

**Subject: Algorithm and Data Structure
Assignment 1**

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Solve the assignment with following thing to be added in each question.

- Program
- Flow chart
- Explanation
- Output
- Time and Space complexity

1. Armstrong Number

Problem: Write a Java program to check if a given number is an Armstrong number.

Code:

```
package problem1;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class armstrongMain {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.println("enter a number");
```

```
        int number = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        int origNum = number;
```

```
        int result = 0;
```

```
        int digit = 0;
```

```
        while(origNum!=0) {    // counting the number of digit
```

```
            origNum /=10;
```

```
            digit++;
```

```
        }
```

```
        origNum = number;
```

```
        while (origNum!=0) {
```

```
            int remainder = origNum % 10;
```

```
            result += Math.pow(remainder, digit);
```

```
            origNum /=10;
```

```
        }
```

```
        if(result == number) {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is an Armstrong number ");
```

```
        }else {
```

```
        System.out.println(number + " is not an Armstrong number ");
    }
    sc.close();
}
}
```

O/P:

enter a number

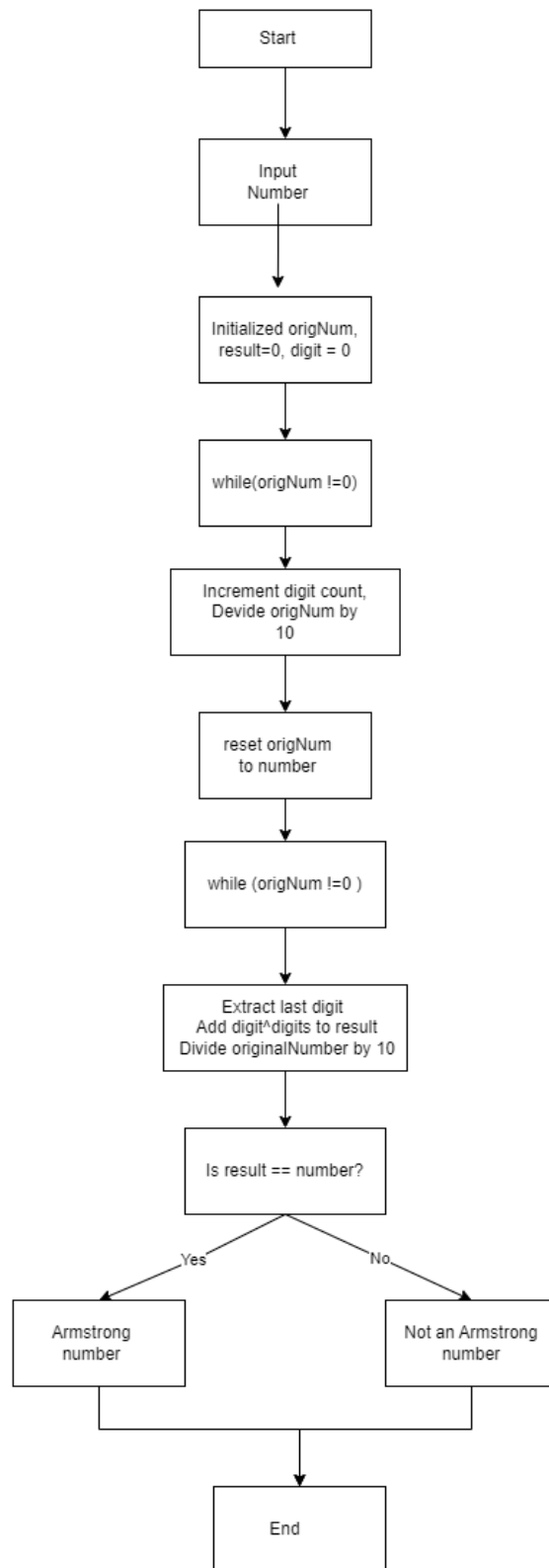
153

153 is an Armstrong number

Time Complexity: $O(d)$ - d for number of digits.

Space Complexity: $O(1)$

Flowchart:



2. Prime Number

Problem: Write a Java program to check if a given number is prime.

