

PS6 15/3/2015

lec 15

2) a) $\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_z = \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}(z - y^2 + y^2 + z^2)\right) = 0$

b) $\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial z}\right)_y = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial z}(z - y^2 + y^2 + z^2)\right) = 1 + 2z$

4) 2) $w = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \quad z = x^2 + y^2$

$dw = 2x dx + 2y dy + 2z dz$

$= 2x dx + 2y dy + 2z(2x dx + 2y dy)$

$dz = 2x dx + 2y dy$

$dw = (2z + 1) dz$

$\frac{dw}{dz} = 2z + 1$

$dw = dz - 2y dy + 2y dy + 2z dz \quad dz = 0$

$= 0$

$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_z = 0$

ii)

$dw = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} dy + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} dz$

$z = x^2 + y^2 \quad dz = 2x dx + 2y dy$

$0 = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} dy + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} dz$

$= 2x \cdot \left(-\frac{y}{x}\right) + 2y = 0$

$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial z}\right)_y = \frac{1}{2x}$

$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_y = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y}\right)_y$

$1 = 2x \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial z}\right)_y + 2y \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial z}\right)_y = 2x \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial z}\right)_y$

$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial z}\right)_y = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial z}\right)_y + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial z}\right)_y + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial z}\right)_y$

$= 1 + 2z$

$$2) W = x^3 y - z^2 t$$

$$xy = zt$$

$$dW = 3yx^2 dx + x^3 dy - 2tz dz - z^2 dt$$

$$y dx + x dy = z dt + t dz$$

a) x, z constant

$$dW = x^3 dy - z^2 dt$$

$$= x^2 (z dt + t dz - y dx) - z^2 dt$$

$$= (x^2 z - z^2) dt$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial t}\right)_{x,z} = x^2 z - z^2$$

b) x, y constant

$$dW = -2tz dz - z^2 dt$$

$$= -2tz dz - z(-t dz)$$

$$= (-2zt + zt) dz$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial z}\right)_{x,y} = -zt$$

† Chain Rule:

$$a) x \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial t}\right)_{x,z} = z$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial t}\right)_{x,z} = \frac{z}{x}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial t}\right)_{x,z} = x^3 \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial t}\right)_{x,z} - z^2$$

$$= x^2 z - z^2$$

$$b) \left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial z}\right)_{x,y} =$$

$$0 = z \left(\frac{\partial t}{\partial z}\right)_{x,y} + t$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial t}{\partial z}\right)_{x,y} = -\frac{t}{z}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial z}\right)_{x,y} = -2tz - z^2 \left(\frac{\partial t}{\partial z}\right)_{x,y}$$

$$= -2tz + zt = -zt$$

$$5a) \quad pV = nRT$$

$$S = S(p, V, T)$$

$$d(pV) = d(nRT)$$

$$Vdp + p dV = nR dT$$

$$V + \cancel{pV} = nR \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial p} \right)_V$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial p} \right)_V = \frac{V}{nR}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial p} \right)_V = \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial p} \right) \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial p} \right)_V + \frac{\partial S}{\partial V} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial p} \right)_V + \frac{\partial S}{\partial T} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial p} \right)_V$$

$$= \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial p} \right) + \frac{\partial S}{\partial T} \cdot \frac{V}{nR}$$

$$= S_p + S_T \cdot \frac{V}{nR}$$

$$6) \quad w = u^3 - uv^2 \quad (1)$$

$$u = xy \quad (2)$$

$$v = u + x \quad (3)$$

a) Take the derivative of (2) w.r.t. u

$$1 = y \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial u} \right)_x + x \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial u} \right)_x \quad \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial u} \right)_x = \frac{1}{x}$$

Take the derivative of (3) w.r.t. u

$$\left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial u} \right)_x = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial u} \right)_x = 3u^2 - v^2 - 2uv \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial u} \right)_x$$

$$= 3u^2 - v^2 - 2uv$$

$$\cancel{v} = y + x \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \right)_u \quad \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \right)_u = -\frac{y}{x}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right)_u = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)_u = -2uv \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right)_u = -2uv$$

$$b) dw = 3u^2 du - ((du) \cdot v^2 + u \cdot 2v du) \\ \Rightarrow \cancel{3u^2} du (3u^2 - v^2) du + 2uv du$$

$$du = y dx + x dy$$

$$dv = du + dx$$

∇x constant

$$\cancel{dv} = du$$

$$dw = (3u^2 - v^2) du + 2uv du$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial u}\right)_x = 3u^2 - v^2 + 2uv$$

