CS 348 — Assignment 4

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-- Question: 1
-- Approach: This joins in the course information to get the course name
       it then joins the schedule information matching on cno, term, and
        section to prevent duplication
        finally the query is filtered for rows where the term and room are
        appropriate values
        select choses the correct columns to print
select course.cname, course.cno, professor.pname from class
    inner join course
    on class.cno = course.cno
    inner join schedule
    on class.cno = schedule.cno and class.term = schedule.term
        and class.section = schedule.section
    inner join professor
    on class.instructor = professor.eid
    where class.term="F10" AND schedule.room="RCH122"
1
-- Results:
/*
CNAME
                                                      CNO
                                                                  PNAME
Elementary Algorithm Design and Data Abstraction...
                                                      CS146
                                                                  HOLLIS
Computer Architecture
                                                      CS450
                                                                  BARBARA
Computer Security and Privacy
                                                      CS458
                                                                  HOLLIS
Advanced Biochemistry
                                                      PHYS442
                                                                  LILIA
Research Project
                                                      PHYS451
                                                                  DEBORA
*/
```

2 Question 2

```
-- Question: 2
-- Approach: This works by joining in the professor table into the class table
       for all professors in the cs department
    then the prerequisite table is joined to find the prereqs for a class
    then the class and professor tables are joined in again to get information
       for the prerequisite classes such that the prerequisite happened at the
       same time and is taught by a professor not in the cs department
    then the table is grouped by relevant information to filter out
       duplications and is sorted
--
    finally the last where function filters for the correct term and the select
       renames columns to the required values
select class.cno as CNO, professor.pname as CSNAME,
prereqclass.cno as PrerequisiteCNO, prereqprof.pname as NonCSNAME from class
   inner join professor
   on class.instructor = professor.eid and professor.dept = "Computer Science"
   inner join prerequisite
   on class.cno = prerequisite.cno
   inner join class prereqclass
   on prereqclass.cno = prerequisite.prereq and prereqclass.term = "S03"
   inner join professor prereqprof
   on preregclass.instructor = preregprof.eid
       and prereqprof.dept != "Computer Science"
   where class.term = "S03"
   group by class.cno, professor.pname, prereqclass.cno, prereqprof.pname
   order by class.cno, professor.pname, prereqclass.cno, prereqprof.pname
/*
-- Results:
           CSNAME
CNO
                       PrerequisiteCNO NonCSNAME
-----
CS214
           JERALD
                       PHYS171
                                       DUSTIN
CS348
           RODRIGO
                     MATH217
                                       JESSICA
CS436
           RODRIGO
                      MATH381
                                       PETER
CS446
           LINA
                      PHYS171
                                       DUSTIN
*/
```

```
-- Question: 3
-- Approach: This works by joining in the professor table into the class table
-- for all professors in the cs department
```

then the prerequisite table is joined to find the prereqs for a class then the class and professor tables are joined in again to get information for the prerequisite classes such that the prerequisite happened at the same time and is taught by a professor not in the cs department then the table is grouped by relevant information to filter out duplications and is sorted finally the last where function filters for the correct term and the select renames columns to the required values

select professor.pname, professor.dept, class.cno, class.term, class.section, ROUND(AVG(enrollment.mark),2) as AVG from class

inner join enrollment
on class.cno = enrollment.cno and class.term = enrollment.term
inner join professor
on class.instructor = professor.eid

group by class.cno, class.term, class.section
having AVG(enrollment.mark) > 85 and COUNT(enrollment.cno) > 10

order by professor.pname, professor.dept, class.cno .

-- Results:

/*

PNAME	DEPT	CNO	TERM	SECTION	AVG
ANN	Computer Science	CS213	F11	2	85.92
BARBARA	Computer Science	CS137	S02	3	85.25
BARBARA	Computer Science	CS213	W13	1	85.46
BARBARA	Computer Science	CS213	W13	3	85.46
BETH	Physics	PHYS457	F01	2	86.64
BETH	Physics	PHYS458	S07	1	85.92
CODY	Computer Science	CS462	S06	2	87.58
DEBORA	Physics	PHYS451	F10	1	86.83
DEBORA	Physics	PHYS478	F01	3	85.31
DUSTIN	Physics	PHYS214	W12	2	86.18
DUSTIN	Physics	PHYS271	W13	3	85.17
DUSTIN	Physics	PHYS312	W12	2	85.46
DUSTIN	Physics	PHYS477	W11	3	86.0
HERMINIA	Physics	PHYS229	S06	2	86.27
HERMINIA	Physics	PHYS312	W12	1	85.46
HOLLIS	Computer Science	CS462	S06	3	87.58
JACKLYN	Physics	PHYS147	WO7	2	86.09
JERALD	Computer Science	CS137	S02	1	85.25
JERALD	Computer Science	CS138	F10	2	85.08
JESSICA	Mathematics	MATH226	F12	1	85.55
LILIA	Physics	PHYS189	F11	2	86.92

LINA	Computer Science	CS350	S03	1	85.42
MORRIS	Physics	PHYS271	W13	1	85.17
MORRIS	Physics	PHYS458	S07	3	85.92
PETER	Mathematics	MATH358	WOO	1	86.25
PETER	Mathematics	MATH452	F08	3	86.73
RODRIGO	Computer Science	CS135	S11	2	86.0
RODRIGO	Computer Science	CS350	S03	2	85.42
STUART	Physics	PHYS289	F09	2	85.5
ULYSSES	Physics	PHYS229	S06	3	86.27
ULYSSES	Physics	PHYS312	F11	1	85.08
ULYSSES	Physics	PHYS331	S05	1	86.73
ULYSSES	Physics	PHYS478	F01	2	85.31

*/

