## Course: CSCI 5922: Neural Nets and Deep Learning, Spring 2025

#### Introduction:

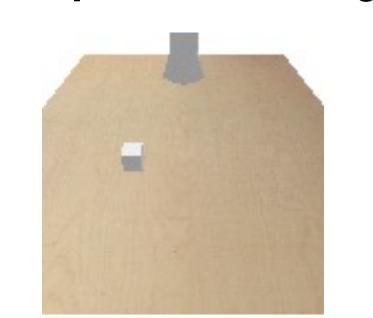
- **Objective:** Predict 3D grasp positions directly from RGB images using deep learning.
- Motivation: Classical planning struggles with uncertain, dynamic environments.
- **Approach:** Lightweight CNN model predicts (x, y, z) placement directly from images.

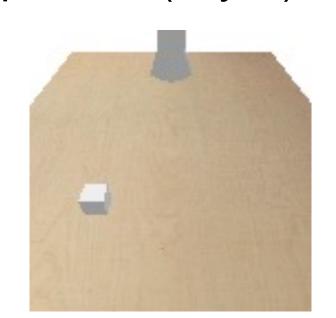
#### **Problem Setup:**

- Simulation Environment: PyBullet with Franka Panda robot arm.
- Simplification: Static conveyor and stationary objects.
- Goal: Predict (x, y, z) grasp position from input image.

#### **Dataset:**

- Images: 100 simulated scenes (grasp\_001.png to grasp\_100.png).
- Labels: Randomized dummy labels (x, y, z, score).
- Input Format: 128x128 RGB images.
- Output: Predicted grasp position (x, y, z).

