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Labsheet 2

Question 1

1.

```
DECLARE (double) num1, num2, num3
```

```
DISPLAY "Input num1: "
```

```
Input num1
```

```
DISPLAY "Input num2: "
```

```
Input num2
```

```
DISPLAY "Input num3: "
```

```
Input num3
```

```
CALL FindLargestNumber(num1, num2, num3)
```

```
FUNCTION FindLargestNumber(double x, y, z)
```

```
    IF (x == y) AND (x == z) THEN
```

```
        DISPLAY "All 3 numbers are the same!"
```

```
    ELSEIF (x > y) AND (x > z)
```

```
        DISPLAY "The Largest of The 3 is: {0}", x
```

```
    ELSEIF (x < y) AND (y > z)
```

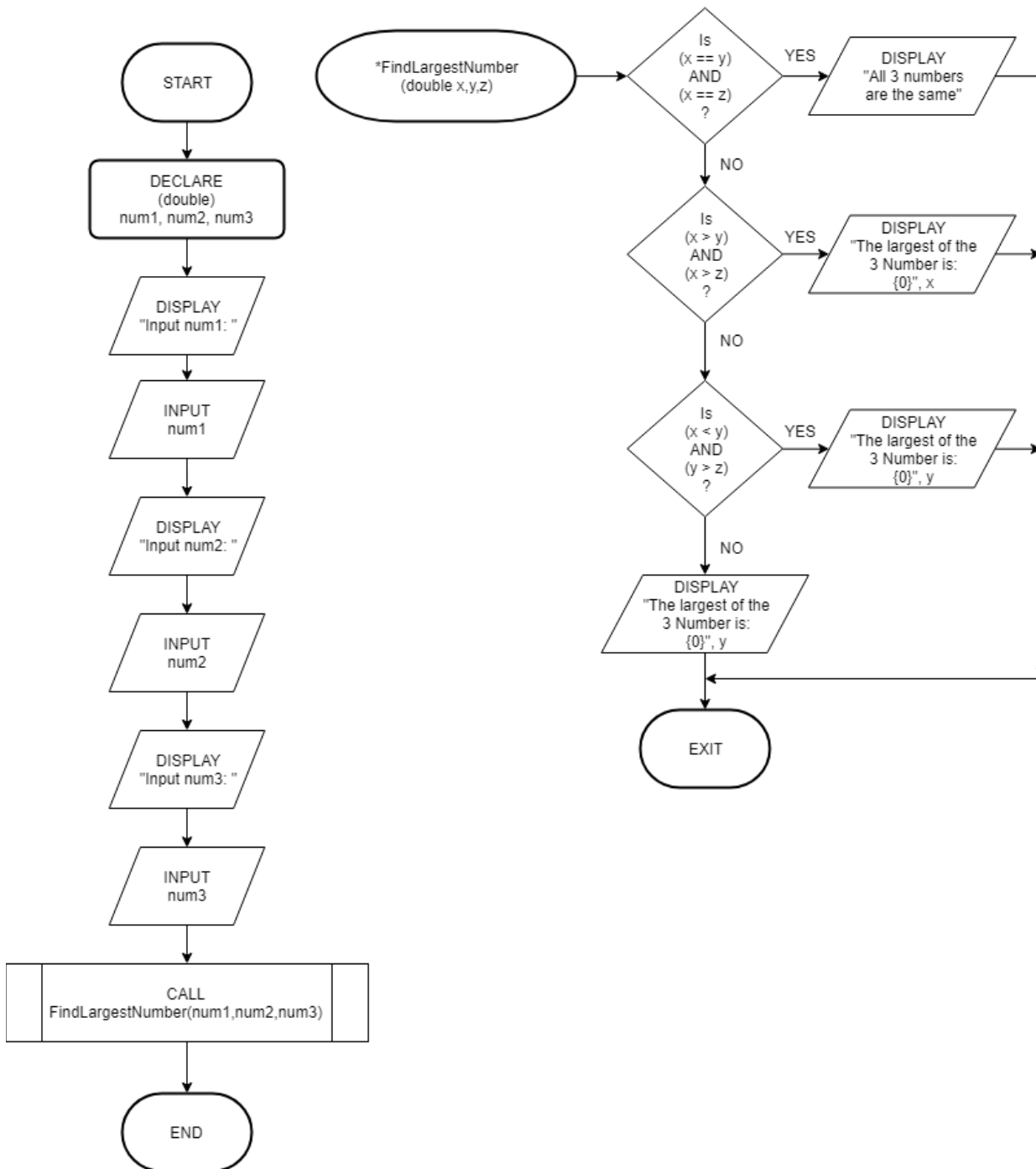
```
        DISPLAY "The Largest of the 3 is: {0}", y
```

```
    ELSE
```

```
        DISPLAY "The Largest of the 3 is: {0}", z
```

```
    ENDIF
```

```
END FUNCTION
```



```

U:\Documents\Projects\HOME\C#\LargestOfThree\LargestOfThree\bin\Debug\LargestOfThree.e...
Input Num1: 45
Input Num2: 100
Input Num3: 3
The Largest Number of the 3 is: 100
  
