Решение задаг и занетию N 11 (23.03 2020)

1) $f(z) = \frac{Z+2}{Z(Z+1)(Z-1)^3}$ Tragame be nonerrow ocotone morne u opperume ux xapanmer.

Octobre more approxima f(z): $z_1 = 0$, $z_2 = -1$, $z_3 = 1$.

Torka Z, = 0 elacemae naciocaci 1-ro nopregna, man nan $f(2) = \frac{g_1(2)}{2}$, ye $g_2(2) = \frac{Z+2}{(Z+1)(Z-1)^3}$ anaumurua β morne 2, α $g_1(z_1) \neq 0$ (au. ymbernegenne 3) 6 maxunger)

Torka $\sharp_2 = -1$ - nauoc 1-ro nopulgka ($\Pi 1$), $\tau . \kappa$.

 $f(z) = \frac{g_2(z)}{z+1}$, $g_2(z) = \frac{z+2}{z(z-1)^3}$ and memoria 8 more z_2 in $g_2(z_2) \neq 0$

Torna Z3 = 1 - naux 3-40 nopegna (173) gue f(2), T.K.

 $f(z) = \frac{g_3(z)}{(z-1)^3}, \quad g_3(z) = \frac{z+2}{z(z+1)} \quad \text{anatumurus B morke } z_3 \text{ u}$ $g_3(z_3) \neq 0 \qquad \underline{\underbrace{Ombem}}_{z_2 = -1} : z_1 = 0 - \Pi 1$ $z_2 = -1 - \Pi 1$ $z_3 = 1 - \Pi 3$

 $2)a)f(2)=\frac{1}{\sin 2}$

Ocotore mornu - orno nopru ypabnemue $\sin z = 0 \implies \exists_{k} = \pi k$, $\kappa = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 2$ Pacauompuu pynnymo $g(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{f(z)}, & z \neq z_{k} \\ 0, & z = z_{k} \end{cases} \iff g(z) = \sin z$

Tan kan $g(2\kappa) = \sin \pi \kappa = 0$, $g'(2) = \cos 2$, $g'(2\kappa) \neq 0$, mo consaesso ymbeprypensis 4 θ matriage 2 morese 2κ elsesomes nauccasus 1-10 noplyna gus gynnissis f(2).

The second in π is π in π in

Ocotonum morkamu shumomes ropum grabusum 1-cos2=0 : $\cos 2z = 1$; $2z = 2\pi K$, $K \in \mathbb{Z}$; $z_K = tK$, $K \in \mathbb{Z}$.

Gacemonyum gynnum $g(z) = \begin{cases} 1/f(z) \\ 0 \end{cases}$, $z \neq z_K \iff g(z) = 1-\cos 2z$

Tax $xax g(z_k) = 0$, $g'(z) = 2\sin 2z$, $g'(z_k) = 0$, $g''(z) = 4\cos 2z$, $g''(z_k) = 4 \neq 0$, mo morker z_k is included upur une 2-ro nopilgra gue gyurusun f(z).

Tax $xax g(z_k) = 0$, $g'(z) = 2\sin 2z$, $g'(z_k) = 0$, $g''(z) = 4\cos 2z$, $g''(z_k) = 4 \neq 0$, $g''(z_k) = 0$, $g''(z_k) =$

3) $f(z) = \frac{z}{(z+1)^3(e^z-1)}$

Особлини тогнами рушкими f(z) явлинотае точки, в поторых знаменатель дроби обранцаетае в наль.

$$(z+1)^3(e^2-1)=0 \iff \begin{bmatrix} z+1=0 \\ e^2=1 \end{bmatrix} \iff \begin{bmatrix} z=-1 \\ z=kn1=2\pi\kappa i, \kappa \in \mathbb{Z} \end{bmatrix}$$

Почка $\ddot{z} = -1$ явлиетая паносам 3-ею порядка для дружими f(z), m.к. $f(z) = \frac{h(z)}{(z+1)^3}$, $h(z) = \frac{z}{e^{z}-1}$ анаметична в точке z = -1 и $h(-1) \neq 0$

(ам утверпрение 3) в таблице 2)

Uz elleveneemba morek $z_k = 2\pi k i$ acepyem byzereeme moreky $z_0 = 0$, man kan $b \ni mai$ moreke ruculment groote marne objectsaemal b half. Bornellel $\lim_{z \to z_0} f(z)$:

lim $f(z) = \lim_{z \to z_0} \frac{z}{(z+1)^3(e^z-1)} = \lim_{z \to z_0} \frac{z}{(z+1)^3 \cdot z} = \lim_{z \to z_0} \frac{1}{(z+1)^3} = 1$.

