Sasestie ID, yeroù reclocto penessere cererense 199, yp-reni. Torku nokos. Consolance norse norse.

Uccuesbance nor yerocitectocró

percencie duncientes ogrespozhoux curcrene. Dana cucrena guggo yp-keen (1)  $\frac{dx}{dt} = f(t,\bar{x});$ hyert  $\bar{\chi}_{z}\bar{\phi}(t)$  - renortopoe ce percence, onpegaiennoe  $\forall$   $t \geq t_{0}$ . Oup. Perenence 4(t) concremence (1) may. yeroureebbule no dernywoby, ecle 10<(3)8=8E 0<34 get bernois pernened  $\overline{X}(t)$ , naradense zn-e notoposo ys. rep-by  $\|\overline{X}(t_n) - \overline{\Psi}(t_n)\|_2 \delta$ , 1x(to) - \(\varphi(t\_0)\)/20, Htzt. born. rep-60 1 X(t) - Q(t) 1/2 E. Oup. Perreseere Q(t) cercrenou(1) may. accumorareence yerouèrebule, celu ono yerourulo u ∃ 5>0: & percences x(t): 1x(to) - \(\varP(to)\)/\(\varphi\) enjabegnendo npegentonos pabencido Ong. Percence (P(t) t = 0.

raz. regerou reibour, eene

Is -----I E0 >0: H D>0 (CROLL GROSKO Maneoro) IX(t) permenen 11 x(to) - 4(to)11 < 8, Tax 200 gla ken-poro t1 > to 11 x(ts) - Q(ts) 11>Eo.

1 punce 2. Nureapuzob. yp-e Materiatier, dear Thecka,  $\varphi + \omega^2 \varphi = 0; \quad \varphi(0) = \varphi_0.$ P(t) = Acos w t + B smwt.

P(t) = Acos w t + 40.

Rosencereus Y=0 ycrowreso. Marthur 6 bagroie grége! 9+K9+W24=0, K>0 Moncencer 4=0 accedentottere che Moderne 9= II d2+ Rd+W2=0 Regerocirecto.

(gua recupecinoso yp.a.

(gua recupecinoso yp.a. (d+ 1/2)2 = 1/2 - w2; d1/2 = 1/2 + i/w2 K2) pabresbecces Red, 2 < 0. 1 Octon Cefeles Mazorbaene yerourueboe Eespergueernoe negerouruboe

Modoneener pabrebeerer: yerouruboe Eespazieuruse reyerocireiboe. Upuneep 2. Ver yeron renboert pennement yp-l'i b zab-tu or napamenta x;  $\frac{\partial X}{\partial t} = \lambda \cdot \frac{X}{t}$ , X(1) = 0. Penerce. O Soznareie Xo = X(to); Togge  $\frac{dx}{x} = x \frac{dt}{t}$  $X(t) = t^{\alpha} \cdot X_{0}$  $ln|x| = \alpha ln|t| + ln C$ t=1: X(1)=X0=0 Uecreeggenoe permene  $X(t) = C \cdot t^{\alpha}$  $X_o(t) \equiv 0$ . Pacele perpoets  $X(t)-X_o(t)=t^{\alpha}X_o$ . Ecre  $\alpha = 0$ ,  $\tau_0 |X(t) - X_o(t)| = |X_o|$  (yesoeirecto) ecclee  $\alpha < 0, \tau_0 | x(t) - x_0(t) | = | x_0 | \Rightarrow 0 \text{ upu } t \Rightarrow \infty$   $\beta = -\lambda \qquad \{3 \text{ (acuse not)} \text{ ye roe rubo}\}$ Cele < >0, TO |X(t)-Xo(t)| = to |Xo| -> 0 upu t>0 (recyerouteelo) Orbeti panerent X = 0 yeringu x < 0, njurien acusent. you nou x < 0; keyet. wpu d<0. Oup. Moloncerule pabriobecula  $\chi^0$ :  $\frac{d\chi}{dt} = f(\chi)$ .

Une Torka nokola.  $\frac{d\chi}{dt} = 0$ ,  $\tau$ . e.  $f(\chi) = 0$ .

