

HAC

HAC Ada Compiler

HAC Ada Compiler User Manual



<https://github.com/zertovitch/hac>
<https://sourceforge.net/projects/hacadacompiler>

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74			

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The “Excuse me I’m French” speech - The main author of this manual is a Frenchman¹ with basic English skills. Frenchmen are essentially famous as frog eaters². They have recently discovered that others ~~forms of communication~~ languages are widely used on earth. So, as a frog eater, I’ve tried to write some stuff in this foreign dialect loosely known here under the name of English. However, it’s a well known fact, frogs don’t really speak English. So your help is welcome to correct this bloody manual, for the sake of the wildebeests, and penguins too.

❑ Edition

I 74 - 2021-04-13

¹ This do not apply to Gautier, author of HAC, who is a proud multilingual Swiss citizen ;)

² We could be famous as designers of the Concorde, Ariane rockets, Airbus planes or even Ada computer language but, definitely, Frenchmen have to wear beret with bread baguette under their arm to go eating frogs in a smokey tavern. That’s *le cliché* :)



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Introduction

I About HAC

HAC is a recursive acronym meaning HAC Ada Compiler. HAC isn't a native code compiler but a Virtual Machine compiler which comes with a very compact and monolithic run-time executor.

As the HAC author says: "HAC is perhaps the first open-source (albeit very partial) Ada compiler (and virtual machine interpreter) fully programmed in Ada itself. It wasn't written from scratch, but is based on a renovation of SmallAda, a system developed around 1990 and then abandoned."



2 HAC purposes

HAC can be used for small Ada sand-boxed prototypes, education and scripting.

As an education tool, HAC is an excellent Ada subset for programming introduction.

As a script language, thanks for its shebang handling and its useful environment functions, HAC is the most Ada compact and powerful script engine you ever dream for. The HAC compilation is straightforward. The executor is ridiculously small and fully standalone. Move the hac program to your path and voila!

Last but not the least, HAC sources are fully compatible with Ada compilers, through the compatibility package HAL !

2.1 Thanks

The authors of SmallAda, listed below, for making their work open-source.

Jean-Pierre Rosen for the free AdaControl tool which was very helpful detecting global variables stemming from SmallAda's code :

<https://www.adalog.fr/en/adacontrol.html>
<https://sourceforge.net/projects/adacontrol>

AdaCore for providing their excellent Ada compiler for free :

<https://www.adacore.com/community>

2.2 HAC history

Now: HAC is being made more and more usable for real applications, with Ada compatibility, modularity, a library with I/O, system subprograms...

2020: FOSDEM's Ada Developer Room: https://fosdem.org/2020/schedule/event/ada_hac

2013: January 24th: Day One of HAC: Hello World, Fibonacci and other tests work!

2009: A bit further trying to make the translation of SmallAda sources succeed (P2Ada was improved on the way, for WITH statements and modularity)...

1999: Automatic translation of Mac Pascal SmallAda sources o Ada, using P2Ada.

1989: SmallAda is derived from CoPascal; works only within two very system-dependent environments (a Mac GUI, a DOS GUI); two similar source sets in two Pascal dialects (Mac Pascal, Turbo Pascal).

1986: CoPascal (Schoening).

1975: Pascal-S (Wirth) - Reference: PASCAL-S, a subset and its implementation <https://doi.org/10.3929/ethz-a-000147073>

❑ Authors of SmallAda (in Pascal)

1990 Manuel A. Perez	Macintosh version
1990 Arthur V. Lopes	integrated environment for IBM-PC
1989 Arthur V. Lopes	window-oriented monitoring for IBM-PC
1988 Stuart Cramer and Jay Kurtz	refinement of tasking model
1987 Frederick C. Hathorn	conversion of CoPascal

❑ Author of CoPascal (derived from Niklaus Wirth's Pascal-S)

1986 Charles Schoening

❑ SmallAda sources

You can find the SmallAda sources and examples in the "archeology" folder. The Turbo Pascal sources files are smaller than the Mac Pascal ones, probably because of the memory constraints of the 16-bit DOS system. So the Turbo Pascal sources are especially cryptic and sparsely commented, full with magic numbers and I-letter variables, many of them global.

3 Syntax notation

Inside a command line:

- A parameter between brackets [] is optional ;
- Two parameters separated by | are mutually exclusives.

<<<TODO>>>Add more structured syntax notation.

4 About Ada

Some general thoughts about Ada.

4.1 Introduction

This language is not known enough yet, at least not to the majority of us, much to the detriment of many potential users for that matter. Compared to the fashionable languages, Ada is more portable, more readable, allows for higher abstraction levels and has features and functionalities unseen in other languages. Ada also allows a more comfortable experience in system programming³ and proves itself light enough to be usable on low class 8 bit processors⁴.

Ada is the name of the first programmer to ever exist in humanity. And this first programmer was a woman: Augusta Ada Byron King, Countess of Lovelace, born in 1815, daughter of Byron, the great poet, Charles Babbage's assistant, she wrote programs destined to run on his famous machine.

Ada is an American military norm⁵ as well as an international civil norm⁶, it is the first object oriented language to be standardized at an international level. All Ada compilers must strictly adhere to the standard. There are hundreds of compilers destined to run on that many platforms but all of them will produce a code that runs identically.

Ada is used everywhere security is critical: Airbus (A3xx civil series and A400 military), Alstom (High speed train), Boeing (777 and 787), EADS (Eurofighter, Ariane, ATV, many spaces probes), STS (line 14 Meteor), NASA (Electric power supply of the International Space Station). The list goes on and on. Everywhere reliability and security must come first, Ada is the language of choice.

4.2 Why use Ada

Ada was created because software engineering is a human activity. Humans make mistakes, the Ada compiler is friend to developers. Ada is also friend to project managers for large scale development. An Ada application is written, expanded and maintained very naturally. For these reasons, Ada is also friend to executives. Ada is the language of happy programmers, managers and users.

Because Ada is a comfortable language by it's expressiveness and a restful language by it's reliability, humans involved with Ada also reflect the image of their language. The Ada community is a very comfortable community to visit and most meetings are very enlightening. Free libraries are numerous

³ Thanks to it's representation clauses that obliterates the need to use bit masking for XORed for bit manipulation. This functionality *essential to system programming* is simply not there in C or even in Assembly language.

⁴ Components that have at their disposal a couple dozen bytes of RAM and a couple Kilobytes of programming memory.

⁵ MIL-STD-1815

⁶ ISO/IEC 8652

and are usually of a very high quality. Finally, the Ada community is very highly active and by now growing again.

4.3 The ending word

When Boeing decided, two decades ago, that all software for the 777⁷ would be exclusively written in Ada, the corporate associates of the constructor made the remark that they were using, for a long time, languages such as C, C++ and assembly language and that they were fully satisfied with them. Boeing simply answered that only firms that could provide Ada software would be considered in contracts offerings. Therefore, the firms converted themselves to Ada.

Today, the development of software for the Boeing 777 nicknamed « The Ada Plane », has been performed and it is essentially thanks to the very big commercial success of this plane that Boeing was able to maintain the revenues created by its civil activities.

And what do the Boeing partner firms do from now on ? They continue to develop their new software in none other than... Ada, and here's why:

- They noticed that the length of time to convert developers to Ada is usually rather short. In a week, the developer is comfortable enough to write software in Ada and in less than a month, he feels totally comfortable with the language ;
- These firms did their accounting: written in Ada, software costs less, present less anomalies, are ready sooner and are easier to maintain.

⁷ The Boeing 777 is the world's biggest two engines plane and the first civil Boeing having electrical flight commands, ten years later the Airbus A320.