Consider on one person on more $z_0 = 0$ rebulement young answer occording more $z_0 = 0$ representation occording.

Orpopennia parakmen moren $\pm \kappa = 2\pi \kappa i$, $\kappa = \pm 1, \pm 2, \ldots$ lue smore parauompun gynnisiuo

 $g(z) = \frac{(z+1)^3(e^z-1)}{z}$

Tax vax $g(z_K) = 0$, $g'(z) = \left(\frac{(z+1)^3}{z}\right)^1 (e^z - 1) + \frac{(z+1)^3}{z} \cdot e^z$, $g'(z_K) = \frac{(z_K + 1)}{z_K} \neq 0$, mo corracuo nyrumy 4) matriusm 2 morum z_K shaeromes nauccarum 1-ro nopregna que f(z).

Onbem: Z = -1 $\Pi 3$; $Z_0 = 0$ - yennamenal or morra; $Z_K = 2\pi \kappa i$, $K = \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots - \Pi 1$.

4)
$$f(z) = \frac{Z(\pi-z)}{\sin 2z}$$

Occorne morene : $\sin 2z = 0 \iff 2z = \pi \kappa$, $\kappa \in \mathcal{Z} \iff \frac{t\kappa}{2}$, $\kappa \in \mathcal{Z}$.

Baupae, norga k +0 u k +2 pacanompune gynnesuro

$$g(z) = \frac{\sin 2z}{z(\pi - z)}$$

Thorga $g(z_K) = 0$, $g'(z) = \frac{2\cos(2z \cdot z(\pi-z) - \sin(2z \cdot (\pi-2z))}{z^2(\pi-z)^2}$

$$g'(z_{\kappa}) = \frac{2\cos 2z_{\kappa}}{z_{\kappa}(\pi - \overline{z}_{\kappa})} = \frac{2\cos \pi\kappa}{\frac{\pi\kappa}{2}(\pi - \frac{\pi\kappa}{2})} \neq 0$$

Cuepobameiono, neu $\kappa \neq 0$; 2 mocket $\frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi K}{2}$ Abbleomal nauxaini 1-ro nopilgka que pyrikisim f(z)

B mornax zo=0 u z2 = T rucuement grown pabete upus. Borne-

eller peglier.

$$\lim_{z \to z_0} f(z) = \lim_{z \to 0} \frac{z(x-z)}{\sin 2z} = \left[\sin 2z \sim 2z \right] = \lim_{z \to 0} \frac{z(x-z)}{2z} = \frac{x}{2}$$

$$\lim_{z \to z_2} f(z) = \lim_{z \to \pi} \frac{z(\pi - z)}{\sin 2z} = \begin{bmatrix} t = \pi - z \\ z = \pi - t \end{bmatrix} = \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{(\pi - t)t}{\sin (2\pi - 2t)} =$$

$$= \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{(\pi - t)t}{-\sin 2t} = \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{(\pi - t)t}{-2t} = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

Согласно определениюх точки $z_0 = 0$, $z_2 = \pi$ явленотор устраничения особини точками.

 $\underline{\underline{Ombem}}: \quad O \text{ u } \overline{\pi} - \text{ y companione oc. morku};$ $\overline{\mathcal{Z}}_{K} = \frac{J \overline{\iota} K}{2}, \quad K \in \mathbb{Z}, \quad K \neq 0; 2 - 171$

5)
$$f(z) = \frac{z - \frac{\pi}{4}}{tgz - 1}$$

Ocobornu mornamu pyrinisum f(z) elemenomae nopum ypaluemiae tgz-1=0 u morne $z_K=\frac{t}{2}+tK$, $K\in\mathbb{Z}$, E comproise me orpigement qyrinisme tgz.

Umax, $Z_n = \frac{T_L}{Y} + T_L n$, $n \in \mathbb{Z}$.