Test Cases:

Input: 29

Output: true

Input: 15

Output: false

Code:

```
package problem2;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class primeCheck {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.println("Enter number to check");
```

```
        int number = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        boolean isPrime =true;
```

```
        if (number <= 1) {
```

```
            isPrime = false;
```

```
        }else {
```

```
            for(int i = 2; i< number; i++) {
```

```
                if(number %i == 0 ) {
```

```
                    isPrime =false;
```

```
                    break;
```

```
                }
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
        if(isPrime) {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is a prime number");
```

```
        }else {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is not a prime number");
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

O/p:

Enter number to check

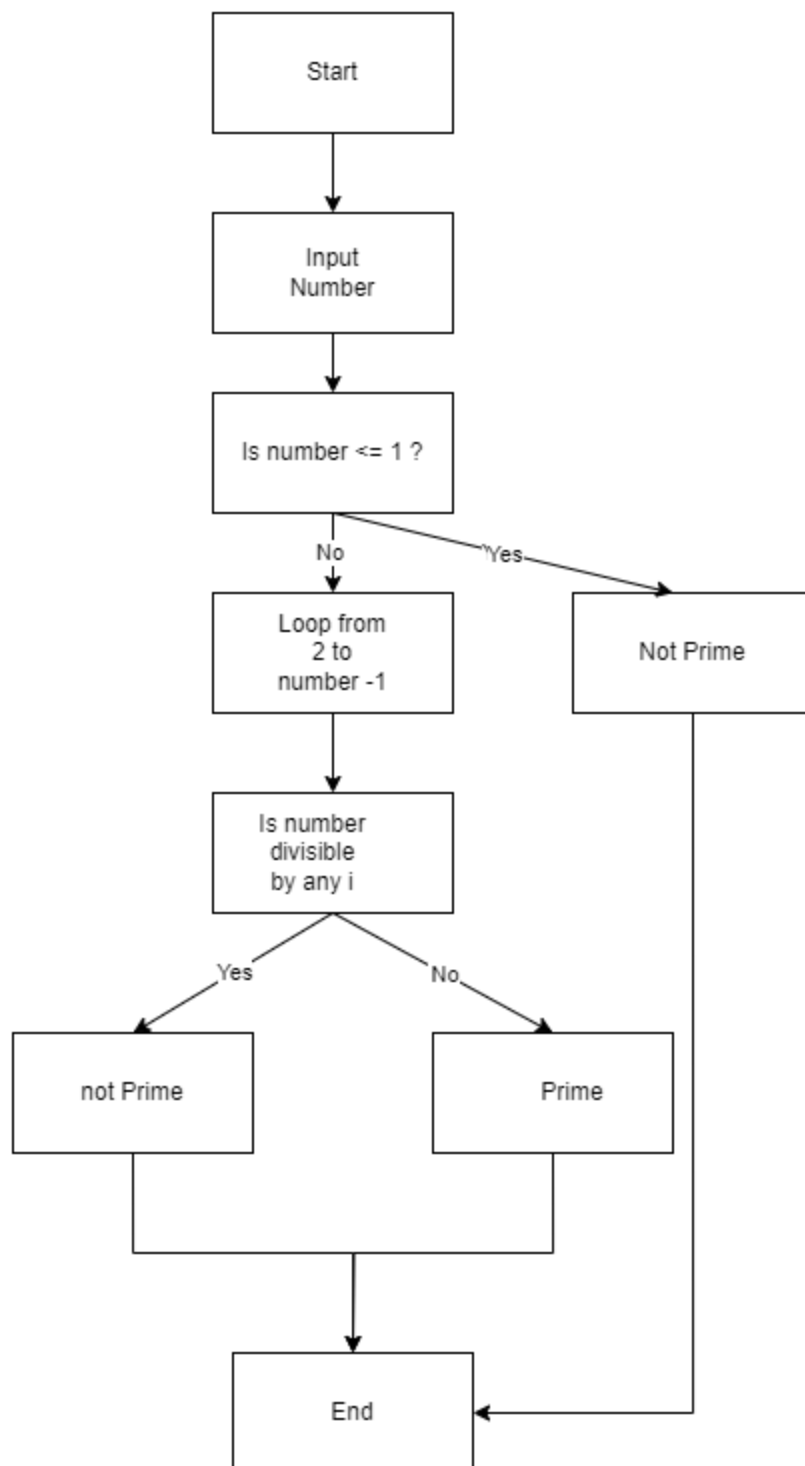
123

123 is not a prime number

Time Complexity: O(n)

Space Complexity: $O(1)$

Flowchart:



3. Factorial

Problem: Write a Java program to compute the factorial of a given number.

Code:

