

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, recall_score, accuracy_score, precision_score

RANDOM_SEED = 2021
TEST_PCT = 0.3
LABELS = ["Normal", "Fraud"]
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\rutik\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\losses.py:2976: The name tf.losses.sparse_softmax_cross_entropy is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.losses.sparse_softmax_cross_entropy instead.

```
In [3]: dataset = pd.read_csv("creditcard.csv")
```

```
In [21]: #check for any null values
print("Number of Null values",dataset.isnull().sum())
print("-----")
print("Any nulls in the dataset",dataset.isnull().values.any())
print('-----')
print("No. of unique labels",len(dataset['Class'].unique()))
print("Label values",dataset.Class.unique())

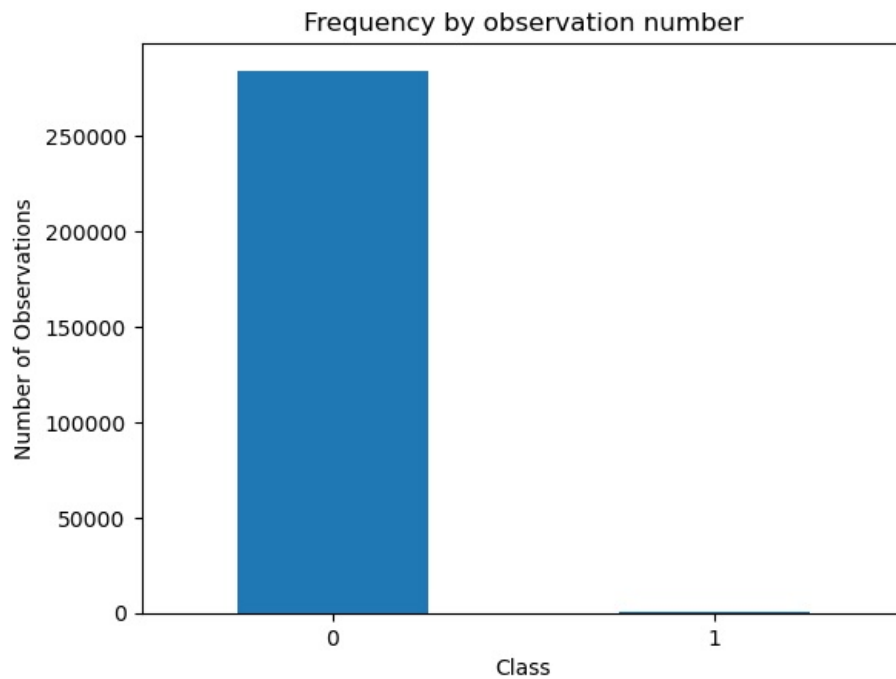
#0 is for normal credit card transaction
#1 is for fraudulent credit card transaction
print('-----')
print("Break down of Normal and Fraud Transactions")
print(pd.value_counts(dataset['Class'],sort=True))
```

```
Number of Null values Time      0
V1      0
V2      0
V3      0
V4      0
V5      0
V6      0
V7      0
V8      0
V9      0
V10     0
V11     0
V12     0
V13     0
V14     0
V15     0
V16     0
V17     0
V18     0
V19     0
V20     0
V21     0
V22     0
V23     0
V24     0
V25     0
V26     0
V27     0
V28     0
Amount   0
Class    0
dtype: int64
-----
Any nulls in the dataset False
-----
No. of unique labels 2
Label values [0 1]
-----
Break down of Normal and Fraud Transactions
Class
0      284315
1         492
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [5]: #visualizing the imbalanced dataset
count_classes = pd.value_counts(dataset['Class'],sort=True)
count_classes.plot(kind='bar',rot=0)
plt.xticks(range(len(dataset['Class'].unique()),dataset.Class.unique()))
```