Getting started

One can write neatly in any language, including C. One can write badly in any language, including Ada. But Ada is the only language where it is more tedious to write badly than neatly.
Jean-Pierre Rosen



I Distribution

I.1 Directories

src	sources of HAC, plus the compatibility package HAL
exm	examples
exm-manual	sources related to this manual
test	testing

I.2 Key files

Key files are located in the main directory.

hac.pdf	this file
hac.gpr	project file for building HAC with GNAT
hac_work.xls	workbook containing, notably, a bug list and a to-do list
save.adb	backup script, works both with HAC and GNAT!

2 Get a compiler

2.1 FSF GCC GNAT & AdaCore GNAT Community Edition compilers

Free Software Foundation GCC GNAT compiler can be used for closed sources applications. AdaCore compiler GNAT CE (Community Edition) can be used for GPL applications. For a HAC build point of view, it doesn't strictly matter.

However, for both Linux and Windows, it has to be said that today the AdaCore GNAT CE compiler is a better technical choice than the FSF compiler, for example for exception traces. This situation will change in the future.

2.2 Linux

On Debian-based Linuxes like Ubuntu, GCC GNAT FSF is part of the standard packages. You can get GNAT from AdaCore's web site: <https://www.adacore.com/community> which is today the better technical choice.

2.3 Windows

You can get GNAT from AdaCore's web site: <https://www.adacore.com/community> or from other sites, like <http://www.getadanow.com> providing links to FSF GCC GNAT compiler.

3 HAC build

3.1 Linux

❑ Debian 10 compiler

Install an Ada compiler. Depending of your system, replace aptitude by apt-get or apt, preceded or not by sudo:

```
user@system: aptitude install gnat-8 gprbuild git
```

❑ HAC Compilation

Assuming you wish to install HAC under /root, using it as a system tool:

Assuming you have the GNAT compiler installed, do the following from a command line interpreter. Open a terminal:

```
user@system: cd /root
user@system: git clone https://github.com/zertovitch/hac
user@system: cd hac
user@system: gprbuild -P hac
user@system: ln -s -f /root/hac/hac /usr/local/bin/hac

user@system: gnatmake -P hac
user@system: cd exm
user@system: ../hac gallery.adb
```

3.2 Windows

❑ Windows compiler

```
gnatmake -P hac
cd exm
..\hac gallery.adb
```

❏ Compilation

Assuming you have the GNAT compiler installed, do the following from a command line interpreter. Open a terminal:

```
user@system: gnatmake -P hac
user@system: cd exm
user@system: ../hac gallery.adb
```

Alternatively, with the help of a graphic file manager, you can go into the "exm" folder and double-click "e.cmd".



HAC language

Investment in C programs reliability will increase up to exceed the probable cost of errors or until some - one insists on recoding everything in Ada.

Gilb's laws synthesis



I Design points

HAC reads Ada sources from any stream. In addition to files, it is able to read from a Zip archive (plan is to have sets with many sources like libraries in Zip files, for instance), from an internet stream, from an editor buffer (see the LEA project), from a source stored in memory, etc.

One goal is to complement or challenge GNAT, for instance in terms of compilation speed, or object code compactness, or usability on certain targets or for certain purposes (like scripting jobs).

HAC could theoretically be also used for tuning run-time performance; this would require compiling on other targets than p-code, that is, real machine code for various platforms.

2 Language subset

HAC supports a very small subset of the Ada language. On the other hand, Ada is very large, so even a small subset could already fit your needs.

There is a short (and growing) list of small programs that are working (in the meaning: the compilation succeeds and the execution gives a correct output). They are listed in the project file `hac_exm.gpr` in the "exm" directory.

You will see that the "Pascal subset" plus tasking is more or less supported, so you have things like subprograms (including nested and recursive subprograms), expressions, that are working, for instance.

3 Predefined types

HAC handles Integer, Real, Character, String, VString & Boolean as predefined types.

3.1 Integer

An HAC integer is always 64 bits wide, whatever the host system.

3.2 Real

18 digits accuracy floating-point number.

3.3 Character

8-bit character.

3.4 String

Literal like "Abc". Its use is mostly limited to passing literals to HAL subprograms.

3.5 VString

Unlimited length. This type is available in the HAL package.

3.6 Boolean

True or False.

4 General capabilities

You can define your own data types: enumerations, records, arrays (and every combination of records and arrays).

Only constrained types are supported (unconstrained types are Ada-only types and not in the "Pascal subset" anyway). The Ada language has types depending on parameters whose value at compile-time or at run-time. A typical example is the predefined String type⁸. You can have `s : String (1..10)`, a stack-allocated fixed string of length 10, but also `s : String (1..n)` where `n` is a function parameter or another dynamic value, or even `s` as a function parameter; the bounds are not explicit but can be queried.

But so far HAC doesn't support unconstrained types, one of Ada most powerful constructs.

However, the String type is implemented, in a very limited way. So far you can only define variables (or types, record fields) with it, like:

⁸ The definition of the Ada language minimizes the "magic items", so String is also defined somewhere in Ada as:
`type String is array(Positive range <>) of Character`

```
Digitz : constant String (1..10) := "0123456789";
```

... and output them with Put, Put_Line.

For general string manipulation, the most practical way with the current versions of HAC is to use the VString variable-length string type.

There are no pointers (access types) and nor heap allocation, but you will be surprised how far you can go without pointers!

Subprograms names cannot be overloaded, although some *predefined* subprograms (including operators) are overloaded many times, like "Put", "Get", "+", "&", ...

Tasks are implemented, but not yet tested.

A more systematic testing is done in the "test" directory.

5 Keywords and special characters

5.1 Special characters

+ - * / () [] , ; &

5.2 Reserved words

ABORT ABS ABSTRACT ACCEPT ACCESS ALIASED ALL AND ARRAY AT BEGIN BODY CASE
CONSTANT DECLARE DELAY DELTA DIGITS DO ELSE ELSIF END ENTRY EXCEPTION EXIT
FOR FUNCTION GENERIC GOTO IF IN INTERFACE IS LIMITED LOOP MOD NEW NOT
NULL OF OR OTHERS OUT OVERRIDING PACKAGE PRAGMA PRIVATE PROCEDURE PRO-
TECTED RAISE RANGE RECORD REM RENAMES REQUEUE RETURN REVERSE SELECT SEPA-
RATE SOME SUBTYPE SYNCHRONIZED TAGGED TASK TERMINATE THEN TYPE UNTIL USE
WHEN WHILE WITH XOR

6 Metrics

Object code size:

Stack size: 1 000 000 elements

Identifiers: 10000

HAC runtime

There are 10 types of people in the world: those who understand binary and those who don't.

Anonymous



I Introduction

The HAC runtime is located in the `./src/hal.ads` (specification file), `./src/hal.adb` and `./src/hal-non_standard.adb` files.

The specification file lists all the functions and procedures available.

HAL being the only available package so far, HAC programs need to have, at their very top:

```
with HAL;
```

2 Real functions

Floating-point numeric type functions.

2.1 ArcTan

- Description

Performs arc-tangent operation with arguments in radians.

- Usage

function Arctan (F : Real) return Real

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

2.2 Cos

- Description

Performs cosine operation with arguments in radians.

- Usage

function Cos (F : Real) return Real

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

2.3 Exp

- Description

Performs exponential operation.

- Usage

function Exp (F : Real) return Real

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

2.4 Log

- Description

Performs natural logarithm operation.

- Usage

function Log (F : Real) return Real

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

2.5 Round

- **Description**

Performs rounding operation from Real to an Integer.

- **Usage**

function Round (F : Real) return Integer

- **Example**

<<<TODO>>>

2.6 Sin

- **Description**

Performs sine operation with arguments in radians.

- **Usage**

function Sin (F : Real) return Real

- **Example**

<<<TODO>>>

2.7 Sqrt

- **Description**

performs square root operation.

- **Usage**

function Sqrt (I : Integer) return Real

function Sqrt (F : Real) return Real

- **Example**

<<<TODO>>>

2.8 Truncate

- **Description**

Performs truncating operation from Real to an Integer.