```
package problem3;
```

```
public class factorial {  
    public static int fact (int n) {  
        if (n==0)  
            return 1;  
        return n*fact(n-1);  
    }  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int num = 5;  
        System.out.println("Factorial of " + num + " is: " + fact(num));  
    }  
}
```

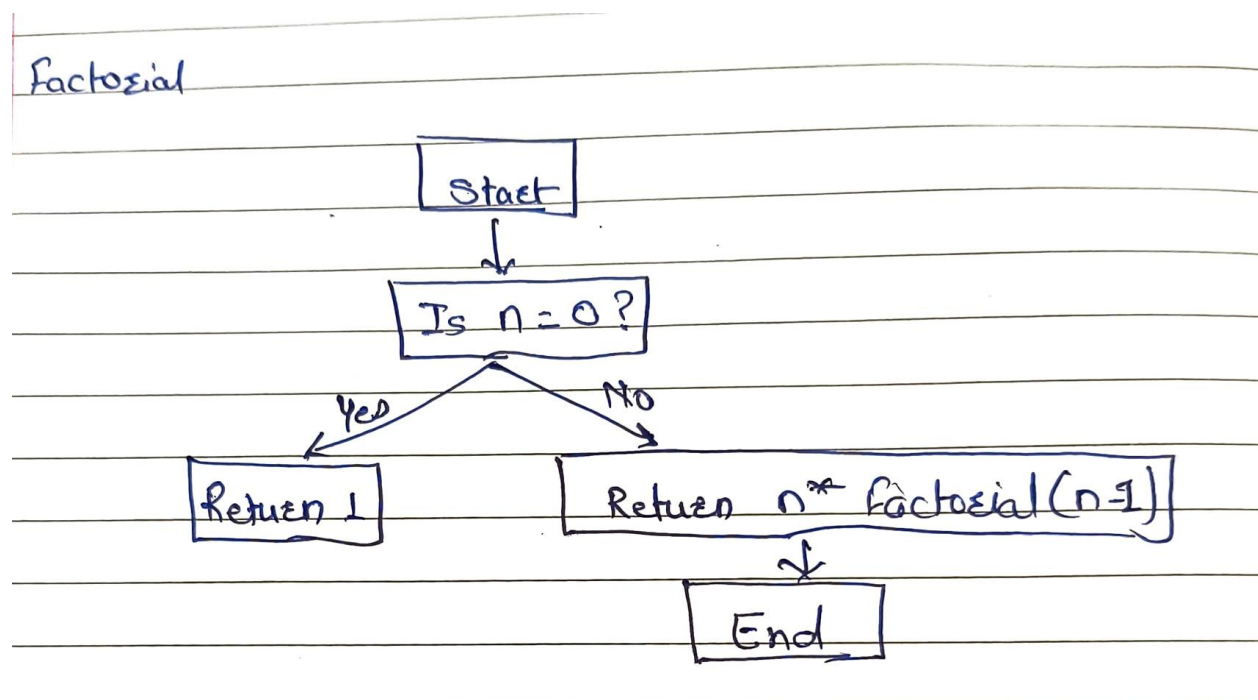
O/p:

Factorial of 5 is: 120

Time complexity: $O(n)$

Space complexity: $O(n)$

Flowchart:



4. Fibonacci Series

Problem: Write a Java program to print the first n numbers in the Fibonacci series.

Code:

