

1. تبدیل فوری

$$a. x(t) = e^{-\gamma|t|} \sin(\gamma t)$$

$$e^{-\gamma|t|} \cdot \frac{e^{\gamma t} - e^{-\gamma t}}{2j} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2j} \left(\underbrace{e^{\gamma t}}_{\text{سینوس}} \cdot \underbrace{e^{-\gamma|t|}}_{\text{سینوس}} - \underbrace{e^{-\gamma t}}_{\text{سینوس}} \cdot \underbrace{e^{-\gamma|t|}}_{\text{سینوس}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} (x(\omega - \gamma) - x(\omega + \gamma))$$

$$x(\omega) = \frac{\gamma(\gamma)}{\gamma^2 + \omega^2} = \frac{\gamma}{\gamma^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left(\frac{\gamma}{\gamma^2 + (\omega - \gamma)^2} - \frac{\gamma}{\gamma^2 + (\omega + \gamma)^2} \right)$$

$$b. x(t) = \begin{cases} 1-t^\gamma & 0 < t < 1 \\ 0 & \text{o.w (otherwise)} \end{cases}$$

$$I = \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{-j\omega} + \frac{\gamma}{j\omega} \left(\frac{e^{-j\omega}}{-j\omega} + \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{\omega^2} - \frac{1}{\omega^2} \right)$$

$$I = \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{-j\omega} + \frac{\gamma e^{-j\omega}}{\omega^2} + \frac{\gamma e^{-j\omega}}{j\omega^3} - \frac{\gamma}{j\omega^3}$$

$$x(t) = (1-t^\gamma)(u(t) - u(t-1))$$

$$x(\omega) = \int_0^1 (1-t^\gamma) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$x(\omega) = \frac{1}{j\omega} - \frac{\gamma e^{-j\omega}}{\omega^2} - \frac{\gamma e^{-j\omega}}{j\omega^3} + \frac{\gamma}{j\omega^3}$$

$$x(\omega) = \int_0^1 e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$I_1 = \int_0^1 t^\gamma e^{-j\omega t} dt = \frac{t^\gamma}{-j\omega} \cdot e^{-j\omega t} \Big|_0^1 - \int_0^1 \left(\frac{-1}{j\omega} e^{-j\omega t} \right) \gamma t dt$$

$$I_2 = \int_0^1 t \cdot e^{-j\omega t} dt = \frac{t}{-j\omega} e^{-j\omega t} \Big|_0^1 - \int_0^1 \left(\frac{-1}{j\omega} e^{-j\omega t} \right) dt$$

$$\frac{e^{-j\omega}}{-j\omega} - \frac{-1}{j\omega} \left(\frac{e^{-j\omega t}}{-j\omega} \Big|_0^1 \right) = \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{(j\omega)^2} - \frac{1}{(j\omega)^2}$$

$$c. x(t) = \sin(\gamma n t + \frac{\pi}{\gamma})$$

$$\sin(\gamma n t) \rightarrow a_1 = \frac{1}{j}, a_2 = \frac{-1}{j}, \omega_0 = \gamma n$$

$$\rightarrow x_1(\omega) = \frac{\gamma n}{j} \delta(\omega - \gamma n) - \frac{\gamma n}{j} \delta(\omega + \gamma n)$$

$$\sin(\gamma n t + \frac{\pi}{\gamma}) \rightarrow e^{j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \cdot x_1(\omega)$$

$$\rightarrow X(\omega) = \frac{n}{j} e^{j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \delta(\omega - \gamma n) - \frac{n}{j} e^{j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \delta(\omega + \gamma n)$$

$$\rightarrow X(\omega) = \frac{n}{j} e^{j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \delta(\omega - \gamma n) - \frac{n}{j} e^{j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \delta(\omega + \gamma n)$$

$$d. x(t) = 1 + \cos(4\pi t + \frac{\pi}{\lambda})$$

$$\cos(4\pi t) \rightarrow \frac{\gamma n}{j} \delta(\omega - \gamma n) + \frac{\gamma n}{j} \delta(\omega + \gamma n) = T(\omega)$$

$$\delta(t) \xleftrightarrow{F.T} 1 \xleftrightarrow{G.T} 1 \leftrightarrow \pi \delta(\omega)$$

