✓ **Congratulations! You passed!**

Grade received 100%   To pass 80% or higher

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Practice quiz: Classification with logistic regression

Latest Submission Grade 100%

1. Which is an example of a classification task?   **1 / 1 point**

   ○ Based on a patient's age and blood pressure, determine how much blood pressure medication (measured in milligrams) the patient should be prescribed.

   ○ Based on a patient's blood pressure, determine how much blood pressure medication (a dosage measured in milligrams) the patient should be prescribed.

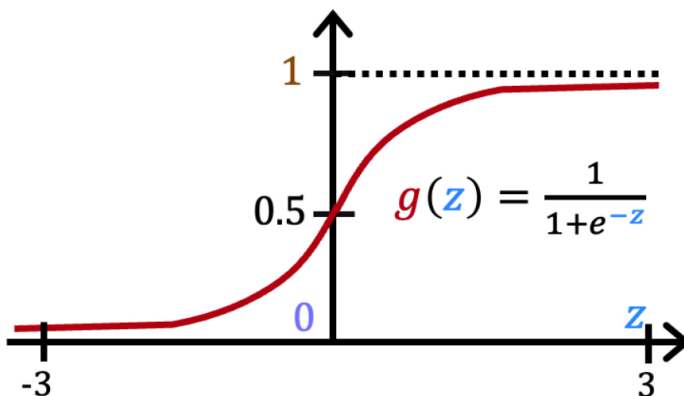   ● Based on the size of each tumor, determine if each tumor is malignant (cancerous) or not.

   ✓ **Correct**
   This task predicts one of two classes, malignant or not malignant.

2. Recall the sigmoid function is $g(z) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$ **1 / 1 point**

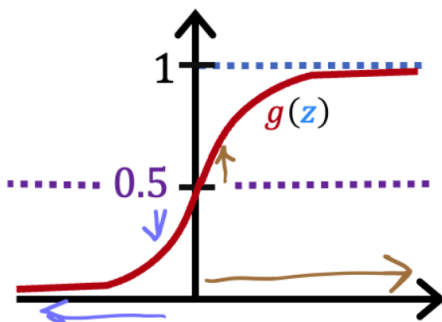   If z is a large positive number, then:

   ○ $g(z)$ is near negative one (-1)

   ● $g(z)$ is near one (1)

   ○ $g(z)$ will be near 0.5

   ○ $g(z)$ will be near zero (0)

   ✓ **Correct**
   Say $z = +100$. So e^{-z} is then e^{-100}, a really small positive number. So, $g(z) = \frac{1}{1+\text{a small positive number}}$ which is close to 1

3.   **1 / 1 point**

A cat photo classification model predicts 1 if it's a cat, and 0 if it's not a cat. For a particular photograph, the logistic regression model outputs $g(z)$ (a number between 0 and 1). Which of these would be a reasonable criteria to decide whether to predict if it's a cat?

◉ Predict it is a cat if g(z) >= 0.5

○ Predict it is a cat if g(z) < 0.5

○ Predict it is a cat if g(z) < 0.7

○ Predict it is a cat if g(z) = 0.5

✓ **Correct**
Think of g(z) as the probability that the photo is of a cat. When this number is at or above the threshold of 0.5, predict that it is a cat.

4.   1 / 1 point

True/False? No matter what features you use (including if you use polynomial features), the decision boundary learned by logistic regression will be a linear decision boundary.

○ True

◉ False

✓ **Correct**
The decision boundary can also be non-linear, as described in the lectures.