

CPU Architecture

LAB1 preparation report

VHDL part1 – Concurrent code

Hanan Ribo

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1. Aim of the Laboratory

- Obtaining skills in VHDL part1 code, which contains Code Structure, Data Types, Operators and Attributes, Concurrent Code, Design Hierarchy, Packages and Components.
- Obtaining basic skills in ModelSim (multi-language HDL simulation environment).
- General knowledge rehearsal in digital systems.
- Proper analysis and understanding of architecture design.

2. System Design ISA

Function Kind	Decimal value	ALUFN	Operation	Note
Arithmetic	8	01000	Res=Y+X	
	9	01001	Res=Y-X	Used also for compare operation
	10	01010	Res=neg(X)	
Shift	16	10000	Res=SHL Y,X(k-1 to 0)	Shift Left Y of $q \triangleq X(k-1 \dots 0)$ times Res=Y(n-1-q...0)#(q@0) When $k = \log_2 n$
	17	10001	Res=SHR Y,X(k-1 to 0)	Shift Right Y of $q \triangleq X(k-1 \dots 0)$ times Res=(q@0)#Y(n-1...q) When $k = \log_2 n$
Boolean	24	11000	Res=not(Y)	
	25	11001	Res=Y or X	
	26	11010	Res=Y and X	
	27	11011	Res=Y xor X	
	28	11100	Res=Y nor X	
	29	11101	Res=Y nand X	
	30	11111	Res=Y xnor X	

Table 1: Selected operations

3. Status Bits

Status Bit	Description
V	<p>Overflow bit. This bit is set when the result of an arithmetic operation overflows the signed-variable range.</p> <p>1. In case of ADD operation: V=1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Positive + Positive = Negative• Negative + Negative = Positive <p>otherwise, V=0.</p> <p>2. In case of SUB operation: V=1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Positive - Negative = Negative• Negative - Positive = Positive <p>otherwise, V=0.</p> <p>Note: It is mandatory to first manually write an optimized Boolean equation for V flag using above terms before its implementation.</p>
Z	Zero bit. This bit is set when the result is 0 and cleared when the result is not 0.
C	Carry bit. This bit is set when the result produced a carry and cleared when no carry occurred.
N	Negative bit. This bit is set when the result is negative and cleared when the result is not negative.

Table 2: Status Bits details

4. System Design Micro-Architecture

In this laboratory you will design a module which contains the next three sub-modules:

- Generic Adder/Subtractor module between two vectors Y, X of size n-bit (the default is n=8).
- Generic Shifter module based on Barrel-Shifter n-bit size (the default is n=8).
- Boolean Logic operates bitwise.
- The generic n value must be verified for 4,8,16,32 (set from *tb.vhd* file).
- You are required to design the whole system and make a test bench for testing.

