

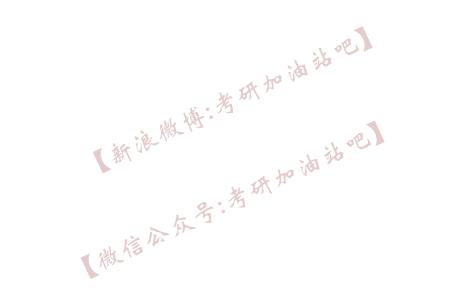


The parliament (议会) 上议院(House of Lords)

下议院 (House of commons)









Cabinet Shadow cabinet



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Parties

在 The labor party
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托利









Jeremy corbyn

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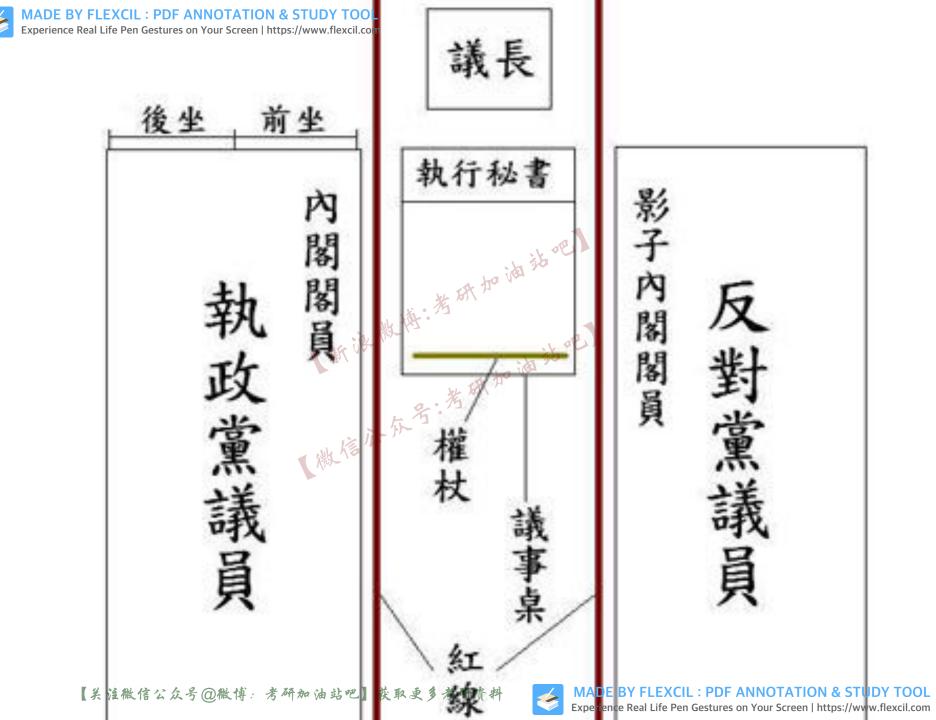
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1. (1)In order to "change lives for the better" and reduce "dependency", George Osborne, Chancellor of the Exchequer, introduced the "upfront work search" scheme.













(Johnson Boris)







1. 2 Only if the jobless arrive at the job centre with a CV, register for online job search, and start looking for work will they be eligible for benefit—and then they should report weekly rather than fortnightly.

- 21. George Osborne's scheme was intended to_____.
- [A]provide the unemployed with exsier access to benefits
- [B]encourage jobseekers' active engagement in job seeking
- [C]motivate the unemployed to report voluntarily
- [D]guarantee jobseekers' legitimate right to benefits



2. 1 More apparent reasonableness followed.



2. 2 There will now be a seven-day wait for the jobseeker's allowance.

2. 3"Those first few days should be spent looking for work, not looking to sign on," he claimed.

相及



- 22. The phrase "to sign on" (Para. 2) most probably means_____.
- [A]to check on the availability of jobs at the job centre
- [B]to accept the government's restrictions on the allowance
- [C]to register for an allowance from the government
- [D]to attend a governmental job-training program

2. 4"We're doing these things because we know they help people stay off benefits and help those on benefits get into work faster."

2. 5 Help? 6 Really? 7 On first hearing, this was the socially concerned chancellor, trying to change lives for the better, complete with "reforms" to an obviously indulgent system/that Udemands too little effort from the newly unemployed to find work, and subsidizes laziness. 四州通信具

2. 8 What motivated him, we were to understand, was his zeal for "fundamental fairness"—protecting the taxpayer, controlling spending and ensuring that only the most deserving claimants received their benefits.

23. What prompted the chancellor to develop his scheme? >> motivate = inspire [A]A desire to secure a better life for [B]An eagerness to protect the unemployed. [C]An urge to be generous to the claimants. passion to ensure fairness for taxpayers

3. (1)Losing a job is hurting: you don't skip down to the job centre with a song in your heart, delighted at the prospect of doubling your income from the generous state.

农业

3. 2It is financially terrifying, psychologically embarrassing and you know that support is minimal and extraordinarily hard to get.

3. 3 You are now not wanted; you are now excluded from the work environment that offers purpose and structure in your life.

3. 4 Worse, the crucial income to feed yourself and your family and pay the bills has disappeared.

3. **5** Ask anyone newly unemployed what they want and the answer is always: a job.

24. According to Paragraph 3, being unemployed makes one feel

Juneasy

Local Loca

[D]guilty

England Osborneland

4. 1 But in Osborneland, your first instinct is to fall into dependency-permanent dependency if you can get itsupported by a state only too ready to indulge your falsehood. (upfront)

It is as though [You were a g Man

4. 2 It is as though 20 years of ever-tougher reforms of the job search and benefit administration system never happened.

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4. 3 The principle of British welfare is no longer that you can insure yourself against to at the risk of unemployment and receive unconditional payments if the disaster happens.

4. (4) Even the very phrase "jobseeker's allowance" is about redefining the unemployed(as) a "jobseeker"/who had no fundamental right to a benefit he or she has earned through making national/insurance contributions) fundamental right to a benefix

4. 5 Instead, the claimant receives a time-limited "allowance," conditional on actively seeking a job; no entitlement and no insurance, at £71.70 a week, one of the least generous in the EU.



- 21. George Osborne's scheme was intended to_____.
- [A]provide the unemployed with easier access to benefits
- [B]encourage jobseekers' active engagement in job seeking
- [C]motivate the unemployed to report voluntarily
- [D]guarantee jobseekers' legitimate right to benefits

- 22. The phrase "to sign on" (Para. 2) most probably means_____.
- [A]to check on the availability of jobs at the job centre
- [B]to accept the government's restrictions on the allowance
- [C]to register for an allowance from the government
- [D]to attend a governmental job-training program

- 23. What prompted the chancellor to develop his scheme?
- [A]A desire to secure a better life for all.
- [B]An eagerness to protect the unemployed.
- [C]An urge to be generous to the claimants.
- [D]A passion to ensure fairness for taxpayers.

24. According to Paragraph 3, being unemployed makes one feel____.

[A]uneasy
[B]enraged
[C]insulted
[D]guilty

- 25. To which of the following would the author most probably agree?
- [A]The British welfare system indulges jobseekers' laziness. X
- [B]Osborne's reforms will reduce the risk of unemployment.x
- [C]The jobseekers' allowance has met their actual needs. X
- [D]Unemployment benefits should not be made conditional.