

$$\begin{cases} I_S = A_1 I_{DE} - I_F = A_1 I_{DE} \times 10^{-1} \\ R_D = R_F R_V \\ V_C = 0.5 V_{CC} \end{cases}$$

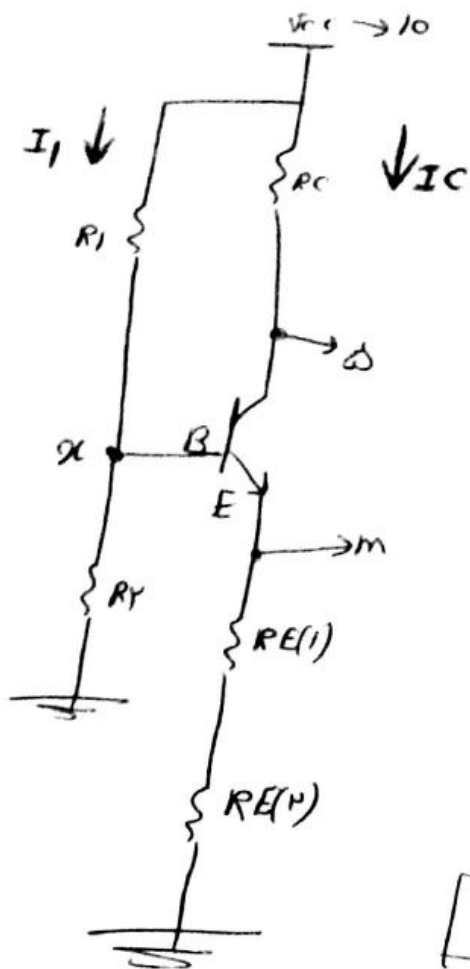
$$P = I_{cc} \cdot \overbrace{V_{cc}}^{10} = 14 \text{ mW}$$

$$I_{CC} = 1.7 \text{ mA}$$

ICC دو کشور را می‌شناسد و می‌تواند به آنها کمک کند تا با هم همکاری کنند.

$$\begin{cases} A_V = 10 \\ V_{CC} = 10 \\ P = V_{CC} \cdot I_{CC} < 10 \text{ mW} \\ R_S = 0.1 \text{ k}\Omega \\ R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \\ \beta = 100 \end{cases}$$

$$V_X = \frac{R_F}{R_1 + R_F} \times V_{CC} = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$$



$$V_{B1} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \times V_{CC} \Rightarrow \left[V_{B1} = \frac{10}{\Delta} V_{CC} \right]$$

$V_{B1} = 7$

از جریان بستر، صرف نظر کنیم

$$V_m = (R_{E1} + R_{E2}) I_C \quad (I)$$

$$V_{B1} - V_m = V_{BE}$$

$$7 - (R_{E1} + R_{E2}) I_C = V_{BE} \quad (II)$$

$$I_C = \frac{10 - \Delta}{R_C} = \frac{\Delta}{R_C} \quad (III)$$

از روی مقدار I_C باید مقدار I_1 را حساب کرد

$$P = V I \Rightarrow I_1 = 10 \times I_{CC} \Rightarrow I_{CC} = 1.1 \Rightarrow$$

$P \times I_1 = I_1$ مثلاً

فرض کنیم:

$$\begin{cases} I_C = 0.4 \text{ mA} \\ I_1 = 0.4 \text{ mA} \end{cases}$$

$$(III) \Rightarrow 0.4 = \frac{\Delta}{R_C} \Rightarrow R_C = 25 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$V_{BE} = V_T \ln\left(\frac{I_C}{I_S}\right) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} I_S = 1.15 \times 10^{-11} \\ V_T = 24 \text{ mV} \end{cases} : V_{BE} = 24 \left[\ln\left(\frac{0.4}{1.15 \times 10^{-11}}\right) \right]$$