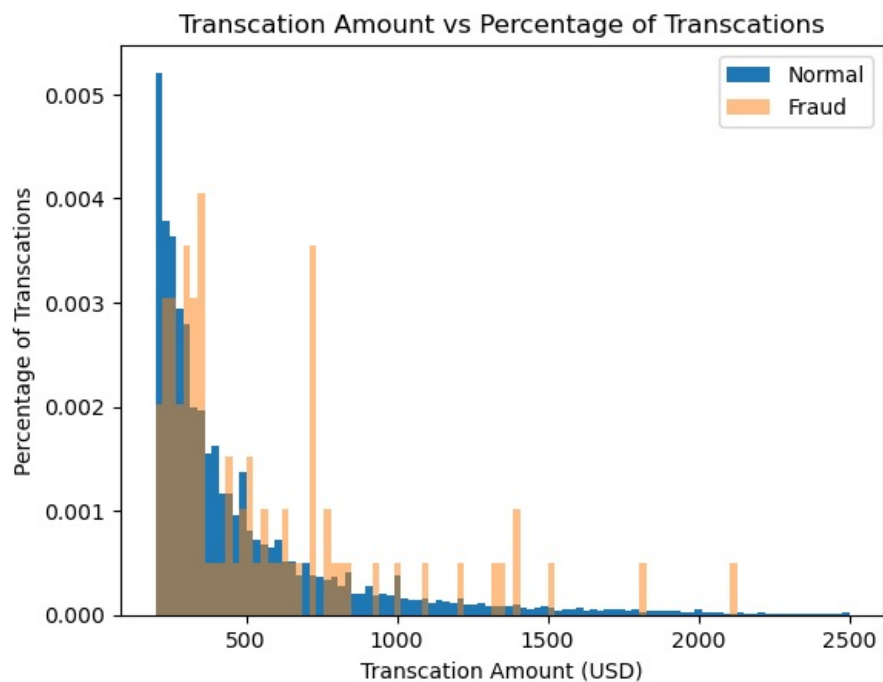
```
plt.title("Frequency by observation number")
plt.xlabel("Class")
plt.ylabel("Number of Observations")
```

Out[5]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Observations')



```
In [6]: #Save the normal and fraudulent transactions in separate dataframe
normal_dataset = dataset[dataset.Class == 0]
fraud_dataset = dataset[dataset.Class == 1]

#Visualize transaction amounts for normal and fraudulent transactions
bins = np.linspace(200,2500,100)
plt.hist(normal_dataset.Amount,bins=bins,alpha=1,density=True,label='Normal')
plt.hist(fraud_dataset.Amount,bins=bins,alpha=0.5,density=True,label='Fraud')
plt.legend(loc='upper right')
plt.title("Transcation Amount vs Percentage of Transactions")
plt.xlabel("Transcation Amount (USD)")
plt.ylabel("Percentage of Transactions")
plt.show()
```



In [7]: dataset

Out[7]:	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	...	V21
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	0.363787	...	-0.018307
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102	-0.255425	...	-0.225775
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676	-1.514654	...	0.247998
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436	-1.387024	...	-0.108300
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533	0.817739	...	-0.009431
...
284802	172786.0	-11.881118	10.071785	-9.834783	-2.066656	-5.364473	-2.606837	-4.918215	7.305334	1.914428	...	0.213454
284803	172787.0	-0.732789	-0.055080	2.035030	-0.738589	0.868229	1.058415	0.024330	0.294869	0.584800	...	0.214205
284804	172788.0	1.919565	-0.301254	-3.249640	-0.557828	2.630515	3.031260	-0.296827	0.708417	0.432454	...	0.232045
284805	172788.0	-0.240440	0.530483	0.702510	0.689799	-0.377961	0.623708	-0.686180	0.679145	0.392087	...	0.265245
284806	172792.0	-0.533413	-0.189733	0.703337	-0.506271	-0.012546	-0.649617	1.577006	-0.414650	0.486180	...	0.261057