```

2.

```
DECLARE (double) num1, num2, num3, largest, smallest, sum, sumMinMax
DISPLAY "Input num1: "
Input num1
DISPLAY "Input num2: "
Input num2
DISPLAY "Input num3: "
Input num3
CALL FindLargest(num1, num2, num3)
CALL FindSmallest(num1, num2, num3)
CALL Sum (num1, num2, num3)
CALL Average(sum, sumMinMax)
```

```
FUNCTION FindLargest (double x, y, z)
    IF (x > y) AND (x > z)
        SET largest = x
    ELSEIF (x < y) AND (y > z)
        SET largest = y
    ELSE
        SET largest = z
    ENDIF
    DISPLAY "The Largest of The 3 is: {0}", largest
END FUNCTION
```

```
FUNCTION FindSmallest (double x, y, z)
    IF (x < y) AND (x < z)
        SET smallest = x
    ELSEIF (x > y) AND (y < z)
        SET smallest = y
    ELSE
```

SET smallest = z

ENDIF

DISPLAY "The Smallest of The 3 is: {0}", smallest

END FUNCTION

FUNCTION Sum (double x, y, z)

SET sum = (x + y + z)

SET sumMinMax = (smallest + smallest)

DISPLAY "Total of all 3 numbers is: {0}", sum

DISPLAY "Total of Minimum and Maximum is: {0}", sum

END FUNCTION

FUNCTION Average (double x, y)