ROPHW 21, 22 HUNDI JOYEK JOKOS 2,40 2,00 2,20 ん、20 yzen Cegno yzeu Неустойчивый Устойчивый Rapartep Toyku

KOMMAEKCHUE

2, = d-iB 2=d+iB

d <0

**pokyc** 

Устойчивый

Неустойчивый **pokyc** 

0 2 2



центр

Действительные, Кратности 2:



Устойчивый

hier

70

2<0

Неустойчивый узел

Men-e yerocireboerre penerene. (2) alx = AX, A=(aij) = const. yceobles yerocereeboern plusenere cercrever A, on pegensiores cooch rencember hospudge A, on pegensiores cooch rencember (1) Ibn yerouresteen Teopedia. Premeren cucremen (1) Ibn yerouresteen L=> ∀ dj Redj ≤0, j=1,2,...,n; npuréeu renchance of i Redj=0 cootbeterbyor poètre delle gelettee xap l'unistella. (брионерные клетки жордана в жордановой дорше мариеры). 2) Pencereen cuci. (1) Abre. acusent. yet. Z=> Y dj Redj < 0. 3) peneren cuer (1) Abre. regerorièrebles ecler 3di: Redi>0 mele ructo menemoney gually di: Redi=0 coorbercibyer Rempoctori (Rpathere) Felen gelectent (12+w2) Leagheore (paper) Learne Margarea).

Learne Margarea (paper) Learne (paper) Lea  $(1-2)^2 = -1$ =7 percened reeger. aporeje" d-2= ti Kede, dz = 2 > 0 d=2±i. Cu, up une pocut, 7a, 8.

11paulep2. (TP, W4) Ucelegobaire na gerouvreelocté peniereire (0,0,0) cucreder yp-tuese  $\ddot{x} = 2y - 2$   $\dot{y} = 3x - 2z$   $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & -2 \\ 5 & -4 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ Z = 5x - 4y  $\det |A - dE| = \begin{vmatrix} -d & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & -d & -2 \end{vmatrix} = d^3 - 9d + 8 = 0.$  5 - 4 - dKoperlb d=1 negrogier: 13-9+8=0.  $(1-1)(d^2+d-8)=0.$ 1=1>0 => penerene (0,0,0) negeron zerbo, Ballerance. Ecle ogun uz represe xapypes pable regelo (d=0), To cereresea X=AX reaz. Ceoncreoù (au ganee ppinnep4). Eller dj +0, To cherena rag, procrole. Tpunep3. Uceleg. yet-76 penerus (0,0,0)
gayenoù cecerener g.yp. x = 2x+4y-Z  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & -1 \\ -2 & -7 & 4 \\ -5 & -10 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ y = -2x - 7y + 4zz = -5x - 10y + 4z $\begin{vmatrix} A - AE \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 - A & 4 & -1 \\ -2 & -7 - A & 4 \\ -5 & -10 & 4 - A \end{vmatrix} = (2 - A)(-7 - A)(4 - A) - 80 - 20 + 4 + 5(7 + A) + 8(4 - A) + 40(2 - A) = 0$   $\begin{vmatrix} A - AE \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 - A & 4 & -1 \\ -5 & -10 & 4 - A \end{vmatrix} = (A + 1)(A^2 + 9).$ d<sub>1,2</sub>=±3i, d<sub>3</sub>=-1 Perentene ycrocirecto.

Ompegeleet Tun Torker nokal системы второго порядка. Uzooperior Traentopiese borpeethoete noros (TP, 55). Іринер 4. (уравнения пропоруссокальны).  $\begin{cases} \dot{x} = -2x + 4y \\ \dot{y} = x - 2y \end{cases} A = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} A = 1E = \begin{vmatrix} 2 - \lambda & 4 \\ 1 & -2 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$ (1+2)^2-4=0 [ds=0] Perrener yeron renbor.  $d+2=\pm 2$   $d_2=-4$ . Траекторине решений системы - это ин-во Toren uprolion y=x, a Taxme regree - nousberney Mornibex  $y = -\frac{x}{2} + C$ . второе ур, на 2и сложени с первым; Gueroneeur  $\dot{x} + 2\dot{y} = 0$ ;  $\frac{d}{dt}(x + 2y) = 0 => x + 2y = C$ ,  $y = -\frac{x}{2} + C$ . Munep 3.  $\int \dot{x} = x - 4y \quad |A - JE| = |J - J - J| = (J - 1)(J + J)$   $2\dot{y} = x - y \quad |A - JE| = |J - J - J| = J^2 + 3 = 0$  $=(\lambda - 1)(\lambda + 1) + 4 =$  $J_{1,2} = \pm i \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow (0,0) - y \text{ crocérulo}.$ " yeurp" Haup-e 36-i no Tpaertopiedus-npotub rac ciperkie.

