- List 3 Linux Distribution:
 - Ubuntu
 - Fedora
 - Red Hat
- what is the man command used for
 - manual (external command)
- What is the difference between rm and rmdir using man command?
 - rm: remove files
 - rmdir: remove empty directory
- Create the following hierarchy under your home directory: (dir1, docs, Documents

```
yara@yara:~/docs Q = - - ×

yara@yara:~$ pwd
/home/yara
yara@yara:~$ ls

Desktop Downloads ITIEmbedded Music Public Templates

Documents Embinux_cpp mbr.bin Pictures snap Videos
yara@yara:~$ mkdir dir1 docs && ls

Desktop docs Downloads ITIEmbedded Music Public Templates
dir1 Documents Embinux_cpp mbr.bin Pictures snap Videos
yara@yara:~$ cd dir1/&& mkdir dir1{1..2}
yara@yara:~/dir1$ cd dir11/&& touch file1 && ls
file1
yara@yara:~/dir1/dir11$ cd ../../docs && touch mycv && ls
mycv
yara@yara:~/docs$ pwd
/home/yara/docs
yara@yara:~/docs$
```

```
yara@yara: ~/Documents
yara@yara:~$ pwd
/home/yara
yara@yara:~$ ls
Documents Embinux_cpp mbr.bin
yara@yara:~$ mkdir dir1 docs && ls
        Documents Embinux_cpp mbr.bin
yara@yara:~$ cd dir1/&& mkdir dir1{1..2}
yara@yara:~/dir1$ cd dir11/&& touch file1 && ls
yara@yara:~/dir1/dir11$ cd ../../docs && touch mycv && ls
mycv
yara@yara:~/docs$ pwd
/home/yara/docs
yara@yara:~/docs$ cd ../Documents/ && touch OldFiles && ls
OldFiles
yara@yara:~/Documents$ pwd
/home/yara/Documents
```

 Remove dir11 with rmdir in one-step
 This command didn't work because it can remove empty directory only

```
yara@yara:~/Documents$ cd ../dir1
yara@yara:~/dir1$ rmdir dir11/
rmdir: failed to remove 'dir11/': Directory not empty
yara@yara:~/dir1$
```

But we can do it using this command "rm -r dirname"

```
yara@yara:~/dir1$ rm -r dir11/
yara@yara:~/dir1$ ls
dir12
yara@yara:~/dir1$
```

 Remove OldFiles using rmdir –p command. State what happened to the hierarchy

Hierarchy 'll not change because this commnd work with directory OldFiles is file

```
yara@yara:~/dir1$ cd ../Documents/
yara@yara:~/Documents$ ls
OldFiles
yara@yara:~/Documents$ rmdir -p OldFiles
rmdir: failed to remove '-p': No such file or directory
rmdir: failed to remove 'OldFiles': Not a directory
```

Write the absolute and relative path for the file mycv

```
yara@yara:~$ pwd
/home/yara
yara@yara:~$ cd docs/
yara@yara:~/docs$ ls
mycv
yara@yara:~/docs$ pwd
/home/yara/docs
yara@yara:~/docs$
```

- Copy the /etc/passwd file to your home directory making its name is mypasswd
- Rename this new file to be oldpasswd

```
/ara@yara:~$ pwd
/home/yara
yara@yara:~$ cd /
yara@yara:/$ pwd
yara@yara:/$ ls
                 lib lost+found mnt proc run
                                                    snap swap.img
                                                                   tmp
          home lib64 media
                                              sbin srv
yara@yara:/$ cd etc/
yara@yara:/etc$ cp passwd ~/oldpasswd
yara@yara:/etc$ cd ~
yara@yara:~$ ls
                   ITIEmbedded oldpasswd
                    mbr.bin
/ara@yara:~$
```

You are in /usr/bin, list four ways to go to your home directory

```
yara@yara:~

yara@yara:~$ cd /usr/bin
yara@yara:/usr/bin$ cd ~
yara@yara:~$ cd /usr/bin
yara@yara:/usr/bin$ cd
yara@yara:~$ cd /usr/bin
yara@yara:/usr/bin$ cd ../../home/yara
yara@yara:~$ cd /usr/bin
yara@yara:~$ cd /usr/bin
yara@yara:~$ cd /usr/bin
yara@yara:/usr/bin$ cd $HOME
yara@yara:~$
```

List Linux commands in /usr/bin that start with letter w

```
yara@yara:~$ cd /usr/bin
yara@yara:/usr/bin$ ls w*
            wdctl
                     which.debianutils whoopsie-preferences
                                                               wpctl
wall
            wget
                     whiptail
                                                               wpexec
watch
            whatis
                     who
                                        wireplumber
                                                               write
            whereis
                     whoami
                                        word-list-compress
watchgnupg
                                                               wwan
                                        wpa_passphrase
            which
                     whoopsie
```