Отреньно рассиотрини точку $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{T_0}{4}$, в которой числитемь дреби такте обранящется в нам.

$$\lim_{z \to \frac{\pi}{4}} f(z) = \lim_{z \to \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{z - \frac{\pi}{4}}{tgz - 1} \stackrel{Q}{=} \lim_{z \to \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{1}{\cos^2 z} = \frac{1}{2} \stackrel{\text{orp.2}}{\Rightarrow}$$

 $Z = \frac{TL}{4} - yempanumane or morra que f(z).$

Gacemonpul
$$g(z) = \frac{tgz-1}{z-t}$$

$$g(z_n) = 0$$
, $g'(z) = \frac{1}{\cos^2 z}$, $\frac{1}{z - \frac{\pi}{4}} - (tgz - 1) \cdot \frac{1}{(z - \frac{\pi}{4})^2}$

$$g'(z_n) = \frac{1}{\cos^2(\frac{\pi}{4} + \pi n)} \cdot \frac{1}{\pi n} \neq 0 \implies z_n = \frac{\pi}{4} + \pi n - 171$$

$$\text{result} \quad n \neq 0.$$

Prince une species $\lim_{z \to z_{K}} f(z) = \lim_{z \to \frac{T}{2} + TK} \frac{\left(z - \frac{T}{4}\right)}{\frac{\sin z}{\cos z} - 1} = \lim_{z \to \frac{T}{2} + TK} \frac{\left(z - \frac{T}{4}\right)\cos z}{\sin z - \cos z} = \frac{\left(\frac{T}{4} + TK\right) \cdot 0}{\left(-1\right)^{K}} = 0$

=> Zx -yempanimuse oxothe moran gul f(z).

$$\underline{\underline{Ombem}}: \quad Z = \underline{\underline{\pi}}; \quad Z_K = \underline{\underline{\pi}} + \underline{\pi}_K, \quad K \in \mathbb{Z} - yenne-\\
\text{Kulliple Occount morenu}; \\
Z_n = \underline{\underline{\pi}} + \underline{\pi}_n, \quad n \in \mathbb{Z}, \quad n \neq 0 - \Pi \mathbf{1}$$

6)
$$f(2) = tg \frac{1}{2-1}$$

Ocotore morere : Z=1, a marne ropue ypabuenul $\cos\frac{1}{2-1}=0,$

Omniga $\frac{1}{Z-1} = \frac{J\bar{\iota}}{2} + J\bar{\iota}k$, $Z_{\kappa} = 1 + \frac{1}{\frac{J\bar{\iota}}{2} + J\bar{\iota}k}$, $\kappa \in \mathbb{Z}$

Рассиотрини функцию

$$g(z) = \frac{1}{tg\frac{1}{z-1}} = ctg\frac{1}{z-1}$$

Tax kax $g(\bar{z}_{K}) = 0$, $g'(z) = \frac{1}{\sin^{2}(\frac{1}{z-1})} \cdot \frac{1}{(z-1)^{2}}$ $g'(z_{K}) = \frac{1}{\sin^{2}(\frac{\pi}{z} + \pi \kappa)} \cdot (\frac{\pi}{z} + \pi \kappa)^{2} = (\frac{\pi}{z} + \pi \kappa)^{2} \neq 0 \Longrightarrow z_{K} - \pi 1$

rueco nauccot Zx

Ombem: $Z_{K} = 1 + \frac{2}{\pi + 2\pi K}$, $K \in \mathbb{Z} - \Pi 1$; Z = 1 - n percental more narrocol.

 $4) f(z) = \frac{tg(z-1)}{z-1}$

Ombem: Z = 1 - yempanunal ocooal morka; $\mathcal{Z}_{K} = 1 + \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi K, K \in \mathbb{Z} - \Pi 1$

$$f(z) = \frac{\sin z}{z^5}$$

Octobal morka : ==0 f(z) в ред Лорана в окрестиссти тогки z=0: $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^5} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left(z - \frac{z^3}{3!} + \frac{z^5}{5!} - \frac{z^7}{7!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+1}}$ $= \frac{1}{z^4} - \frac{1}{z^2 \cdot 3!} + \frac{1}{5!} - \frac{z^2}{7!} + \cdots + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n-4}}{(2n-1)!} + \cdots$ 4(2) в окретности тогии 2 =0

Марана в окрестиости тогие

3

Consaeno nymemy 1) matriusie 2 z=0 - navoc 4-ro nopilgka gue grykkisuu f(z).

