END TERM EXAMINATION

SIXTH SEMESTER [B.TECH] MAY-JUNE 2018

	TM 200
code:	17-300

Subject: Compiler Design

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q no.1 which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit.

- Explain following in brief (any five):-
 - (a) What is a scanner? Define token and lexeme.

(5)

- (b) What are the benefits of using machine-independent intermediate forms? List out the primary structure preserving transformations on basic block.
- (c) Differentiate in between Top-down and bottom up parsing. Illustrate (5) the difference in between LR(0) bad SLR(1) parsing.
- (d) Define FIRST and Follow sets. Illustrate through an example. (5)
- (e) What area the valid three address instructions? Define quadruple and triple mechanisms to implement three address codes. (5)
- (5)(f) What is symbol table? Draw its structure.

UNIT-I

- Describe the various phases of complier and trace the program segment Q2A = B + C*60 for all phases.
- Illustrate Bootstrapping process in the design of a self-hosting complier. 03 Briefly explain the compiler construction tools.

UNIT-II

Construct the LALR and SLR(1) Parsing Table for the following Grammar. Q4 Why CLR parsers are considered to be powerful than LALR parsers.(12.5) $S \rightarrow Aa|aAc|Bc|bBa$

 $A \rightarrow d$

 $B \rightarrow D$

What is ambiguous grammar Consider the following grammar and Q5 construct the LR(1) parsing table. (12.5) $S \rightarrow aSbS|bSaS| \in$

UNIT-III

Define S and L attribute grammar. Consider the program fragment: (12.5) sum = 0

 $for(i = 1; i \le 20; i + +)$

sum = sum + a[i] + b[i],

and generate the three-address code for it. There are four bytes per word.

P.T.O.

Q7 Discuss run time environment (static, stack based and dynamic) in detail. What are the different fields of an activation record? Illustrate through an example. (12.5)

UNIT-IV

Q8 List the major issues and challenges involved in the design of a code generator. Construct the DAG for the following basic block. (12.5)

d := b * x

e := a + b

b := b * c

a := e - d

Q9 Write short comments on any two of the following:-

(12.5)

- (a) Peephole optimization
- (b) Bison and Flex
- (c) IN and OUT sets in the global data flow analysis