```
package problem4;
```

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
```

```
import java.util.List;
```

```
public class Fibonacci {  
    public static int fib(int n ) {  
        if(n==0) return 0;  
        if(n==1) return 1;  
        return fib(n-1) + fib(n-2);  
    }  
  
    public static List<Integer> fibonacciSeries(int n){  
        List<Integer> series = new ArrayList<>();  
        for(int i =0; i<n; i++) {  
            series.add(fib(i));  
        }  
        return series;  
    }  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int n1 = 5;  
        System.out.println("First " + n1 + "Fibonacci numbers: " + fibonacciSeries(n1));  
  
        int n2 = 8;  
        System.out.println("First " + n2 +" Fibonacci numbers: " + fibonacciSeries(n2));  
    }  
}
```

O/p:

First 5Fibonacci numbers: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3]

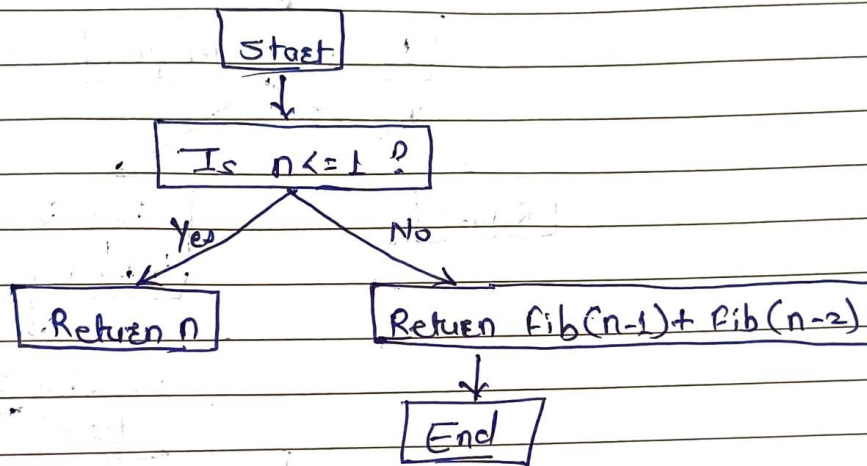
First 8 Fibonacci numbers: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13]

Time complexity: $O(2^n)$

Space complexity: $O(n)$

Flowchart:

Fibonacci



5. Find GCD

Problem: Write a Java program to find the Greatest Common Divisor (GCD) of two numbers.

Code:

```
package problem5;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class GCD {
```

```
    public static int gcd(int a, int b) {  
        if (b == 0) return a;  
        return gcd(b, a % b);  
    }
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter first number (a): ");  
        int a = sc.nextInt();  
        System.out.print("Enter second number (b): ");  
        int b = sc.nextInt();  
        if (a == 0 && b == 0) {  
            System.out.println("GCD is undefined for both numbers being zero.");  
        } else {  
            System.out.println("GCD of " + a + " and " + b + " is: " + gcd(a, b));  
        }  
    }  
}
```

O/p:

