

Data Science Intern at Data Glacier

Deployment on Flask

Name: Yanjun Lin

Batch Code: LISUM11

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1. Introduction

This project is going to demonstrate the deployment process of FanaticFi – NBA Draft Rank Prediction empowered by Support Vector Machines (SVM) machine learning model using the Flask application. This user-friendly web application is going to predict whether NBA rookie's draft rank is within the top 15 or below based on given player's statistics.

The process includes building a machine learning model, save the model, then create an API for the model, develop HTTP templates with css styles. Finally, utilize predictive capabilities of the machine learning model through HTTP requests using Flask on a local website.

2. Data Information

The historical NBA draft data came from https://www.sports-reference.com (See Complete Dataset Overview). Only a few selected most important aspects were used towards Machine Learning model development (See Final Selection of Data Frame).

Complete Dataset Overview WS WS/48 BPM VORP MPG PPG RPG APG DraftYr Rk Pk Tm Pos Plaver 1990 1 1 BRK NaN Derrick Coleman nan 15.00 781.00 ... 64.30 0.12 1.40 22.30 33.20 16.50 9.30 2.50 https://www.sports-reference.com/cbb/players/d... Syracuse nan 17.00 1335.00 ... 145.50 1990 2 2 OKC NaN Gary Payton Oregon State 0.15 3.30 62.50 35.30 16.30 3.90 6.70 https://www.sports-reference.com/cbb/players/g... 1990 3 3 DEN NaN Mahmoud Abdul-Rauf LSU nan 9.00 586.00 ... 25.20 0.08 -0.80 4.50 26.70 14.60 1.90 3.50 https://www.sports-reference.com/cbb/players/m... 1990 nan 10.00 629.00 ... 33.40 0.09 0.20 9.90 28.60 12.90 2.80 2.10 https://www.sports-reference.com/cbb/players/d... 3 1990 4 4 ORL NaN Dennis Scott Georgia Tech 1990 Kendall Gill Illinois nan 15.00 966.00 ... 47.80 0.08 0.10 15.80 30.50 13.40 4.10 3.00 https://www.sports-reference.com/cbb/players/k... 4 1990 5 5 CHA NaN 5 rows × 27 columns

Final Selection of Data Frame

	Rk	MPG	PPG	RPG	APG
0	1	33.2	16.5	9.3	2.5
1	2	35.3	16.3	3.9	6.7
2	3	26.7	14.6	1.9	3.5
3	4	28.6	12.9	2.8	2.1
4	5	30.5	13.4	4.1	3.0

2.1 Attributes Information

The selected collections of player statistics aspects are considered the most influential attributes when it comes to drafting NBA rookie players. Thus, are used to build the model.

Attributes	Explanations		
RK	Draft rank from historical data		
MPG	Average munities per game played		
PPG	Average points scored per game		
RPG	Average rebounds per game		
APG	Average assists per game		

3. Building SVM Model

3.1 Import Required Libraries and Dependencies

```
# Imports
import pandas as pd
from pathlib import Path
from sklearn import svm
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

3.2 Data Import and Preprocessing

A simplified version of dataset was imported from a csv formatted file. *Group* column was created to serve as the Target for the SVM model. The prediction is simply a binary classification case since only two categories are defied within the Target (1: Rank Top 15, 0: Rank 16 and below).



The final dataset then was divided into features (X) and target (y) group, as features contains MPG, PPG, RPG, and APG columns, while as the target contains the Group column.

```
# Set Feature and Target
X = df.drop(columns=['Rk','Group'])
y = df['Group']
y.value_counts()
0    1388
1    480
Name: Group, dtype: int64
```

3.3 Data Scaling

After the data frame preprocessing, it was further split into training and testing groups in the default rate of 0.75: 0.25 using the standard scaler library. Then it was saved as a pickle file for later use.

```
# Split dataset into train, test datasets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,random_state = 1)
# Initiate the scaler
X_scaler = StandardScaler()
# Fit the scaler to the features dataset
X_scaler = X_scaler.fit(X)
# Scale train, test datasets
X_train_scaled = X_scaler.transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = X_scaler.transform(X_test)
X_test_scaled[0]
array([ 0.59432799, 0.52259442, -0.25369002, -0.0878169 ])
import pickle
# save the scaler
Standard_Scaler = open("scaler.pkl","wb")
pickle.dump(X_scaler,Standard_Scaler)
Standard_Scaler.close()
# Load the scaler
model = open("scaler.pkl","rb")
new_scaler = pickle.load(model)
new_scaler
StandardScaler()
```

3.4 Build and Test Model

Machine learning model then was created with scaled data to be trained to classify rookie draft ranks implementing Support Vector Machine (SVM) under scikit-learn library. After initializing the SVM model, we fit it into the training dataset, and make predictions with testing set. Finally, evaluate the model performance with the classification report.

```
# From SVM, instantiate SVC classifier model instance
svm_model = svm.SVC(kernel = 'linear', random_state = 0)

# Fit the model to the data using the training data
svm_model = svm_model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

# Use the testing data to make the model predictions
svm_pred = svm_model.predict(X_test_scaled)

# Use the testing data to make the model predictions
svm_pred = svm_model.predict(X_test_scaled)

# Use a classification report to evaluate the model using the predictions and testing data
svm_testing_report = classification_report(y_test, svm_pred)

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# Frit the model to the data using the predictions and testing data svm_testing_report = classification report

# Frit the classification report

# Frit the model to the data using the predictions and te
```

3.5 Save the Model

Last but not least: save the model as a pickle file for later use.

