

Classe Edo

```
1 import numpy as np
2 import pandas as pd
3 import plotly.graph_objects as go
4 import plotly.express as px
5
6 class Edo:
7
8     def __init__(self, y_inicial, dom, a,b, f_function,\
9                 analytic_function=None, all_error=[], output=pd.DataFrame([]), \
10                analytic_solution=False, bidimensional=False):
11         self.y = y_inicial
12         self.dom = dom
13         self.a = a
14         self.b = b
15         self.f_function = f_function
16         self.analytic_solution = analytic_solution
17         self.analytic_function = analytic_function
18         self.bidimensional = bidimensional
19
20         self.h = (self.b - self.a)/self.dom
21         self.size = self.dom-1
22         self.all_x = np.arange(self.a, self.b, self.h)
23         self.all_y = []
24         self.all_y_euller =[self.y]
25         self.all_y_analitica = []
26         self.yh = [self.y]
27         self.y_pm = [self.y]
28         self.y_newton = [self.y]
29
30         self.all_y_euller_2d = None
31         self.all_y_rk4_2d = None
32         self.all_error = all_error
33         self.output = output
34
35
36     def f(self, x, y):
37         return self.f_function(x, y)
38
39     def analitica(self, x, **kwargs):
40         if 'y' in kwargs:
41             y = list(kwargs.values())[1]
42             return self.analytic_function(x,y)
43         else:
44             return self.analytic_function(x)
45
46     def df(self, x, y):
47         return -1.2
48
49     def report_euller(self):
50         for i in range(len(self.all_x)):
51             if len(self.all_y_euller)<=self.size:
52                 self.all_y_euller.append(self.all_y_euller[i]+self.h*self.f(self.all_x[i],self.all_y_euller[i]))
53
54         if self.analytic_solution:
55             self.all_y_analitica = list(map(self.analitica, self.all_x))
56             self.all_error = abs(np.array(self.all_y_euller)-np.array(self.all_y_analitica))
57
58
59     def report_euller_melhorado(self):
60         for i in np.arange(0, len(self.all_x)):
61             if len(self.yh)<=self.size:
62                 self.k1 = self.h*self.f(self.all_x[i],self.all_y_euller[i])
63                 self.k2 = self.h*self.f(self.all_x[i+1],self.all_y_euller[i]+self.k1)
64                 self.yh.append(self.yh[i] + ((self.k1+self.k2)/2))
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66 def report_ponto_medio(self):
67     for i in np.arange(0, len(self.all_x)):
68         if len(self.y_pm) <= self.size:
69             self.k1_pm = self.f(self.all_x[i], self.all_y_euller[i])
70             self.k2_pm = self.f(self.all_x[i] + (self.h)/2, self.all_y_euller[i] + self.k1_pm * (self.h/2))
71             self.y_pm.append(self.y_pm[i] + self.k2_pm * self.h)
72
73 def report_newton(self):
74     for i in np.arange(0, len(self.all_x)):
75         if len(self.y_newton) <= self.size:
76             z = self.y_newton[i] + self.f(self.all_x[i], self.y_newton[i]) * self.h
77             count = 0
78             while count <= 5:
79                 F = self.y_newton[i] + self.h * self.f(self.all_x[i+1], z) - z
80                 dF = self.h * self.df(self.all_x[i+1], z) - 1
81                 z = z - (F/dF)
82                 count += 1
83             self.y_newton.append(z)
84
85 def report_euller_2d(self):
86     self.all_y_euller_2d = np.zeros((len(self.all_x), len(self.y)))
87     k = np.zeros((len(self.all_x), len(self.y)))
88     self.all_y_euller_2d[0] = self.y
89
90     for i in range(len(self.all_x)-1):
91         k[i] = self.f(self.all_x[i], self.all_y_euller_2d[i])
92         self.all_y_euller_2d[i+1] = self.h * k[i] + self.all_y_euller_2d[i]
93
94
95 def report_rk4_2d(self):
96     self.all_y_rk4_2d = np.zeros((len(self.all_x), len(self.y)))
97     self.all_y_rk4_2d[0] = self.y
98     for i in range(len(self.all_x)-1):
99         k1 = self.h * np.array((self.f(self.all_x[i], self.all_y_rk4_2d[i])))
100        k2 = self.h * np.array(self.f(self.all_x[i] + self.h/2, self.all_y_rk4_2d[i] + k1/2))
101        k3 = self.h * np.array(self.f(self.all_x[i] + self.h/2, self.all_y_rk4_2d[i] + k2/2))
102        k4 = self.h * np.array(self.f(self.all_x[i] + self.h, self.all_y_rk4_2d[i] + k3))
103        self.all_y_rk4_2d[i+1] = self.all_y_rk4_2d[i] + (k1 + 2*k2 + 2*k3 + k4)/6
104
105
106 @property
107 def df_output(self):
108     if self.bidimensional:
109         self.report_euller_2d()
110         self.report_rk4_2d()
111         self.output = pd.DataFrame({'Passo': self.all_x, 'Y_Euller': self.all_y_euller_2d[:,0], \