$$\cos(4\pi t + \frac{\pi}{\lambda}) \leftrightarrow e^{j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \cdot T(\omega) = \pi e^{j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \delta(\omega - \gamma n) + \pi e^{-j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \delta(\omega + \gamma n)$$

$$x(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t) \leftrightarrow X(\omega) = X_1(\omega) + X_2(\omega)$$

$$X(\omega) = \gamma n \delta(-\omega) + \pi e^{j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \delta(\omega - \gamma n) + \pi e^{-j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \delta(\omega + \gamma n)$$

$$X(\omega) = \gamma n \delta(\omega) + \pi e^{j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \delta(\omega - \gamma n) + \pi e^{-j \frac{\omega n}{\gamma}} \delta(\omega + \gamma n)$$

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e. $x(t) = \frac{\sin \pi t \cdot \cos t}{\pi t}$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\sin(\pi t) + \sin(\pi t)}{\pi t} \rightarrow x(t) = \frac{\pi}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin \pi \times \frac{\pi}{\pi} t}{\pi \times \frac{\pi}{\pi} t} \right) + \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\sin \pi \times \frac{\pi}{\pi} t}{\pi \times \frac{\pi}{\pi} t}$$

$\frac{w}{\pi} \text{ sinc } \frac{t}{\pi} w \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.T}} \pi \left(\frac{w}{W} \right)$

$\frac{1}{\pi} \times \frac{t}{\pi} \text{ sinc } \frac{\pi}{\pi} t$

$x(t) = \frac{\pi}{\pi} \cdot \text{sinc } \frac{\pi}{\pi} t + \frac{1}{\pi} \text{ sinc } \frac{\pi}{\pi} t$

$X(w) = \frac{1}{\pi} \pi \left(\frac{w}{\pi} \right) + \frac{1}{\pi} \pi \left(\frac{w}{\pi} \right)$

f. $t e^{-\pi t - 1}$

$\leftrightarrow \frac{\pi}{\pi + w^2}$

$e^{-\pi t - 1} \leftrightarrow e^{-jw} \times \frac{\pi}{\pi + w^2} = Y(w)$

$-j t e^{-\pi t - 1} \leftrightarrow \frac{d}{dw} (Y(w)) = \frac{(\pi + w^2) (-\pi j e^{-jw}) - \pi w e^{-jw}}{(\pi + w^2)^2}$

$\rightarrow t e^{-\pi t - 1} = \frac{1}{j} \cdot \frac{e^{-jw} (\pi j + \pi j w^2 + \pi w)}{(\pi + w^2)^2}$

$$a. X(w) = w \cdot e^{-|w|}$$

۲. عکس تبدیل فـ

$$\begin{aligned} e^{-|t|} &\leftrightarrow \frac{1}{1+w^2} \\ \frac{1}{1+t^2} &\leftrightarrow r_n e^{-|w|} \xrightarrow{\frac{d}{dt}} \frac{-rt(r)}{(1+t^2)^2} \xleftrightarrow{f.s} jw \cdot r_n e^{-|w|} \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow F^{-1} \{ w e^{-|w|} \} = \frac{1}{r_n j} \cdot \frac{-rt}{(1+t^2)^2} = \frac{rtj}{n(1+t^2)^2}$$

$$f^{-1} \{ w e^{-|w|} \} = \frac{rtj}{n(1+t^2)^2}$$

$$b. X(w) = \begin{cases} e^{-w}, & w > 0 \\ -e^w, & w < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x(w) = e^{-w} u(w) - e^w u(-w)$$

$$e^{-t} \cdot u(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{1+jw}$$

$$\frac{1}{1+jt} \xleftrightarrow{f.s} r_n e^{-w} \cdot u(w) \rightarrow F^{-1} \{ e^{-w} \cdot u(w) \} = \frac{1}{r_n} \times \frac{1}{1+jt}$$

$$\frac{1}{1-jt} \xleftrightarrow{f.s} r_n e^w \cdot u(-w) \rightarrow F^{-1} \{ e^w \cdot u(-w) \} = \frac{1}{r_n} \times \frac{1}{1-jt}$$

$$\rightarrow F^{-1} \{ X(w) \} = \frac{1}{r_n} \left\{ \frac{1}{1+jt} - \frac{1}{1-jt} \right\}$$