- Usage

function Truncate (F : Real) return Integer

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

3 Real operators

3.1 **

- Description

Performs $F1 \wedge F2$ (power of) operation.

- Usage

function "**" (F1, F2 : Real) return Real

- Note

Ada (and HAC) provides also a predefined function "**" (F1 : Real; F2 : **Integer**) return Real.

4 Randomize functions

4.1 Rand

- Description

Returns random Integer number in the real range $[0, I + I[$, truncated to lowest integer.

- Usage

function Rand (I : Integer) return Integer

- Example

Rand (10) returns equiprobable integer values between 0 and 10 (so, there are 11 possible values).

4.2 Rnd

- Description

Returns random Real number from 0 to 1, uniform.

- Usage

function Rnd return Real

- Example

See `exm/random.adb`, `exm/einmaleins.adb`

5 Characters functions

5.1 Pred

- Description

Returns previous character in ASCII table order.

- Usage

function Pred (C : Character) return Character

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

5.2 Succ

- Description

Returns next character in ASCII table order.

- Usage

function Succ (C : Character) return Character

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

6 VString functions

Variable-size string type

Null_VString : VString

6.1 Element

- Description

Return the Character in Index position of the VString argument.
Index starts at one.

- Usage

function Element (Source : VString; Index : Positive) return Character

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

6.2 Ends_With

- Description

Check if VString Item ends with another VString or String Pattern.

- Usage

function Ends_With (Item : VString; Pattern : String) return Boolean
function Ends_With (Item : VString; Pattern : VString) return Boolean

- Example

```
- Check VString with String pattern
if Ends_With ("package", "age") then
  Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;

- Check VString with VString pattern
if Ends_With ("package", "age") then
  Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;
```

6.3 Head

- Description

Extract a VString between the beginning to Count Value to a VString.
Count starts at one.

- Usage

function Head (Source : VString; Count : Natural) return VString

- Example

```
Put_Line (Head ("ABCDEFGH", 4));

"ABCD"
```

6.4 Index

- Description

Returns Natural start position of String or VString Pattern in the target Vstring Source, From a starting index.

Natural is zero if not found.

Natural starts at one.

- Usage

```
function Index (Source : VString; Pattern : String) return Natural
function Index (Source : VString; Pattern : VString) return Natural
function Index (Source : VString; Pattern : String; From : Natural) return Natural
function Index (Source : VString; Pattern : VString; From : Natural) return Natural
```

- Example

```
if Index ("ABCDABCD", "BC") = 2 then
  Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;

if Index ("ABCDEFGH", "BC", 4) = 6 then
  Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;
```

6.5 Index_backward

- Description

From the end of the target Vstring Source, returns Natural start position of String or VString Pattern in the target Vstring Source, From a backward starting index.
Natural is zero if not found.
Natural starts at one.

- Usage

```
function Index_Backward (Source : VString; Pattern : String) return Natural
function Index_Backward (Source : VString; Pattern : VString) return Natural
function Index_Backward (Source : VString; Pattern : String; From : Natural) return Natural
function Index_Backward (Source : VString; Pattern : VString; From : Natural) return Natural
```

- Example

```
if Index_Backward ("abcdefabcdef", "cd") = 9 then
  Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;

if Index_Backward ("abcdefabcdef", "cd", 8) = 3 then
  Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;
```

6.6 Length

- Description

Returns the length of the VString represented by Source.

- Usage

```
function Length (Source : VString) return Natural
```

- Example

```
Put (Length ("ABCDEFGH"));

8
```

6.7 Slice

- Description

Returns a Vstring portion of the Vstring represented by Source delimited by From and To. From and To start at one.

- Usage

function Slice (Source : VString; From : Positive; To : Natural) return VString

- Example

```
Put_Line (Slice ("ABCDEFGH", 2,4));

"BCDE"
```

6.8 Starts_With

- Description

Check if Vstring Item starts with another VString or String Pattern.

- Usage

function Starts_With (Item : VString; Pattern : String) return Boolean
function Starts_With (Item : VString; Pattern : VString) return Boolean

- Example

```
- Check VString with String pattern
if Ends_With ("package", "pac") then
  Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;

- Check VString with VString pattern
if Ends_With ("package", "pac") then
  Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;
```

6.9 Tail

- Description

Extract a VString from Source between its end to backward Count Value. Count starts at one (backward).

- Usage

function Tail (Source : VString; Count : Natural) return VString

- Example

```
Put_Line (Tail ("ABCDEFGH", 4));  
"EFGH"
```

6.10 Tail_After_Match

- Description

Extract a VString from Source starting from Pattern+1 position to the end.

- Usage

function Tail_After_Match (Source : VString ; Pattern : VString) return VString

- Examples

```
Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, '/'));  
"gnx-startup"  
  
Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, "ix"));  
"/gnx-startup"  
  
Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, "gene"));  
"six/gnx-startup"  
  
Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, "etc/genesix/gnx-startu"));  
"p"  
  
Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, "/etc/genesix/gnx-startu"));  
"p"  
  
Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, "/etc/genesix/gnx-startup"));  
empty string  
  
Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, +"/etc/genesix/gnx-startupp"));  
empty string  
  
Put_Line (Tail_After_Match (Path, +"/etc/geneseven"));  
empty string
```

6.11 To_Lower

- Description

Convert a Character or a VString to lower case.

- Usage

function To_Lower (Item : Character) return Character

function To_Lower (Item : VString) return VString

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

6.12 To_Upper

- Description

Convert a Character or a VString to upper case.

- Usage

function To_Upper (Item : Character) return Character
function To_Upper (Item : VString) return VString

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

6.13 Trim_Left

- Description

Returns a trimmed leading spaces VString of VString Source.

- Usage

function Trim_Left (Source : VString) return VString

- Example

```
Put_Line (Trim_Left ("  ABCD  "));  
"ABCD  "
```

6.14 Trim_Right

- Description

Returns a trimmed trailing spaces VString of VString Source.

- Usage

function Trim_Right (Source : VString) return VString

- Example

```
Put_Line (Trim_Right ("  ABCD  "));  
"  ABCD"
```

6.15 Trim_Both

- **Description**

Returns an all trimmed spaces VString of VString Source.

- **Usage**

function Trim_Both (Source : VString) return VString

- **Example**

```
Put_Line (Trim_Right (+ "   AB CD   "));  
"AB CD"
```

7 VString operators

7.1 +

- **Description**

Cast a String to a VString.

- **Usage**

function "+" (S : String) return VString

7.2 *

- **Description**

Duplicate a Character, String or VString Num times to a VString.

- **Usage**

function "*" (Num : Natural; Pattern : Character) return VString
function "*" (Num : Natural; Pattern : String) return VString
function "*" (Num : Natural; Pattern : VString) return VString

- **Example**

```
Put_Line (3 * "0");  
"000"  
  
Put_Line (3 * +"12");  
"121212"
```

7.3 &

- **Description**

Concatenate a VString with a VString, String, Character, Integer and Real to a VString

- **Usage**

```
function "&" (V1, V2 : VString) return VString
```

```
function "&" (V : VString; S : String) return VString
```

```
function "&" (S : String; V : VString) return VString
```

```
function "&" (V : VString; C : Character) return VString
```

```
function "&" (C : Character; V : VString) return VString
```

```
function "&" (I : Integer; V : VString) return VString
```

```
function "&" (V : VString; I : Integer) return VString
```

```
function "&" (R : Real; V : VString) return VString
```

```
function "&" (V : VString; R : Real) return VString
```

7.4 =

- **Description**

Test equality between a VString and another VString or String.