<u>Ombem</u>: Z=0-174

9)
$$f(z) = \frac{1}{e^z - 3}$$

Ombem: ZK = ln3+2TKi, KEH-

Дия заданных ните функций выбенить характер бескоисть удаленный точки (устранилизм точку ститать правильный)

10)
$$f(z) = \frac{z^2}{5-2z^2}$$

$$\lim_{z \to \infty} f(z) = \lim_{z \to \infty} \frac{z^2}{z^2 (\frac{5}{z^2} - 2)} = \lim_{z \to \infty} \frac{1}{\frac{5}{z^2} - 2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Comacuo oppgenerum 2 $z = \infty$ - yempanuman (prabunoran) α maa 0 mbe \overline{m} : prabunoran

11)
$$f(z) = \frac{3z^5 - 5z + 2}{z^2 + z - 4}$$

$$f(2) = \frac{z^{5}(3 - \frac{5}{24} + \frac{2}{z^{5}})}{z^{2}(1 + \frac{1}{z} - \frac{4}{z^{2}})} = z^{3} \cdot h(2), \ h(2) = \frac{3 - \frac{5}{24} + \frac{2}{z^{5}}}{1 + \frac{1}{z} - \frac{4}{z^{2}}} \rightarrow 3$$

f(z) ~ 3 z³ npu z → ∞.

Comacuo nyrenny 2 materiem 3 $z = \infty$ - naevo 3-ew normegua <u>Ombem</u>: 173

12)
$$f(z) = e^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2z^2 - 5$$

Gazeoneum f(z) b pue dopana b navour $0 < |z| < \infty$:

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^n n!} + 2z^2 - 5 = 2z^2 - 5 + 1 + \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1}{z^2 2!} + \cdots + \frac{1}{z^n n!} + \frac{1}{$$

$$f(z) = 2z^2 - 4 + \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1}{z^2 2!} + \cdots + \frac{1}{z^n n!} + \cdots$$
washas

racms prega Noparia opyunisuu f(z) β orpeemuormu mockei $z = \infty$

Comacuo nyunny 1) massuum 3 $z = \infty - 172$ Zamemum, rmo peg (*) sebulemae marnie piegan

6

Морана другизии f(z) в окрестиости точки z=0. Тупи этан главиал гаеть реда Лорана f(z) в окрестиости z=0 содержит отринательные степени z, $\tau.$ е содержит бижонегисе гисло ченов. Согласно табище 1 z=0 - сущетвенно особал точка.

 $\frac{Ombem:}{Z = O - cynyecmbereno occasas morka}$

13)
$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^3(2-\cos z)}$$

Ocorre movenu: Z = O

cosz=2 => == 2xx -iln(2±13), KE #

 $\frac{0 \text{ mbem}}{2_{K}}$: $\frac{2}{2} = 0 - 173$

z = \sigma - preguerial morka naciocob

14)
$$f(z) = \frac{e^{\frac{1}{z-1}}}{e^{z}-1}$$

Ocoone movenu: Z=1, $Z_K=2\pi Ki$, $K\in \mathbb{Z}$

Froxanieu, uno ne gyuseenbyen lin f(2).

Cau $z = 1 + x^2$, mo $\lim_{z \to 1} f(z) = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{e^{\frac{z}{x^2}}}{e^{1+x^2}} = +\infty$;

eeu $z = 1 - x^2$, mo lem $f(z) = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{x^2}}}{e^{1-x^2}-1} = 0$

Cuegobamento lem f(2) ne cyrycembyem. Conineno opponiemuo 2

тоска 2=1 является существенно особой.

Tockee $z_{\kappa} = 2\pi \kappa i$ elementes nauxann 1-v nopreg κa (bananozy innece choù embou 4) β maanne 2)

Ombem: = 1 - cyngeenbereno ocovar morra;

ZR = ATTRI, KE# - M1;

Z = ∞ - pregeneral morka nauo-