$$c. X(w) = \frac{ra - jw}{ra + jw}$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{ra}{ra + jw}}_{\textcircled{I}} - \underbrace{\frac{jw}{ra + jw}}_{\textcircled{II}}$$

$$\textcircled{I} \quad \frac{ra}{ra + jw} \xrightarrow{F.s} ra \left(F^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{ra + jw} \right\} \right) = ra \cdot e^{-rat} \cdot u(t)$$

$$\textcircled{II} \quad \frac{-jw}{ra + jw} \xrightarrow{F.s} \frac{-d}{dt} \left(F^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{ra + jw} \right\} \right) = -(-ra e^{-rat} u(t) + e^{-rat} \cdot \delta(t))$$

$$\therefore F^{-1} \{ X(w) \} = ra \cdot e^{-rat} \cdot u(t) - \delta(t)$$

$$d. X(w) = \frac{d}{dw} \left\{ \frac{\sin rw - j \cos rw}{1 + \frac{jw}{r}} \right\}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{من أجل } r \neq 0} \textcircled{I} \quad \frac{r \sin rw}{r + jw} = r \sin rw \times \frac{1}{\underbrace{r + jw}_{X_1(w)}} = r \times \frac{1}{j} (e^{jw} \cdot X_1(w) - e^{-jw} \cdot X_1(w))$$

$$\rightarrow e^{-rt} \cdot u(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{r + jw}$$

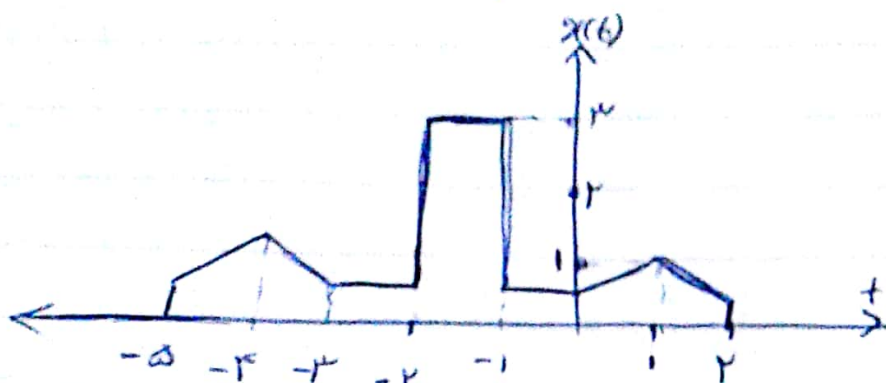
$$\rightarrow F^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sin rw}{1 + \frac{jw}{r}} \right\} = \frac{r}{j} \left(e^{-r(t+r)} \cdot u(t+r) - e^{-r(t-r)} \cdot u(t-r) \right) \quad \textcircled{I}$$

$$\textcircled{II} \quad r j \cos rw \times \frac{1}{r + jw} = \frac{r}{j} \left(e^{jw} \cdot X_1(w) + e^{-jw} \cdot X_1(w) \right)$$

$$F^{-1} \left\{ \frac{j \cos rw}{r + jw} \right\} = \frac{r}{j} \left(e^{-r(t+r)} \cdot u(t+r) + e^{-r(t-r)} \cdot u(t-r) \right) \quad \textcircled{II}$$

$$F^{-1} \{ X(w) \} = -jt F^{-1} \{ \textcircled{I} + \textcircled{II} \} = -jt (\textcircled{I} + \textcircled{II})$$