- **Usage**

```
function "=" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
```

```
function "=" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
```

- **Example**

```
<<<TODO>>>
```

7.5 <

- **Description**

```
<<<TODO>>>
```

- **Usage**

```
function "<" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
```

```
function "<" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
```

- Example

```
<<<TODO>>>
```

7.6 <=

- Description

```
<<<TODO>>>
```

- Usage

```
function "<=" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function "<=" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
```

- Example

```
<<<TODO>>>
```

7.7 >

- Description

```
<<<TODO>>>
```

- Usage

```
function ">" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function ">" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
```

- Example

```
<<<TODO>>>
```

7.8 >=

- Description

- Usage

```
function ">=" (Left, Right : VString) return Boolean
function ">=" (Left : VString; Right : String) return Boolean
```

- Example

```
<<<TODO>>>
```


8 Type conversion functions

8.1 Chr

- Description

Convert an Integer to a Character.

- Usage

function Chr (I : Integer) return Character

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

8.2 Float_Value

- Description

Convert a VString to a Real.

- Usage

function Float_Value (V : VString) return Real

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

8.3 Image

- Description

Image returns a VString representation of Integer, Real, Ada.Calendar.Time & Duration.

- Usage

function Image (I : Integer) return VString

function Image (F : Real) return VString

function Image (T : Ada.Calendar.Time) return VString

function Image (D : Duration) return VString

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

8.4 Image_Attribute

- Description

Image_Attribute returns an Real VString image "as is" of F, instead of Image (F : Real) which returns a "nice" VString image of F

- Usage

Image_Attribute (F : Real) returns VString

- Example

```
Put_Line (Image (Real (4.56789e10)));  
45678900000.0  
  
Put_Line (Image_Attribute (4.56789e10));  
4.567890000000000E+10
```

8.5 Integer_Value

- Description

Convert a VString to an integer.

- Usage

function Integer_Value (V : VString) return Integer

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

8.6 Ord

- Description

Convert a Character to an Integer

- Usage

function Ord (C : Character) return Integer

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

8.7 To_VString

- Description

Convert a Char or a String type into VString type.

- Usage

function To_VString (C : Char) return VString
function To_VString (S : String) return VString

- Example

```
Input : String := "ABC";  
Result : VString;  
Result := To_VString (Input);
```

9 Console i/o functions

HAC comes with a real console/terminal input where several inputs can be made on the same line, followed by a "Return". It behaves like for a file. Actually it *could* be a file, if run like this:

```
user@system: prog <input.txt
```

9.1 End_Of_File

- Description

Return True if the end of file is reached.

- Usage

function End_Of_File return Boolean

- Example

```
Open (File_Tmp_Handle, +\"./toto\");  
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop  
  Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);  
end loop;  
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

9.2 End_Of_Line

- Description

Return True if the end of line is reached.

- Usage

function End_Of_Line return Boolean

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

9.3 Get_Needs_Skip_Line

- Description

This function tells how the standard inputs occurs. If the standard input is the console, the return value is always True. It is what happens when the HAC program is compiled with a “full Ada” system. With the HAC Virtual Machine, it can be different. It can be instantiated with the regular console I/O, but also with different kinds of I/O, typically, for inputs, input boxes, as in the [LEA](#) editor, but also in a possible Web interface. In the latter case, the “Return” key press to conclude an imaginary input line after one or more Get's is superfluous since each data entered is anyway validated by the user, through an “OK” button or a “Return” key press.

- Usage

function Get_Needs_Skip_Line return Boolean is (True)

- Example

Thanks to Get_Needs_Skip_Line, the **exm/console_io.adb** example behaves differently depending on the implementation media: command line for “hac”, or a user interface like [LEA](#).

9.4 Get

- Description

- Usage

procedure Get (C : out Character) renames Ada.Text_IO.Get
procedure Get (I : out Integer)
procedure Get (F : out Real)
procedure Get (S : out String)

- Example

exm/console_io.adb

9.5 Get_Immediate

- Description

- Usage

procedure Get_Immediate (C : out Character)

- Example

```
procedure Pause is
  Dummy : Character;
begin
  Put_Line ("Press any key to continue...");
  Get_Immediate (Dummy);
end Pause;
```

9.6 Get_Line

- Description

Get and then move file pointer to next line (Skip_Line)

- Usage

procedure Get_Line (C : out Character)
procedure Get_Line (I : out Integer)
procedure Get_Line (F : out Real)
procedure Get_Line (V : out VString)

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

9.7 New_Line

- Description

Create a new blank line, or more than one when Spacing is passed.

- Usage

procedure New_Line (Spacing : Positive)

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

9.8 Put

- Description

<<<TODO>>>

- Usage

```
procedure Put (C : Character)
procedure Put (I : Integer;
               Width : Ada.Text_IO.Field := IIO.Default_Width;
               Base : Ada.Text_IO.Number_Base := IIO.Default_Base);
procedure Put (F : Real;
               Fore : Integer := RIO.Default_Fore;
               Aft : Integer := RIO.Default_Aft;
               Expo : Integer := RIO.Default_Exp);
procedure Put (B : Boolean;
               Width : Ada.Text_IO.Field := BIO.Default_Width);
procedure Put (S : String);
procedure Put (V : VString);
```

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

9.9 Put_Line

- Description

Put and then New_Line.

- Usage

```
procedure Put_Line (C : Character);
procedure Put_Line (I : Integer; Width : Ada.Text_IO.Field := IIO.Default_Width;
                   Base : Ada.Text_IO.Number_Base := IIO.Default_Base);
procedure Put_Line (F : Real; Fore : Integer := RIO.Default_Fore;
                   Aft : Integer := RIO.Default_Aft; Expo : Integer := RIO.Default_Exp);
procedure Put_Line (B : Boolean; Width : Ada.Text_IO.Field := BIO.Default_Width);
procedure Put_Line (S : String);
procedure Put_Line (V : VString);
```

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

9.10 Skip_Line

- **Description**

Clear the current line and gets ready to read the line after it, or skip more when Spacing is passed.

- **Usage**

procedure Skip_Line (File : File_Type; Spacing : Positive)

- **Example**

<<<TODO>>>

10 File i/o functions

subtype File_Type is Ada.Text_IO.File_Type

10.1 Append

- **Description**

Append a file.

File mode is "Out" (write mode).

- **Usage**

procedure Append (File : in out File_Type; Name : String)

procedure Append (File : in out File_Type; Name : VString)

- **Example**

```
Append (File_Tmp_Handle, +"/toto");  
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop  
  Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);  
end loop;  
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

10.2 Close

- **Description**

Close a file.

- **Usage**

procedure Close (File : in out File_Type)

- **Example**

```
Open (File_Tmp_Handle, +\"./toto\");  
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop  
  Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);  
end loop;  
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

10.3 Create

- **Description**

Create a file.

File mode is "Out" (write mode).

- **Usage**

procedure Create (File : in out File_Type; Name : String)

procedure Create (File : in out File_Type; Name : VString)

- **Example**

```
Create (File_Tmp_Handle, +\"./toto\");  
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop  
  Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);  
end loop;  
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

10.4 New_Line

- **Description**

Create a new blank line, or more than one when Spacing is passed.

- **Usage**

procedure New_Line (File : File_Type; Spacing : Positive)

- **Example**

<<<TODO>>>

10.5 End_Of_Line

- **Description**

Return true if end of line is reached.

- Usage

function End_Of_Line (File : File_Type) return Boolean
function End_Of_Line (File : File_Type) return Boolean

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

10.6 End_Of_File

- Description

Return true if end of file is reached.

- Usage

function End_Of_File (File : File_Type) return Boolean
function End_Of_File (File : File_Type) return Boolean

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

10.7 Error handling

Input/output file errors are managed by HAC by means of an orderly exit :

```
HAC VM: raised Status_Error  
File already open  
Trace-back locations:  
file_append.adb: File_Append.Nested_1.Nested_2 at line 12  
file_append.adb: File_Append.Nested_1 at line 23  
file_append.adb: File_Append at line 26
```

10.8 Get

- Description

Get the current line.