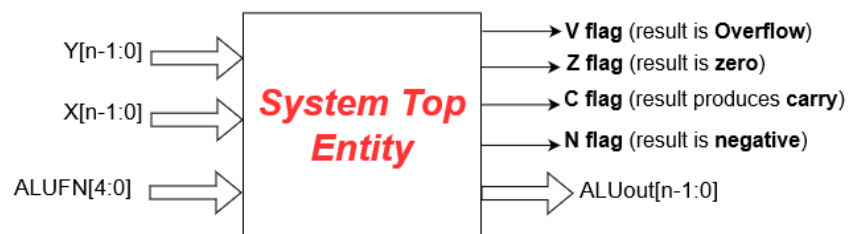
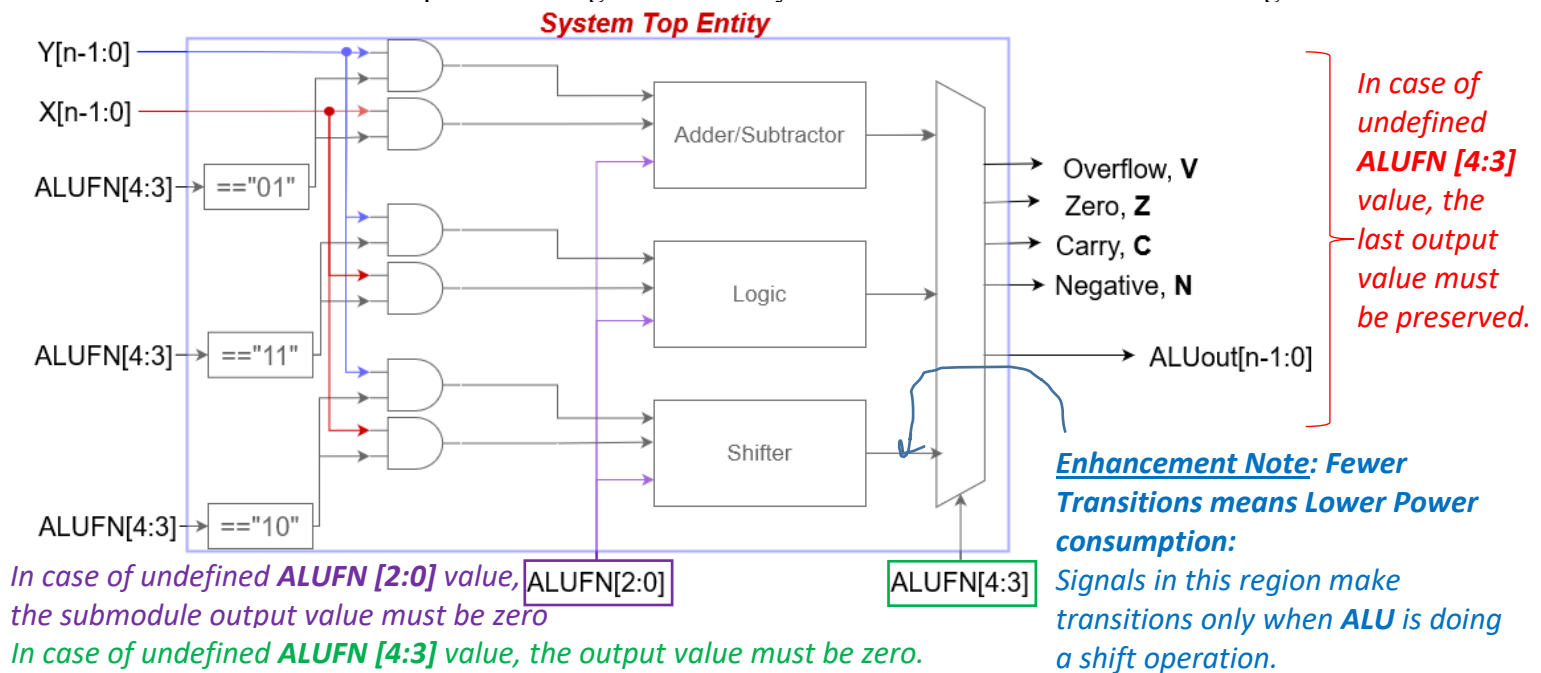
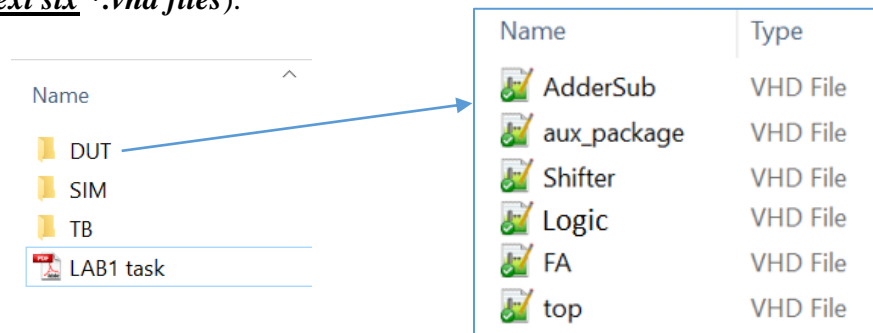