112                                     'P_Euller': self.all_y_euller_2d[:,1], 'Y_RK4_2D': self.all_y_rk4_2d[:,0], \
113                                     'P_RK4_2D': self.all_y_rk4_2d[:,1]})
114
115         return self.output
116     else:
117         self.report_euller()
118         self.report_euller_melhorado()
119         self.report_ponto_medio()
120         self.report_newton()
121
122     if self.analytic_solution:
123         self.output = pd.DataFrame({'Passo': self.all_x, 'Euller': self.all_y_euller, \
124                                     'Analítica': self.all_y_analitica, 'Erro': self.all_error, \
125                                     'Euller Melhorado': self.yh, 'Ponto Médio': self.y_pm, \
126                                     'Newton': self.y_newton})
127     else:
128         self.output = pd.DataFrame({'Passo': self.all_x, 'Euller': self.all_y_euller, \
129                                     'Euller Melhorado': self.yh, 'Ponto Médio': self.y_pm, \
130                                     'Newton': self.y_newton})
131
132     return self.output
133
134 def plot_output(self):

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134 fig = go.Figure()
135 if self.bidimensional:
136     fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=self.output['Passo'], y=self.output['Y_Euller'],
137                             mode='lines',
138                             name='Y(t) Euller'))
139     fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=self.output['Passo'], y=self.output['Y_RK4_2D'],
140                             mode='lines',
141                             name='Y(t) Runge-Kutta 4ª Ordem'))
142     fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=self.output['Passo'], y=self.output['P_Euller'],
143                             mode='lines',
144                             name='P(t) Euller',
145                             line = {'color': '#341f97',
146                                     'dash': 'dash'}))
147     fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=self.output['Passo'], y=self.output['P_RK4_2D'],
148                             mode='lines',
149                             name='P(t) Runge-Kutta 4ª Ordem',
150                             line = {'color': '#FF914D',
151                                     'dash': 'dash'}))
152
153     fig.update_layout(title_text='Resultados por Método', title_x=0.5,\
154                       xaxis_title='t', yaxis_title='y(t), p(t)',\
155                       height = 400, width = 800, font={'size':10})
156     fig.show()
157 else:
158     fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=self.output['Passo'], y=self.output['Euller'],
159                             mode='lines',
160                             name='Euller'))
161     fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=self.output['Passo'], y=self.output['Euller Melhorado'],
162                             mode='lines',
163                             name='Euller Melhorado'))
164     fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=self.output['Passo'], y=self.output['Ponto Médio'],
165                             mode='lines',
166                             name='Ponto Médio'))
167     if 'Newton' in self.output.columns:
168         fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=self.output['Passo'], y=self.output['Newton'],
169                                 mode='lines',
170                                 name='Newton'))
171     if self.analytic_solution:
172         fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=self.output['Passo'], y=self.output['Analítica'],
173                                 mode='lines',
174                                 name='Analítica'))
175
176     fig.update_layout(title_text='Resultados por Método', title_x=0.5,\
177                       xaxis_title='Passo', yaxis_title='Método',\
178                       height = 400, width = 800, font={'size':10})
179     fig.show()
180
181 def plot_error_distribution(self):
182     if self.analytic_solution:
183         fig = px.histogram(self.output, x="Passo", y="Erro", nbins=self.dom,\
184                             color_discrete_sequence=['indianred'])
185         fig.update_layout(title_text='Distribuição de Erro', title_x=0.5,\
186                             xaxis_title='Passo', yaxis_title='Erro',\
187                             height = 400, width = 600, font={'size':10})
188         fig.show()