- Usage

procedure Get (File : File_Type; C : out Character)
procedure Get (File : File_Type; S : out String)
procedure Get (File : File_Type; I : out Integer)
procedure Get (File : File_Type; F : out Real)

- Example

```
Create (File_Tmp_Handle, +\"./toto\");
```

```
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop  
  Get (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);  
  Skip_Line;  
end loop;  
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

10.9 Get_Line

- **Description**

Get the current line and then move file pointer to the next line.

- **Usage**

```
procedure Get_Line (File : File_Type; C : out Character)  
procedure Get_Line (File : File_Type; I : out Integer)  
procedure Get_Line (File : File_Type; F : out Real)  
procedure Get_Line (File : File_Type; V : out VString)
```

- **Example**

```
Create (File_Tmp_Handle, +\"./toto\");  
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop  
  Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);  
end loop;  
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

10.10 Open

- **Description**

Open a file.
File mode is "In" (read mode).

<<<TODO>>> Comment File_Type

- **Usage**

```
procedure Open (File : in out File_Type; Name : String)  
procedure Open (File : in out File_Type; Name : VString)
```

- **Example**

```
Open (File_Tmp_Handle, +\"./toto\");  
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop  
  Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
```



```
end loop;  
  
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

10.11 Put

- Description

<<<TODO>>>

- Usage

```
procedure Put (File : File_Type; C : Character)  
procedure Put (File : File_Type  
    I : Integer;  
    Width : Ada.Text_IO.Field := IIO.Default_Width;  
    Base : Ada.Text_IO.Number_Base := IIO.Default_Base)  
procedure Put (File : File_Type;  
    F : Real;  
    Fore : Integer := RIO.Default_Fore;  
    Aft : Integer := RIO.Default_Aft;  
    Expo : Integer := RIO.Default_Exp)  
procedure Put (File : File_Type; B : Boolean; Width : Ada.Text_IO.Field := BIO.Default_Width)  
procedure Put (File : File_Type; S : String)  
procedure Put (File : File_Type; V : VString)
```

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

10.12 Put_Line

- Description

Put and then New_Line (for S: it is the same as Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line)

- Usage

```
procedure Put_Line (File : File_Type; C : Character)  
procedure Put_Line (File : File_Type;  
    I : Integer;  
    Width : Ada.Text_IO.Field := IIO.Default_Width;  
    Base : Ada.Text_IO.Number_Base := IIO.Default_Base)  
procedure Put_Line (File : File_Type;  
    F : Real;  
    Fore : Integer := RIO.Default_Fore;  
    Aft : Integer := RIO.Default_Aft;  
    Expo : Integer := RIO.Default_Exp);  
procedure Put_Line (File : File_Type;
```

```
        B    : Boolean;  
        Width : Ada.Text_IO.Field := BIO.Default_Width)  
procedure Put_Line (File : File_Type; S : String)  
procedure Put_Line (File : File_Type; V : VString)
```

- **Example**

<<<TODO>>>

10.13 Skip_Line

- **Description**

Clear the current line and gets ready to read the line after it, or skip more when Spacing is passed.

- **Usage**

procedure Skip_Line (File : File_Type; Spacing : Positive)

- **Example**

```
Create (File_Tmp_Handle, +\"./toto\");  
while not End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop  
    Get (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);  
    Skip_Line;  
end loop;  
Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

11 Time functions

subtype Time is Ada.Calendar.Time;

11.1 Clock

- **Description**

Returns current Time at the time it is called.

- **Usage**

function Clock return Time

- **Example**

```
function Time_Stamp return VString is  
    Current_Time : constant Time := Clock;  
    Day_Secs, Day_Mins : Integer;  
begin
```



```
Day_Secs := Integer (Seconds (Current_Time));
Day_Mins := Day_Secs / 60;

return Image (Year (Current_Time)) &
Time_Format (Month (Current_Time)) &
Time_Format (Day (Current_Time)) &
& "-" &
Time_Format (Day_Mins / 60) &
Time_Format (Day_Mins mod 60) &
Time_Format (Day_Secs mod 60);

end Time_Stamp;
```

11.2 Day

- **Description**

Return Day from Date.

- **Usage**

function Day (Date : Time) return Integer

- **Example**

See Clock function above.

11.3 Month

- **Description**

Return Month from Date.

- **Usage**

function Month (Date : Time) return Integer

- **Example**

See Clock function above.

11.4 Seconds

- **Description**

Return Seconds from Date.

- **Usage**

function Seconds (Date : Time) return Duration

- **Example**

See Clock function above.

11.5 Year

- **Description**

Returns year from Date.

- **Usage**

function Year (Date : Time) return Integer

- **Example**

See Clock function above.

12 Time operators

12.1 -

- **Description**

Return a Duration subtracting Right from Left times.

- **Usage**

function "-" (Left : Time; Right : Time) return Duration

- **Example**

<<<TODO>>>

13 Semaphore functions

Specific stuff from SmallAda.

13.1 Signal

- **Description**

<<<TODO>>>

- **Usage**

procedure Signal (S : Semaphore)

- **Example**

<<<TODO>>>

13.2 Wait

- Description

<<<TODO>>>

- Usage

procedure Wait (S : Semaphore)

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

14 System

14.1 Argument

- Description

Returns Argument of index Number.

- Usage

function Argument (Number : Positive) return VString

- Example

See Argument_Count above.

14.2 Argument_Count

- Description

Count arguments passed to the current program.

- Usage

function Argument_Count return Natural

- Example

```
procedure Arguments is
begin
  Put_Line (Command_Name);
  Put_Line (Argument_Count);

  for A in 1 .. Argument_Count loop
    Put_Line (" --> [" & Argument (A) & ']');
  end loop;
end Arguments;
```

14.3 Command_Name

- Description

Returns full qualified current program name.

- Usage

function Command_Name return VString

- Example

```
user@system: hac gnix-instance  
Put_Line (Command_Name);  
  
/home/sr/Seafire/Sowebio/informatique/dev/ada/app/gnix/src/gnix-instance
```

14.4 Copy_File

- Description

Copy a file Source_Name to a file Target_Name

- Usage

```
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name : String; Target_Name : String)  
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name : VString; Target_Name : String)  
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name : String; Target_Name : VString)  
procedure Copy_File (Source_Name : VString; Target_Name : VString)
```

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

14.5 Current_Directory

- Description

Returns current directory.

- Usage

function Current_Directory return VString

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

I4.6 Delete_File

- Description

Delete a file Name.

- Usage

```
procedure Delete_File (Name : String)
procedure Delete_File (Name : VString)
```

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

I4.7 Directory_Exists

- Description

Returns True if directory Name exists.

- Usage

```
function Directory_Exists (Name : String) return Boolean
function Directory_Exists (Name : VString) return Boolean
```

- Example

```
if Directory_Exists (HAC_Dir) then
  Put_Line ("HAC directory exists");
end if;
```

I4.8 Directory_Separator

- Description

Returns system directory separator.

- Usage

```
function Directory_Separator return Character
```

- Example

With an Unix or Unix like system :

```
Put_Line (Directory_Separator);
/
```



14.9 Exists

- Description

Returns True if file or directory Name exists.

- Usage

function Exists (Name : String) return Boolean
function Exists (Name : VString) return Boolean

- Example

```
if Exists (HAC_Dir & "/hac") then  
  Put_Line ("HAC installation is done :");  
end if;
```

14.10 File_Exists

- Description

Returns True if file Name exists.

- Usage

function File_Exists (Name : String) return Boolean
function File_Exists (Name : VString) return Boolean

- Example

```
if File_Exists (HAC_Dir & "/hac") then  
  Put_Line ("HAC interpreter is build :");  
end if;
```

14.11 Get_Env

- Description

Returns environment variable Name.

- Usage

function Get_Env (Name : String) return VString
function Get_Env (Name : VString) return VString

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

14.12 Rename

- Description

Renames a file or a directory from Old_Name to New_Name.