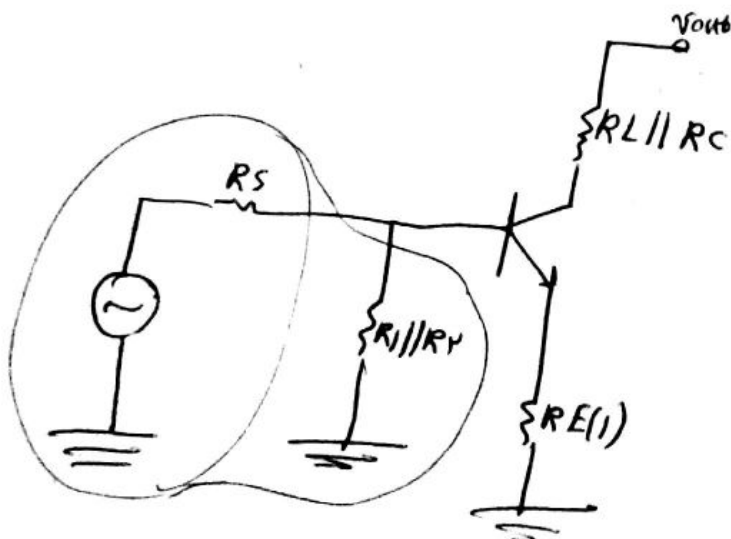
$$V_{BE} \approx 0.4$$

$$0.4 = V_T (R_{E(1)} + R_{E(2)}) \frac{0.4}{I_C} \Rightarrow 0.4 (R_{E(1)} + R_{E(2)}) = 0.4 \times 10$$

$$\boxed{R_{E(1)} + R_{E(2)} = 10} \quad (*)$$

$$\text{KVL: } R_1 = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{BE}}{I_1} \Rightarrow R_1 = \frac{10 - 0.4}{0.1} \Rightarrow \boxed{R_1 = 96}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{R_2 = \frac{10}{10} = 1} \quad R_1 = 10 R_2$$



مکسیمی سیر

(برای سیر کردن RE)

$$V_{th} = \frac{R_1 // R_2}{R_1 // R_2 + R_S} V_{in} , R_{th} = R_1 // R_2 // R_S$$

9-10-13

$$A_V = \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{R_L \parallel R_C}{\underbrace{\frac{1}{g_m} + R_E(1) + \frac{(R_L \parallel R_Y \parallel R_S)}{B+1}}_{\frac{V_{out}}{V_{th}}}} \times \underbrace{\frac{R_L \parallel R_Y}{R_L \parallel R_Y + R_S}}_{\frac{V_{th}}{V_{in}}}$$

$$A_V = 0.9 = V_O$$

$$R_1 = \quad , R_2 =$$

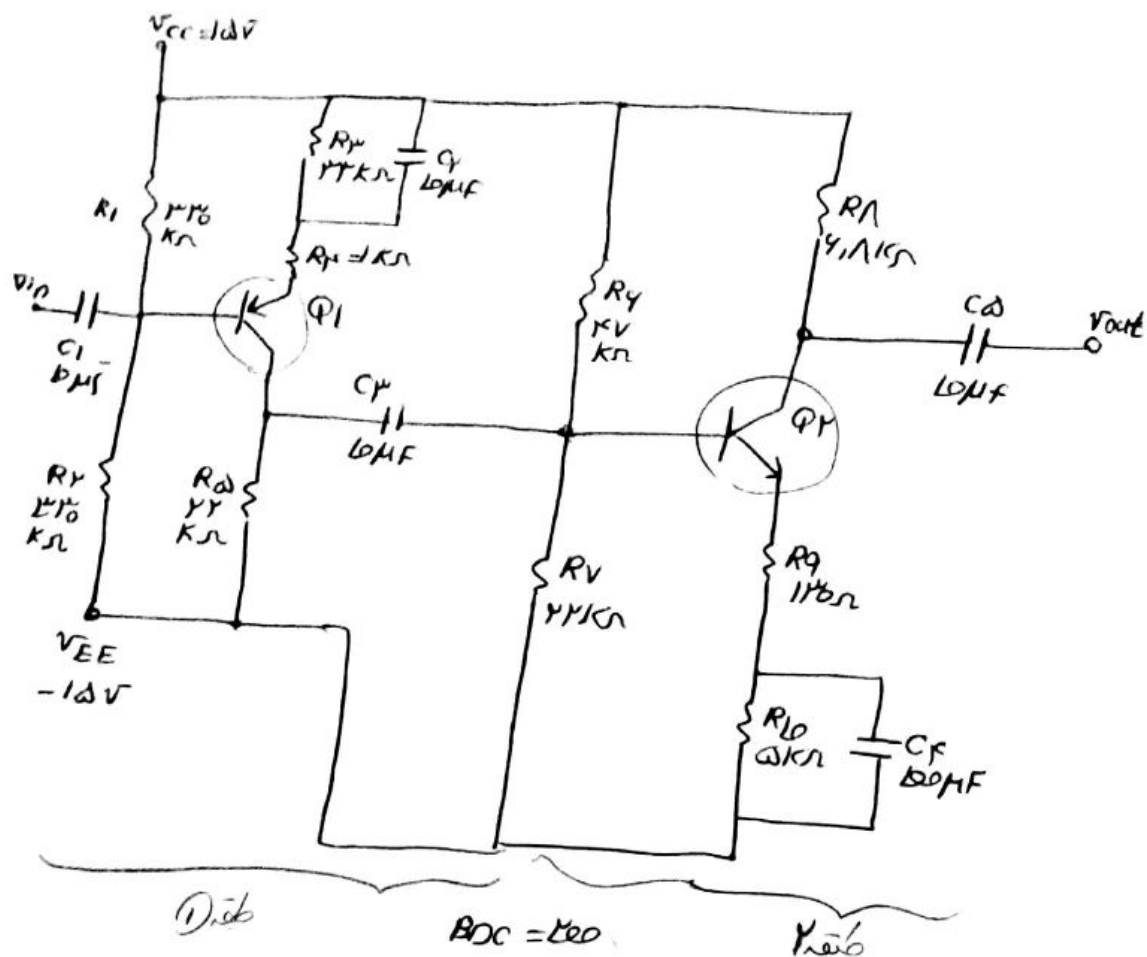
$$\begin{cases} R_C = 1.5k\Omega \\ R_L = 10 \end{cases}$$