```
# save the mode!
Support_Vector_Machine = open("model.pkl","wb")
pickle.dump(svm_model,Support_Vector_Machine)
Support_Vector_Machine.close()

# Load the mode!
model = open("model.pkl","rb")
new_model = pickle.load(model)
new_model
```

4. Turning Model into Web Application

Develop a user interactive web application that allows the machine learning model to make predictions based on user's input. After a user submitting information about a potential player, the web application will render a result of the player is predicted to be the top 15 picks or not.

Inside the FanaticFi_Flask folder, you will find the file directory as showing below. Each file will be explained in detail in the later part of this document.

FanaticFi_Flask Folder File Directory

```
app.py
FanaticFi_Flask.ipynb
Model.pkl
Scaler.pkl
NBA_20_yr.csv
templates/ index.html
static/ logo.png
styles/ style.css
```

4.1 App.py

```
import pickle
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from pathlib import Path
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from flask import Flask,request,render_template,url_for
app = Flask(__name__)
@app.route('/')
def home():
    return render_template('index.html')
@app.route('/predict',methods=['POST'])
   model = pickle.load(open('model.pkl', 'rb'))
    scaler = pickle.load(open('scaler.pkl', 'rb'))
    init_features = [float(x) for x in request.form.values()]
    final_features = np.array([init_features])
    features_scaled = scaler.transform(final_features)
    prediction = model.predict(features_scaled)
    if prediction[0] == 1:
        result="The player you choose will be in the Top 15 picks"
        result="The player you choose will rank 16 and below"
    return render_template('index.html', prediction_text=result)
if __name__ == "__main__":
   app.run(debug=True)
```

When run the app.py file, then entire Flask web application, includes the machine learning model, HTML file and its style file will all be executed by Python.

- Initialize a new Flask instance with the argument __name__, the application will run as
 a single module to let Flask know that it can find the HTML template folder (templates)
 in the directory
- The route decorator (@app.route('/')) is used to specify the URL that should trigger the execution of the home function
- The home function renders the index.html file, located in the templates folder
- Inside the *predict* function, both previously saved model and scaler pickle files are loaded to scale user input data and make predictions
- Use the *POST* method to transport data to server
- Setting __name__ == '__main__', to make sure we only run the application on the server when this script is directly executed by the Python interpreter
- Setting debug=True to activated Flask's debugger when run app.py

4.2 Index.html

The following are the contents of the *index.html* file that will render input areas where a user can enter required statistic of a player. In the header section, the *styles.css* file is loaded to render the design of HTML file.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html >
<
```

4.3 Style.css

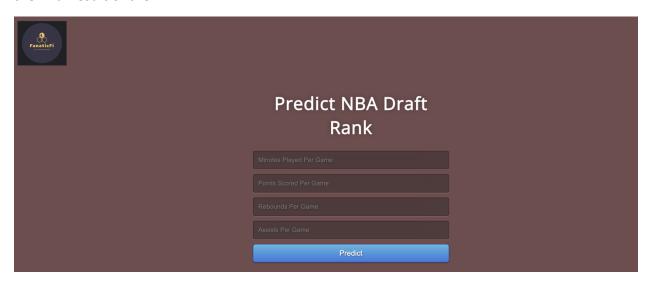
The *styles.css* file determines the look and design of the web application, and it must be saved in a sub-directory called *static*, which is the default directory where Flask looks for static files. Below does not include the entire content of the css file, but an example of how it formats the body section, input format of the user interface.

```
body {
    width: 100%;
    height:100%;
    font-family: 'Open Sans', sans-serif;
    color: ■rgb(226, 82, 82);
    font-size: 18px;
    text-align:center;
    letter-spacing:1.2px;
    background: □#6c4e4e !important;
    filter: progid:DXImageTransform.Microsoft.gradient( startColorstr='#3E1D6D', endColorstr='#092756',GradientType=1 );
.login {
    position: absolute;
    top: 40%;
    left: 50%;
    margin: -150px 0 0 -150px;
    width:400px;
    height:400px;
.login h1 { color: ■#fff; text-shadow: 0 0 10px □rgba(0,0,0,0.3); letter-spacing:1px; text-align:center; }
input {
    width: 100%;
   margin-bottom: 10px;
    background: \square \operatorname{rgba}(0,0,0,0.3);
    border: none;
    outline: none;
    padding: 10px;
    font-size: 13px;
    color: ■#fff;
    text-shadow: 1px 1px 1px \Box rgba(0,0,0,0.3);
    border: 1px solid \square rgba(0,0,0,0.3);
    border-radius: 4px;
    box-shadow: inset 0 -5px 45px □rgba(100,100,100,0.2), 0 1px 1px □rgba(255,255,255,0.2);
     -webkit-transition: box-shadow .5s ease
```

5. Run Application

After completing all previous steps, we can now run the App using the Terminal command line interface as shown below (make sure you are running from the correct directory and under the correct virtual environment where all dependencies were installed).

Then, copy and paste the given web address http://127.0.0.1:5000/ to browser and checkout the final result of the API.



Input required statistics of a chosen player and get prediction result.