- Usage

```
procedure Rename (Old_Name : String; New_Name : String)
procedure Rename (Old_Name : VString; New_Name : String)
procedure Rename (Old_Name : String; New_Name : VString)
procedure Rename (Old_Name : VString; New_Name : VString)
```

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

14.13 Set_Directory

- Description

Change to an existing directory Directory.

- Usage

```
procedure Set_Directory (Directory : String)
procedure Set_Directory (Directory : VString)
```

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

14.14 Set_Env

- Description

Set environment variable Name.

- Usage

```
procedure Set_Env (Name : String; Value : String)
procedure Set_Env (Name : VString; Value : String)
procedure Set_Env (Name : String; Value : VString)
procedure Set_Env (Name : VString; Value : VString)
```

- Example

<<<TODO>>>

14.15 Set_Exit_Status

- **Description**

Returns exit code to system.

- **Usage**

procedure Set_Exit_Status (Code : in Integer)

- **Example**

<<<TODO>>>

14.16 Shell_Execute

- **Description**

Executes Command returning the exit code Result from executed Command if needed.

- **Usage**

procedure Shell_Execute (Command : String)
procedure Shell_Execute (Command : VString)
procedure Shell_Execute (Command : String; Result : out Integer)
procedure Shell_Execute (Command : VString; Result : out Integer)

- **Example**

Without exit code handling :

```
Shell_Execute ("upx " & HAC_Dir & "/hac");
```

With exit code handling :

```
Shell_Execute ("ln -s -f " & HAC_Dir & "/hac /usr/local/bin/hac", Err);  
if Err /= 0 then  
  Put_Line ("Error, symbolink link not created");  
end if;
```

HAC architecture

Doubling the number of programmers on a late project does not make anything else than double the delay.

Second Brook's Law



I Introduction

<<<TODO>>> Short intro about compilers, interpreters, runtimes and executors, mainly some definitions to ease the reader.

2 Architecture

Let's do a quick breakdown of what happens when doing the "hac test.adb" command.

2.1 The builder

The builder is invoked: its role is to build an application in machine code corresponding to the Ada program test.adb. Side note: the machine in question doesn't exist for real, so it must be emulated at a later stage (imagine running an emulator for a computer like an old PC through DOS Box, or home computers of the 1980's, where the real machines have disappeared, but the games are still around). A machine that has never existed so far is called a Virtual Machine (VM).

The builder calls the compiler (via Compile_Main).

2.2 The compiler

- **The scanner**

The compiler delegates the job of splitting the text code into symbols to the scanner. For instance an Ada keyword like “return” or “RETURN” is a symbol, “,” is another symbol, “1234” is another symbol.

- **The parser**

The job of analyzing the Ada code within the main procedure is also delegated to the parser.

The HAC parser is straightforward and, because of that, very fast. There is no code optimization, but the purpose of HAC is to minimize the time until your program is starting to run. There are several Ada compilers doing optimization, one of them is GNAT with amazing optimizations. HAC is not one of them!

- **Modularity and packages**

Before the main procedure, you have a few lines with the keyword “with”. That’s the modularity (connecting various pieces of code together). You can imagine those various pieces as books in a library (a common metaphor in computing).

Typically, HAC will make good use of the HAL package (HAL stands for HAC Ada Library). So, when seeing the “with HAL” sequence, the compiler will call the librarian and ask for a book called “HAL”.

- **The librarian**

The librarian will make sure to handle the book and make its table of contents visible to the compiler. HAL is a built-in package, but you can have also a custom-programmed unit X (a package, a procedure, or a function).

Then, if the librarian doesn’t find the book labeled “X”, it needs to go shopping for it. Concretely, the librarian will call... the compiler (Compile_Unit), for compiling the source code of X.

Once compiled, the key information of X is in the library and the librarian will find the book each time X is asked for.

Once everything in the main procedure (and depending units) has been compiled, there is a heap of virtual machine code ready to be run.

2.3 The Virtual Machine interpreter

Enters the VM interpreter. It will execute the virtual machine code, instruction by instruction, like a real processor, on your machine. Actually, a future version of HAC could produce machine code for a real machine as well. Then, in that case, the interpreter would not be needed.

FAQ

The last bug isn't fixed until the last user is dead.
Sidney Markowitz



I Return codes

HAC returns:

- 0 if the execution was completed without exception;
- 1 if an exception occurs during execution.

2 How to compile HAC programs with a “full Ada” compiler

2.1 HAC example

For many reasons, you may wish to compile a HAC program with a native-code Ada compiler like GNAT. For example to deeply speed execution time, even though HAC is a quite fast interpreter.

Create `hac_to_gnat.adb`:

```
with HAL; use HAL;

procedure HAC_To_GNAT is
    Start : Time := Clock;
begin
    New_Line;
    Put_Line ("Process 500M iterations - each * is 1M iterations");
    New_Line;

    for I in 1 .. 500_000_000 loop
        if (I mod 1_000_000 = 0) then
            Put ("*");
        end if;
    end loop;
```

```
New_Line;  
New_Line;  
Put_Line ("Process time:" & Image (Clock - Start) & "s");  
New_Line;  
  
end HAC_To_GNAT;
```

Then execute it the HAC way:

```
user@system: hac hac_to_gnat.adb  
  
Process 500M iterations - each * is 1M iterations  
  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
  
Process time: 672s
```

2.2 GNAT compilation

Then compile hac_to_gnat .adb:

```
user@system: gnatmake hac_to_gnat -I/etc/genesix/hac/src  
  
gcc -c -I/etc/genesix/hac/src hac_to_gnat.adb  
gcc -c -I./ -I/etc/genesix/hac/src -I- /etc/genesix/hac/src/hal.adb  
gnatbind -I/etc/genesix/hac/src -x hac_to_gnat.ali  
gnatlink hac_to_gnat.ali
```

And execute it:

```
user@system: ./hac_to_gnat  
  
Process 500M iterations - each * is 1M iterations  
  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
  
Process time: 2s
```

These timings were obtained on a Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU D-152I @ 2.40GHz running HAC 0.09I and GNAT Community 2020 (20200429-93) under GNU/Linux Debian 10.

Seems HAC is slow, but HAC compiles to a Virtual Machine which is interpreted. HAC is not a native-code compiler. How HAC compares with common shell scripting languages like Bash ? The answer's below !

3 How fast is HAC ?

3.1 Timings compared to Bash

The same program written in Bash can't be executed *because it failed to allocate 500M elements*:

```
user@system: ./hac_to_bash

Process 500M iterations - each * is 1M iterations

./hac_to_bash: ligne 6: expansion des accolades : échec lors de l'allocation mémoire pour
500000000 éléments
./hac_to_bash: ligne 8: {1..500000000} %1000000 : erreur de syntaxe : opérande attendu (le symbole
erroné est « {1..500000000} %1000000 »)
```

So at 50M iterations, Bash was *still unable to execute the script*, ending with a cryptic “Process stopped” message. Finally, at 5M elements, after 19 seconds (no kidding) used to allocate elements, execution begins:

```
user@system: time ./hac_to_bash

Process 5M iterations - each * is 10K iterations

*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****

real      0m42,542s
user      0m31,988s
sys       0m7,000s
```

Using this source:

```
echo ""
echo "Process 5M iterations - each * is 10K iterations"
echo ""

for i in {1..5000000}; do
    if [ $((($i %10000)) == 0 ); then
        echo -n "*"
    fi
done

echo ""
```

Reducing hac_to_gnat.adb to 5M elements to easily compare execution times:

```
user@system: hac hac_to_gnat_5M.adb

Process 5M iterations - each * is 10K iterations

*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
```

```
*****
*****
Process time: 6s
```

3.2 Conclusion

➤ This demonstrates HAC is not only an interpreter coming with *extensive capabilities and native strong typing*, but that *HAC it's seven times faster than Bash* too.

