Sorting + Time Complexity

Agenda :

- Time complexity
- What is sorting ?
- Why sorting ?
- Bubble sort

Algorithm Analysis → space / memory
                   → time / processing

Algorithm → logical steps to solve a problem

⇒ Now a days space is not much of a problem.

⇒ Time complexity is still a cause of concern for us.

⇒ GHz : 2.4 GHz , 2.8 GHz

★ 2.4 GHz : 2.4 x 1024 x 1024 op/sec

★ 2.8 GHz : 2.8 x 1024 x 1024 ops/sec

★ Time Complexity : How much time does it takes your CPU to execute an algo.

i) Time taken by a cpu
ii) How many operatn ✓✓

★ We will find time complexity of an algo in terms of no. of operatn so that it becomes generic to all the computers.

⇒ We represent time complexity using : Big oh.

O(f(x)) # time complexity of f(x)

↳ Notatn for time complexity

```
for i in range(n):          # 3 times
    for j in range(n):      # 3 times
        print(1)
```

(n = 3)

⇒ 3 + 3 + 3 ⇒ 3 × 3

⇒ 4^2

⇒ 5^2

★ For very big values we can ignore constants

★ C (fn o C) = n ~~+2~~

★ time complexity = O(n)

O(f(x))

- Constant
- lower power polynomial
- factor

Ex: ~~$2n^2$~~ + ~~n~~ → ~~4~~ ⇒ cost funct^n

sln: $O(n^2)$

Ex : 4 ⇒ cost funct^n

Ans : $O(1)$

Ex : $n^3 + 2n^2 + n + 4$ ⇒ cost function

Ans : $O(n^3)$

Quiz :

i)

```
ans = 0                                  → 10
for i in range (1, 11):
    for j in range (1, N+1):
        ans += 1
```

Ans = $10 \times N$

Ans = $O(N)$

ii)

```
ans = 0                                  → N
for i in range (0, N)                        → N
    for j in range (0, N):
        ans += 1
```

Ans = $N \times N \rightarrow N^2$

Ans = $O(N^2)$

★ Sorting :

⇒ Arranging data in increasing or decreasing arrangement.

Amazon :

→ Sort : price
→ Sort : brands
→ Ranking system

Sorting Algo :

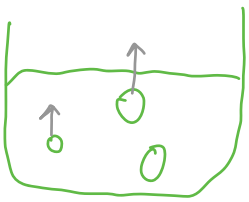
- → Bubble sort
- → Select^n Sort
- → Insertion Sort
- → Merge Sort

★ Bubble Sort

heights = [5, 1, 2, 4, 7, 3]

goal = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7]

Bubble sort :



# heights = [5, 1, 2, 4, 7, 3]
j = 0

1st pass

→ if heights[j] > heights[j+1]
swap

[1, 5, 2, 4, 7, 3]
0 1 2 3 4 5
j

→ if heights[j] > heights[j+1]
swap

[1, 2, 5, 4, 7, 3]
0 1 2 3 4 5
j

heights[j] > heights[j+1]

[1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 3]
0 1 2 3 4 5
j

no swap

[1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 3]
0 1 2 3 4 5
j

swap

[1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 7]
0 1 2 3 4 5
j

2nd pass

[1, 2, 4, 3, 5, 7]

3rd pass

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7]

★ Time Complexity Analysis :

```
def bubble_sort(heights):
    for i in range(len(heights) - 1):
        for j in range(len(heights) - 1 - i):
            # Compare values
            if heights[j] > heights[j+1]:
                # Swap
                heights[j], heights[j + 1] = heights[j + 1], heights[j]
    return heights
```

=> n , n-1 , n-2 1

=> Cost => n + n-1 + n-2 + ... + 1

=> Cost = $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$

= $(n^2+n)/2$

= $\frac{n^2}{2} + \frac{n}{2}$

Time complexity : $O(n^2)$

100 + 99 + 98 + 97 - - - 1

1 + 2 + . . . 100

=> $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ => $\frac{100(101)}{2}$ => 50x(101)