284807 rows × 31 columns



```
In [8]: sc = StandardScaler()
dataset['Time'] = sc.fit_transform(dataset['Time'].values.reshape(-1,1))
dataset['Amount'] = sc.fit_transform(dataset['Amount'].values.reshape(-1,1))
```

```
In [9]: raw_data = dataset.values
#The last element contains if the transcation is normal which is represented by 0 and if fraud then 1
labels = raw_data[:,-1]

#The other data points are the electrocadriogram data
data = raw_data[:,0:-1]

train_data,test_data,train_labels,test_labels = train_test_split(data,labels,test_size = 0.2,random_state =2021)
```

```
In [10]: min_val = tf.reduce_min(train_data)
max_val = tf.reduce_max(train_data)

train_data = (train_data - min_val) / (max_val - min_val)
test_data = (test_data - min_val) / (max_val - min_val)

train_data = tf.cast(train_data,tf.float32)
test_data = tf.cast(test_data,tf.float32)
```

```
In [11]: train_labels = train_labels.astype(bool)
test_labels = test_labels.astype(bool)

#Creating normal and fraud datasets
normal_train_data = train_data[~train_labels]
normal_test_data = test_data[~test_labels]

fraud_train_data = train_data[train_labels]
fraud_test_data = test_data[test_labels]
print("No. of records in Fraud Train Data=",len(fraud_train_data))
print("No. of records in Normal Train Data=",len(normal_train_data))
print("No. of records in Fraud Test Data=",len(fraud_test_data))
print("No. of records in Normal Test Data=",len(normal_test_data))

No. of records in Fraud Train Data= 389
No. of records in Normal Train Data= 227456
No. of records in Fraud Test Data= 103
No. of records in Normal Test Data= 56859
```

```
In [12]: nb_epoch = 50
batch_size = 64
input_dim = normal_train_data.shape[1]
#num of columns,30
encoding_dim = 14
hidden_dim1 = int(encoding_dim / 2)
hidden_dim2 = 4
learning_rate = 1e-7
```

```
In [13]: #input layer
input_layer = tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=(input_dim,))

#Encoder
encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(encoding_dim,activation="tanh",activity_regularizer = tf.keras.regularizers.l2(
encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(encoder)
encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden_dim1,activation='relu')(encoder)
encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden_dim2,activation=tf.nn.leaky_relu)(encoder)
```

```
#Decoder
decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden_dim1,activation='relu')(encoder)
decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(decoder)
decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(encoding_dim,activation='relu')(decoder)
decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(input_dim,activation='tanh')(decoder)

#Autoencoder
autoencoder = tf.keras.Model(inputs = input_layer,outputs = decoder)
autoencoder.summary()
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\rutik\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\backend.py:1398: The name tf.executing_eagerly_outside_functions is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.executing_eagerly_outside_functions instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\rutik\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\engine\base_layer_utils.py:384: The name tf.executing_eagerly_outside_functions is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.executing_eagerly_outside_functions instead.

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 30)]	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 14)	434
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 14)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 7)	105
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 4)	32
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 7)	35
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 7)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 14)	112
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 30)	450

```
=====
Total params: 1168 (4.56 KB)
Trainable params: 1168 (4.56 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
```

```
In [14]: cp = tf.keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(filepath="autoencoder_fraud.h5",mode='min',monitor='val_loss',verbose=2)
#Define our early stopping
early_stop = tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(
    monitor='val_loss',
    min_delta=0.0001,
    patience=10,
    verbose=11,
    mode='min',
    restore_best_weights=True
)
```

```
In [15]: autoencoder.compile(metrics=['accuracy'],loss= 'mean_squared_error',optimizer='adam')
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\rutik\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\optimizers_init_.py:309: The name tf.train.Optimizer is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.train.Optimizer instead.

```
In [16]: history = autoencoder.fit(normal_train_data,normal_train_data,epochs = nb_epoch,
    batch_size = batch_size,shuffle = True,
    validation_data = (test_data,test_data),
    verbose=1,
    callbacks = [cp,early_stop]).history
```

Epoch 1/50

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\rutik\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\utils\tf_utils.py:492: The name tf.ragged.RaggedTensorValue is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.ragged.RaggedTensorValue instead.

3552/3554 [=====>.] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0043 - accuracy: 0.0517

Epoch 1: val_loss improved from inf to 0.00002, saving model to autoencoder_fraud.h5

3554/3554 [=====] - 24s 6ms/step - loss: 0.0043 - accuracy: 0.0517 - val_loss: 2.0014e-05 - val accuracy: 0.0420

