



**Parul University**  
**Faculty of Engineering and Technology**  
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**Department: AI-ML/AI-RO/AI/AI-**  
**DS/CSE/MICRO/SAP/QUICK/ORACLE/IT/AERO**

<b>Subject Name</b>	<b>PROBABILITY, STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS</b>	<b>A.Y</b>	<b>2025/2026</b>
<b>Subject Code</b>	<b>303191251</b>	<b>Semester</b>	<b>4<sup>th</sup></b>
<b>Chapter-6</b>			
<b>Sr No</b>	<b>Question</b>	<b>COs</b>	<b>B.T</b>
1	Use Trapezoidal Rule to evaluate $\int_0^2 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$ using $h=0.5$ .	6	3
2	Use Simpson's 1/3 rule for $\int_0^3 x^2 + 1 dx$ .	6	3
3	Use Simpson's 3/8 rule to compute $\int_0^1 e^x dx$	6	4
4	Compare Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rule for same integral.	6	5
5	Use Euler's Method for $\frac{dy}{dx} = y-x$ with $y(0)=1$ , $h=0.1$ to find $y(0.2)$ .	6	4
6	Use Modified Euler's Method for $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2+y^2$ at $x=0.1$ .	6	4
7	Use Taylor series method to approximate $y(0.1)$ .	6	3
8	Use RK-4 Method for $\frac{dy}{dx} = x+y$ with $y(0)=1$ for one step.	6	6
9	Explain stability of Euler's Method.	6	2
10	Compare Euler, Modified Euler and RK-4 methods.	6	2