Enter first number (a): 17

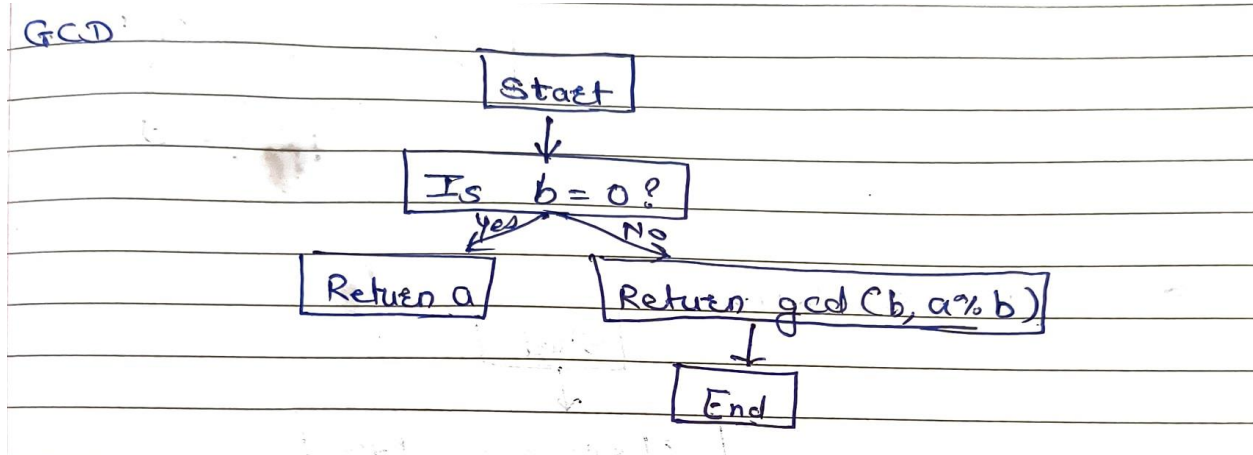
Enter second number (b): 45

GCD of 17 and 45 is: 1

Time complexity: $O(\log(\min(a,b)))$

Space complexity: $O(\log(\min(a,b)))$

Flowchart:



6. Find Square Root

Problem: Write a Java program to find the square root of a given number (using integer approximation).

Code:

package problem6;

```
public class SquareRoot {  
    public static int sqrt (int x, int guess) {  
        if (guess * guess > x) return guess -1;  
        return sqrt(x, guess +1);  
    }  
  
    public static int sqrt (int x) {  
        return sqrt(x, 1);  
    }  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int x1 =16;  
        System.out.println("Square root of " + x1 + " is: " + sqrt(x1));  
  
        int x2 =27;  
        System.out.println("Square root of " + x2 + " is: " + sqrt(x2));  
    }  
}
```

O/p:

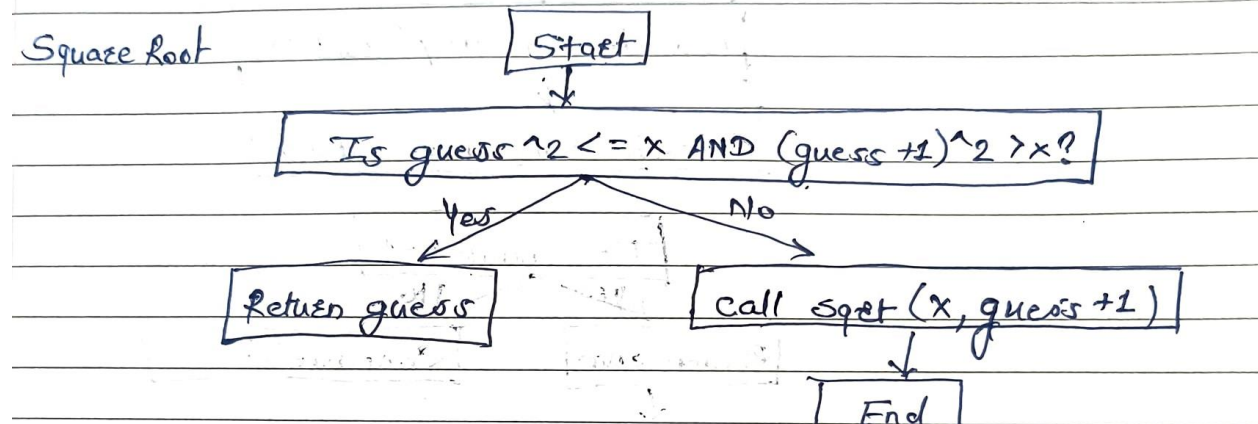
Square root of 16 is: 4

Square root of 27 is: 5

Time complexity: $O(\sqrt{x})$

Space complexity: $O(\sqrt{x})$

Flowchart:



7. Find Repeated Characters in a String

Problem: Write a Java program to find all repeated characters in a string.

