angular学习

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1 Structural Directives

1.1 *ngIf

1.2 *ngFor

```
<div *ngFor="let hero of heroes;let i = index;let odd=odd;trackBy:</pre>
trackById" [class.odd]="odd">
    {{hero.name}}
    </div>
   将被翻译成
<div template="ngFor let hero of heroes; let i=index; let odd=odd; trackBy:</p>
trackById" [class.odd]="odd">
    (\{\{i\}\}) {{hero.name}}
</div>
   将生成
<ng-template ngFor let-hero [ngForOf]="heroes" let-i="index" let-odd="odd"
[ngForTrackBy]="trackById">
    < div [class.odd] = "odd" > ({\{i\}}) {\{hero.name\}} < / div >
</ng-template>
    *ngFor 有几个内置的变量 index odd $implicit
    上面的hero由于没有值,所以使用$implicit初始化了
   在*ngFor中声明的变量只存在于每个重复的实例中,在其他位置仍然可
以声明相同名称的变量
   其他的几个内置的结构指令和*ngFor,*ngIf的展开方式一样
```

1.3 ngSwitch

```
ngSwitch 本省并不是一个结构指令,它只是给*ngSwitchCase提供一个
值.
                   <div [ngSwitch]=hero?.emotion>
                   <a href="mailto:</a> <a href="mailto:happy-hero">happy-hero</a> <a href="mailto:happy-hero">happy-happy-hero</a> <a href="mailto:happy-hero">happy-happy-hero</a> <a href="mailto:happy-hero">happy-h
                   <sad-hero *ngSwitchCase=sad [hero]=hero></sad-hero>
                   <confused-hero *ngSwitchCase=confused [hero]=hero></confused-hero>
                   <unknown-hero *ngSwitchDefault [hero]=hero></unknown-hero>
                   </div>
                   将被翻译成
                   <div [ngSwitch]="hero?.emotion">
                   <a href="chappy-hero"></a> <a href="hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></happy-hero"></
hero>
                   <sad-hero template="ngSwitchCase 'sad" [hero]="hero"></sad-hero>
                   <confused-hero template="ngSwitchCase 'confused'" [hero]="hero"></confused-</p>
hero>
                   <unknown-hero template="ngSwitchDefault" [hero]="hero"></unknown-
hero>
                   </div>
                   将生成
                   <div [ngSwitch]="hero?.emotion">
                   <ng-template [ngSwitchCase]="'happy"">
                   <a href="hero"></happy-hero>
                   </ng-template>
                   <ng-template [ngSwitchCase]="'sad"">
                   <sad-hero [hero]="hero"></sad-hero>
                   </ng-template>
                   <ng-template [ngSwitchCase]="'confused"">
                   <confused-hero [hero]="hero"></confused-hero>
                   </ng-template >
                   <ng-template ngSwitchDefault>
                   <unknown-hero [hero]="hero"></unknown-hero>
                   </ng-template></div>
```

1.4 自定义结构指令

- 1. 构造函数有2个注入的参数
 - (a) TemplateRef
 - (b) ViewContainerRef
- 2. enumerate

1.5 注意

angular 不允许同时在同一个元素中使用多个结构指令

ng-template是angular内建的元素,如果它不与angular的指令配合使用的话,将被angular从Dom节点中移除

ng-container是angular内建的元素,但是与ng-template不同的是,它相当于一个语句块,本身不会显示出来,但是内部的其他符合结构指令条件的元素会显示出来

2 Pipes

管道使用|来标志 angular本身提供了全局的管道 DatePipe, UpperCasePipe, LowerCasePipe, CurrencyPipe, PercentPipe

2.1 参数

管道使用colon:来接受参数,如果有多个参数,则使用多个:

|date:'MM/dd/yy'

|slice:1:5|

2.2 Chaining pipes,管道链

2.3 自定义管道

- 1. 使用@Pipe,有一个name属性,以后可能会有pure属性
- 2. 继承PipeTransform,transform方法至少一个参数value,然后是额外的 参数

2.4 注意

1. 使用管道是昂贵的.每一次键盘事件,鼠标移动,时钟滴答,以及服务器响应后都会执行一次脏检查.

3 零碎

3.1 ngModal

1. 必须引入FormsModule