Figure 1 : System top level structure

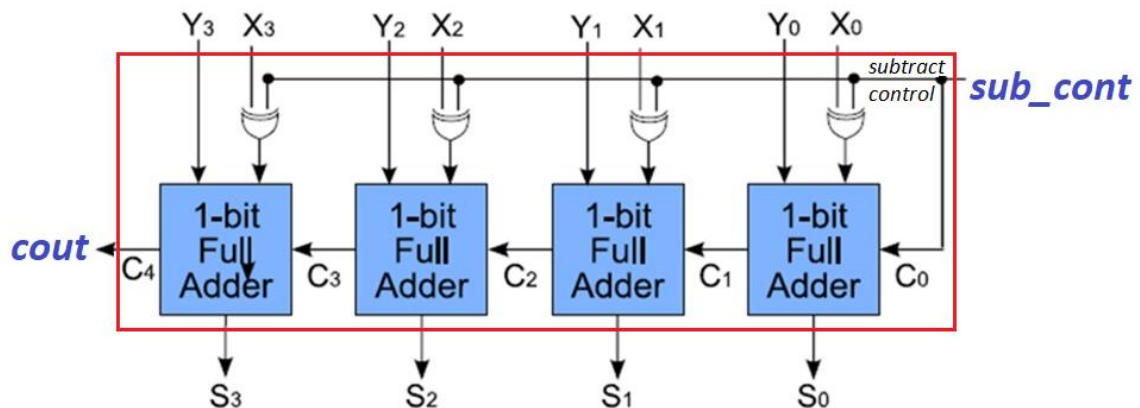
- The Top Level design must be Structural (*your DUT must contain the exact next six *.vhd files*).



- **Note:** in the given two files **top.vhd**, **aux_package.vhd** (you can only add code to these files, *you are not allowed to erase anything*).
- The submitted project must be compiled using the given **tb_ref1.vhd** file (otherwise the submitted project will be considered as a failure).
- The submitted assignments get through copy checking machine, in this case, both sides' assignments will be disqualified.

5. Generic Adder/Subtractor module based on a single ripple carry adder:

- You are required to design a Generic Adder/Subtractor between two vectors Y, X of size n-bit (the default is n=8), using the next diagram. The design must be Structural of a least two levels.
- In order to do so, you are asked to use the Generic Adder code that was given in Moodle.



Note: this figure illustrates $Y \pm X$ operation

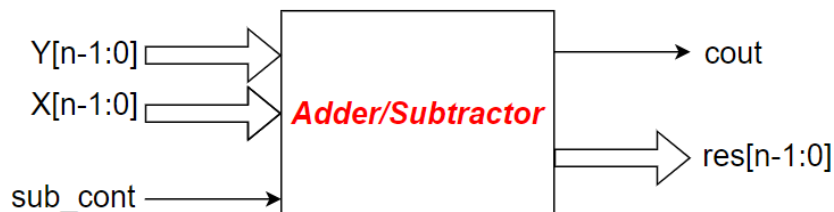
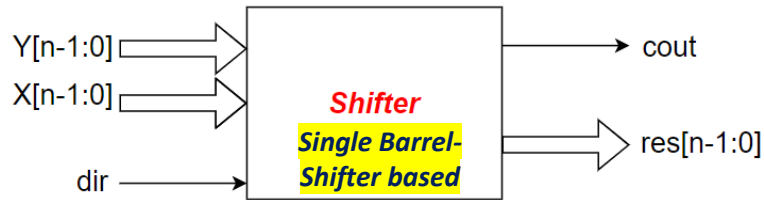


Figure 2: Generic Adder/Subtractor (based on a single ripple carry adder)

6. Shifter Module based on a single Barrel-Shifter n-bit:

Note: using **sll**, **srl** operators are forbidden and causes to disqualification of this clause.

Hint: In order to meet the requirements you must use **generate** concurrent statement