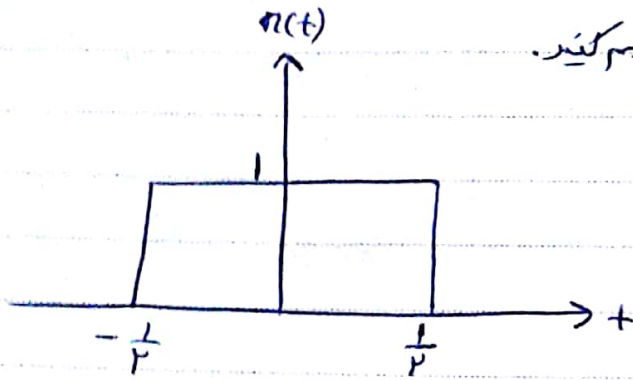
$$x(t) \xrightarrow{FS} X(\omega)$$



$$x(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\gamma}x + \gamma & -\omega \leq t \leq -\pi \xrightarrow{F.T} \gamma \sqrt{\pi} \delta(\omega) + (1, \gamma\omega) i s'(\omega) \\ -\frac{1}{\gamma}x - 1 & -\pi \leq t \leq -\gamma \xrightarrow{F.T} -\gamma \sqrt{\pi} \delta(\omega) + (1, \gamma\gamma) i s'(\omega) \\ \gamma\omega & -\gamma \leq t \leq -1 \xrightarrow{F.T} 1, \gamma\omega \delta(\omega) \\ \pi & -1 \leq t \leq 0 \xrightarrow{F.T} \gamma \sqrt{\pi} \delta(\omega) \\ \frac{1}{\gamma}x - \frac{1}{\gamma} & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \xrightarrow{F.T} 1, \gamma\omega \delta(\omega) \\ -\frac{1}{\gamma}x + \frac{\pi}{\gamma} & 1 \leq t \leq \gamma \xrightarrow{F.T} 1, \gamma\omega \delta(\omega) - 1, \gamma\omega i s'(\omega) \\ & \xrightarrow{F.T} \gamma \sqrt{\pi} \delta(\omega) + 1, \gamma\omega i s'(\omega) \end{cases}$$

$X(\omega)$. الف
 $\rightarrow X(0) = 1, \gamma\omega \delta(0)$
 $X(0) = 1, \gamma\omega$
 $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(\omega) d\omega$. ب

۴. تبدیل فوری این سیگنالها را برت آورده و رسم کنید.
($x(t)$ یک پالس متوازن با عرض ۱ است)

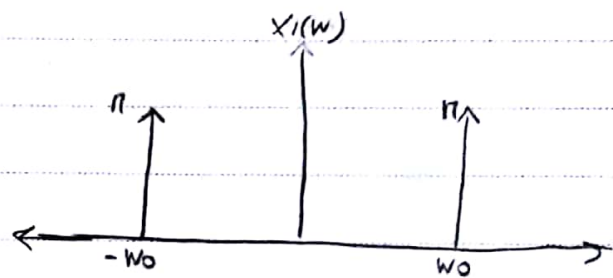


a. $x_1(t) = \cos(\omega_0 t)$

$$X_1(\omega) = \frac{\pi}{\omega} \delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \frac{\pi}{\omega} \delta(\omega + \omega_0)$$

$x_1(t)$ is periodic

دو تابع متوازن به یک شکل است



$$x(t) = \cos(\omega_0 t)$$

$$X(\omega) = \pi \delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \pi \delta(\omega + \omega_0)$$

b. $x_2(t) = \sin(\omega_0 t)$

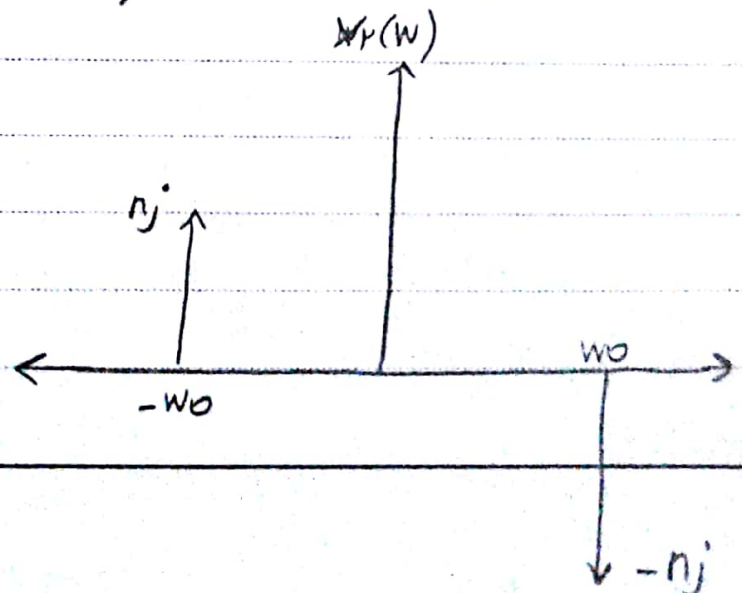
$x_2(t)$ is periodic

$$x(t) = \sin(\omega_0 t)$$

$$X(\omega) = \frac{\pi}{j} \delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \left(-\frac{\pi}{j}\right) \delta(\omega + \omega_0)$$

$$X_2(\omega) = \frac{\pi}{j} \delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \left(-\frac{\pi}{j}\right) \delta(\omega + \omega_0)$$

