Problem Solving

Problem 1

Write a program to find a factorial of a number

Problem 2

Factors of a Number

A factor is a number that divides the given number without any remainder. Who can be the factors?

```
# Using a while loop

n = int(input())
start = 1

while start <= n:
    # check for remainder
    if n % start == 0:
        print(start)
    # increment the start
    start += 1</pre>
```

```
10
1
2
5
10
# For loop
n = int(input())
for i in range(1, n+1):
    # check for remainder
    if n % i == 0:
        print(i)
 10
1
2
5
10
```

Problem 3 (Home work Problem)

Write a program to input T numbers(N) from user and print count of digits of the given numbers.

Problem Constraints

```
1 <= T <= 100
0 <= N <= 100000000
```

Input Format

First line is T which means number of test cases.

Each next N lines contain an integer N.

Output Format

T lines each containing count of digits of the input integer.

Example Input

Input 1:

```
2
0
1
Input 2:
2
100
10101
Example Output
Output 1:
1
1
Output 2:
3
5
# taking multiple inputs
T = int(input())
while T > 0:
   n = int(input())
    T -= 1
 3
 12
 10101
 123
# quiz
print(123 // 10)
12
12 // 10
1
```

```
1 // 10
# Finding total digits in a number
n = int(input())
count = 0
while n > 0:
    n = n // 10
    count += 1
print(count)
 123
3
# Final code
T = int(input())
while T > 0:
    n = int(input())
    # This T is for external loop i,e test cases
    T -= 1
    count = 0
    # Code for number of digits
    while n > 0:
        n = n // 10
        count += 1
    print(count)
 1
 0
0
# Adjusting for 0
T = int(input())
while T > 0:
```

```
n = int(input())
# This T is for external loop i,e test cases
T -= 1

count = 0
# for 0
if n == 0:
    count = 1

# Code for number of digits
while n > 0:
    n = n // 10
    count += 1
print(count)
```

Problem 4

1

1

Sum the digits Python

Problem Description

Write a program to input T numbers(N) from user and print the sum of the digits of the given numbers.

Problem Constraints

```
1 <= T <= 1000
0 <= N <= 100000000
```

Input Format

First line is T which means number of test cases.

Each next T lines contain an integer N.

Output Format

T lines each containing one integer representing sum of the digits of the input integer.

Example Input

```
Input 1:
2
5
1001
Input 2:
2
123
1589
Example Output
Output 1:
5
2
Output 2:
6
23
Example Explanation
Explanation 1:
5 has only 1 digit hence sum is 5.
Sum(1001) = 1+0+0+1 = 2.
Explanation 2:
Sum(123) = 1+2+3 = 6.
Sum(1589) = 1+5+8+9 = 23.
# Taking T inputs
T = int(input())
while T > 0:
    n = int(input())
    T -= 1
```

```
234
# code for sum of a digit
n = int(input())
add = 0
while n > 0:
    # find the last digit
    last = n \% 10
    # Chop off the last digit
    n = n // 10 \# n //= 10
    # add the last digit
    add += last
print(add)
 101012
5
# Final code for this problem
T = int(input())
while T > 0:
   # Taking T number of inputs
    n = int(input())
    T -= 1
    # Adding adding digits of the inputs
    add = 0
    while n > 0:
        # find the last digit
        last = n \% 10
        # Chop off the last digit
        n = n // 10 \# n //= 10
        # add the last digit
        add += last
```

```
print(add)

3
1234

10
101012

5
105
6
Given a number check number of 1s present in it?
# Logic

n = int(input())
count = 0
```

while n > 0: last = n % 10 if last == 1: count += 1 # Chop off last digit n //= 10 print(count) 008970 0

Reverse a number

```
n = 123
  output: 321
n = int(input())
rev = 0
```

```
while n > 0:
    # get the last digit
    last = n % 10

# update the reverse
    rev = rev * 10 + last

# chop off the last digit
    n = n // 10

print(rev)

123
321
```