11.4-3.

Consider an open-address hash table with uniform hashing. Give upper bounds on the expected number of probes in an unsuccessful search and on the expected number of probes in a successful search when the load factor is 3/4 and when it is 7/8.

Answer.

If the load factor is 3/4, the expected number of probes in a unsuccessful search is $\frac{1}{1-3/4} = 4$, while taking at most $\frac{1}{3/4} \ln \frac{1}{1-3/4} < 1.849$ probes on average to search successfully.

If the load factor is 7/8, the expected number of probes in a unsuccessful search is $\frac{1}{1-7/8} = 8$, while at most $\frac{1}{7/8} \ln \frac{1}{1-7/8} < 2.377$ probes on average are required for a successful searching.

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