Epoch 2/50

12/3554 [.....] - ETA: 16s - loss: 1.7505e-05 - accuracy: 0.0469

C:\Users\rutik\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\engine\training.py:3103: UserWarning: You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()`. This file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my_model.keras')`.
saving_api.save_model(

```

3554/3554 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.9350e-05 - accuracy: 0.0669
Epoch 2: val_loss improved from 0.00002 to 0.00002, saving model to autoencoder_fraud.h5
3554/3554 [=====] - 21s 6ms/step - loss: 1.9350e-05 - accuracy: 0.0669 - val_loss: 2.00
09e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.0556
Epoch 3/50
3546/3554 [=====>.] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.9432e-05 - accuracy: 0.0670
Epoch 3: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
3554/3554 [=====] - 20s 6ms/step - loss: 1.9430e-05 - accuracy: 0.0670 - val_loss: 2.00
43e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.0363
Epoch 4/50
3547/3554 [=====>.] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.9520e-05 - accuracy: 0.0603
Epoch 4: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
3554/3554 [=====] - 19s 5ms/step - loss: 1.9514e-05 - accuracy: 0.0602 - val_loss: 2.01
37e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.0420
Epoch 5/50
3554/3554 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.9521e-05 - accuracy: 0.0567
Epoch 5: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
3554/3554 [=====] - 20s 6ms/step - loss: 1.9521e-05 - accuracy: 0.0567 - val_loss: 2.03
82e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.1279
Epoch 6/50
3554/3554 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.9512e-05 - accuracy: 0.0606
Epoch 6: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
3554/3554 [=====] - 19s 5ms/step - loss: 1.9512e-05 - accuracy: 0.0606 - val_loss: 2.01
87e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.0111
Epoch 7/50
3553/3554 [=====>.] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.9512e-05 - accuracy: 0.0613
Epoch 7: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
3554/3554 [=====] - 19s 5ms/step - loss: 1.9511e-05 - accuracy: 0.0614 - val_loss: 2.03
03e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.0051
Epoch 8/50
3554/3554 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.9498e-05 - accuracy: 0.0596
Epoch 8: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
3554/3554 [=====] - 20s 6ms/step - loss: 1.9498e-05 - accuracy: 0.0596 - val_loss: 2.01
39e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.0420
Epoch 9/50
3550/3554 [=====>.] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.9496e-05 - accuracy: 0.0624
Epoch 9: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
3554/3554 [=====] - 19s 5ms/step - loss: 1.9498e-05 - accuracy: 0.0624 - val_loss: 2.02
06e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.0661
Epoch 10/50
3553/3554 [=====>.] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.9483e-05 - accuracy: 0.0579
Epoch 10: val_loss improved from 0.00002 to 0.00002, saving model to autoencoder_fraud.h5
3554/3554 [=====] - 20s 6ms/step - loss: 1.9484e-05 - accuracy: 0.0579 - val_loss: 2.00
02e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.0263
Epoch 11/50
3554/3554 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.9489e-05 - accuracy: 0.0583
Epoch 11: val_loss improved from 0.00002 to 0.00002, saving model to autoencoder_fraud.h5
Restoring model weights from the end of the best epoch: 1.
3554/3554 [=====] - 20s 6ms/step - loss: 1.9489e-05 - accuracy: 0.0583 - val_loss: 1.99
92e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.0351
Epoch 11: early stopping

```

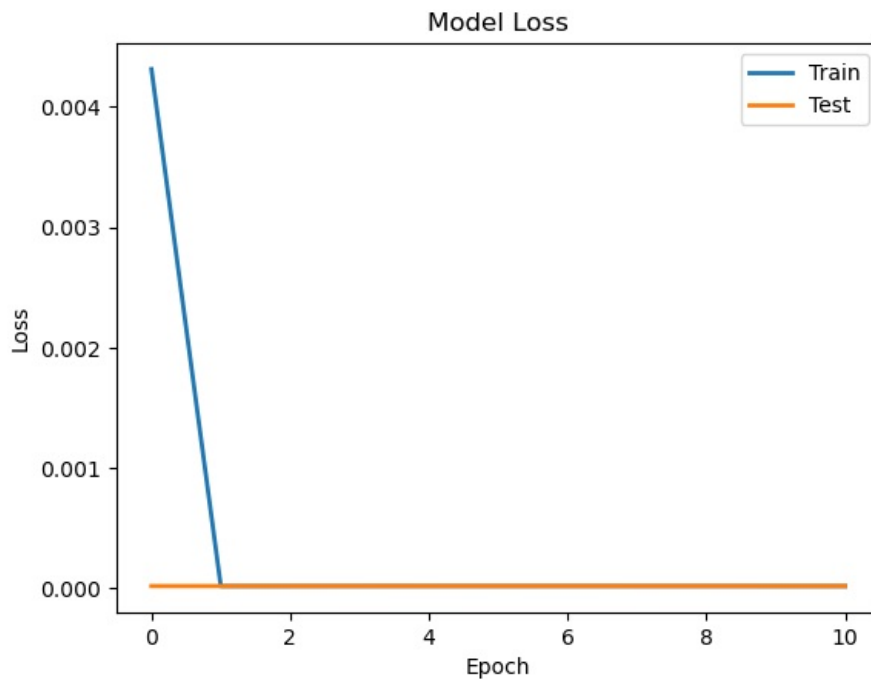
```

In [17]: plt.plot(history['loss'],linewidth = 2,label = 'Train')
plt.plot(history['val_loss'],linewidth = 2,label = 'Test')
plt.legend(loc='upper right')
plt.title('Model Loss')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')

#plt.ylim(ymin=0.70,ymax=1)

plt.show()