Note: this figure illustrates the operation **Shift X, Y (2 downto 0)**

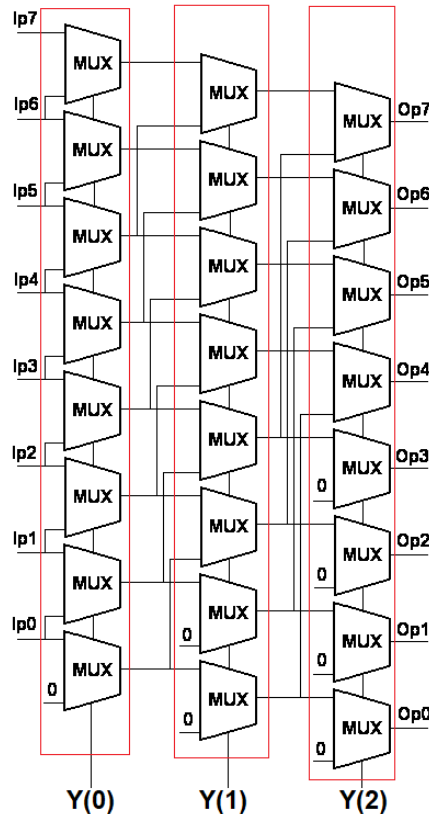


Figure 3: Example of 8-bit Barrel Shifter

7. Test and Timing:

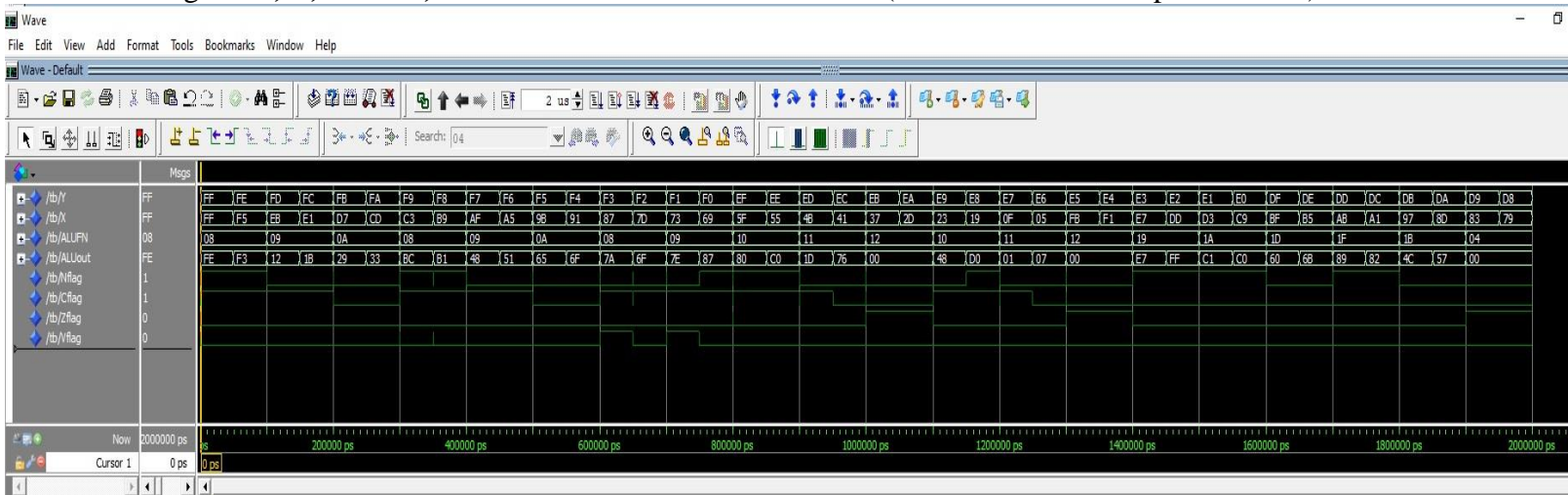
- Design a test bench which tests all the system.
- Analyze the results by zooming on the important transactions in the waveforms. explain these (input/output/internal signals of the system).
- You are welcome to use the Internet also as reference.
- **Good tip for beginners:** Build a test bench for each module you are designing for easy debugging, otherwise you will waste a lot of time for whole system debug.
- The timing of the system will be ideal (means a functional simulation).

8. System Output Example (for n=8)

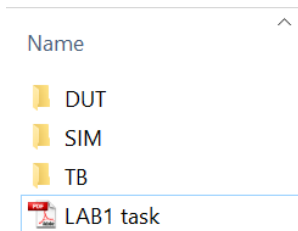
Signal vectors are shown in binary format