```

▼ Atividade 19.04

```

1 def S1(x,y):
2     Y = y[0]
3     P = y[1]
4     dYdt = -0.4*Y + 0.02*P*Y
5     dPdt = 0.8*P - 0.01*P*P-0.1*P*Y
6
7     return dYdt, dPdt

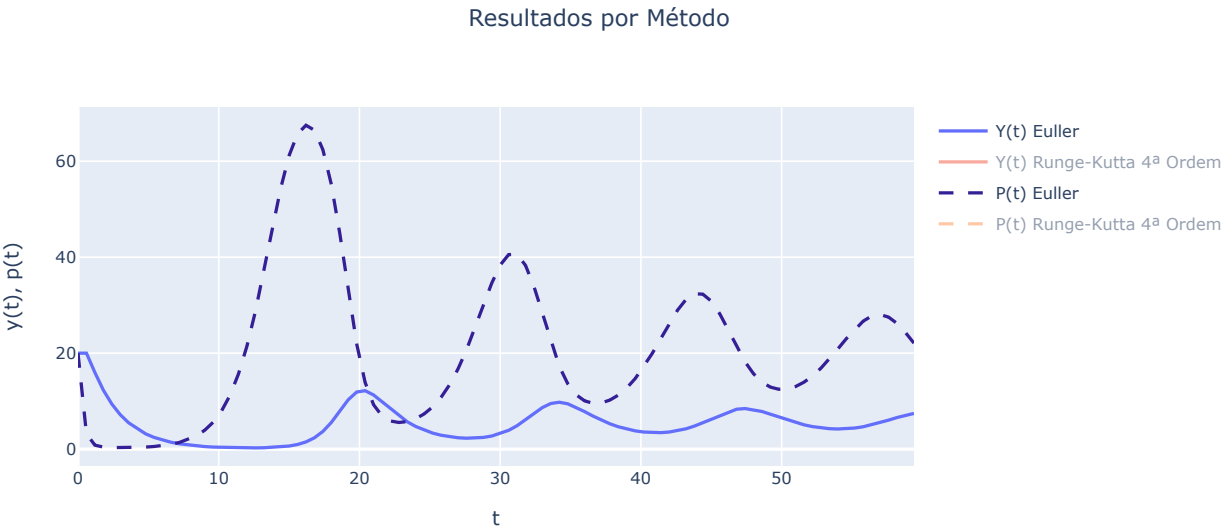
```

```
1 e_1 = Edo(y_inicial=(20,20), dom=100, a=0, b=60, \
2         f_function=S1, analytic_solution=False, bidimensional=True)
```