What command type are used for?
 Internal & external

```
yara@yara:~$ pwd
/home/yara
yara@yara:~$ type cd
cd is a shell builtin
yara@yara:~$ type rm
rm is hashed (/usr/bin/rm)
yara@yara:~$
```

Show 2 types of command file in /usr/bin that start with letter c

```
Hello yara :)
yara@yara:~$ cd / && ls usr/bin/c*
usr/bin/c++
                                 usr/bin/ciptool
usr/bin/c89
                                 usr/bin/ckbcomp
                                 usr/bin/cksum
usr/bin/c89-gcc
usr/bin/c99
                                 usr/bin/clear
usr/bin/c99-gcc
                                 usr/bin/clear_console
usr/bin/calibrate_ppa
                                 usr/bin/cloud-id
usr/bin/canberra-gtk-play
                                 usr/bin/cloud-init
                                 usr/bin/cloud-init-per
usr/bin/cancel
usr/bin/captoinfo
                                 usr/bin/cmp
usr/bin/cat
                                 usr/bin/codepage
usr/bin/catman
                                 usr/bin/col
usr/bin/cautious-launcher
                                 usr/bin/colcrt
usr/bin/cc
                                 usr/bin/colormgr
usr/bin/cd-create-profile
                                 usr/bin/colrm
usr/bin/cd-fix-profile
                                 usr/bin/column
```

Using man command find the command to read file.

```
root@Yara:~# man -k read
proc_pid_task (5)
                                 - thread information
accessdb (8)
                                 - dumps the content of a man-db database in a human readable format
dpkg-reconfigure (8) - reconfigure an already installed package erofs (5) - the Enhanced Read-Only File System
fc-cat (1)
                                - read font information cache files
                                  - Give an object a human readable name based on an available ref
git-describe (1)
git-prune-packed (1) - Remove extra objects that are already in pack files
git-read-tree (1)
                                 - Reads tree information into the index
git-symbolic-ref (1) - Read, modify and delete symbolic refs
info (1) - read Info documents
info (1)
info (5)
                                - readable online documentation
infobrowser (1)
netplan-get (8)
nptl (7)
numfmt (1)
                               - read Info documents
                                read merged Netplan YAML configurationNative POSIX Threads Library
                                 - Convert numbers from/to human-readable strings
openssl-threads (7ssl) - Overview of thread safety in OpenSSL
pam_systemd_loadkey (8) - Read password from kernel keyring and set it as PAM authtok
proc_thread-self (5) - thread information
proc_thread=set+ (5) = thread information
proc_tid (5) = thread information
pthreads (7) = POSIX threads
rwarray (3am) = write and read gawk arrays to/from freaddir (3am) = directory input parser for gawk
readelf (1) = display information about ELF files
readfile (3am) = return the entire contents of a file
readline (3readline) = get a line from a user with editing
                                - write and read gawk arrays to/from files
                                - return the entire contents of a file as a string
readlink (1)
                                - print resolved symbolic links or canonical file names
                                - read kernel profiling information
readprofile (8)
                                - read and display shared object profiling data
- read from standard input and write to standard output and files
sprof (1)
tee (1)
```

What is the usage of apropos command?

apropos command helps the user when they don't remember the exact command but knows a few keywords related to the command that define its uses or functionality. It searches the Linux man page with the help of the keyword provided by the user to find the command and its functions.

Syntax: apropos [OPTION..] KEYWORD...

```
proc_pid_task (5)
accessdb (8)
                                                        thread information
                                                   - dumps the content of a man-db database in a human readable format
- reconfigure an already installed package
- the Enhanced Read-Only File System
- read font information cache files
 dpkg-reconfigure (8) -
 erofs (5)
 fc-cat (1)
 git-describe (1)
                                                    – Give an object a human readable name based on an available ref
 git-prune-packed (1) - Remove extra objects that are already in pack files
                                                      Reads tree information into the index
Read, modify and delete symbolic refs
read Info documents
 git-read-tree (1)
git-symbolic-ref (1)
info (1)
info (5)
                                                       readable online documentation
infobrowser (1)
netplan-get (8)
nptl (7)
numfmt (1)
                                                   - read Info documents

    read merged Netplan YAML configuration
    Native POSIX Threads Library

                                                       Convert numbers from/to human-readable strings
numfmt (1) — Convert numbers from/to human-readable strings openssl-threads (7ssl) - Overview of thread safety in OpenSSL pam_systemd_loadkey (8) - Read password from kernel keyring and set it as PAM authtok proc_thread-self (5) - thread information proc_tid (5) - thread information prot_tid (5) - thread information prot_tid (5) - read information prot_tid (3am) - POSIX threads rewarray (3am) - write and read gawk arrays to/from files readdir (3am) - directory input parser for gawk readelf (1) - display information about ELF files readfile (3am) - return the entire contents of a file as a string readline (3readline) - get a line from a user with editing
```