv[:,2]>0) # True for spike start at this index; False otherwise
   neuron_source = ys_csv[:,3].astype(int) # source neuron index 1, 2, 3, ...
   return (y, is_spike, neuron_source)
def project_poly(y, k0s, N, Q):
   Projects multiple intervals of y into a space of polynomials of order Q.
   The polynomials are centered at index N//2.
   Parameters
   y : array like of floats of shape=(K)
         observed signal of length K
   k0s : list of ints length P
         list with start indices of the spikes
   N : int
       length of a single pulse
   Q : int
       polynomial order
   Returns
   a_s : numpy.ndarray of shape=shape of (P, N) of floats`
         coefficients of the polynomial models
         (each column contains the coefficients of the model of a single pulse)
   y_hat: numpy.ndarray of shape=shape of (N, P) of floats`
         projected pulse signals of length N
        : numpy.ndarray of shape=shape of (Q+1, Q+1) of floats`
   with
   P: number of pulses
   K: number of samples in the observed signal y.
   # --- Generating Base Matrix of Subspace of Polynomials ---
   M = Q+1 # number of base vectors needed
   S = np.zeros((N, M)) # basis matrix of subspace
   for i in range(M): # generating base vectors x^i
       S[:,i] = np.power(np.arange(N)-N//2, i)
   # Note: The polynomial is centered at base vector index N//2.
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P = len(k0s)
   a_hat_s = np.zeros( (P, M) ) # Memory for coefficients of polynomial approximations
(=model parameters)
   y_intervals_hat = np.zeros( (N, P) ) # memory for projected pulses
   for p in range(P):
      # --- Projection of Signal to Subspace ---
      y_interval = y[indices_spikes[p]:indices_spikes[p]+N ]
      a_hat_s[p,:] = np.linalg.inv(S.transpose()@S)@S.transpose()@y_interval
      y_intervals_hat[:,p] = S@a_hat_s[p,:].T
   return (a_hat_s, y_intervals_hat, S)
N=PULSE WIDTH
# Loading CSV File
for t in range(5):
   filename=FILENAME[t]
   ys_csv=np.loadtxt(filename,delimiter=',')
   (y, is pulse, neuron sources) = load CSV(filename)
   indices_spikes = np.where(is_pulse!=False)[0] # finde indices of all spike beginning
   (a_hat_s, y_intervals_hat, S) = project_poly(y, indices_spikes, N=PULSE_WIDTH,
Q=POLYNOMIAL_ORDER) # project each pulse to the subspace of
   NOF PULSES = y intervals hat.shape[1] # total number of pulses in the csv file ===p
   K = y.shape[0] # number of samples
   M = a_hat_s.shape[1] # subspace dimension
   # ----- Dummy Code - To be Completed -----
   if t==0: # for clean spike train recording with only very little artifacts
       METHOD_STR = "Euclidean_Distance" # Displayed on the plot
       DISTANCE_THRESHOLD = 0.003 # max. distance for spike detection (to be tuned
manually)
       distances = np.arange(NOF_PULSES) # Distance measure per pulse ** DUMMY CODE ***
       D=np.zeros(NOF_PULSES) # bp.zeros(2)=[0.0]默认浮点数,np.zeros(3, dtype=int)
       # print(y[indices_spikes[distances[0]]:indices_spikes[distances[0]]+N ])
       for d in distances: # d==p
           # print(d)
           D[d]=np.sum((y[indices_spikes[d]:(indices_spikes[d]+N)]-
y_intervals_hat[:,d])**2)
       indices_spikes_detected = indices_spikes[D<DISTANCE_THRESHOLD]</pre>
       print("The detected pulses using " + METHOD_STR + "of file " + str(t+1)+":"
+str(indices_spikes_detected))
   elif t==1: # for spike train with variable spike amplitudes due to altering distances
between sensor and neurons
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METHOD_STR = "Scale_invariant_Distance" # Displayed on the plot
       DISTANCE_THRESHOLD = 0.006 # max. distance for spike detection (to be tuned
manually)
       distances = np.arange(NOF_PULSES)
       D=np.zeros(NOF PULSES)
       λ_hat=np.zeros(NOF_PULSES)
       for d in distances: # d==p
           \lambda_{\text{hat}}[d]=\text{np.dot}(y[\text{indices\_spikes}[d]:\text{indices\_spikes}[d]+N ],y_intervals_hat[:,d])
/np.square(np.linalg.norm(y_intervals_hat[:,d]))
           D[d]=np.square(np.linalg.norm(y[indices spikes[d]:indices spikes[d]+N]))-
