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## Updated Use Case Diagram

- Mostly done well.
- Some Use Case Diagrams still model sub use cases rather than comprehensive business use cases
- Important to get this right for Deliverable #6
- Ask your TA about this if you did not get 10/10 on level of detail

## **Activity Diagram**

- Mostly done well
- Modelling design or specifications rather than requirements or the Work. References to vocabulary about System:
  - references to database, Web page, clicks, taps, buttons, device, App, field, etc.
- Missing swimlanes or activities from secondary actors

### **Process Model**

- Process model represents a single function rather than a comprehensive use case
- Modelling design or specifications rather than requirements or the Work. References to vocabulary about System

### **Scenarios**

- Headers missing information
  - Triggers, preconditions not used correctly
- Alternatives should only be alternative desired behaviour
- Exceptions should only be desired recovery from bad events, inputs, situations
- Modelling design or specifications rather than requirements or the Work. References to vocabulary about System
- Some scenarios may need to be merged, to represent the scenarios of a comprehensive use case.
  - Important to get this right for Deliverable #6
  - Ask your TA if you did not get 10/10 for level of detail on the Use Case Model
- Inconsistent number of steps

### **Atomic Requirements**

- Just need one primary atomic requirement per sub scenario step
- Important to get this right for Deliverable #6

### Deliverable #6

100-Dollar Prioritization of comprehensive Use Cases

with respect to importance/value by 4 stakeholders, 3 not on your team

Kano Prioritization of sub-scenarios (main scenario, alternatives, and exceptions) of the two highest-priority comprehensive Use Cases

with respect to importance/value by 4 stakeholders, 3 not on your team

100-Dollar Prioritization of primary Atomic Requirements of the highest-priority sub-scenarios

with respect to relative importance/value by 2 stakeholders not on your team

AHP Prioritization of primary Atomic Requirements of the highest-priority sub-scenarios

with respect to relative difficulty to implement by all members your team

Plot relative value / relative difficulty of primary Atomic Requirements

# SE463 Software Requirements Specification & Analysis

**Specifications** 

### Objective

Want to articulate a software specification that meets the stakeholders' requirements

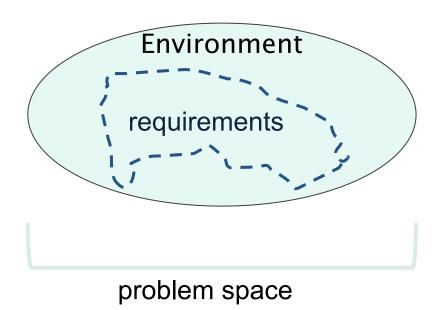
#### Refresh:

- Requirements Conditions and capabilities that describe a problem – to be met by a solution, for the solution to be acceptable
- Specification A complete, precise, verifiable expression of requirements of a software or system solution.

# Refresh: Requirements

A requirement is a condition or capability that must be achieved

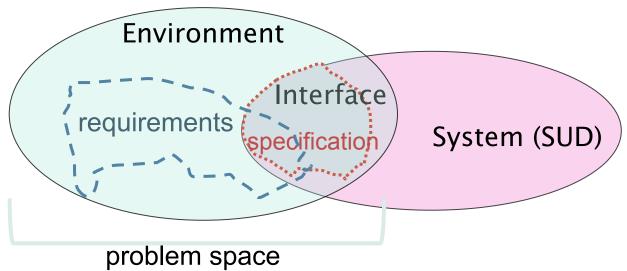
- desired changes to the World
- expressed in terms of environmental phenomena



## Refresh: Specification

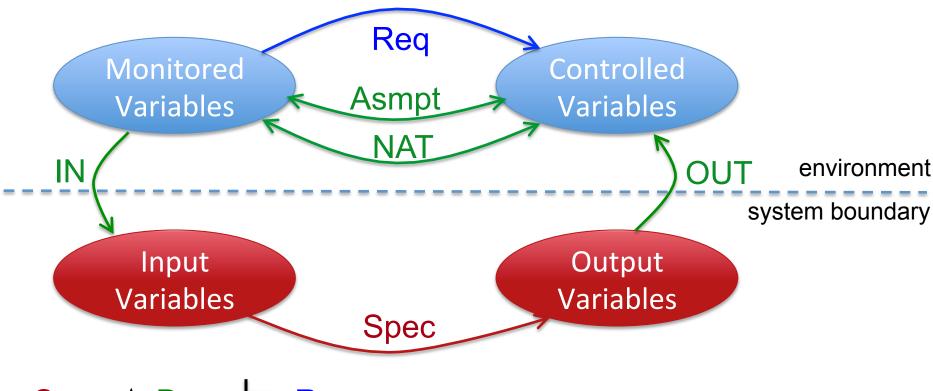
A specification is a description of the proposed software system

- system boundary is identified
  - with respect to what requirements it will implement
  - input data (from sensors, input devices)
  - output data or commands (to actuators, output devices)
- re-expresses requirements in terms of interface phenomena
- places no constraints on the design or implementation of the system giving the designer maximum freedom



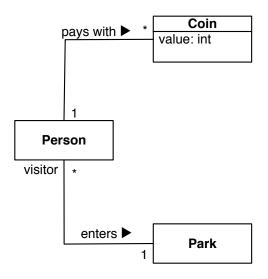
# Requirements Vs. Specifications

Another way of seeing the distinction between requirements and specifications is by viewing them through the 4-variable model:



### Example: Park User Fees

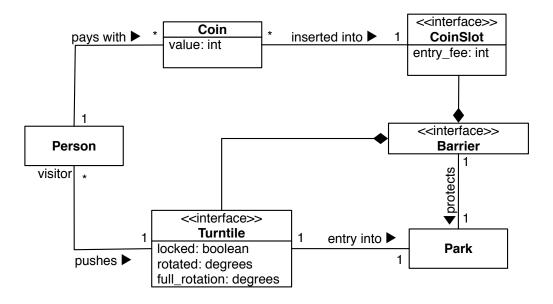
#### Requirements



Collect \$1 from each visitor on entry to the park

Ensure that anyone who has paid can enter the park

#### **Specifications**



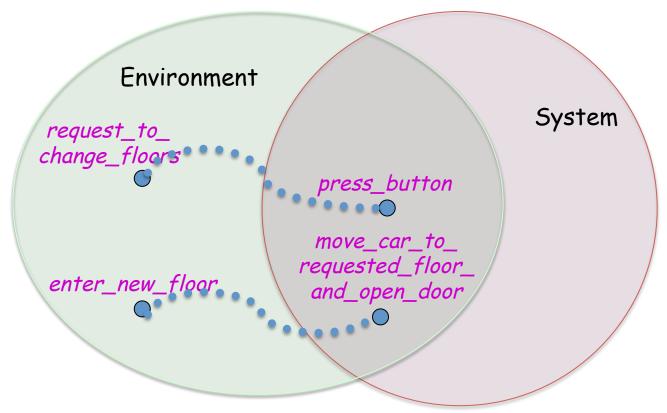
Collect \$1 in the CoinSlot for every rotation of the Turnstile

Whenever the CoinSlot receives \$1, unlock the Turnstile

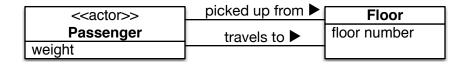
## Cyber-Physical Systems

Interface entities are likely to be interface devices (sensors and actuators), sensor readings, and actuator commands

**Example:** Elevator



### Example: Elevator

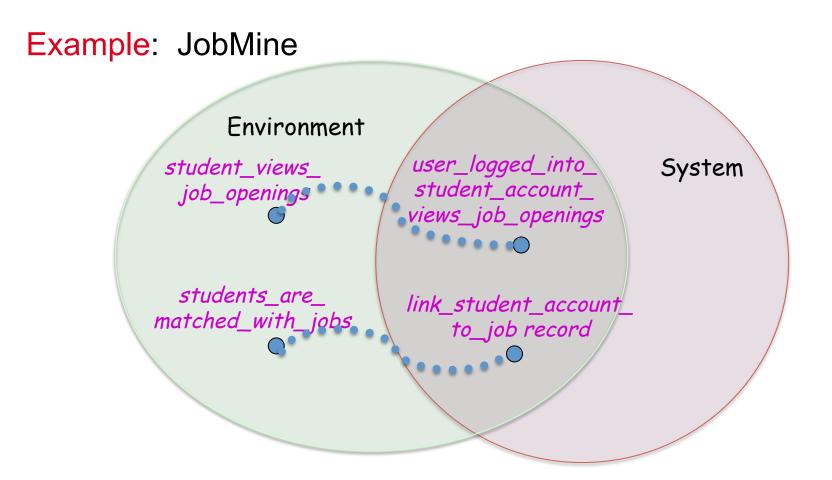


Req: Passenger is transported from her current floor to a designated floor

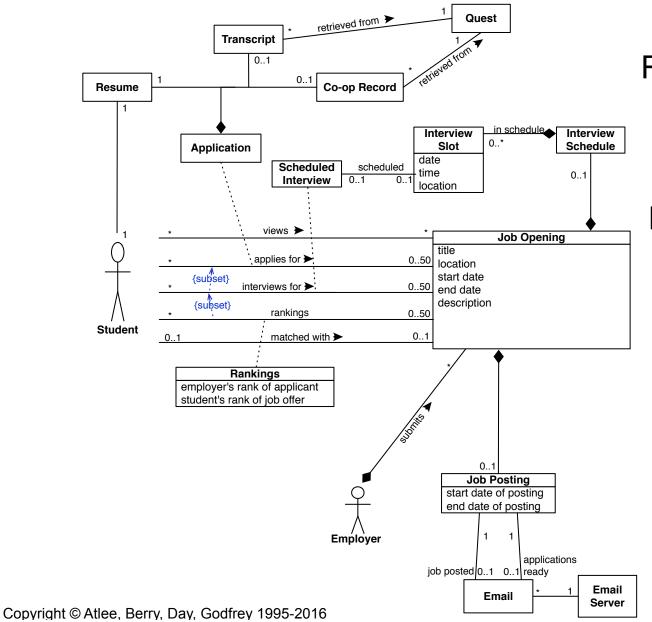
# Cyber Systems

#### Interface entities are likely to be cyber entities:

 Accounts, user ids, passwords, records, record ids, Web forms, keystrokes, mouse clicks, screen displays, popup messages



### Example: JobMine



R1: Student views Job Openings

R2: Product will match Students with Job Openings

## Summary

#### Requirements vs. Specifications

- Impact on Domain Model
- Impact on vocabulary used in models, scenarios, atomic requirements
- Spec, Dom |= Req

### Deliverable #7

#### **Updated Domain Models**

- one for requirements descriptions (environment phenomena)
- one for specification descriptions (environment + interface pheno.)

#### **Detailed Atomic Requirements**

- conditions of satisfaction for N highest-priority primary atomic requirements
- expressed using environment phenomena

#### **Detailed Atomic Specifications and Assumptions**

- conditions of satisfaction for N highest-priority primary atomic requirements
- expressed using interface phenomena
- assumptions about environment phenomena, actors, input/output devices
  - needed to guarantee that a system meeting the specification will also meet the requirements