List									
File Edit View Add Tools Bookmarks Window Help									
List - Default									
ps	delta	/tb/Y	/tb/X	/tb/ALUout	/tb/ALUFN	/tb/Nflag	/tb/Cflag	/tb/Zflag	/tb/Vflag
0	+8	11111111	11111111	01000	11111110	1	1	0	0
50000	+8	11111110	11110101	01000	11110011	1	1	0	0
100000	+7	11111101	11101011	01001	00010010	0	1	0	0
150000	+8	11111100	11100001	01001	00011011	0	1	0	0
200000	+8	11111011	11010111	01010	00101001	0	0	0	0
250000	+6	11111010	11001101	01010	00110011	0	0	0	0
300000	+8	11111001	11000011	01000	10111100	1	1	0	0
350000	+8	11111000	10111001	01000	10110001	1	1	0	0
400000	+9	11110111	10101111	01001	01001000	0	1	0	0
450000	+7	11110110	10100101	01001	01010001	0	1	0	0
500000	+9	11110101	10011011	01010	01100101	0	0	0	0
550000	+6	11110100	10010001	01010	01101111	0	0	0	0
600000	+8	11110011	10000111	01000	01111010	0	1	0	1
650000	+10	11110010	01111101	01000	01101111	0	1	0	0
700000	+9	11110001	01110011	01001	01111110	0	1	0	1
750000	+9	11110000	01101001	01001	10000111	1	1	0	0
800000	+9	11101111	01011111	10000	10000000	1	1	0	0
850000	+8	11101110	01010101	10000	11000000	1	1	0	0
900000	+7	11101101	01001011	10001	00011101	0	1	0	0
950000	+8	11101100	01000001	10001	01110110	0	0	0	0
1000000	+9	11101011	00110111	10010	00000000	0	0	1	0
1050000	+1	11101010	00101101	10010	00000000	0	0	1	0
1100000	+9	11101001	00100011	10000	01001000	0	1	0	0
1150000	+8	11101000	00011001	10000	11010000	1	1	0	0
1200000	+7	11100111	00001111	10001	00000001	0	1	0	0
1250000	+7	11100110	00000101	10001	00000111	0	0	0	0
1300000	+9	11100101	11111011	10010	00000000	0	0	1	0
1350000	+1	11100100	11110001	10010	00000000	0	0	1	0
1400000	+5	11100011	11100111	11001	11100111	1	0	0	0
1450000	+5	11100010	11011101	11001	11111111	1	0	0	0
1500000	+5	11100001	11010011	11010	11000001	1	0	0	0
1550000	+5	11100000	11001001	11010	11000000	1	0	0	0
1600000	+5	11011111	10111111	11101	01100000	0	0	0	0
1650000	+5	11011110	10110101	11101	01101011	0	0	0	0
1700000	+5	11011101	10101011	11111	10001001	1	0	0	0
1750000	+5	11011100	10100001	11111	10000010	1	0	0	0
1800000	+5	11011011	10010111	11011	01001100	0	0	0	0
1850000	+5	11011010	10001101	11011	01010111	0	0	0	0
1900000	+3	11011001	10000011	00100	00000000	0	0	1	0
1950000	+1	11011000	01111001	00100	00000000	0	0	1	0
2000000	+1	11010111	01101111	00100	00000000	0	0	1	0

Signals **Y**, **X**, **ALUFN**, **ALUout** are shown in HEX format (the same exact example as above).



In addition, you are given two test bench files **tb_ref1.vhd**, **tb_ref2.vhd** (in TB folder) and their associate do and list files (in SIM folder).

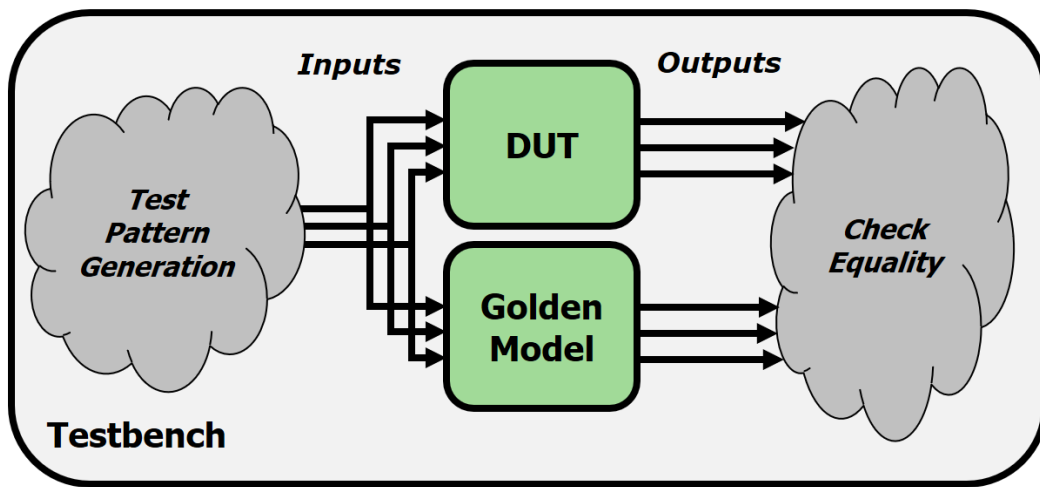


In order to use golden model based functional verification, you are given [TextDiff](#) application (download and double click the **TextDiff.exe** file) in order to compare your developing design results to the golden model results as part of design developing chain.