دو تابع متوازن به یک شکل نیستند

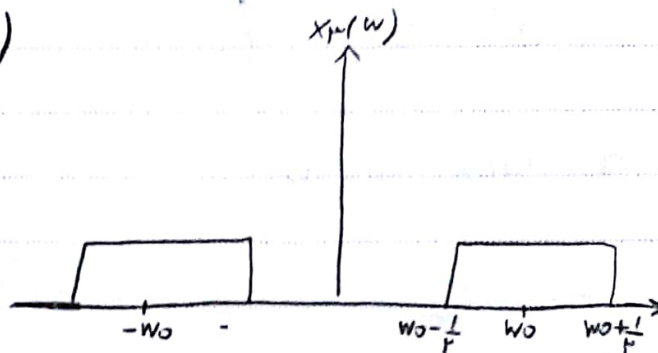


$$c. x_{\mu}(t) = x_1(t) \cdot F^{-1}\{\pi(\omega)\}$$

$$x_{\mu}(\omega) = \frac{1}{r\pi} (x_1(\omega) * \pi(\omega)) =$$

$$x_{\mu}(\omega) = \frac{1}{r\pi} (\pi \delta(\omega - \omega_0) * \pi(\omega) + \pi \delta(\omega + \omega_0) * \pi(\omega))$$

$$x_{\mu}(\omega) = \frac{1}{r} \pi(\omega - \omega_0) + \frac{1}{r} \pi(\omega + \omega_0)$$

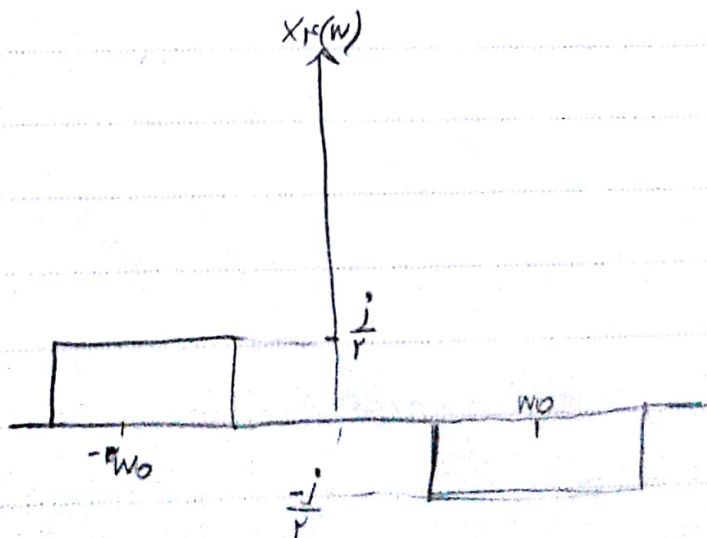


$$d. x_{\nu}(t) = x_2(t) \cdot F_1\{\pi(\omega)\}$$

$$x_{\nu}(\omega) = \frac{1}{r\pi} (x_2(\omega) * \pi(\omega))$$

$$x_{\nu}(\omega) = \frac{1}{r\pi} (\pi j \delta(\omega + \omega_0) * \pi(\omega) - \pi j \delta(\omega - \omega_0) * \pi(\omega))$$

$$x_{\nu}(\omega) = \frac{j}{r} \pi(\omega + \omega_0) - \frac{j}{r} \pi(\omega - \omega_0)$$