DECLARE (double) average, averageMinMax

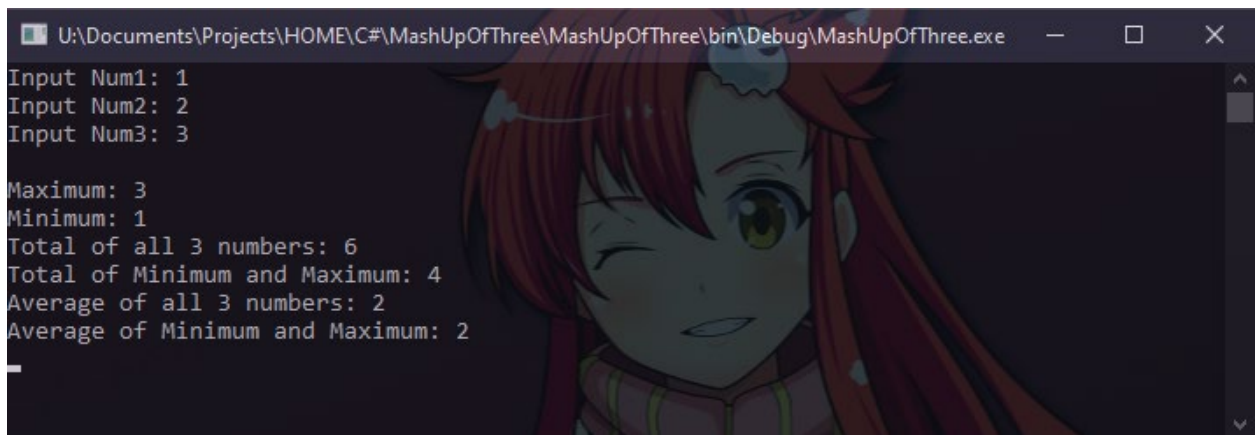
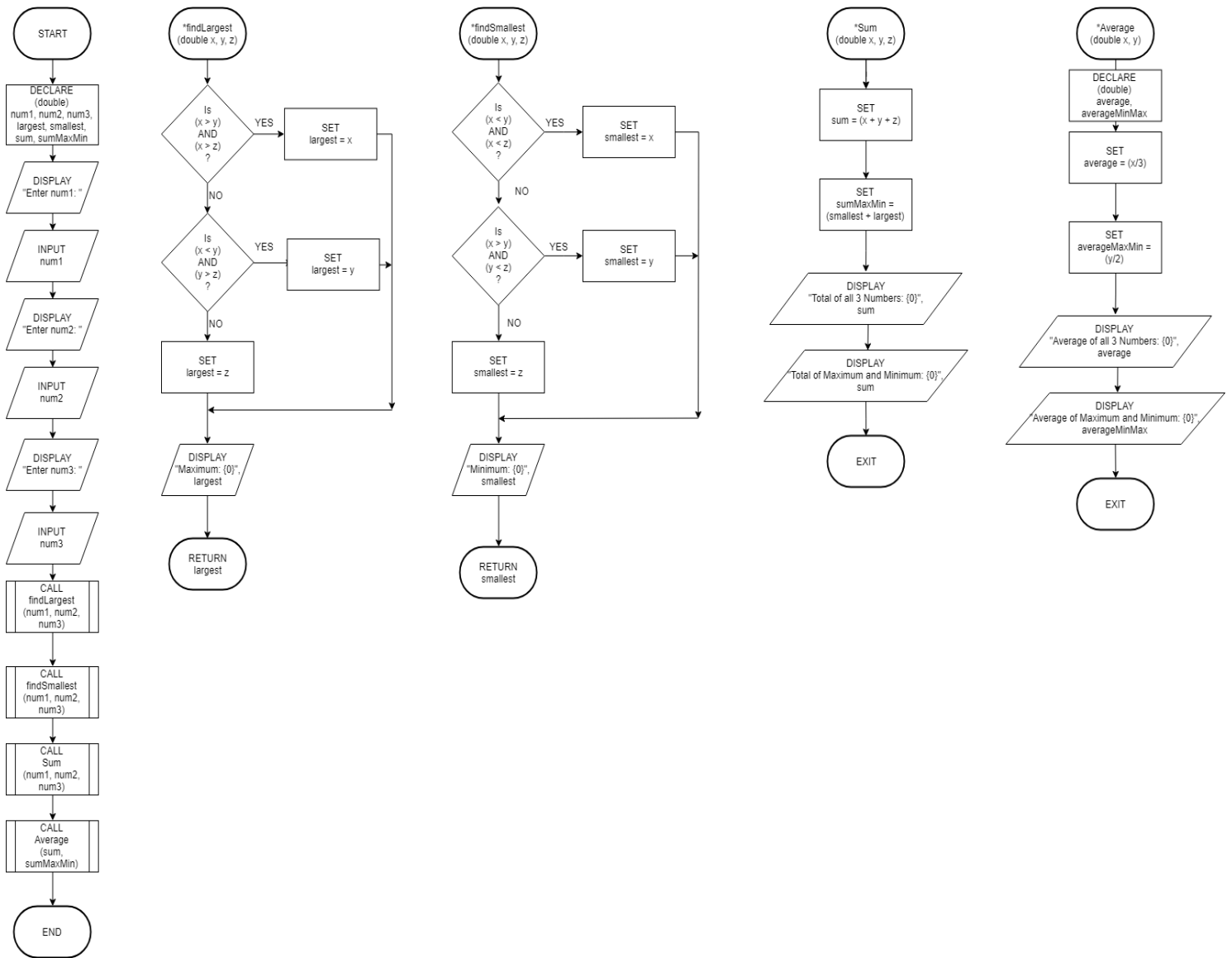
SET average = (x/3)

SET averageMinMax = (y/2)

DISPLAY "Average of all 3 numbers is: {0}", average

DISPLAY "Average of Minimum and Maximum is: {0}", averageMinMax

END FUNCTION



3.

```
DECLARE (double) marks
```

```
DECLARE (char) grade
```

```
DISPLAY "Input marks: "
```

```
Input marks
```

```
CALL CheckGrade (marks)
```

```
FUNCTION CheckGrade(double x)
```

```
DO
```

```
    IF (x < 40) THEN
```

```
        SET grade = 'F'
```

```
    ELSEIF (x > 39) AND (x < 50)
```

```
        SET grade = 'D'
```

```
    ELSEIF (x > 49) AND (x < 60)
```

```
        SET grade = 'C'
```

```
    ELSEIF (x > 59) AND (x < 70)
```

```
        SET grade = 'B'
```

```
    ELSE
```

```
        SET grade = 'A'
```

