

▼ Aim - Design and Implementation of a Hidden Markov Model for Outcome Prediction

▼ AAI EXP - 2 Yash Ashok Shirsath

```
import numpy as np
```

```
class HMM:
```

```
    def __init__(self, states, observations, start_prob, trans_prob, emission_prob):
```

```
        self.states = states
```

```
        self.observations = observations
```

```
        self.start_prob = np.array(start_prob)
```

```
        self.trans_prob = np.array(trans_prob)
```

```
        self.emission_prob = np.array(emission_prob)
```

```
        assert len(self.start_prob) == len(self.states), "Start probability vector dimension mismatch."
```

```
        assert self.trans_prob.shape == (len(self.states), len(self.states)), "Transition probability matrix dimension mismatch."
```

```
        assert self.emission_prob.shape == (len(self.states), len(self.observations)), "Emission probability matrix dimension mismatch."
```

```
    def forward(self, obs_seq):
```

```
        T = len(obs_seq)
```

```
        N = len(self.states)
```

```
        alpha = np.zeros((T, N))
```

```
        for s in range(N):
```

```
            alpha[0, s] = self.start_prob[s] * self.emission_prob[s, obs_seq[0]]
```

```
        for t in range(1, T):
```

```
            for s in range(N):
```

```
                alpha[t, s] = np.sum(alpha[t-1, :] * self.trans_prob[:, s]) * self.emission_prob[s, obs_seq[t]]
```

```
        return alpha
```

```
    def viterbi(self, obs_seq):
```

```
        T = len(obs_seq)
```

```
        N = len(self.states)
```

```
        delta = np.zeros((T, N))
```

```
        psi = np.zeros((T, N), dtype=int)
```

```
        for s in range(N):
```

```
            delta[0, s] = self.start_prob[s] * self.emission_prob[s, obs_seq[0]]
```

```
            psi[0, s] = 0
```

```
        for t in range(1, T):
```

```
            for s in range(N):
```

```
                delta[t, s] = np.max(delta[t-1, :] * self.trans_prob[:, s]) * self.emission_prob[s, obs_seq[t]]
```

```

        delta[t, s] = np.max(delta[t-1, :] * self.trans_prob[:, s]) + self.emission_prob[s, obs_seq[t]]
        psi[t, s] = np.argmax(delta[t-1, :] * self.trans_prob[:, s])

    path = [np.argmax(delta[T-1, :])]
    for t in range(T-2, -1, -1):
        path.insert(0, psi[t+1, path[0]])

    return path, delta

states = ["Rainy", "Sunny"]
observations = ["walk", "shop", "clean"]
start_probability = [0.6, 0.4]
transition_probability = [
    [0.7, 0.3],
    [0.4, 0.6]
]
emission_probability = [
    [0.1, 0.4, 0.5],
    [0.6, 0.3, 0.1]
]

hmm_model = HMM(states, observations, start_probability, transition_probability, emission_probability)
obs_seq = [0, 1, 2] # walk, shop, clean (index into observations)

alpha = hmm_model.forward(obs_seq)
print("Forward probabilities:\n", alpha)
path, delta = hmm_model.viterbi(obs_seq)
print("\nMost likely sequence of hidden states:\n", [states[i] for i in path])
decoded_observations = [observations[i] for i in obs_seq]
print("\nObservations:", decoded_observations)

```

⇒ Forward probabilities:

```

[[0.06    0.24    ]
 [0.0552  0.0486  ]
 [0.02904 0.004572]]

```

Most likely sequence of hidden states:

```

['Sunny', 'Rainy', 'Rainy']

```

Observations: ['walk', 'shop', 'clean']