$$V_O = \frac{150 \times 10^{-3}}{1.5k\Omega + R_E(1) + 0.9} \times \frac{1.9}{(1.9 + 0.1)}$$

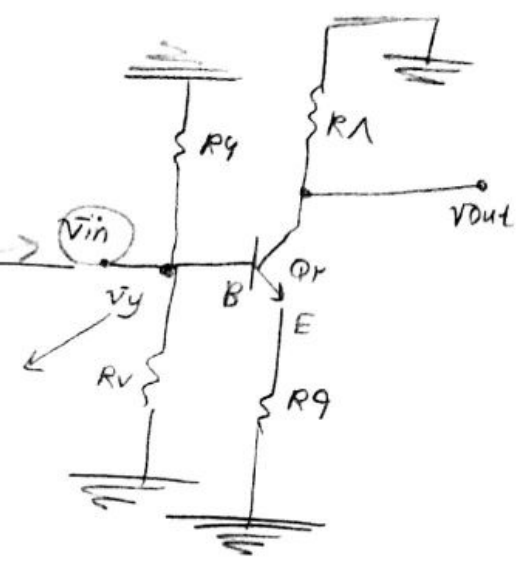
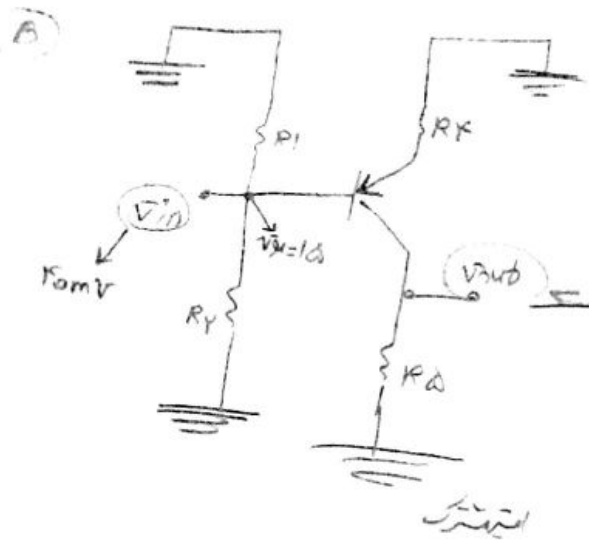
$$g_m = \frac{I_C}{V_T} = \frac{0.4}{25} = 0.016$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{R_E(1) = 14.101k\Omega} \xrightarrow{(*)} \boxed{R_E(1) = 1.114V, 99}$$

$$\begin{cases} R_E(1) = 0.1V \\ R_E(1) = 1.114V \end{cases}$$



- ① بهره وند سطح اول
- ② بهره وند سطح دوم
- ③ بهره وند کلی
- ④ توان مصرفی مدار
- ⑤ کشش کاری
- ⑥ کشش برای تنظیم میزان تقویت کننده هر دو دهی (بسیار) برای مدار تنظیم می شود. رابطه $\beta =$
 [بهره و شکل موج خروجی برای سه مورد به تقویت کننده مختلف]