```
-- Question: 4
-- Approach: join the enrollment table with itself and then grouped by the
        original data so that the difference of the student's mark to the
        average can be computed
        use a where statement to filter based on the initial mark is greater
        than 98
-- Assumptions: for the purposes of an average, a class is determined by its cno
        and term so the average of a class is across all sections when being
        subtracted from the student's mark
select enrollment.sno, enrollment.cno,
    enrollment.mark - ROUND(AVG(enrol2.mark), 2) as DIFF
    from enrollment
    left join enrollment enrol2
    on enrollment.cno = enrol2.cno and enrollment.term = enrol2.term
   where enrollment.mark > 98
   group by enrollment.cno, enrollment.term
    order by enrollment.sno, enrollment.cno
/*
-- Results:
SNO
            CNO
                        DIFF
```

20002939	CS482	17.56
20037890	PHYS255	17.36
		16.24
20099883	CS488	
20163094	CS247	14.56
20163094	PHYS497	17.33
20193175	CS449	16.0
20304343	MATH285	15.87
20458699	MATH210	14.37
20591079	PHYS420	15.67
20591079	PHYS451	19.13
20602987	CS312	15.12
20602987	CS458	17.96
20652458	PHYS364	12.78
20842491	PHYS484	14.14
20862191	MATH334	17.67
20938960	PHYS285	19.69
20954626	MATH395	16.37
21090840	PHYS193	14.62
21152057	PHYS289	14.5
21210918	CS485	18.74
21267773	PHYS124	20.28
21288103	PHYS451	12.17
21407646	PHYS263	17.2
21433509	PHYS446	13.0
21495049	PHYS458	17.57
21568625	MATH399	15.4
21646983	PHYS361	20.62
21649510	PHYS221	12.33
21670504		10.5
21676293	CS488	17.27
21750774	PHYS483	15.82
21767530	MATH261	19.09
21768045	MATH250	16.57
21818793	CS485	17.18
21821244	MATH491	14.44
21906995	CS432	16.0
21947461	CS316	17.96
21955374	CS484	12.9
21960289	PHYS414	14.36
21993697	MATH226	17.11
22046341	MATH452	12.6
22078262	MATH355	18.03
22215932	MATH217	17.47
22233056	MATH261	17.63
22289300	PHYS388	13.0
22296412	CS486	16.6
	32 100	10.0

22318590	PHYS133	19.21
22468169	MATH479	17.0
22492414	CS314	17.38
22556132	CS489	17.68
22564251	CS476	15.06
22788590	CS487	17.59
23008065	PHYS485	14.33
23010891	MATH382	20.76
23049532	CS312	15.96
23049332	MATH192	18.37
	_	
23067117	MATH427	19.57
23193544	CS316	18.06
23214247	CS316	15.93
23240776	PHYS312	17.84
23267930	PHYS271	16.5
23314441	MATH340	17.5
23381814	CS213	18.3
23442335	CS436	17.52
23486913	CS370	17.65
23543938	PHYS460	13.86
23591313	PHYS484	14.62
23749666	CS218	18.45
23759303	PHYS147	12.91
23805142	CS247	14.33
24002271	CS486	17.71
24077663	PHYS368	16.6
24125617	MATH334	16.14
24163544	MATH245	16.12
24169469	MATH358	17.29
24176094	PHYS452	16.6
24236259	PHYS477	18.91
24287823	MATH427	16.9
24294227	CS348	17.82
24410026	CS215	17.6
24596751	MATH217	18.8
24613564	CS338	24.34
24637521	CS314	15.55
24860703	PHYS147	16.73
24885811	PHYS194	17.71
24886621	CS446	12.3
24888192	CS350	16.38
24989644	PHYS193	17.33
25129806	CS137	16.06
25132581	CS476	17.14
25286278	MATH192	18.69
25330788	MATH382	17.25
25365706	CS313	15.67

25664679	MATH424	18.61
25672769	CS436	15.2
25743829	MATH459	14.1
25799060	MATH362	18.24
25800239	CS135	17.16
25827649	PHYS420	11.4
25830348	PHYS254	14.37
25835768	MATH217	18.0
25984438	MATH441	19.6
25987170	PHYS398	20.36
26044854	CS450	15.5
26207553	PHYS478	16.09
26247302	PHYS244	18.25
26256419	MATH383	15.29
26342477	PHYS388	17.75
26523244	CS487	17.82
26570974	CS462	18.71
		14.8
26607054	MATH358	
26627237	MATH221	15.33
26653529	CS115	19.93
26836481	MATH381	15.86
27007594	PHYS271	15.06
27007594	PHYS317	21.39
27007594	PHYS458	19.56
27168359	PHYS420	17.64
27279702	CS490	16.92
27279702	PHYS290	16.8
27279702	PHYS485	15.91
27292661	MATH285	16.44
27357294	PHYS271	17.75
27386745	MATH192	17.7
27421447	MATH197	18.0
27464811	CS247	14.12
27493259	PHYS457	12.36
27532359	CS230	14.9
27657997	MATH375	14.56
27717039	MATH381	17.5
27722125	CS246	16.0
27729518	CS147	18.22
27729902	MATH382	16.58
27792707	PHYS255	18.11
27902980	PHYS484	18.46
28013643	CS146	15.0
28025345	MATH428	17.17
28192879	PHYS337	17.12
28231389	MATH459	12.3
28234450	MATH261	16.0
20201100	TIMITIZUI	10.0