λ_hat[d]*np.dot(y[indices_spikes[d]:indices_spikes[d]+N],y_intervals_hat[:,d])
       indices_spikes_detected = indices_spikes[D<DISTANCE_THRESHOLD]</pre>
       print("The detected pulses using " + METHOD_STR + "of file " + str(t+1)+":"
+str(indices spikes detected))
    elif t==2:
       METHOD_STR = "Mean_Centered_Distance" # Displayed on the plot
       DISTANCE_THRESHOLD = 0.007 # max. distance for spike detection (to be tuned
manually)
       distances = np.arange(NOF_PULSES)
       D=np.zeros(NOF_PULSES)
       for d in distances:
           y_mean=np.mean(y[indices_spikes[d]:indices_spikes[d]+N ])
           y_mean_hat=np.mean(y_intervals_hat[:,d])
           mean_centered_y=y[indices_spikes[d]:indices_spikes[d]+N ]-y_mean
           mean centered y intervals hat=y intervals hat[:,d]-y mean hat
           D[d]=np.sum(np.square(mean_centered_y-mean_centered_y_intervals_hat))
       indices_spikes_detected = indices_spikes[D<DISTANCE_THRESHOLD]</pre>
       print("The detected pulses using " + METHOD_STR + "of file " + str(t+1)+":"
+str(indices_spikes_detected))
    else:
       METHOD_STR='Combination: Mean_Centered and Consine Distance'
       DISTANCE_THRESHOLD = 0.06 # max. distance for spike detection (to be tuned
manually)
       distances = np.arange(NOF_PULSES)
       D=np.zeros(NOF_PULSES)
       for d in distances:
           y_mean=np.mean(y[indices_spikes[d]:indices_spikes[d]+N ])
           y_mean_hat=np.mean(y_intervals_hat[:,d])
           mean_centered_y=y[indices_spikes[d]:indices_spikes[d]+N ]-y_mean
           mean centered y intervals hat=y intervals hat[:,d]-y mean hat
           sc_cos=np.dot(mean_centered_y,mean_centered_y_intervals_hat)/((np.linalg.norm(m
ean_centered_y))*(np.linalg.norm(mean_centered_y_intervals_hat)))
           D[d]=2*(1-sc\_cos)
       # Select pulses of low distance
       indices_spikes_detected = indices_spikes[D<DISTANCE_THRESHOLD]</pre>
       print("The detected pulses using " + METHOD_STR + "of file " + str(t+1)+":"
+str(indices_spikes_detected))
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# ----- Dummy Code - END -----
   fig = plt.figure(figsize=(14,6), constrained_layout=True)
   spec = fig.add gridspec(3, 1)
   ax0 = fig.add_subplot(spec[0, :])
   ax1 = fig.add_subplot(spec[1, :], sharex=ax0)
   ax2 = fig.add_subplot(spec[2, :], sharex=ax0)
   plt.suptitle(filename)
   # Subplot 1 : plot signal with projections
   ax0.set_title("Projected Pulses, Polynomial Model of Order "+str(POLYNOMIAL_ORDER))
   ax0.plot(range(K), y, lw=0.5, c='tab:gray', label='observation')
   ax0.scatter(indices_spikes, np.ones_like(indices_spikes)*y.min(), marker=2,
c='tab:gray') # markers & reference marker
   for y_interval, k0, is_true_pulse in zip(y_intervals_hat.transpose(), indices_spikes,
neuron_sources):
       ax0.plot(range(PULSE_WIDTH)+k0, y_interval, lw=.75, c='b', label='Pulse') #
projected polynomials
   # Subplot 2 : plot signal with detected pulses
   ax1.set(title="Detected Pulses:"+METHOD_STR)
   ax1.plot(range(K), y, lw=0.5, c='gray', label='observation')
   ax1.scatter(indices_spikes, np.ones_like(indices_spikes)*y.min(), marker=2,
c='tab:gray') # markers & reference marker
   for k0 in indices_spikes_detected: # draw projected polynomials
       ax1.plot(range(PULSE_WIDTH)+k0, y[range(PULSE_WIDTH)+k0], lw=.75, c='r',
label='Pulse')
   for index_spike in indices_spikes: # add spike source labels
       ax1.annotate(str(neuron_sources[index_spike]), (index_spike, y.min()), ha='center',
va='top')
   ax1.set(xlabel='k', ylabel=r'$y$')
   ax1.set_ylim([y.min()-0.05, y.max()])
   # Subplot 3 : plot distance measure with threshold (dashed line)
   ax2.stem(indices_spikes, D, 'k', markerfmt='ko', label='')
   ax2.axhline(y = DISTANCE_THRESHOLD, ls='--', lw=0.5, c='k', label="Threshold:
"+str(DISTANCE_THRESHOLD))
   ax2.set(xlabel='k', ylabel=r'Distance')
   ax2.legend()
   plt.show()
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1000

1250

1500

2000

1750

0.0

500