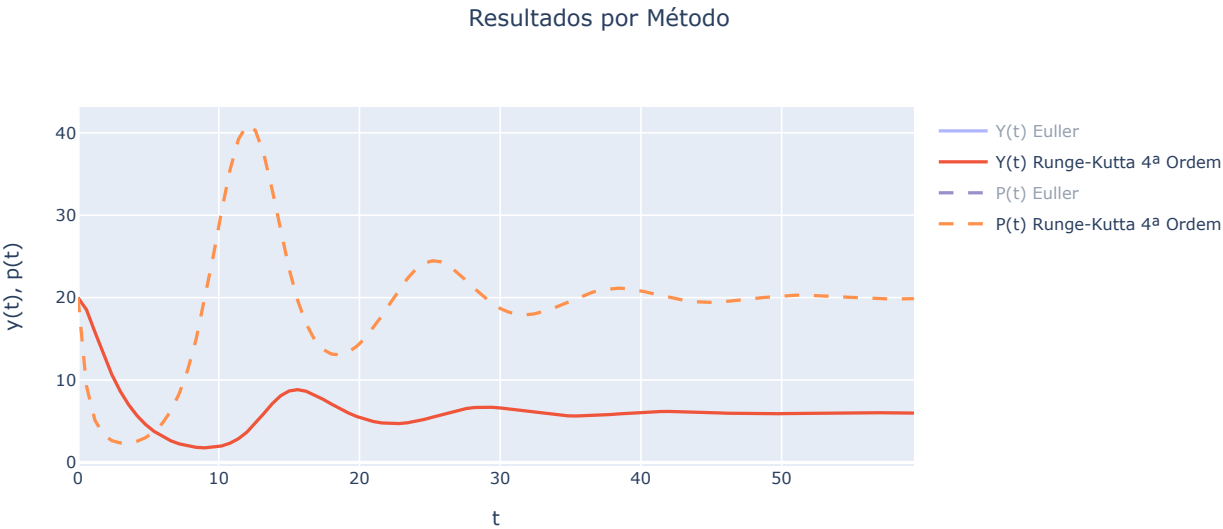
```
1 e_1.df_output.tail()
```

	Passo	Y_Euler	P_Euler	Y_RK4_2D	P_RK4_2D
95	57.0	5.513288	28.045146	6.033613	19.862383
96	57.6	6.045550	27.510377	6.022980	19.846070
97	58.2	6.590403	26.195511	6.011708	19.843992
98	58.8	7.080374	24.293789	6.000780	19.854692
99	59.4	7.445193	22.093132	5.991032	19.875870

```
1 e_1.plot_output()
```

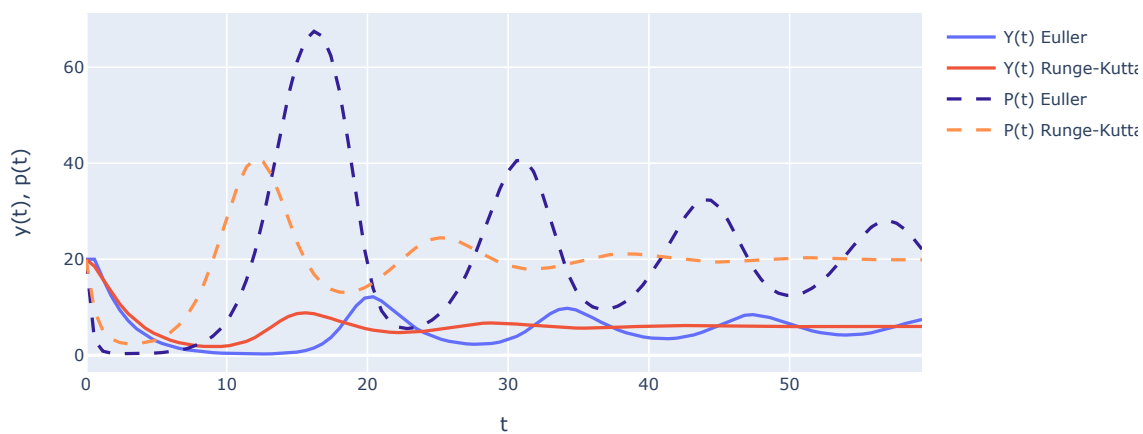


```
1 e_1.plot_output()
```



```
1 e_1.plot_output()
```

Resultados por Método



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✓ 0s conclusão: 22:16