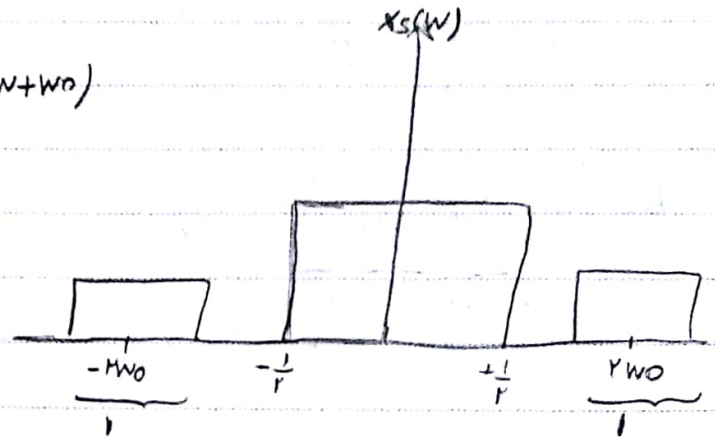


$$e. x_d(t) = x_p(t) \cdot x_i(t)$$

$$X_d(\omega) = \frac{1}{r\pi} (x_p(\omega) * x_i(\omega))$$

$$X_d(\omega) = \frac{1}{r\pi} (\pi \delta(\omega - \omega_0) * x_p(\omega) + \pi \delta(\omega + \omega_0) * x_p(\omega))$$

$$x_d(\omega) = \frac{1}{r} x_p(\omega - \omega_0) + \frac{1}{r} x_p(\omega + \omega_0)$$



• (سیگنال دوطرفه‌ای)

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{input: } x(t) \\ \text{output: } y(t) \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + y(t) = x(t)$$

محاسبه سری فوریه خروجی $y(t)$ را برای هر یک از ورودی‌های زیر می‌کنیم:

$$a. x(t) = \cos(r\pi t + \frac{\pi}{r})$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} y(t) + y(t) = x(t)$$

$$jk\omega_0 b_k + b_k = a_k \rightarrow b_k = \frac{a_k}{1 + jk\omega_0}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x(t) \rightarrow a_k \\ y(t) \rightarrow b_k \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\left\{ \frac{d}{dt} y(t) \rightarrow jk\omega_0 b_k \right\}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x(t) = \sum a_k e^{jk\omega_0 t} \\ y(t) = \sum b_k e^{jk\omega_0 t} \end{array} \right.$$

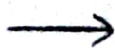
$$b_k = a_k \cdot H(k\omega_0)$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + jk\omega_0}$$

$$a_k \rightarrow \cos(r\pi t) \rightarrow \omega_0 = r\pi, a_1 = a_{-1} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\cos(r\pi t + \frac{\pi}{r}) \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_1 = e^{-j\pi n (-\frac{\pi}{r})} \\ a_{-1} = e^{j\pi n (-\frac{\pi}{r})} \end{array} \right. , \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a'_1 = \frac{1}{r} e^{\frac{\pi n}{r} j} \\ a'_{-1} = \frac{1}{r} e^{-\frac{\pi n}{r} j} \end{array} \right.$$

$$b_k \left\{ \begin{array}{l} b_1 = \frac{\frac{1}{r} e^{\frac{\pi n}{r} j}}{1 + j\pi n} \\ b_{-1} = \frac{\frac{1}{r} e^{-\frac{\pi n}{r} j}}{1 - j\pi n} \end{array} \right.$$



$$y(t) = \sum b_k e^{jk\pi t}$$

$$y(t) = b_1 e^{j\pi t} + (b_{-1}) \cdot e^{-j\pi t}$$

b. $\sin(\omega t) + \cos(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{4})$

$$\sin(\omega t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} c_1 = \frac{1}{rj} \\ c_{-1} = \frac{-1}{rj} \end{cases} \quad \omega_0 = \omega$$

$$\cos(\omega t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} d_1' = \frac{1}{r} \\ d_{-1}' = \frac{1}{r} \end{cases} \quad \omega_0 = \omega$$

$$\rightarrow a_k = c_k + d_k \quad \omega_0 = \omega$$

$$\begin{cases} d_1 = e^{-j(\omega)(-\frac{\pi}{4})} & d_1' = \frac{e^{j\omega t}}{r} \\ d_{-1} = e^{+j(\omega)(-\frac{\pi}{4})} & d_{-1}' = \frac{e^{-j\omega t}}{r} \end{cases}$$