```
28471310
            PHYS257
                         19.29
28473457
            MATH399
                         18.83
            MATH226
                         15.8
28513198
28539436
            CS240
                        18.29
28580040
                         21.1
            CS458
                         17.37
28638811
            PHYS474
28921899
            PHYS414
                        13.8
29017604
            PHYS455
                         16.7
                         17.21
29050897
            MATH395
                         16.06
29067979
            MATH399
29119934
                         10.75
            CS240
29171697
            MATH197
                        15.0
29466896
            CS312
                         17.75
29501010
            PHYS368
                         18.57
                        16.19
29507951
            MATH452
29615296
            PHYS317
                        20.0
29643474
            CS211
                        16.14
            PHYS254
29808557
                        19.04
29877646
            CS230
                        13.0
*/
```

```
-- Question: 5
-- Approach join the enrollment table with the student table based on the
        student number inorder to get the student name for printing
        group by the student number to get all classes attended by that student
        to calculate and filter on the number of classes and minimum mark
-- Assumptions: the student minimum enrollment constraint is not term based
        (this query checks over all time)
select student.sname, ROUND(AVG(enrollment.mark), 2) as AVG from enrollment
    inner join student
    on enrollment.sno = student.sno
    group by student.sno
    having COUNT(enrollment.sno) >= 5 AND MIN(enrollment.mark) >= 80
    order by student.sname, ROUND(AVG(enrollment.sno),2)
/*
-- Results:
SNAME
             AVG
ANITA, STEVE 84.0
```

```
CHRISTIAN, R 86.0
KAREN, BENJA 87.4
SETH, GERMAI 82.33
SUSIE, VIRGI 84.0
*/
```

6 Question 6

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-- Question: 6
-- Approach: Join the class and enrollment tables to calculate the class count
        and average, then join in the professor table and group by the
        professor's id to filter out any professor whose minimum number of
        students taught is not at least 10. This allows us to return
        the correct data.
select professor.eid, classdata.cno, classdata.term, classdata.section,
classdata.AVG
from professor
    inner join (select class.cno, class.term, class.instructor, class.section,
        COUNT(enrollment.sno) as CNT, ROUND(AVG(enrollment.mark), 2) as AVG from
        enrollment
        inner join class
        on class.cno = enrollment.cno
        group by class.cno, class.term) as classdata
    on professor.eid = classdata.instructor
    group by professor.eid
   having MIN(CNT) >= 10
```

/* -- Results:

EID	cno	term	section	AVG
0	MATH492	F99	2	75.95
2	PHYS243	F01	3	78.85
4	MATH492	F01	1	75.95
5	MATH479	F99	2	76.62
6	CS447	F99	3	78.53
7	PHYS457	S01	3	82.03
8	CS490	W12	2	78.83
9	PHYS488	S09	2	81.72
10	PHYS442	W11	3	79.99
11	PHYS497	W09	2	81.46

12	CS490	W04	3	78.83
13	CS448	W09	2	81.47
14	MATH492	S00	2	75.95
15	PHYS452	F04	3	80.67
16	CS448	W08	3	81.47
17	CS490	W06	2	78.83
18	MATH492	W08	2	75.95
19	MATH486	FO1	2	79.27
20	CS448	W10	1	81.47
21	CS488	F09	3	81.11
23	CS490	W09	3	78.83
24	CS445	F99	2	77.41
28	PHYS497	W11	1	81.46
29	PHYS497	S00	2	81.46
32	PHYS497	S12	2	81.46
33	PHYS497	W05	3	81.46
37	PHYS497	F02	2	81.46
38	PHYS497	S05	3	81.46
39	PHYS497	W12	3	81.46
40	CS490	W11	3	78.83
41	PHYS497	W04	3	81.46
46	PHYS497	WO7	1	81.46
48	PHYS485	WO3	2	82.03

*/

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