تقویت کنندهی آمپتر مشترک

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{g_m} = 1180 \\ r_n = \frac{\beta}{g_m} = \frac{100}{\frac{1}{1180}} = 118000 = 1180 \text{ K}\Omega \end{cases}$$

$$V_{out} = -10 + 118 \times (90\mu) = -11.5 \text{ mV}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \beta &= 100 \\ g_m &= \frac{I_C}{V_T} = \frac{0.1 \text{ mA}}{25} = \frac{1}{1180} \end{aligned}$$

$$\beta = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow 118 + (118 + 1) \times (100) I_B - 0.1 \text{ V} = 10 \text{ mV} \rightarrow$$

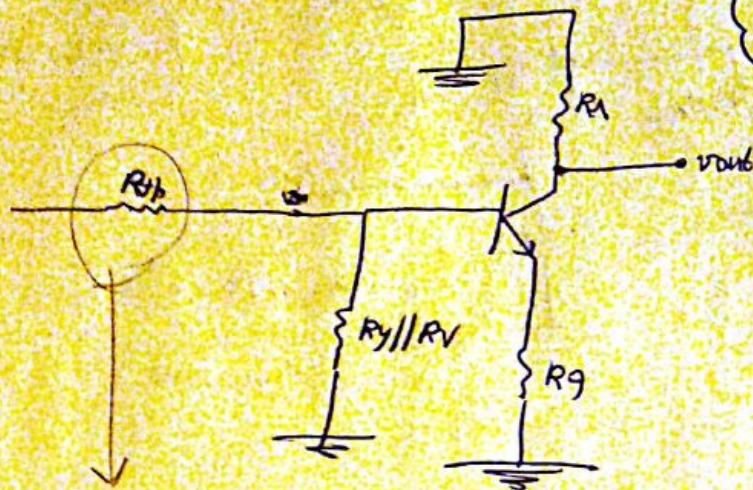
$$\begin{aligned} I_B &= 1.01 \mu\text{A} \\ I_C &= 90 \mu\text{A} \\ I_E &= 0.101 \text{ mA} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{g_m} = 1.18 \text{ mV} \\ r_n = \frac{\beta}{g_m} = \frac{100}{0.11 \text{ V}} = 1.18 \text{ mV} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{KVL: } V_{BE} = (0.118 + 1) \times (100) I_B - 10$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_B &= 0.101 \mu\text{A} \\ I_C &= 1.01 \mu\text{A} \\ I_E &= 1.01 \mu\text{A} \end{aligned}$$

$$\ast g_m = \frac{1.01 \mu\text{A}}{25} = 0.11 \text{ V}$$



مقدار R_{th} در خروجی می شود.

$$A_v = \frac{-R_C}{R_E + \frac{1}{g_m} + \frac{(R_{th} \parallel (R_1 \parallel R_2))}{\beta + 1}}$$

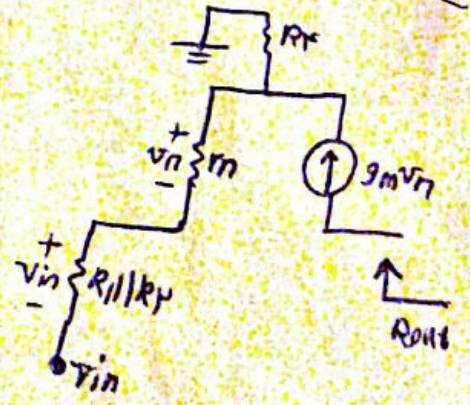
$$A_v = \frac{-3.8 \times 10^4}{110 + 1.5 \text{ kV} + \frac{((11000) \parallel (159))}{101}} = \frac{-3.8 \times 10^4}{134.50} = -282.10 \text{ V}$$