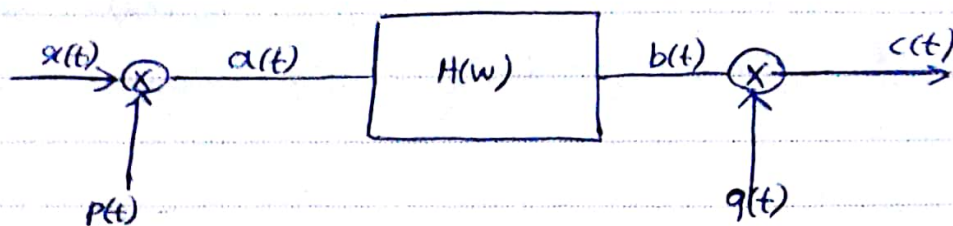
$$\begin{cases} a_1 = \frac{1}{rj} + \frac{e^{j\omega t}}{r} \\ a_{-1} = \frac{-1}{rj} + \frac{e^{-j\omega t}}{r} \end{cases}$$

$b_k = \frac{a_k}{1+j\omega_0}$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} b_1 = \frac{a_1}{1+j\omega_0} \\ b_{-1} = \frac{a_{-1}}{1-j\omega_0} \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow y(t) = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} b_k \cdot e^{jk\omega_0 t}$$

$$y(t) = b_1 \cdot e^{j\omega t} + b_{-1} \cdot e^{-j\omega t}$$



$$x(t) = \frac{\sin \pi t}{\pi t}, \quad p(t) = \cos \pi t, \quad q(t) = \frac{\sin 2\pi t}{\pi t}$$

$$H(w) = \begin{cases} 1 & |w| \geq \pi \\ 0 & |w| < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{plot } + \quad & \mathcal{F} = A(w) \quad \text{الف} \\ & \mathcal{F} = B(w) \\ & \mathcal{F} = C(w) \end{aligned}$$

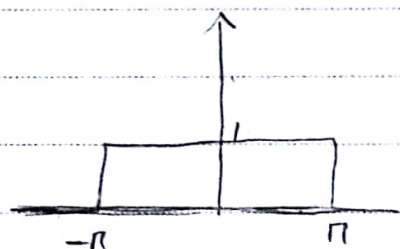
$$a(t) = x(t) \times p(t)$$

$$a(t) = \sin \pi t \times \cos \pi t$$

$$\bullet \quad \mathcal{F}\left\{\frac{t}{T}\right\} \xleftrightarrow{\text{f.s.}} T \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{w}{\pi} \times \frac{T}{T}\right)$$

$$\bullet \quad \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{t}{T} \times \frac{\pi}{\pi}\right) \xleftrightarrow{\text{f.s.}} \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\pi \cdot \Pi\left(\frac{-w}{\pi}\right) \right)$$

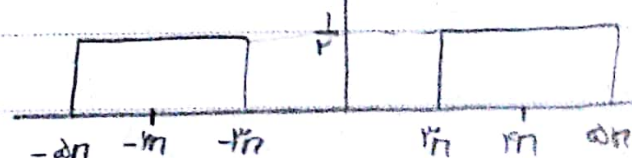
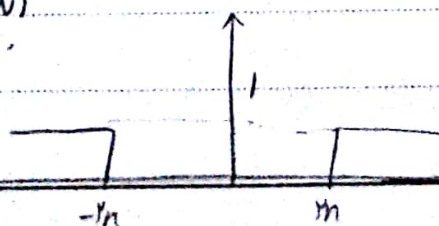
$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\mathcal{F}\left\{\frac{w}{\pi}\right\}}$



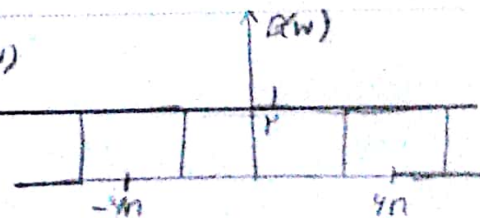
$$\begin{aligned} \cos \pi t \cdot \sin \pi t & \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{j} \left(X(w + \pi) + X(w - \pi) \right) \\ & \frac{1}{j} \left(\mathcal{F}\left(\frac{w + \pi}{\pi}\right) + \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{w - \pi}{\pi}\right) \right) \\ & \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{A(w)} \end{aligned}$$

$$b(t) = a(t) * h(t)$$

$$B(w) = H(w) \cdot A(w)$$



$$B(w) = A(w)$$



$$q = c(t) \quad .b$$

(به جای استفاده از قانون فوش در صورت زماش، می توان در صورت فوشنس، سگناله ها را در هم ضرب کرد)