Automatic Testbench

The DUT **output** is compared against the **golden model**



Note: in comparison between the given *tb_ref1.lst*, *tb_ref2.lst* files and yours, you should ignore the *delta cycle* column

9. Requirements

1. The lab assignment is in pairs (as shown in the inlay file).
2. The design must be well commented.
3. **Important:** For each of two submodules:
 - Graphical description (a square with ports going in and out) and short descriptions.
4. Elaborated analysis and wave forms:
 - Remove irrelevant signals.
 - Zoom on regions of interest.
 - Draw clouds on the waveform with explanations of what is happening (Figure 4).
 - Change the waveform colors in ModelSim for clear documentation (Tools->Edit Preferences->Wave Windows).
5. A ZIP file in the form of **id1_id2.zip** (where id1 and id2 are the identification number of the submitters, and id1 < id2) **must be upload to Moodle only by student with id1** (any of these rules violation disqualify the task submission).

6. The **ZIP** file will contain (*only the exact next sub folders*):

Directory	Contains	Comments
DUT	Project VHDL files	Only VHDL files of DUT , excluding test bench Note: your project files must be well compiled without errors as a basic condition before submission
TB	Four VHDL files that are used for test bench	AdderSub, Logic, shifter, System (top)
SIM	Four ModelSim DO files (wave, list)	AdderSub, Logic, shifter, System (top)
DOC	Project documentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> readme.txt (list of the DUT *.vhd files with their brief functional description) pre1.pdf (report file that includes brief explanation of the four modules with their wave diagrams as shown in figure 4)

Table 2: Directory Structure

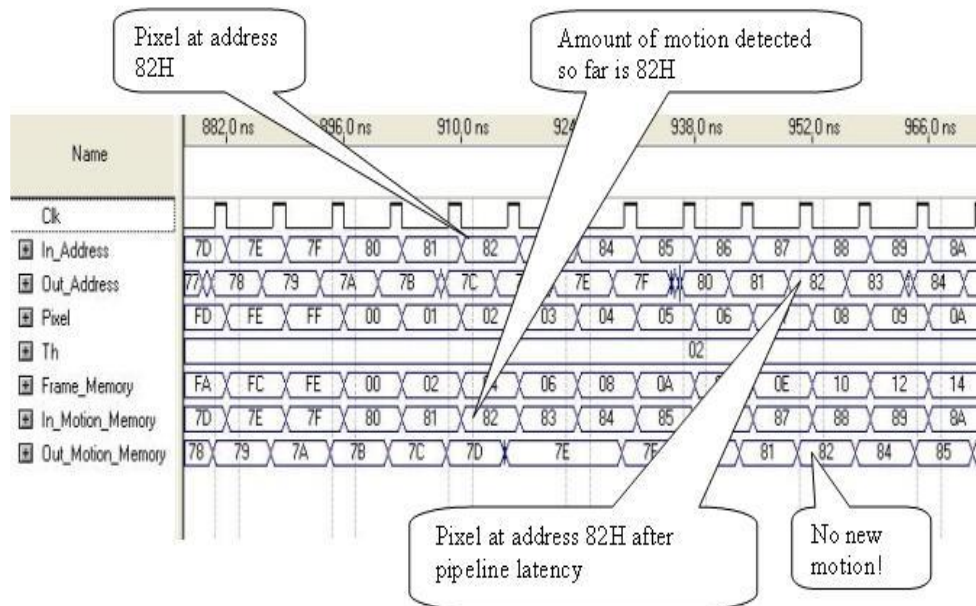


Figure 4: Clouds over the waveform

10. Grading Policy

Weight	Task	Description
10%	Documentation	The "clear" way in which you presented the requirements and the analysis and conclusions on the work you've done
90%	Analysis and Test	The correct analysis of the system (under the requirements)

Table 1 : Grading

Under the above policies you'll be also evaluated using common sense:

- Your files will be compiled and checked, the system must work.
- Your design and architecture must be intelligent, minimal, effective and well organized.

For a late submission the penalty is 2^{days}