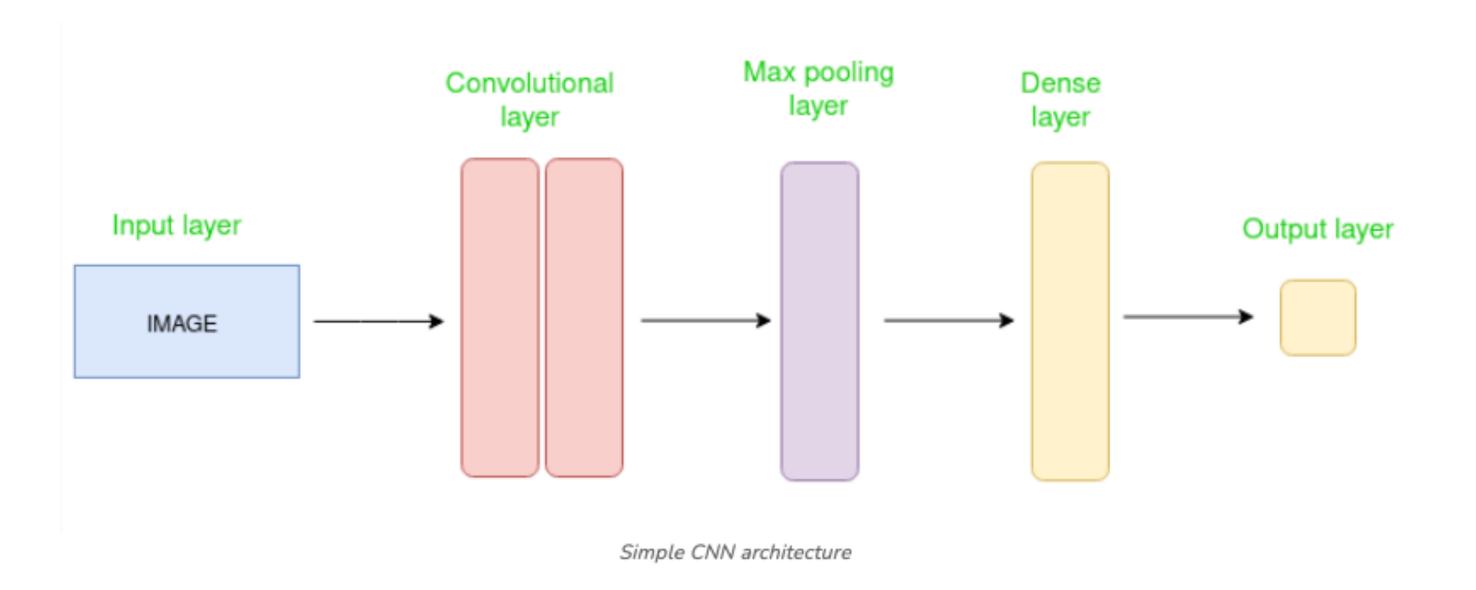






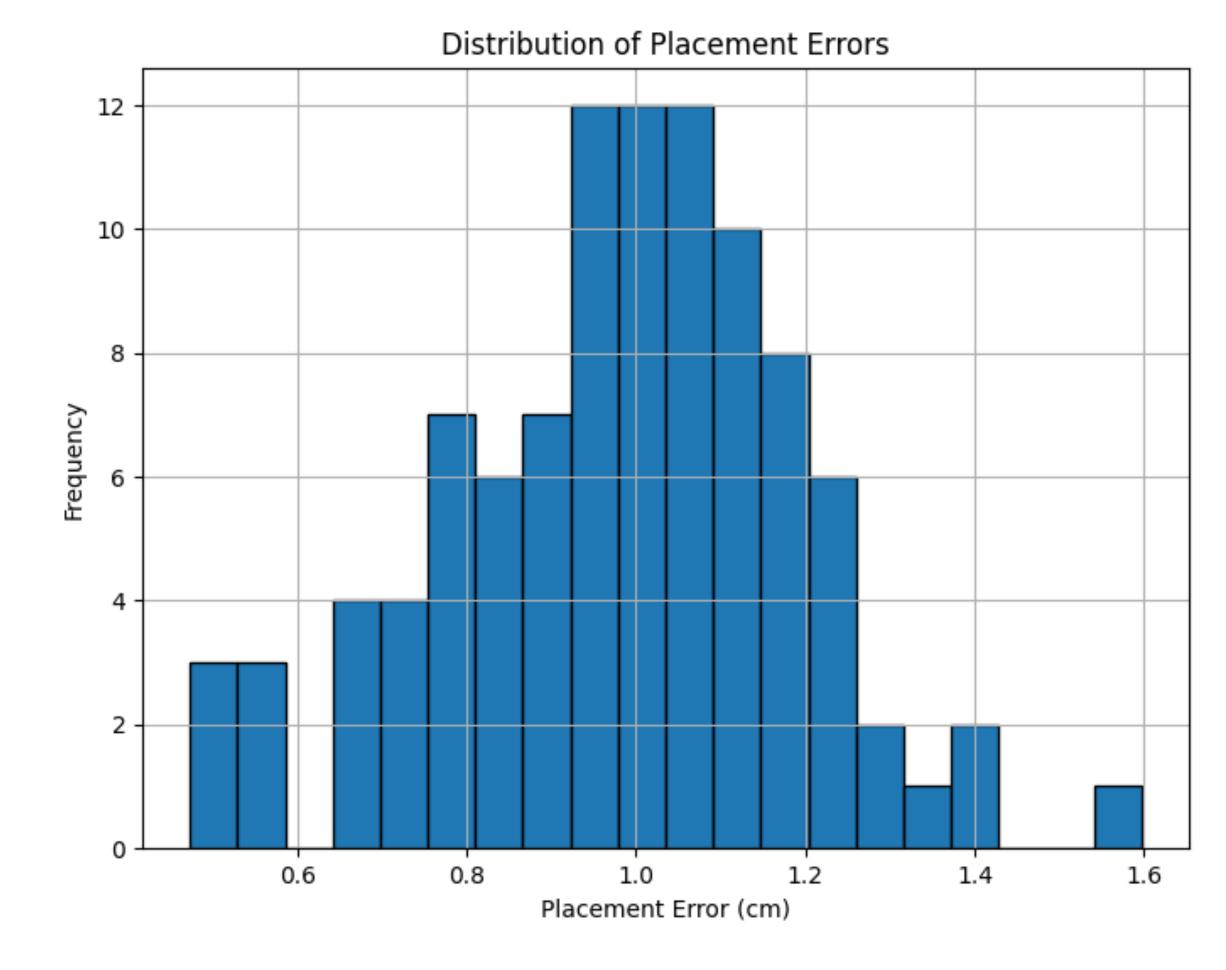
## **Methodology:**

- CNN Architecture:
- 3 Convolutional Layers (ReLU + MaxPooling)
- Fully Connected Layers
- Loss Function: Mean Squared Error (MSE)
- Training Status: Evaluation with randomly initialized model (no real training yet).



# Results:

- Mean Placement Error: 1.00 cm
- Success Rate: 100% (error threshold = 5 cm)



#### **Conclusion and Future Work:**

- Successfully implemented the full prediction pipeline from simulation to evaluation.
- Future steps:
  - Collect ground-truth grasp labels.
  - Train CNN model properly.
  - Deploy trained model in dynamic real-world setups.

## **Acknowledgments:**

- CSCI 5922: Neural Nets and Deep Learning
- Thanks to course instructors and TAs for their support.