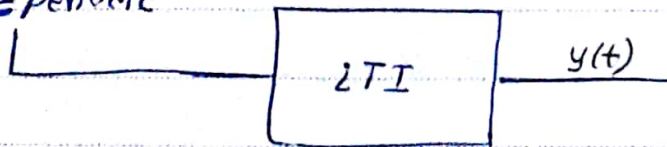
$$c(t) = b(t) \times q(t)$$

$$A(w) = B(w) \rightarrow F^{-1}\{A(w)\} = a(t) = F^{-1}\{B(w)\} = b(t)$$

$$\rightarrow c(t) = a(t) \times q(t) = \underbrace{x(t) \times A(t)}_{a(t)} \times q(t)$$

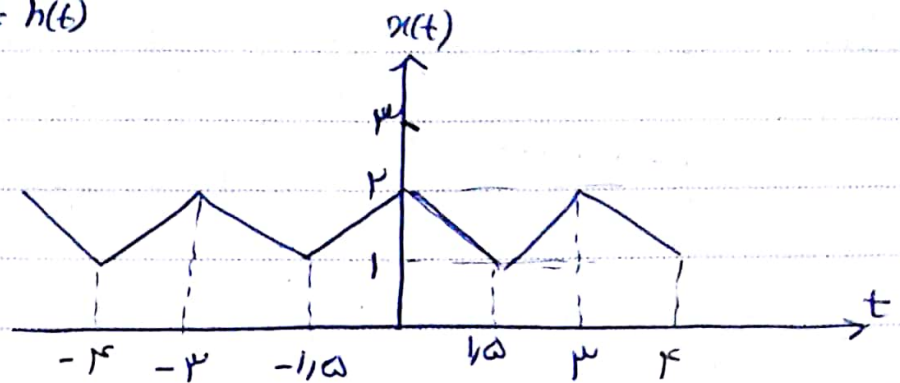
$$\rightarrow c(t) = \frac{\sin nt}{nt} \cdot \cos nt \cdot \frac{\sin nt}{nt}$$

$x(t) = \text{periodic}$



~ پاسخ: $h(t)$

توان نوسان سیگنال ورودی است؟



$h(t)$



$$P_T = \frac{1}{T} \int_T |y(t)|^2 dt$$

$$Y(w) = X(w) \cdot H(w)$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{T} \left\{ X(w) * H(w) \right\}$$

$$T = 1$$

$$P_1 = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T}^T |y(t)|^2 dt$$

$$x(t) * y(t) \xrightarrow{FT} X(w) \cdot H(w)$$

$$x(t) * y(t) = \int x(\tau) y(t-\tau) d\tau$$

problem 1

$$x(t) = \frac{A}{\nu} \left(1 + \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{T}\right) \right) \pi\left(\frac{t}{\nu T}\right)$$

$$x(t) = \frac{A}{\nu} \cdot \pi\left(\frac{t}{\nu T}\right) + \frac{A}{\nu} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{T}\right) \cdot \pi\left(\frac{t}{\nu T}\right)$$

$$\pi\left(\frac{t}{\nu T}\right) \xleftrightarrow{F.T} \nu T \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\omega T}{\nu}\right) = Z(\omega)$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{T}\right) \pi\left(\frac{t}{\nu T}\right) \xleftrightarrow{F.T} \frac{1}{\nu} \left(Z\left(\omega + \frac{\pi}{T}\right) + Z\left(\omega - \frac{\pi}{T}\right) \right)$$

$$\rightarrow X(\omega) = \frac{A}{\nu} \cdot Z(\omega) + \frac{A}{\nu} \left(Z\left(\omega + \frac{\pi}{T}\right) \right) + \frac{A}{\nu} \cdot Z\left(\omega - \frac{\pi}{T}\right)$$

$$X(\omega) = AT \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\omega}{\nu} T\right) + \frac{AT}{\nu} \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\left(\omega + \frac{\pi}{T}\right) \cdot T}{\nu}\right) + \frac{AT}{\nu} \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\left(\omega - \frac{\pi}{T}\right) T}{\nu}\right)$$