$$\lim_{h^{2}+n+2} \left(\frac{h^{2}+2}{h^{2}+n+2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = e^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\lim_{h^{2}+n+2} \left(\frac{h^{2}+2}{h^{2}-3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = e^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\lim_{h^{2}} \left(\frac{h^{2}-3+6}{h^{2}-3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \lim_{h^{2}-3} \left(\frac{h^{2}-3}{h^{2}-3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\lim_{h^{2}} \left(\frac{h^{2}-3+6}{h^{2}-3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \lim_{h^{2}} \left(\frac{h^{2}-3}{h^{2}-3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \lim_{h^{2}} \left(\frac{h^{2}-3}{h^{2}-3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \lim_{h^{2}} \left(\frac{h^{2}-3}{h^{2}-3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = e^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\lim_{h^{2}} \left(\frac{h^{2}+2}{h^{2}-3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = e^{\frac$$

Odocusenses B317 Lacer limy, =0 y limy, 2, =0 Bagelo eleso a EB, venso a =+ = sceleso a=--, mo $\lim_{n\to\infty} \left(1+y_n\right)^{2n} = e^{\alpha}$ $\lim_{n \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{5}{n^{2}} \right) = e^{-\frac{1}{2}} = + e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ $\lim_{n \to \infty} y_{n} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{5}{n^{2} - 3} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{n^{2}} \cdot \frac{5}{n^{2}} = e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ $\lim_{n \to \infty} y_n x_n = \frac{5}{n^2 - 3} \cdot \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{5n^3}{n^2 - 3} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{5n}{n^2} = \lim$

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n^2 + 2}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n^2 - 3 + 5}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n^2 - 3 + 5}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n}$$

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n^2 - 3}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n^2 + 2}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n^2 - 3 + 5}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n}$$

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$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{5}{n^2 - 3}}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n^2 - 3 + 5}{n^2 - 3} \right)^{-n}$$

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$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{5}$$

$$\lim_{h \to \infty} (\sqrt{4+\frac{1}{h}} - 1) = \lim_{h \to \infty} (2 + \sqrt{4+\frac{1}{h}} - 2) = \lim_{h \to \infty} (2 + \sqrt{4+\frac{1}{h}} - 2) = \lim_{h \to \infty} (4 + \frac{1}{h}$$

 $=\lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{(-4)\cdot 2}{4^n(1+(1)^n)}=2\cdot 0\cdot 2=0$ lim y $x_n = \frac{(-2)2^n \cdot 4^n}{8^n + 2^n} = \frac{8^n \cdot (-2)}{8^n + 2^n} = -2$ Pagarolim $n \cdot (lg(n + 2016) - lg(n + 1)) = -2$ = $\lim_{n \to \infty} n$, $\lim_{n \to \infty} \log \frac{n+2016}{n+1} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \log (1+\frac{2015}{n+1})^n$ $\lim_{n \to \infty} (1+\frac{2015}{n+1})^{\frac{n+1}{2}}$ $\lim_{n \to \infty} y_n = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{2015}{n+1} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{n}} = 0.2015 = 0$ lim yn 2n=lim 2015n -lim 2015 = n > - n + 1 n > - 1 + 1 $\lim_{n\to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{2015}{n+1}\right)^n = \lim_{n\to \infty} \lg e^{2015} = \frac{2015}{\ln 10}$ Thernesser buomenner connegrat Посиедоваченности отрезков [a, b, 7, a, b, 7, [a, b, 7]. [a, b,]. razorbae mal pocuegobamero nocobro

