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<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<style>
h1 {text-align:center;}
</style>
<h1
style="font-size:60px;">FOREST<</pre>
/h1>
<center>
<imq
src="https://thumbs.dreamstime.
com/b/autumn-nature-landscape-c
olorful-forest-autumn-nature-la
ndscape-colorful-forest-morning
-sunlight-131400332.jpg">
</center>
<h1 style="color:orange;">
"Forest Management."</h1>
 < h2
style="color:slateblue;">
The management of forests is often referred to as <big>
forestry</big>. Forest
management has changed
considerably over the last few
centuries, with rapid changes
from the 1980s onward,
culminating in a practice now
referred to as sustainable
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forest management. Forest ecologists concentrate on forest patterns and processes, usually with the aim of <i>elucidating cause-and-effect relationships</i>. Foresters who practice sustainable forest management focus on the integration of ecological, social, and economic values, often in consultation with local communities and other stakeholders.

</h2> <h2 style="color:maroon;"> <u>Priest River winds through mountains with a checkerboard design of trees to its east Priest River winding through Whitetail Butte with lots of forestry to the east-these lot patterns have existed since the<i>mid-19th century</i></u>. The white patches reflect areas with younger, smaller trees, where winter snow cover shows up brightly to the astronauts. Dark green-brown squares are parcels

Humans have generally<mark> decreased the amount of forest worldwide</mark>. Anthropogenic factors that can affect forests include logging, urban sprawl, human-caused forest fires, acid rain, invasive species, and the slash and burn practices of swidden agriculture or shifting cultivation. The loss and re-growth of forests lead to a^{distinction between} two broad types of forest: primary or old-growth forest and secondary forest. There are also many natural factors that can cause changes in forests over time, including forest fires, insects, diseases, weather, competition between species, etc. In 1997, the World Resources Institute recorded that only 20% of the world's original forests remained in large intact tracts of undisturbed forest.[51] More than 75% of these intact forests lie in three countries: the boreal forests of Russia

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and Canada, and the<em>
rainforest of Brazil.</em>
</h2>
</body>
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