4 How to add a runtime procedure

<<<TODO>>> Explain and justify each steps.

<https://github.com/zertovitch/hac/commit/5688052076104a6ec639b680fedbcd2dfa4ce20>

5 How to add a runtime function

<<<TODO>>> Explain and justify each steps.

<https://github.com/zertovitch/hac/commit/707ebcd1a2010d83c3217512705a4bd71bbf31cd>

6 How to add bound checking to a runtime function

<<<TODO>>> Explain and justify each steps.

<https://github.com/zertovitch/hac/commit/4b5154f117e146e413531aafd1b0b604f2ca878c>

Programs examples

Weinberg's Second Law : If builders built buildings the way programmers wrote programs, then the first woodpecker that came along would destroy civilization.

Gerald Weinberg



I HAC firsts programs

Here are some very simple programs in HAC, in order to familiarize yourself with the syntax of Ada. They come mainly from the “Algorithmic-Programming level A” UV of the CNAM⁹ and are copyrighted by the CNAM and the author François Barththélemy. Their reproduction without modification is authorized for non-commercial use.

According to our own experience, the indentation and presentation of programs have been significantly improved and some programs have been added, such hellothree.adb

Theses programs are located in ./exm-firsts-programs.

I.1 A salute to the world

Create the file hello.adb:

```
with HAL; use HAL; -- Always start with theses mandatory definitions
procedure Hello is - Program's name
begin
```

⁹ French Conservatoire National des Arts & Métiers - <https://www.cnam.fr>

```
Put_Line ("Salute to the World :)"); -- Display the string and go to the next line
New_Line; -- Line feed

end Hello;
```

Run it:

```
user@system: hac hello

Salute to the World:)
```

1.2 A simpler way to run HAC programs

To simplify things, at least in Unix based system, rename hello.adb without extension and make it executable:

```
user@system: mv hello.adb hello
user@system: chmod +x hello
```

Add a shebang at the very first line of the program:

```
#!/bin/env hac

with HAL; use HAL; -- Always start with theses mandatory definitions

procedure Hello is - Program's name
begin

  Put_Line ("Salute to the World :)"); -- Display the string and go to the next line
  New_Line; -- Line feed

end Hello;
```

Verify hello is now a standalone program:

```
user@system: hello

Salute to the World :)
```

1.3 A salute without use clause

You can omit the use clause but need then to prefix the procedures with the package name HAL. This is just for information and probably not the way to go for simple scripts :

```
#!/bin/env hac

with HAL; --

procedure Hello is - Program's name
begin

  HAL.Put_Line ("Salute to the World :)"); -- Display the string and go to the next line
  HAL.New_Line; -- Line feed
```

```
end Hello;
```

<<<TODO>>> Chapter remaining to be translated and/or finished.

2 HAC examples

The program "gallery.adb" will run a bunch of demos that are located in the "exm" directory. You can test HAC on any other example of course (the "*.adb" files in the "exm" and "test" directories).

As a bonus, you can build some examples with GNAT to compare the output. You can do it easily with the `hac_exm.gpr` project file. Since `hac_exm.gpr` is a text file, you can see there the progress (or the lack thereof) in the pieces of Ada code that are really working with HAC. See the "Limitations" section below as well.

□ Files

HAC examples files are located in `~/hac/exm` directory :

```
user@system: find *.adb -type f | xargs ls -ls | awk -v OFS='\t' '{print $9, $5}' | sort -n
```

ackermann.adb	635
anti_primes.adb	1297
arguments.adb	295
bwt.adb	4392
console_io.adb	2174
covid_19_s.adb	7874
days_1901.adb	2441
doors.adb	1329
echo.adb	403
einmaleins.adb	414
env.adb	522
existence.adb	558
file_append.adb	367
file_copy.adb	857
file_read.adb	310
fill_drive.adb	546
gallery.adb	1915
hello.adb	568
mandelbrot.adb	2014
maze_gen.adb	5345
merge_sort.adb	2512
names_in_boxes.adb	1365
random.adb	1160
shell.adb	1081
shell_sort.adb	2125
strings_demo.adb	6570
three_lakes_s.adb	7471
timing.adb	873
unit_a.adb	757
unit_b.adb	460
unit_c.adb	322

□ Build

A project file `hac_exm.gpr` is available to compile all the programs :

```
user@system: cd ~/hac/exm/aoc
```

```
- Gprbuild without parameter get the first gpr file available.
```

```
user@system: gprbuild

using project file hac_exm.gpr
Compile
[Ada]      ackermann.adb
[Ada]      arguments.adb
[Ada]      anti_primes.adb
[Ada]      bwt.adb
[Ada]      console_io.adb
[Ada]      covid_19_s.adb
[Ada]      days_1901.adb
[Ada]      doors.adb
[Ada]      echo.adb
[Ada]      einmaleins.adb
[Ada]      env.adb
[Ada]      existence.adb
[Ada]      hello.adb
[Ada]      gallery.adb
[Ada]      file_append.adb
[Ada]      file_copy.adb
[Ada]      file_read.adb
[Ada]      fill_drive.adb
[Ada]      mandelbrot.adb
[Ada]      maze_gen.adb
[Ada]      merge_sort.adb
[Ada]      names_in_boxes.adb
[Ada]      shell_sort.adb
[Ada]      shell.adb
[Ada]      strings_demo.adb
[Ada]      three_lakes_s.adb
[Ada]      timing.adb
[Ada]      unit_a.adb
[Ada]      overloading.adb
[Ada]      hal.adb
[Ada]      unit_b.adb
[Ada]      unit_c.adb
Bind
[gprbind]  ackermann.bexch
[gprbind]  arguments.bexch
[gprbind]  anti_primes.bexch
[gprbind]  bwt.bexch
[Ada]      ackermann.ali
[Ada]      arguments.ali
[Ada]      anti_primes.ali
[Ada]      bwt.ali
[gprbind]  console_io.bexch
[Ada]      console_io.ali
[gprbind]  covid_19_s.bexch
[gprbind]  days_1901.bexch
[Ada]      covid_19_s.ali
[Ada]      days_1901.ali
[gprbind]  doors.bexch
[Ada]      doors.ali
[gprbind]  echo.bexch
[Ada]      echo.ali
[gprbind]  einmaleins.bexch
[Ada]      einmaleins.ali
[gprbind]  env.bexch
[Ada]      env.ali
[gprbind]  existence.bexch
[Ada]      existence.ali
[gprbind]  hello.bexch
[gprbind]  gallery.bexch
[Ada]      hello.ali
[Ada]      gallery.ali
[gprbind]  file_append.bexch
[Ada]      file_append.ali
[gprbind]  file_copy.bexch
[Ada]      file_copy.ali
[gprbind]  file_read.bexch
[Ada]      file_read.ali
[gprbind]  fill_drive.bexch
[Ada]      fill_drive.ali
[gprbind]  mandelbrot.bexch
[Ada]      mandelbrot.ali
[gprbind]  maze_gen.bexch
[Ada]      maze_gen.ali
[gprbind]  merge_sort.bexch
[Ada]      merge_sort.ali
```

```
[gprbind]      names_in_boxes.bexch
[Ada]          names_in_boxes.ali
[gprbind]      shell_sort.bexch
[Ada]          shell_sort.ali
[gprbind]      shell.bexch
[Ada]          shell.ali
[gprbind]      strings_demo.bexch
[Ada]          strings_demo.ali
[gprbind]      three_lakes_s.bexch
[gprbind]      timing.bexch
[Ada]          timing.ali
[Ada]          three_lakes_s.ali
[gprbind]      unit_a.bexch
[Ada]          unit_a.ali
[gprbind]      overloading.bexch
[Ada]          overloading.ali
Link
[link]         ackermann.adb
[link]         arguments.adb
[link]         anti_primes.adb
[link]         bwt.adb
[link]         console_io.adb
[link]         covid_19_s.adb
[link]         days_1901.adb
[link]         doors.adb
[link]         echo.adb
[link]         einmaleins.adb
[link]         env.adb
[link]         existence.adb
[link]         hello.adb
[link]         gallery.adb
[link]         file_append.adb
[link]         file_copy.adb
[link]         file_read.adb
[link]         fill_drive.adb
[link]         mandelbrot.adb
[link]         maze_gen.adb
[link]         merge_sort.adb
[link]         names_in_boxes.adb
[link]         shell_sort.adb
[link]         shell.adb
[link]         strings_demo.adb
[link]         three_lakes_s.adb
[link]         timing.adb
[link]         unit_a.adb
[link]         overloading.adb
```

