

Data Structures

Lab01 - Abstract Data Types

1 Implement the following abstract data types

1. Functions Class

The Functions class/Type that implements the following functions

- (a) Write a function (`getFactorial`). The factorial of a non-negative integer n is written $n!$ (pronounced “ n factorial”) and is defined as follows:
$$n! = n \times (n - 1) \times (n - 2) \times \dots \times 1$$
- (b) Write a function `drawTriangles()` that prints the downward and upward triangles

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- (c) `getTriples`: A right triangle can have sides that are all integers. The set of three integer values for the sides of a right triangle is called a Pythagorean triple. These three sides must satisfy the relationship that the sum of the squares of two of the sides is equal to the square of the hypotenuse. Find all Pythagorean triples for side1, side2 and hypotenuse all no larger than 50.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

(3,4,5) (6,8,10) (7,24,25)

(5,12,13) (20,21,29) (8,15,17)

(20,99,101) (48,55,73) (17,144,145)

Pythagorean Triples

2. Complex Numbers Class

- A complex number is a number of the form $x + yi$, where x and y are real numbers and i is the square root of -1 . The number x is known as the real part of the complex number, and the number y is known as the imaginary part.
- The operations on complex numbers that are needed for basic computations
 - Addition:* $(x+yi) + (v+wi) = (x+v) + (y+w)i$
 - Multiplication:* $(x + yi) * (v + wi) = (xv - yw) + (yv + xw)i$
 - Magnitude:* $|x + yi| = (x^2 + y^2)^{1/2}$
 - Real part:* $\text{Re}(x + yi) = x$
 - Imaginary part:* $\text{Im}(x + yi) = y$

<i>client operation</i>	<i>special method</i>	<i>description</i>
<code>Complex(x, y)</code>	<code>__init__(self, re, im)</code>	<i>new Complex object with value $x+yi$</i>
<code>a.re()</code>		<i>real part of a</i>
<code>a.im()</code>		<i>imaginary part of a</i>
<code>a + b</code>	<code>__add__(self, other)</code>	<i>sum of a and b</i>
<code>a * b</code>	<code>__mul__(self, other)</code>	<i>product of a and b</i>
<code>abs(a)</code>	<code>__abs__(self)</code>	<i>magnitude of a</i>
<code>str(a)</code>	<code>__str__(self)</code>	<i>'x + yi' (string representation of a)</i>

API for a user-defined Complex data type

3. Point Class

- Create a Point3D class and test it in the Lab01Test class. Point3D class should contain the following data and function members
- Data members
 - x, y, z , 3D point coordinates of type double
- Function members
 - `__init__()`
 - `__str__()`
 - `__repr__()`
 - `setCord(double, double, double)` : assigns the values for three coordinates
 - `length()` : returns distance between point P and origin (0,0,0)
 - `distance(Point3D, Point3D)`: returns distance between two points
 - `translate(double, double, double)`: translates (moves) the point in the given directions