Muccep 6.  $A = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 \\ -3 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ X = -4X + 6y2y = -3x + 5y1A-JE/= [-4-2 6] = (14)(1-5)+18=0 $1^{2}-1-2=0$ 0=2>0=> Heyer. (d-2)(d+1)=0.d2 = -1. "cegso! Harigère "ych" cegra, um accuentotte unepdod. 200 cos: 6 per reaspuege A. d=2:  $\overline{\mathcal{V}}_1=\begin{pmatrix}1\\1\end{pmatrix}$  y=xv = -1:  $\overline{v_2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} y = \frac{x}{2}$ u cegno"
( reyet.) Unpegedeede Kanpabresice glo-2 no Tpacktophala. y=x-reyero irrubas Tpaentopuel, T.R.  $\dot{\chi} = -4x + 6x = 2x$ X(t)=C.e2t; experien-or yeresper. appreleaselle. Tpalkt. Bropou encest rainte l' Mogeraleur l'encreury vy=KX! Pargereeur bropse yp.  $\int X = 4x + 6 KX = (-4 + 6K)X$  $LKX = -3x + 5\kappa x = (-3 + 5\kappa)X$  $K = (3+5K) \Rightarrow K_1 = 1$ -4+6K R2=1/2.

Tpullep 7.  $\begin{vmatrix} -1 - \lambda & -4 \\ 2 & 5 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = (\lambda + 1)(\lambda - 5) + \delta = 0$   $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 5 - \lambda \\ 2 & -4 \lambda + 3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$  $\int X = -X - 4y$  $l\dot{y} = 2x + 5y$ = (d-1)(d-3)ds = 1>0 => Heyer. 1/2=3>0 ulyzeal. Harigeele uprruadelett. Therepropule y= KX. 9=-2  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d(\kappa x)}{dx} = \frac{2x + 5\kappa x}{-x - 4\kappa x}$   $\kappa = \frac{2 + 5\kappa}{-1 - 4\kappa} = \kappa_1 = -\frac{1}{2}$   $\kappa_2 = -1$ 1 purep 8. |X = -X - y |-1 - d - 1| |y = X - 3y |-1 - d - 1|  $|-3 - d| = d^2 + 4x + 4 = (d+2)^2$ d\_=d\_==-2, berponegenenen (accementatur, yzku" gurputur Crenet yzer Upuecep 9. di=dz=d u ecto Dazue uz coo. b-pob.

Doma.



TP, W4: Uccelleg. La yeroureiboer6 Привисивное решение системы X=AX b zagaverenx N2 u3. (cucreuse broporo nopregna). TP, 5. Onpeg. Tun ocoboei Torke cuerteur X=AX uz 39g.3. Janver. Coverb. 24-2 marpheyse A ynce reacizerese pur pece. 229. W1, 2, 3. Doula Mecces, ocoogho Torry Ceccoente.
N971. W 972 N973, W974.  $\begin{cases} \dot{x} = 3x \\ \dot{y} = 2x + y \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} \dot{x} = 2x - y \\ \dot{y} = 2x - 4 \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} \dot{y} = 2x - 4 \\ \dot{y} = 2x - 4 \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} \dot{y} = 2x - 4 \\ \dot{y} = 2x - 4 \end{cases}$ w975, w976, w978  $\int \dot{x} = -2x - 5y$   $\int \dot{x} = 3x + y$   $\int \dot{x} = 3x - 2y$   $\int \dot{x} = -2x + y$   $\dot{y} = 2x + 2y$   $\dot{y} = y - x$   $\dot{y} = 4y - 6x$   $\dot{y} = -4x + 2y$