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ER Diagram Description:
Entities: Vehicles, ServiceTypes, Appointments
Relationships: A vehicle can have multiple appointments; each appointment is linked to a service type.
Table Creation:
CREATE TABLE Vehicles (
  VehicleID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  OwnerName VARCHAR(100),
  Model VARCHAR(50)
);
CREATE TABLE ServiceTypes (
  ServiceID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Description VARCHAR(100)
);
CREATE TABLE Appointments (
  AppointmentID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  VehicleID INT,
  ServiceID INT,
  ServiceDate DATE,
  FOREIGN KEY (VehicleID) REFERENCES Vehicles(VehicleID),
  FOREIGN KEY (ServiceID) REFERENCES ServiceTypes(ServiceID)
);
```

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Sample Data:
INSERT INTO Vehicles VALUES
(1, 'Ramesh Kumar', 'Swift'),
(2, 'Geeta Singh', 'i20'),
(3, 'Akhil Sharma', 'Creta');
INSERT INTO ServiceTypes VALUES
(501, 'Oil Change'),
(502, 'Tyre Replacement'),
(503, 'Battery Check');
INSERT INTO Appointments VALUES
(1001, 1, 501, '2025-03-01'),
(1002, 2, 502, '2025-03-05'),
(1003, 1, 503, '2025-04-02'),
(1004, 3, 501, '2025-04-10');
Queries:
SELECT * FROM Vehicles WHERE Model = 'Swift';
SELECT * FROM Appointments WHERE ServiceID = 501;
SELECT ServiceID, COUNT(*) AS TotalAppointments FROM Appointments GROUP BY ServiceID;
SELECT VehicleID FROM Appointments WHERE ServiceID = 501
INTERSECT
SELECT VehicleID FROM Appointments WHERE ServiceID = 503;
SELECT Vehicles.OwnerName, ServiceTypes.Description
FROM Appointments
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JOIN Vehicles ON Appointments. VehicleID = Vehicles. VehicleID
JOIN ServiceTypes ON Appointments.ServiceID = ServiceTypes.ServiceID;
Problem 10: Hotel Reservation System
ER Diagram Description:
Entities: Rooms, Guests, Reservations
Relationships: Guests make reservations for rooms.
Table Creation:
CREATE TABLE Rooms (
  RoomID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Type VARCHAR(50),
  Price DECIMAL(10,2)
);
CREATE TABLE Guests (
  GuestID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(100),
  Phone VARCHAR(15)
);
CREATE TABLE Reservations (
  ReservationID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  RoomID INT,
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GuestID INT,

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CheckInDate DATE,
  CheckOutDate DATE,
  FOREIGN KEY (RoomID) REFERENCES Rooms(RoomID),
  FOREIGN KEY (GuestID) REFERENCES Guests(GuestID)
);
Sample Data:
INSERT INTO Rooms VALUES
(1, 'Deluxe', 2500.00),
(2, 'Standard', 1800.00),
(3, 'Suite', 3200.00);
INSERT INTO Guests VALUES
(101, 'Kunal Rao', '9999988888'),
(102, 'Meena lyer', '8888877777'),
(103, 'Raj Malhotra', '7777766666');
INSERT INTO Reservations VALUES
(201, 1, 101, '2025-03-10', '2025-03-15'),
(202, 2, 102, '2025-03-18', '2025-03-20'),
(203, 3, 103, '2025-04-05', '2025-04-10');
Queries:
SELECT * FROM Rooms WHERE Price > 2000;
SELECT * FROM Reservations WHERE MONTH(CheckInDate) = 3;
SELECT RoomID, COUNT(*) AS TotalBookings FROM Reservations GROUP BY RoomID;
SELECT GuestID FROM Reservations WHERE RoomID = 1
```

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UNION
SELECT GuestID FROM Reservations WHERE RoomID = 2;
SELECT Guests.Name, Rooms.Type
FROM Reservations
JOIN Guests ON Reservations.GuestID = Guests.GuestID
JOIN Rooms ON Reservations.RoomID = Rooms.RoomID;
Problem 11: Gym Management System
ER Diagram Description:
Entities: Members, Trainers, Subscriptions
Relationships: Members subscribe under trainers for a type of subscription.
Table Creation:
CREATE TABLE Members (
  MemberID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(100),
  Age INT
);
```

```
Age INT
);

CREATE TABLE Trainers (
   TrainerID INT PRIMARY KEY,
   Name VARCHAR(100),
   Expertise VARCHAR(100)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Subscriptions (
  MemberID INT,
  TrainerID INT,
  Type VARCHAR(20),
  StartDate DATE,
  PRIMARY KEY (MemberID, TrainerID),
  FOREIGN KEY (MemberID) REFERENCES Members(MemberID),
  FOREIGN KEY (TrainerID) REFERENCES Trainers(TrainerID)
);
Sample Data:
INSERT INTO Members VALUES
(1, 'Sahil Rana', 35),
(2, 'Priya Desai', 28),
(3, 'Ankit Verma', 40);
INSERT INTO Trainers VALUES
(101, 'Rohit Kumar', 'Cardio'),
(102, 'Anita Shah', 'Weight Training'),
(103, 'Kabir Jain', 'Yoga');
INSERT INTO Subscriptions VALUES
(1, 101, 'Premium', '2025-02-01'),
(2, 102, 'Basic', '2025-03-05'),
(3, 101, 'Basic', '2025-03-15'),
(1, 102, 'Basic', '2025-03-20');
```

Queries:

SELECT * FROM Members WHERE Age > 30;

SELECT * FROM Trainers WHERE Expertise = 'Cardio';

SELECT Type, COUNT(*) AS MemberCount FROM Subscriptions GROUP BY Type;

SELECT MemberID FROM Subscriptions WHERE Type = 'Basic'

INTERSECT

SELECT MemberID FROM Subscriptions WHERE Type = 'Premium';

SELECT Members.Name, Trainers.Name

FROM Subscriptions

JOIN Members ON Subscriptions.MemberID = Members.MemberID

JOIN Trainers ON Subscriptions.TrainerID = Trainers.TrainerID;