

Exam 3

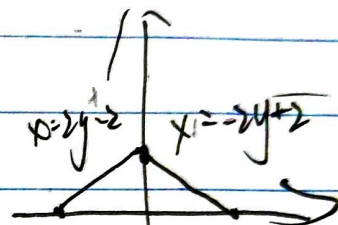
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a) Mass = Area = 2

$$\bar{y} = \frac{1}{\text{Mass}} \iint_R y \delta \, dA$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \iint_R y \, dA = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \int_{-2y}^{2y} y \, dx \, dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 [2y^2]_{-2y}^{2y} dy$$

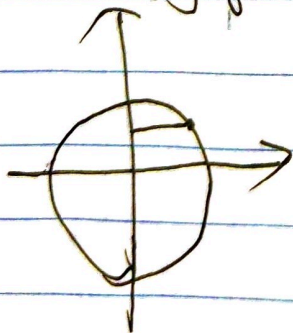


b) $\bar{x} = \frac{1}{\text{mass}} \iint_R x \delta \, dA$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \int_{-2y}^{2y} x \, dx \, dy = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_{-2y}^{2y} dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 2(4y^2 - 0) dy = \int_0^1 4y^2 dy = \left[\frac{4}{3} y^3 \right]_0^1 = \frac{4}{3}$$

2.



$$\delta = |x|$$

$$I = \iint_R r^2 \delta \, dA$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 r^2 \cdot r \cos \theta \cdot r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \left[\frac{r^5}{5} \cos \theta \right]_0^1 d\theta = \frac{1}{5} \int_0^{2\pi} \cos \theta \, d\theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} \left[\sin \theta \right]_0^{2\pi} = \frac{1}{5} (0 - 0) = 0$$

$$3a) \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \vec{F}_x = \cancel{ax^2} + 3y^2$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \vec{F}_y = 6x^2 + by^2 = ax^2 + 3y^2$$

$$\therefore a=6, b=3$$

$$b) \vec{F} = (6x^2y + y^3 + 1)\hat{i} + (2x^3 + 3xy^2 + 2)\hat{j}$$

$$f(x, y) = \int \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} dx = \int (6x^2y + y^3 + 1) dx$$

$$= 2x^3y + y^3x + x + g(y)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2x^3 + 3y^2x + g'(y) = 2x^3 + 3xy^2 + 2$$

$$g'(y) = 2$$

$$g(y) = \int 2 dy = 2y + C$$

$$\therefore f(x, y) = 2x^3y + y^3x + x + 2y + C$$

$$c) \int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

$$= \int_C (6x^2y + y^3 + 1) dx + (2x^3 + 3xy^2 + 2) dy$$

$$= f(x(\pi), y(\pi)) - f(x(0), y(0))$$

$$= 2e^\pi - 1 - e^\pi - 1$$

$$x(0) = 1$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

$$x(\pi) = 0$$

$$y(\pi) = e^\pi$$

4.

$$\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \int_C yx^3 dx + y^2 dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 x^5 dx + x^4 \cdot 2x dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 2x^5 dx = \frac{2}{6} x^6 \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$y = x^2$$

$$dy = 2x dx$$

5. a) let $u = \frac{x^2}{y}$, $v = xy$

$$J = \frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{2x}{y} & -\frac{x^2}{y^2} \\ y & x \end{vmatrix} = \frac{2x^2}{y} + \frac{v^2}{y} = \frac{3x^2}{y}$$

$$du dv = \frac{3x^2}{y} dx dy$$

$$dx dy = \frac{y}{3x^2} du dv = \frac{du dv}{3u}$$

b) $u=1, u=5, v=2, v=4$

$$\iint_R du dv = \int_2^4 \int_1^5 du dv$$

6. a) $\oint_C M dx = \iint_R -\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} dA$

b) ~~$\oint_C M dx = \iint_R -\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} dA$~~

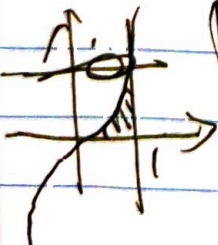
$$Mass = \iint_R \delta dA = \iint_R (x+y)^2 dA = \iint_R -\frac{\partial M}{\partial y}$$

$$-\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = (x+y)^2$$

$$M = \int -\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} dy = \int -(x+y)^2 dy$$

$$= -xy^2 - \frac{1}{3}y^3 + g(x)$$

7. a) Flux = $\oint_C (1+y^2) dx$



$$= \iint_R 2y dA = \int_0^1 \int_0^{x^3} 2y dy dx = \int_0^1 x^6 dx = \frac{1}{7}$$

b) $\oint_C (1+y^2) dx = \int_0^1 -dx = -1$ $\oint_{C2} (1+y^2) dx = 0$

c) $\oint_{C3} = \oint_C - \oint_{C1} - \oint_{C2} = \frac{8}{7}$