$$R_{th} = 1 \left(\frac{V_{ol}}{V_{os}} \right)$$

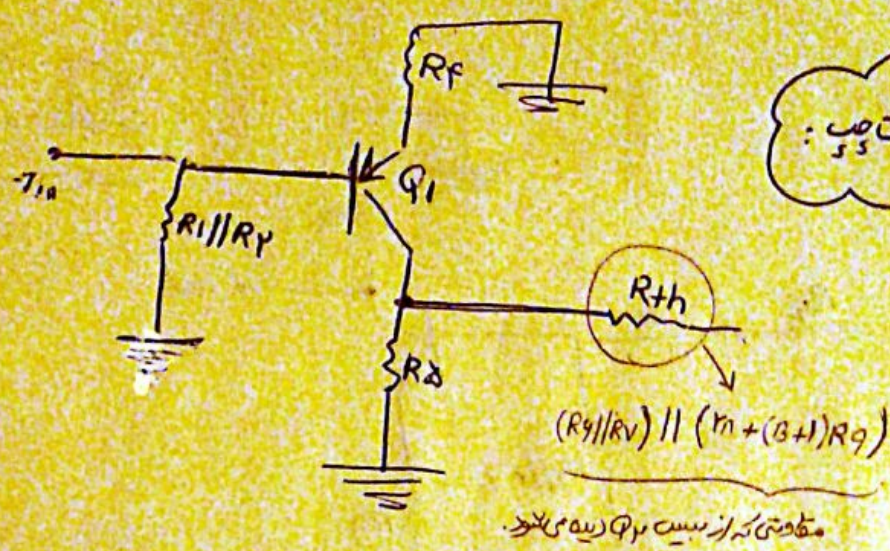
$$i_{B1} = g_m v_{B1} \text{ , } v_{B1} = (g_m v_{B1} + \frac{v_{B1}}{r_{B1}}) R_F$$

$$R_{th} = \frac{(g_m v_{B1} + \frac{v_{B1}}{r_{B1}}) R_F}{g_m v_{B1}} = \frac{(\beta + 1) R_F}{\beta}$$

$$R_{th} = R_F \left(1 + \frac{1}{\beta} \right) = R_F \left(\frac{\beta + 1}{\beta} \right)$$



سوال ۲



نسبتی بر روی سمت چپ:

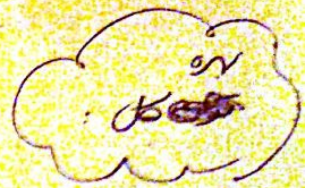
$$A_v = \frac{-R_C}{\underbrace{(R_E \parallel (R_4 \parallel R_V) \parallel (r_e + (B+1)R_9))}_{R_E} + \frac{1}{g_m} + \frac{R_B}{B+1}}$$

$$A_v = \frac{-1 \times 10^3}{\underbrace{\left(\underbrace{4.4 \parallel (1.5 \parallel 1.5)}_{11.91} \parallel (1.015 + (101)(911)) \right) \times 10^3}_{11913} + 1100 + 0}$$

$$\frac{11124 \times 10^3}{R_E} = (11124 \times 10^3)$$

$$A_v = \frac{-10^3}{11124 + 1100} = \frac{-10^3}{12224} = -1.11 \times 10^{-2}$$

$110,110$
 $1,911$
 $119,121$
 $11124015,011$



$A_{01} \times A_{02}$

$$A_{02} = -1,14411 \times 10^{-9} V$$

$$A_{02} = 249031$$

توان مصرفی مدار:

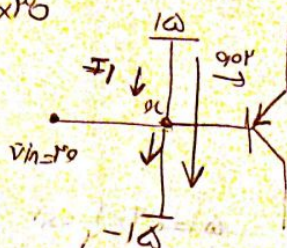
$$P = \frac{VI}{V} \text{ mA}$$

$$P = +10 \times (0.015)$$

$$P = 1.5 \text{ mW}$$

$$V_{th} = 0.015 + \frac{1}{10} \times 10$$

$$V_{th} = 1.015$$



$$10 - (-10) = 10 \text{ V}$$

$$10 - 1.015 = R_1 \times I$$

$$-0.015 = 10 \times I$$

$$I = 1.515 \text{ mA}$$

$$-\frac{0.015}{10} + (1 + 10) \times \frac{100}{10} (I_B) = 10$$

$$I_B = \frac{10 - 1.515 \times 10^{-3}}{1100} = 0.00233 \text{ A}$$

$$P_{total} \Rightarrow (440) \times I = 10 \Rightarrow I = 0.015 \text{ A}$$