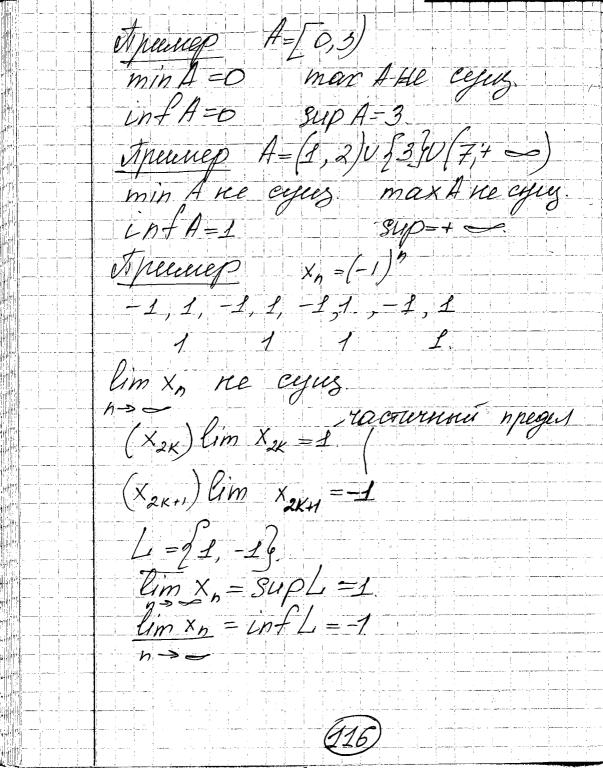
beconcernous ompoznos, cecer namgour nocuegypouseur ompezox Cogephiciences & megoigequeux, mo ecto. [a, b, 7][a, b, 7 2[a, b, 7 2.] $2[a_n,b_n]$ Treoperior (munezen bernennon empezkob) Cyuzechbyem morka C, Komopær memaguenciem been omposeauer [a, B, 7, nEN Ecreer gereens ompezzob Cope-Mismaie KD, mo cert lim (b, a,)=0 mo makan morka egureemberhan $a_1 \leq a_2 \leq a_3 \leq \ldots \leq a_n \leq b_n \leq \ldots \leq b_n \leq b_$ Toureg (an) Cozparmeem u ograseu Leria chepxej-lio nouznavej Beijepumpacca) uno Flim an =A (112)

Anawareno Flim Bn = B (theA): an EBn h>= [A & B] ho meaneure o neperoge k megery b repabence bas!

Tyero $c = \frac{A+B}{2}$ Torge $\{ +n \in N \}, \ a_n \le A \le C \le B \le b_n \}$ (tneN): celan, 6,7 $c_1 \in [a_n, b_n]$ $c_2 \in [a_n, b_n]$ 04/C, -C, / 6b, -a, => 6, -a, >0 Laureranne Dur ummerband дания теорена не верна (0,1) $\supset (0,\frac{1}{2})(0,\frac{1}{3})(0,\frac{1}{6}) \supset ... \supset (0,\frac{1}{6}) \supset ... \supset (0,\frac{1}{6})$ He cejes-em rierara c manoro, uno ce (0,1) nous box nelloe

Tognocuegobamereonecto Tyer (x,)- noewegobamensuscro u nyero n, n, n, n, -cmpou Cornacinaugue hours nat Euceel (ng < ng 4h3 L L hx L) Onp, toeregobarnersnoctó Xnk (Xn, ,Xn2, Xn3, -Xnk, ...). Heazerbaince rognociegobamenonocook $nocessis (X_n) = (X_1, X_2, X_3, ..., X_h, ...)$ Ecree nocheg-76 wieren njegen a (3geob & meso ac B, a= enso a =+ =, Queso a = -), mo utobail nog nocueg-To Ucucens mom ne camin préger a

Ecres cycles en nognocuegobasses -HOEFE (Xnx) noccegébameremocres (x,) manoe, uno lim x, = a, mão a nazulaemas raemarnous pregenous nouegobamenouscon Back uno a & B, mos a=+-, L'-un-le beer reamenne Megene hourgo bamene moust Vim Xn = Sup Lo-Ceptum Mageer $h \rightarrow \infty$ hockey (x_n) lim xn = int L - remences megen $n \rightarrow \sim nocleg(x_n)$ Sup A-mounair lepaneur yans unancerta A (cymaleque) infA-mornael nuncuise mans umancecrea A. (unguezen)



gara Dana nocueg-16 (x,) 1) Haume nen- bo L been racmurnoux npequeob nocueg (xy) 2) Havinus lim x, u lim x, 3n +(-1):h >= $X_{2K} = \frac{5n + (-1)^n}{6k + 2k} = \frac{8k}{10k + 1}$ Cim (Xxx) = 6/m 8/m = 10/+1 = 10+1 = = $= \frac{4}{5}$ $= \frac{6k+3-2k-1}{10k+5-1} = \frac{4k+2}{10k+4} = \frac{2k+1}{5k+2}$ $= \frac{4k+2}{10k+5-1} = \frac{2k+1}{10k+4} = \frac{2k+1}{5k+2}$ $\lim_{K \to \infty} X_{2K+1} = \lim_{K \to \infty} \frac{2K+1}{5K+2}$ - lim 2+ = 2 K->_5+2 5 L=2=,47 $\lim x_n = \sup L = \frac{4}{5}$ lim xn = inf=3