3 HAC Advent of Code

3.1 2020 year

□ Links

Advent of code (<https://adventofcode.com/2020>)

<https://adventofcode.com/2020/about>

<https://github.com/zertovitch/hac/tree/master/exm/aoc/2020>

□ Files

Hac Advent of Code files are located in `~/hac/exm/aoc/2020` directory :

```
user@system: find *.adb -type f | xargs ls -ls | awk -v OFS='\t' '{print $9, $5}' | sort -n
aoc_2020_02.adb                                2602
```

aoc_2020_03.adb	1849
aoc_2020_04.adb	4353
aoc_2020_04_b_full_ada.adb	2653
aoc_2020_05.adb	1241
aoc_2020_06.adb	2435
aoc_2020_06_full_ada.adb	1483
aoc_2020_06_full_ada_using_hal.adb	1496
aoc_2020_07.adb	9768
aoc_2020_07_full_ada.adb	5074
aoc_2020_07_full_ada_vectors_2x.adb	5027
aoc_2020_08.adb	2816
aoc_2020_09.adb	2625
aoc_2020_10.adb	3900
aoc_2020_11.adb	4583
aoc_2020_11_full_ada.adb	3900
aoc_2020_12.adb	2515
aoc_2020_13.adb	3107
aoc_2020_14_full_ada.adb	6033
aoc_2020_15.adb	2691
aoc_2020_15_full_ada.adb	2199
aoc_2020_15_full_ada_hashed_maps.adb	2709
aoc_2020_16.adb	6227
aoc_2020_17.adb	5330
aoc_2020_18_full_ada.adb	1373
aoc_2020_18_weird_formulas.adb	35461
aoc_2020_19_full_ada.adb	5352
aoc_2020_20.adb	4080
aoc_2020_21_full_ada.adb	6977
aoc_2020_21_full_ada_preproc.adb	1539
aoc_2020_22.adb	6089
aoc_2020_22_full_ada.adb	6883
aoc_2020_23.adb	6255
aoc_2020_23_simple_array.adb	4569
aoc_2020_24.adb	6350
aoc_2020_25.adb	2195

❏ Build

A project file `aoc_2020.gpr` is available to compile all the programs :

```
user@system: cd ~/hac/exm/aoc/2020

- Gprbuild without parameter get the first gpr file available.

user@system: gprbuild

using project file aoc_2020.gpr
Setup
[mkdir]      object directory for project AoC_2020
Compile
[Ada]      aoc_2020_25.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_24.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_23.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_23_simple_array.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_22.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_22_full_ada.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_21_full_ada.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_21_full_ada_preproc.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_20.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_19_full_ada.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_18_full_ada.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_17.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_16.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_15.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_15_full_ada.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_15_full_ada_hashed_maps.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_14_full_ada.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_13.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_12.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_11.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_11_full_ada.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_10.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_09.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_08.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_07.adb
```

```
[Ada]      aoc_2020_07_full_ada.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_07_full_ada_vectors_2x.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_06.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_06_full_ada.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_06_full_ada_using_hal.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_05.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_04.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_04_b_full_ada.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_03.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_02.adb
[Ada]      hal.adb
[Ada]      aoc_2020_18_weird_formulas.adb
Bind
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_25.bexch
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_24.bexch
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_23.bexch
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_23_simple_array.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_25.ali
[Ada]      aoc_2020_23.ali
[Ada]      aoc_2020_24.ali
[Ada]      aoc_2020_23_simple_array.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_22.bexch
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_22_full_ada.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_22.ali
[Ada]      aoc_2020_22_full_ada.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_21_full_ada.bexch
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_21_full_ada_preproc.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_21_full_ada_preproc.ali
[Ada]      aoc_2020_21_full_ada.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_20.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_20.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_19_full_ada.bexch
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_18_full_ada.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_18_full_ada.ali
[Ada]      aoc_2020_19_full_ada.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_17.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_17.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_16.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_16.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_15.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_15.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_15_full_ada.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_15_full_ada.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_15_full_ada_hashed_maps.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_15_full_ada_hashed_maps.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_14_full_ada.bexch
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_13.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_13.ali
[Ada]      aoc_2020_14_full_ada.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_12.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_12.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_11.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_11.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_11_full_ada.bexch
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_10.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_11_full_ada.ali
[Ada]      aoc_2020_10.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_09.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_09.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_08.bexch
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_07.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_08.ali
[Ada]      aoc_2020_07.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_07_full_ada.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_07_full_ada.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_07_full_ada_vectors_2x.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_07_full_ada_vectors_2x.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_06.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_06.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_06_full_ada.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_06_full_ada.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_06_full_ada_using_hal.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_06_full_ada_using_hal.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_05.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_05.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_04.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_04.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_04_b_full_ada.bexch
[Ada]      aoc_2020_04_b_full_ada.ali
[gprbind]  aoc_2020_03.bexch
```

```
[Ada]          aoc_2020_03.ali
[gprbind]      aoc_2020_02.bexch
[Ada]          aoc_2020_02.ali
Link
[link]         aoc_2020_25.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_24.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_23.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_23_simple_array.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_22.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_22_full_ada.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_21_full_ada.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_21_full_ada_preproc.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_20.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_19_full_ada.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_18_full_ada.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_17.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_16.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_15.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_15_full_ada.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_15_full_ada_hashed_maps.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_14_full_ada.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_13.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_12.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_11.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_11_full_ada.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_10.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_09.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_08.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_07.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_07_full_ada.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_07_full_ada_vectors_2x.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_06.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_06_full_ada.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_06_full_ada_using_hal.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_05.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_04.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_04_b_full_ada.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_03.adb
[link]         aoc_2020_02.adb
```



Basic programming

My Operating System is Emacs and Windows is its driver.

Anonymous

HAC is a scripting, prototyping and educational procedural Ada subset language. It is perfect to write small, medium and - why not ? - huge non object programs in a modular and structured way.

If you are not an experienced programmer mastering a method programming as a tool, you may find this chapter useful. Your creative spirit's the limit.

<<<TODO>>> Chapter remaining to be translated.



Notes

With the Wildebeest and the Penguin, there's no Bull.
Number Six

I To-do list

I.1 HAC

The to-do list is located in the spreadsheet "To do", within the workbook "hac_work.xls".

I.2 Doc

Populate examples in HAC runtime chapter.
Translate Basic programming chapter.
Hunt <<<TODO>>> tags :)

2 Issues

2.1 Github

Issues are listed on Github: <https://github.com/zertovitch/hac/issues>

2.2 Exit codes from Shell_Execute

With piped commands like below, exit codes are shifted one bit right. So 0 becomes 256 and 1 becomes 0. This has been verified with the Ada procedure counterpart.

```
Shell_Execute ("dpkg-query -W -f='${Status}' " & Package_Name & " 2>/dev/null | grep -c 'ok in-  
stalled' 1>/dev/null", Err);  
  
if Err = 256 then  
  ...
```



Ada, « it's stronger than you ».
Tribute to Daniel Feneuille, legendary french Ada teacher (and much more)¹⁰

¹⁰ <http://d.feneuille.free.fr>