Code:

```
package problem7;
import java.util.HashSet;
public class repeatedChars {
    public static void findRepeated(String str, int index, HashSet<Character>seen) {
        if (index == str.length()) return;

        char current = str.charAt(index);
        if(seen.contains(current)) {
            System.out.println(current + " ");
        }else {
            seen.add(current);
        }
        findRepeated(str, index + 1, seen);
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String input = "programming";

        HashSet<Character> seen =new HashSet<>();

        System.out.println("Repeated characters are: ");
        findRepeated(input, 0, seen);
    }
}
```

O/p:

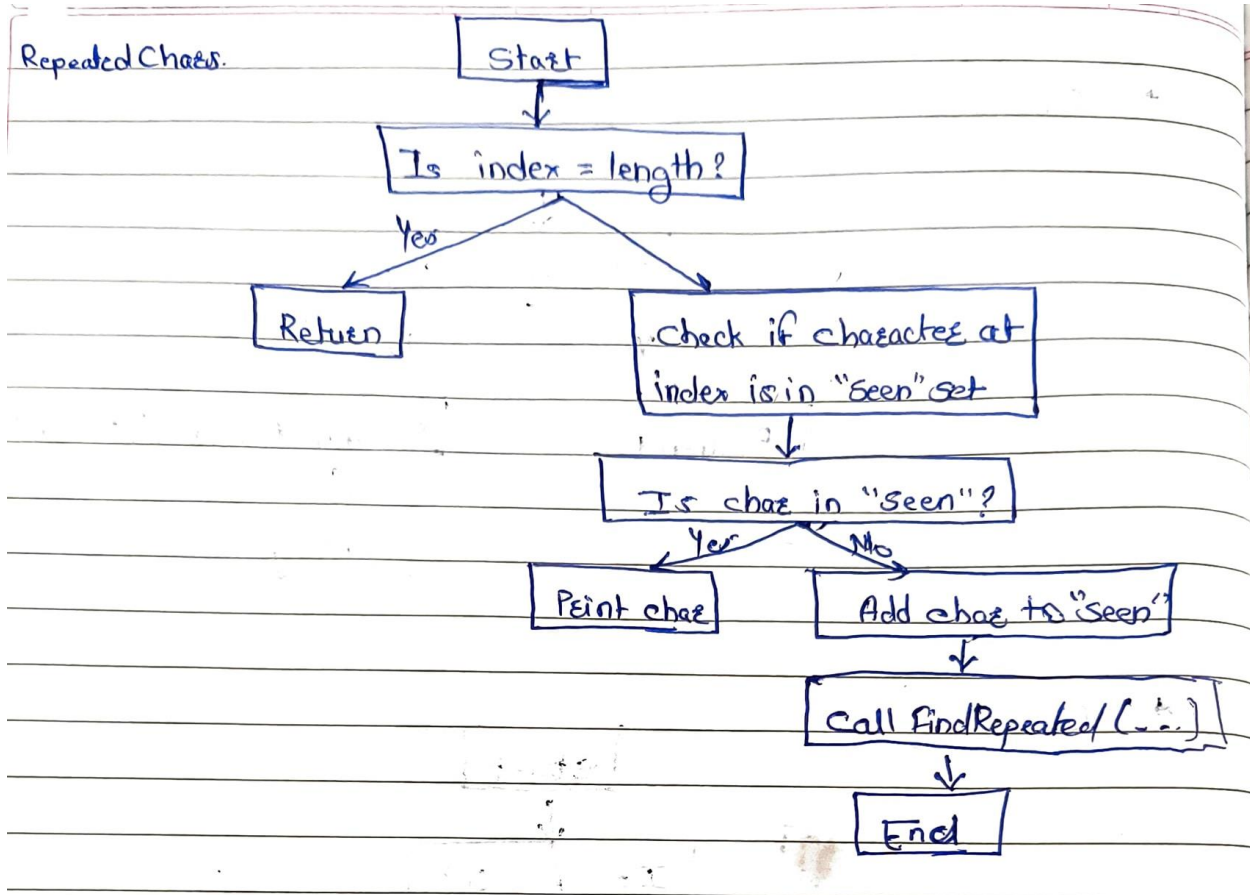
Repeated characters are:

r
m
g

Time complexity: $O(n)$

Space complexity: $O(n)$

Flowchart:



8. First Non-Repeated Character

Problem: Write a Java program to find the first non-repeated character in a string.