Sagara
$$X_{n} = 2^{(-1)}$$
 in

$$\lim_{k \to \infty} X_{2k} = \lim_{k \to \infty} 2^{2k} = \lim_{k \to \infty} 4^{2k+1} = \lim_{k \to \infty} 2^{2k+1}$$

$$\lim_{k \to \infty} X_{2k+1} = \lim_{k \to \infty} 2^{2k+1} = \lim_{k \to \infty} 2^{2k+1}$$

$$= \lim_{k \to \infty} \frac{1}{4^{2k}} = 0$$

$$\lim_{k \to \infty} X_{n} = \lim_{k \to \infty} \frac{1}{4^{2k}} = 0$$

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$$\lim_{k \to$$

X2K+1 = (1+ QK+1 · cos (2K) =) = = $= (1)^{2k+1} = 1.$ Rim X xxx = 1. L=(e, f, 19 Im Xn =C lim Xn== Megana. Mg endoés orp-on nou-ru
elec neue Borgement crognersynocs nog noceeeg-76 Dox-bo ocuelane na nen-u npureyuna beconcennos ompognobe. [a, b,] > [a, b2] = [az, b3] > 0 α_1 α_3 β_3 $(\forall n \in \mathbb{N}): a_1 \leqslant X_n \leqslant b_1$

Xnx E [ax, Bx]. Xn, 6/04, 6, $X_{n3} \in [a_1, b_2]$ $X_{n3} \in [a_3, b_3]$ $0 \times \leq x_{nk} \leq 0 \times 1$ Tyngamennamone noenegobamenencon Oup trocueg (x.) Hazubaemen gryn aanenmanden noenegobamenon to (une noungobanecionocrono House) Elect gelis 1 6 70 eyezeerbegen NEN maure uno que moson A.m > N u n > N weelm pa culano kena benesto $|X_m - X_n| < \epsilon_0$ Cumbourine chail Januels (Tockeg (x,) gryngamensanoras) => =>(YE>0)(-1NEN)(Ym, n >N): |Xm -Xn | < Eo (221

to Paknocumel enregenence (flocu (xn) gryng) => (VE>0) (FNEN) (VDEN): 1xn+p-xn/<E Meonecea (Kneemenen Koun) Touceg (xn) caragumes (mo eet musem konernsu megas) <=> tocueg (x,) apyrg. => Don Bo nocmoe = Dox-be rouse encourne b Heres ucnossysemal meopering Bousesana-Beriepustraca Dokazaro exogreccioero nocu-14 $X_n = \frac{9ib1}{3} + \frac{9in2}{3^2} + \frac{9in3}{3^3} + \frac{9inn}{3^n}$ $x_n = \frac{13in11}{3} + \frac{8in21}{3^2} + \frac{18inn}{3^n}$ $X_{n+1} - X_n = \frac{|S|n(n+3)|}{3^{n+1}} \gg 0$

 $\times_{n} \le \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{7}{1} = \frac{3}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3$ $=\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2\cdot 3}$ Denonceur, uno hocueg (xn)
apyrganeenmaneenan Ayor &>0 Relective | Xn+p-Xn/= | SIn(n+1) - SIn(n+2) + + Sin(n+p) | | a + a + a + + a | < | a, | + | a | + | a | + | a | + | a | $\leq \frac{|3in(n+1)|}{3^{n+2}} + \frac{|3in(n+2)|}{3^{n+2}} + \dots + \frac{|3in(n+p)|}{3^{n+p}} \leq$ = 1 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 3n - 6 $3^{h} > \frac{1}{2E}$, $\ln 3^{h} > \ln \frac{1}{2E}$, $\ln \ln 3 > \ln \frac{1}{2E}$ $1 > \ln \frac{1}{2E}$ $1 > \ln \frac{1}{2E}$ roceonceues N-[enze] Torga Ecen not not 1x, +p - x, 1/E.

Nakeur Sepazoer, nocice (X.)
aber-ar gayreg: =>
=> {comarno knumermo homen}
nociceg (X.) crogeencer. I lim x, =a, aek Ceeunap 8 (22.10.16). Onpegérénere pregener lim $x = a (\forall \varepsilon > 0) (\exists N \in N)$ $n \to \infty$ $(\forall n > N): |x_n - a| < \varepsilon$ $Q-E < X_n < Q+E$ $a-\varepsilon$ a $a+\varepsilon$ Onneg gryngamenmansnoer (Nociteg (X_n) gryng) $\langle = \rangle (V_{\mathcal{E}} > 0)$ $(\exists N \in N) (V_m, n > N) : |X_m - X_n| < \varepsilon$ (24) (Yn>N) (YpeN): |Xn+p-Xn|<E