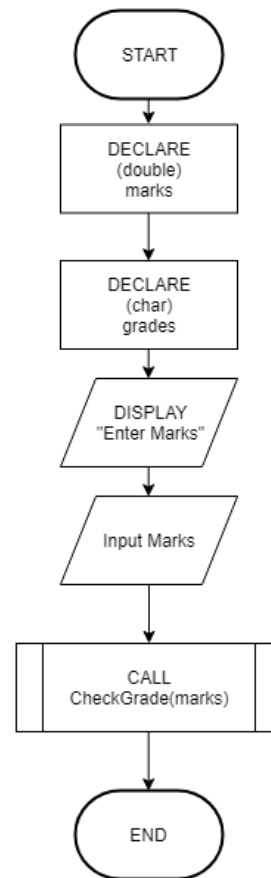
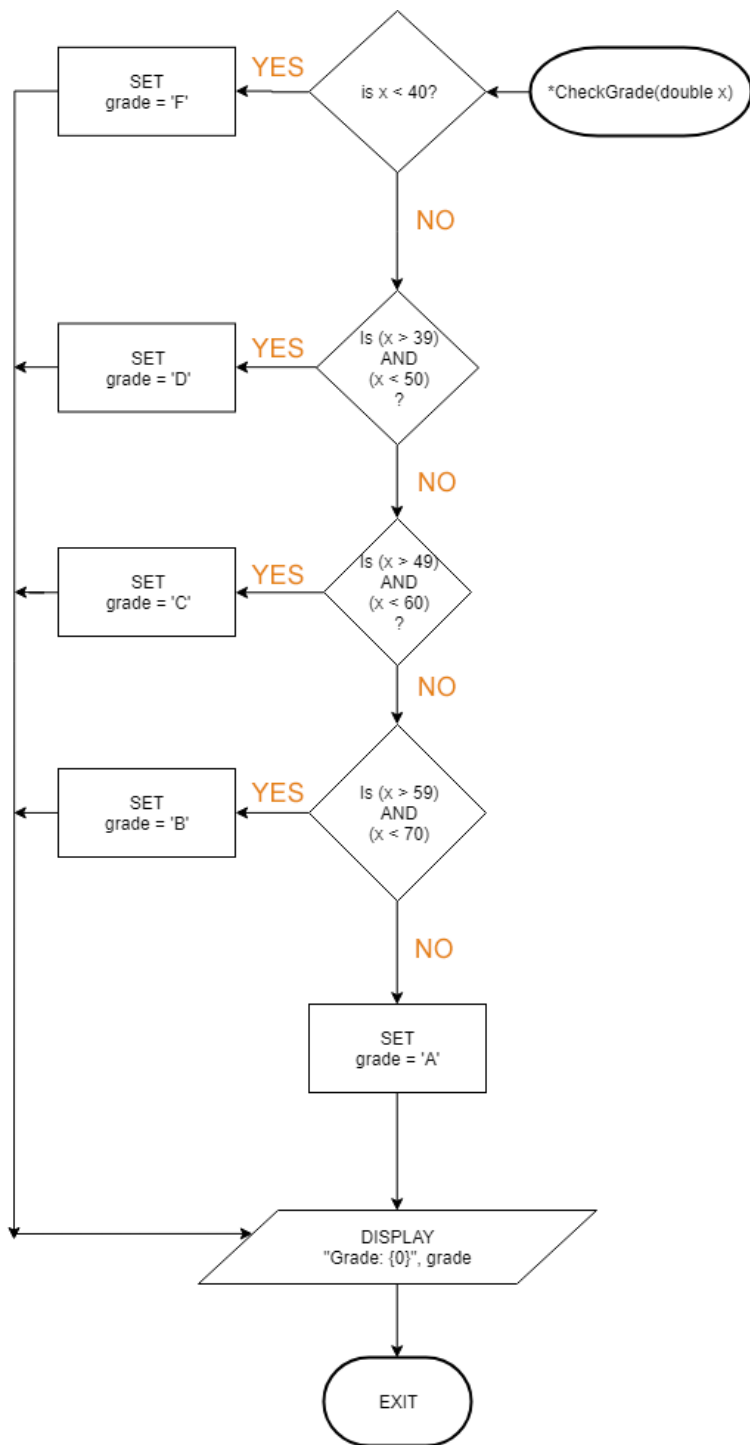
```
    ENDIF
```

```
    DISPLAY "Grade: {0}", grade
```

```
    BREAK
```

```
WHILE (true)
```

```
END FUNCTION
```