Code:

```
package problem8;
```

```
import java.util.LinkedHashMap;
```

```
import java.util.Map;
```

```
public class firstNonRepeatedChar {
```

```
    public static Character firstNonRepeat(String str) {
```

```
        Map<Character, Integer> charCount = new LinkedHashMap<>();
```

```
        for(char c:str.toCharArray()) {
```

```
            charCount.put(c,charCount.getOrDefault(c, 0)+1);
```

```
        }
```

```
        for(Map.Entry<Character, Integer>entry : charCount.entrySet()) {
```

```

        if(entry.getValue()==1) {
            return entry.getKey();

        }
    }
    return null;
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    String input1 = "stress";
    String input2 = "aabbcc";

    System.out.println("First non-repeated character in " + input1 + " is: " +
FirstNonRepeat(input1));
    System.out.println("First non-repeated character in " + input2 + " is: " +
FirstNonRepeat(input2));
}
}

```

O/p:

First non-repeated character in 'stress' is: t

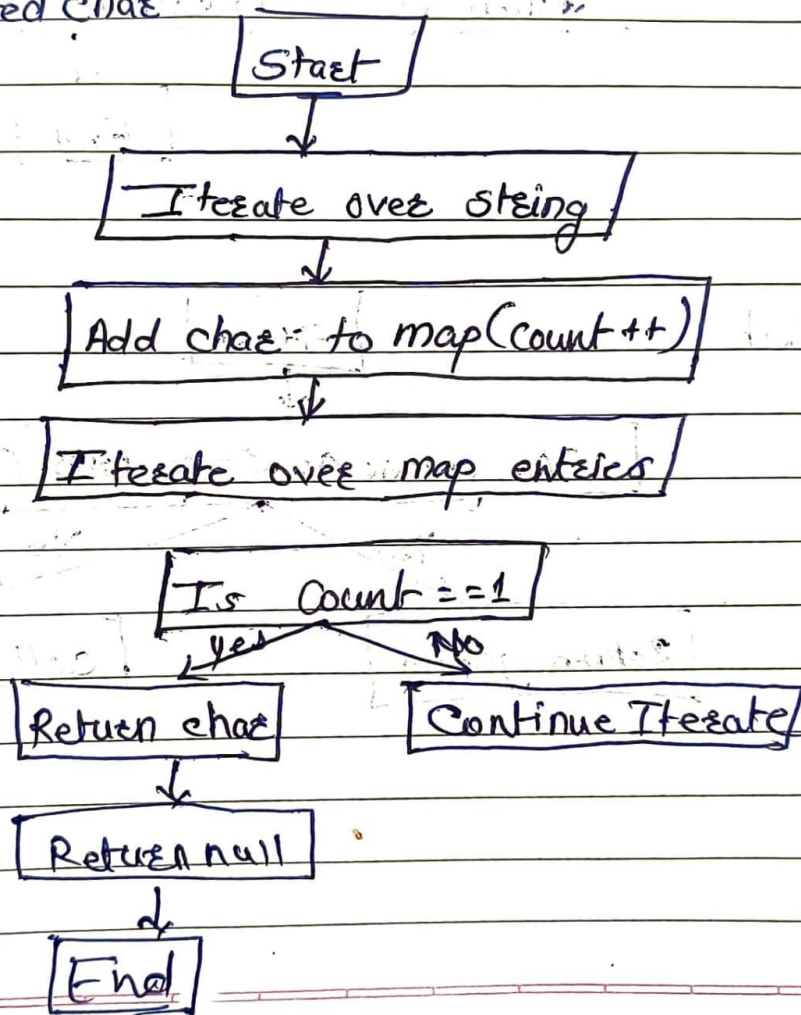
First non-repeated character in 'aabbcc' is: null

Time complexity: O(n)

Space complexity: O(n)

Flowchart:

First Non Repeated char



9. Integer Palindrome

Problem: Write a Java program to check if a given integer is a palindrome.

