

# Classless Java

No Author Given

No Institute Given

**Abstract.**

## 1 Introduction

- Using annotations to implement a rich notion of traits with a mechanism to instantiate objects (the of method). Goal 1: is to reduce the amount of code that is required to program with interfaces and default methods. Goal 2: To provide a convenient means to do multiple inheritance in Java.
- Specify the system more formally.
- Show that we can model all trait operations
- Implementation using Lombok
- Case studies: The expression problem, Trivially Case Studies from traits paper.

## 2 Overview

Yanlin

- \* Explain what the Mixin annotations do using examples.
- \* Motivate the use of multiple inheritance in Java.
- \* Maybe use Marco's example (Point example).

We provide a Java annotation **@Mixinto** to provide default implementations for various methods and a mechanism to instantiate objects. **@Mixin** annotation helps programmers to write less cumbersome code and instantiate interfaces in Java.

For example, interface **Point** annotated with **@Mixin**:

```
@Mixin
interface Point {
    int X();
    int Y();
    void X(int x);
    void Y(int y);
    Point withX(int x);
    Point withY(int y);
    Point clone();
}
```

Point has two (conceptually) member fields X and Y. Methods `int X()` and `int Y()` serve as *getter* methods. Methods `void X(int X)` and `void Y(int Y)` serve as *setter* methods. Method `Point withX(int X)` updates field X and returns **this**.

A typical and trivial implementation that programmers usually do is:

```
class PointImpl implements Point {
    private int _X;
    private int _Y;
    public PointImpl(int X, int Y) {
        this._X = X;
        this._Y = Y;
    }
    public int X() {
        return _X;
    }
    public int Y() {
        return _Y;
    }
    public Point withX(int X) {
        X(X);
        return this;
    }
    public void X(int X) {
        _X = X;
    }
    public void Y(int Y) {
        _Y = Y;
    }
    public Point withY(int Y) {
        Y(Y);
        return this;
    }
    public Point clone() {
        return new PointImpl(_X, _Y);
    }
}

static Point of(int X, int Y) {
    return new Point() {
        int _X = X;
        public int X() {
            return _X;
        }
        int _Y = Y;
        public int Y() {
            return _Y;
        }
        public Point withX(int X) {
            return of(X, Y());
        }
        public void X(int X) {
            _X = X;
        }
    }
}
```

```

        public void Y(int Y) {
            _Y = Y;
        }
        public Point withY(int Y) {
            return of(X(), Y);
        }
        public Point clone() {
            return of(X(), Y());
        }
    };
}

```

### 3 Comparing to traits and mixins

Haoyuan

- vs both: we do automatic return type refinement, which has useful applications (example: Expression Problem)
- vs traits: we support of methods to create new objects (a replacement to constructors); Moreover we have the with and clone methods (we miss more applications for those). Show how to model the operations on traits; discuss operations that we cannot model (example: renaming).
- vs mixins: we use the trait model of explicitly resolving conflicts. This is arguably better for reasoning.

### 4 Formal Semantics

Yanlin and Haoyuan

We need to show 2 things:

- 1) The dynamic semantics: what's the code that gets generated by a mixin annotation;
- 2) The type system: what programs to reject; properties: generation of type-safe/checkable code.

BRUNO: The implementation is still missing the type system (rejecting some programs)!

### 5 Implementation

Haoyuan

discuss implementation in lombok; and limitations.

BRUNO: The implementation does not support separate compilation yet. Can we fix this?

### 6 Case studies

Haoyuan and Yanlin

## 6.1 A Trivial Solution to the Expression Problem

## 6.2 Other case studies

BRUNO: The case studies still need to be implemented!

Collections example from traits paper? (YANLIN: couldn't found source code)

YANLIN: We're modeling "provided methods" by default methods in Java 8 interfaces. How to model "required methods" in traits. Example: in traits paper (Traits: Composable Units of Behaviour), the TCircle, TDrawing example.

Other case studies using multiple inheritance?

## 7 Related Work

- traits (original, variations, scala) - mixins (original, scala) - multiple inheritance
- expression problem - ...

## 8 Conclusion