The screenshot shows the application window titled "U:\Documents\Projects\HOME\C#\GradeScheme\GradeScheme\bin\Debug\GradeScheme.exe". The window contains a list of grade ranges and their corresponding letters, followed by a prompt to enter marks. The user has entered the mark 44, and the application has displayed the grade 'D'.

```

*****
* 40 <= score < 50 * D *
*****
* 50 <= score < 60 * C *
*****
* 60 <= score < 70 * B *
*****
* score >= 70 * A *
*****

Enter marks:
--> 44
Grade: D

```

4.

```
DECLARE (int) month
```

```
DISPLAY "Input here: "
```

```
Input month
```

```
CALL CheckForDay (month)
```

```
FUNCTION CheckForDay (int x)
```

```
    SELECT CASE (x)
```

```
        Case 1:
```

```
            DISPLAY "January has 31 days"
```

```
            BREAK
```

```
        Case 2:
```

```
            DISPLAY "February has 28/29 days"
```

```
            BREAK
```

```
        Case 3:
```

```
            DISPLAY "March has 31 days"
```

```
            BREAK
```

```
        Case 4:
```

```
            DISPLAY "April has 30 days"
```

```
            BREAK
```

```
        Case 5:
```

```
            DISPLAY "May has 31 days"
```

```
            BREAK
```

```
        Case 6:
```

```
            DISPLAY "June has 30 days"
```

```
            BREAK
```

```
        Case 7:
```

```
            DISPLAY "July has 31 days"
```

```
            BREAK
```


Case 8:

DISPLAY "August has 31 days"

BREAK

Case 9:

DISPLAY "September has 30 days"

BREAK

Case 10:

DISPLAY "October has 31 days"

BREAK

Case 11:

DISPLAY "November has 30 days"

BREAK

Case 12:

DISPLAY "December has 31 days"