Code:

```
package problem9;
```

```
public class palindromeCheck {  
    public static int reverse(int num, int rev) {  
        if (num == 0) return rev;  
        return reverse(num / 10, rev * 10 + num % 10);  
    }  
}
```

```
public static boolean isPalindrome(int num) {  
    if (num < 0) return false;  
    return num == reverse(num, 0);  
}
```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num1 = 121;
    int num2 = -121;

    System.out.println(num1 + " is palindrome: " + isPalindrome(num1));
    System.out.println(num2 + " is palindrome: " + isPalindrome(num2));
}
}

```

O/p:

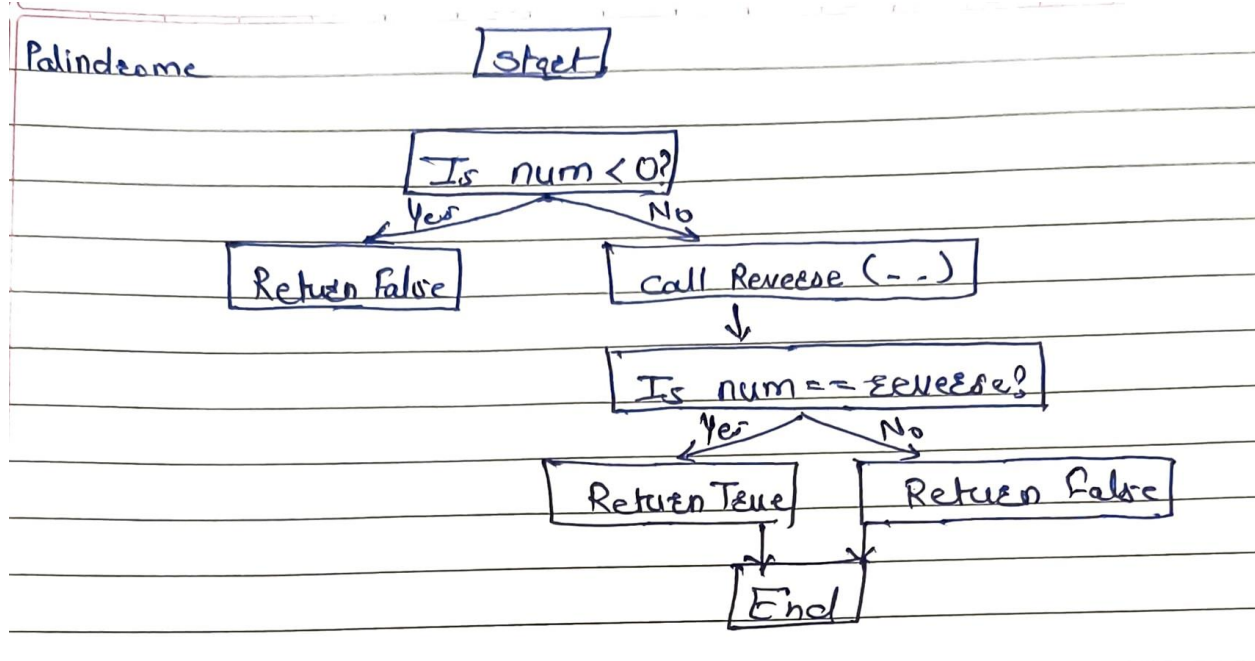
121 is palindrome: true

-121 is palindrome: false

Time complexity: O(d)

Space complexity: O(d)

Flowchart:



10. Leap Year

Problem: Write a Java program to check if a given year is a leap year.

Code:

```

package problem10;

```

```

public class leapYearCheck {

    public static boolean isLeapYear(int year) {

```

```
    if (year < 0) return false;

    return (year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0);
}

public static void main(String[] args) {

    int year1 = 2020;

    int year2 = 1900;

    System.out.println(year1 + " is a leap year: " + isLeapYear(year1));

    System.out.println(year2 + " is a leap year: " + isLeapYear(year2));

}
}
```

O/p:

2020 is a leap year: true

1900 is a leap year: false

Time complexity: $O(1)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

Flowchart:

Leap Year