∇u constant

$$dv = dx$$

$$dw = 2uv dx$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)_u = 2uv$$

$$7 \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 1, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = -3 \quad df = 2dx + dy - 3dz$$

$$\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} dy + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} dz$$

$$df = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} dy + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} dz$$

$$\nabla f = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)_y = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right)_y$$

$$dz = 2x dx + dy$$

$$df = 2dx + dz - 2x dx - 3dz$$

$$= (2 - 2x) dx - 2dz = -2dz = dg$$

$$\nabla g = \langle 2 - 2x, -2 \rangle \quad \nabla g = \langle 0, -2 \rangle$$

Loc 16 25/3/2025

2k-1 $w(x,y) = \ln \sqrt{x^2+y^2} = \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2+y^2)$
 $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = \frac{2x}{2(x^2+y^2)} = \frac{x}{x^2+y^2}$ $\frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = \frac{y}{x^2+y^2}$

$\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} = \frac{x^2+y^2 - x(2x)}{(x^2+y^2)^2} = \frac{y^2-x^2}{(x^2+y^2)^2}$ $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = \frac{x^2-y^2}{(x^2+y^2)^2}$

$\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = \frac{y^2-x^2+x^2-y^2}{(x^2+y^2)^2} = 0$ as $(x,y) = (0,0)$, $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2}$ and $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2}$ DNE

2 $w_x = n(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-1} 2x$

$w_y = n(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-1} 2y$

$w_z = n(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-1} 2z$

$w_{xx} = n(n-1)(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-2} 2x^2 + n(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-1} \cdot 2$

$w_{yy} = n(n-1)(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-2} 2y^2 + n(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-1} \cdot 2$

$w_{zz} = n(n-1)(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-2} 2z^2 + n(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-1} \cdot 2$

$w_{xx} + w_{yy} + w_{zz}$

$= 6n(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-1} + 2n(n-1)(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-2} (x^2+y^2+z^2)$

$= 2n + 2n(\frac{2n+1}{2} + \frac{2(n-1)}{2}) (x^2+y^2+z^2)^{n-1}$

$n = -\frac{1}{2}$

3a) $w_x = 2ax + b$ $w_{xx} = 2a$

$w_y = bx + 2cy$ $w_{yy} = 2c$

$w_{xx} + w_{yy} = 2a + 2c = 0$
 $a = -c$

$w = ax^2 + bxy - ay^2$

$= a(x+y)(x-y) + bxy$

$f_1(x,y) = (x^2-y^2)$

$f_2(x,y) = xy$

$$2k-4 \quad w(x,t) = f(x+ct) + g(x-ct)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = f''(x+ct) + g''(x-ct)$$

$$y(u) = 0$$

$$\cancel{w_{xx}} = \cancel{\frac{1}{c^2} w_{tt}} = \cancel{f''(x+ct)} + \cancel{g''(x-ct)}$$

$$f_{xx} = \frac{1}{c^2} w_{tt}$$

$$5 \quad w(0,t) = 0 \quad w(1,t) = \sin k e^{rt} = 0 \Rightarrow \cancel{b_1 = \cancel{r} c t}$$

$$w_{xx} = -e^{rt} k^2 \sin kx$$

$$w_t = r e^{rt} \sin kx = -\frac{r}{k^2} w_{xx}$$

PART B 26/3/2015

P1

$$0 = \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} dy$$

$$\cancel{\frac{\partial g}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial y}} \quad dy = -\frac{g_x}{g_y} dx$$

$$dw = w_x dx + w_y dy + w_z dz$$

$$= f_x dx - \frac{g_x}{g_y} dx + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} dz$$

$$= \left(f_x - \frac{g_x}{g_y} \right) dx + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} dz$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)_z = f_x - \frac{g_x}{g_y}$$

$$P2 a) \quad dt = \cos(xy) dx + \sin(xy) dy$$

$$dy = \frac{dt - \cos(xy) dx}{\sin(xy)}$$

$$dw = 3y e^{x^2} dx + x^3 dy + x^3 y dt$$

$$= 3y e^{x^2} dx + \frac{x^3 t dt}{\cos(xy)} - x^3 t dx + x^3 y dt$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)_y = \frac{x^3 t}{\cos(xy)} + x^3 y$$

$$b) (x, y, z) = (1, 1, 2).$$

$$x^5 + yz = 3$$

$$xy^2 + yz^2 + zx^2 = 7$$

$$5x^4 dx + z dy + y dz = 0$$

$$dz = -\frac{5x^4}{y} dx - \frac{z}{y} dy$$

$$(y^2 + 2zx) dx + (2xy + z^2) dy + (2yz + x^2) dz = 0$$

$$(y^2 + 2zx) dx + (2xy + z^2) dy + (2yz + x^2) \left(-\frac{5x^4}{y} dx - \frac{z}{y} dy \right) = 0$$

$$(x, y, z) = (1, 1, 2).$$

$$5dx + 6dy + 5(5dx - 2dy) = 0$$

$$30dx - 4dy = 0$$

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = \frac{4}{30} = \frac{2}{15}$$

Exam 2 12/12/12

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