BREAK

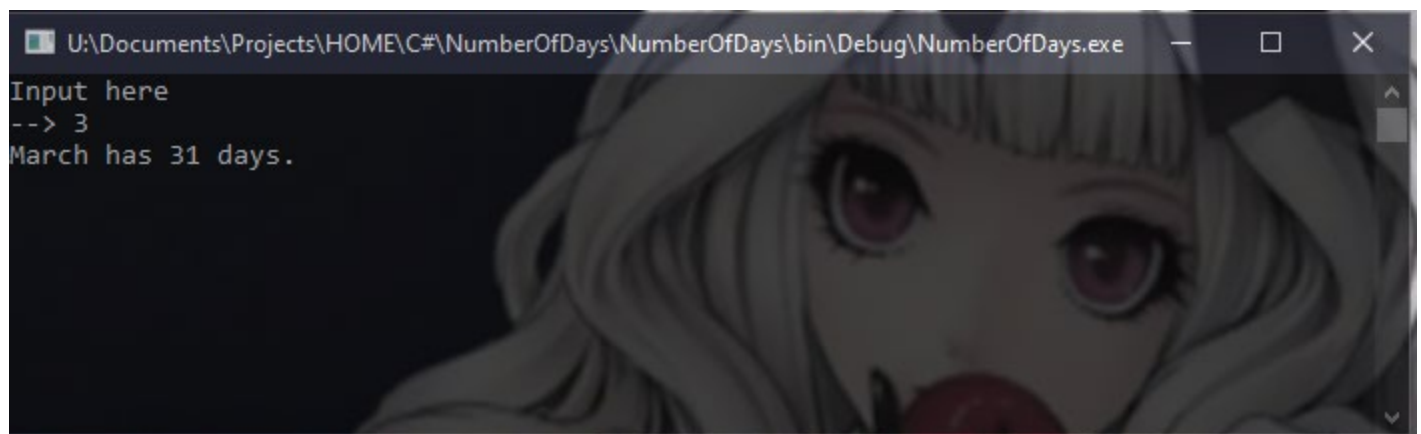
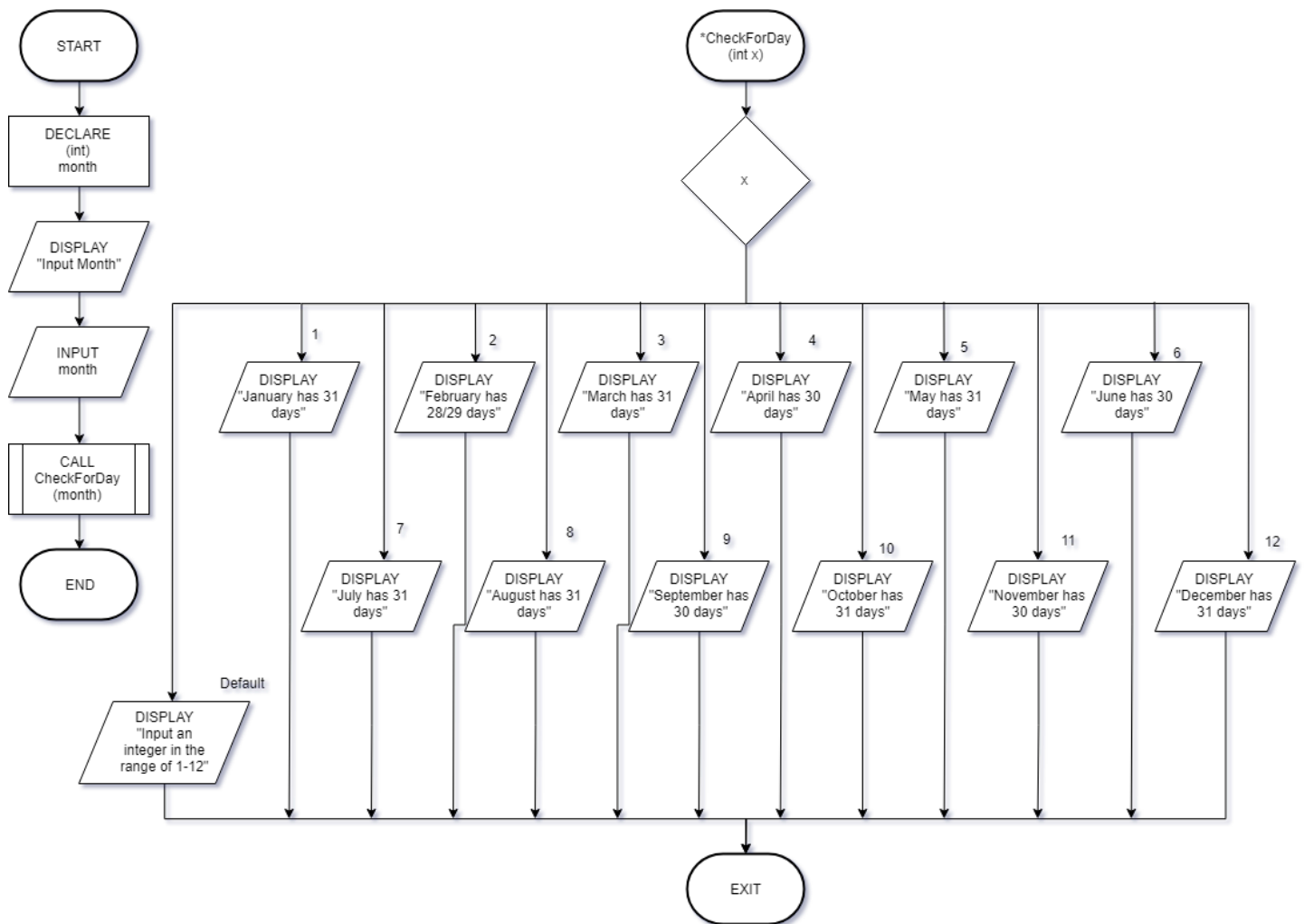
Case Default:

DISPLAY "Input an integer in range of 1-12 Only!"

BREAK

END SELECT

END FUNCTION



Question 2

Step 2: Based on the values to the variables in Step 1, what is the expected output? Hint: The output will be either what is printed to the screen, or nothing.

The condition	Expected Output
If myAge == 31 AND yourAge < myAge Then Display "My age is 31 and your age is less than that" End If	_____
If myAge <= 35 AND myAge >= 32 Then Display "My age is between 32 and 35" End If	"My age is between 32 and 35"
If yourAge == votingAge OR yourAge > votingAge Then Display "You can vote" End If	"You can vote"
If myNumber == 83 OR yourNumber == 83 Then Display "One of our numbers is 83" End If	_____

Step 3: Based on the values to the variables in Step 1, what is the expected output

The condition	Expected Output
If myAge == 31 AND yourAge < myAge Then Display "My age is 31 and your age is less than that" Else Display "Our ages do not qualify" End If	Our ages do not qualify
If myAge <= 35 AND myAge >= 32 Then Display "My age is between 32 and 35" Else Display "My age is not within that range" End If	My age is between 32 and 35
If yourAge == votingAge OR yourAge > votingAge Then Display "You can vote" Else Display "You cannot vote" End If	You can vote
If myNumber == 83 OR yourNumber == 83 Then Display "One of our numbers is 83" Else Display "83 is not our numbers" End If	83 is not our numbers