```

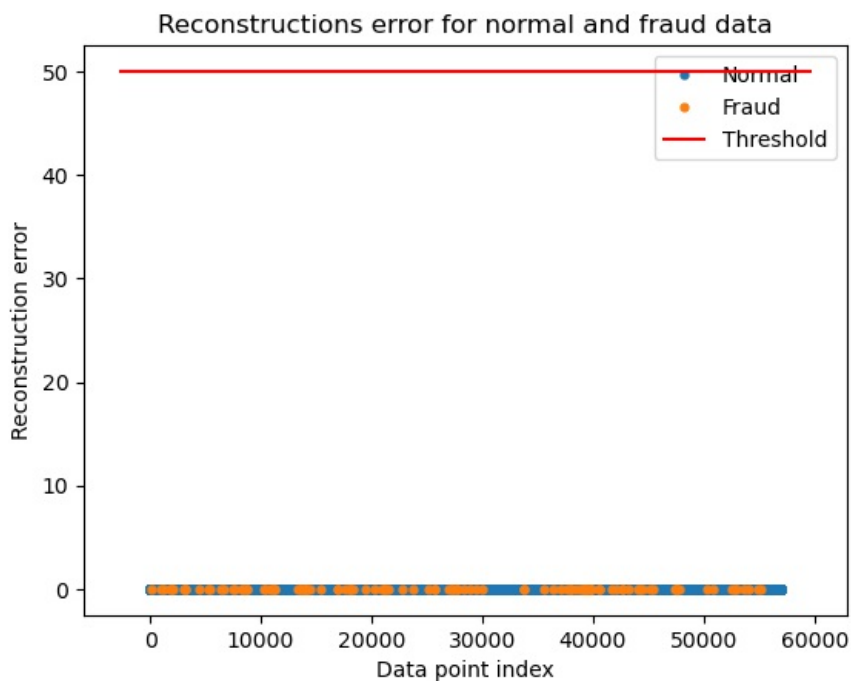


```
In [18]: test_x_predictions = autoencoder.predict(test_data)
mse = np.mean(np.power(test_data - test_x_predictions, 2),axis = 1)
error_df = pd.DataFrame({'Reconstruction_error':mse,
                        'True_class':test_labels})
```

1781/1781 [=====] - 6s 3ms/step

```
In [19]: threshold_fixed = 50
groups = error_df.groupby('True_class')
fig,ax = plt.subplots()

for name,group in groups:
    ax.plot(group.index,group.Reconstruction_error,marker='o',ms = 3.5,linestyle='',
            label = "Fraud" if name==1 else "Normal")
ax.hlines(threshold_fixed,ax.get_xlim()[0],ax.get_xlim()[1],colors="r",zorder=100,label="Threshold")
ax.legend()
plt.title("Reconstructions error for normal and fraud data")
plt.ylabel("Reconstruction error")
plt.xlabel("Data point index")
plt.show()
```

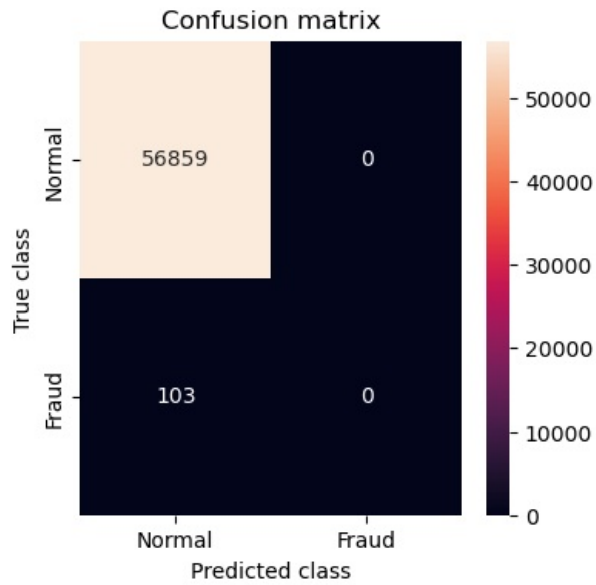


```
In [20]: threshold_fixed = 52
pred_y = [1 if e > threshold_fixed else 0
          for e in
            error_df.Reconstruction_error.values]
error_df['pred'] = pred_y
conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(error_df.True_class,pred_y)

plt.figure(figsize = (4,4))
```

```
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix,xticklabels = LABELS,yticklabels = LABELS,annot = True,fmt="d")
plt.title("Confusion matrix")
plt.ylabel("True class")
plt.xlabel("Predicted class")
plt.show()

#Print Accuracy,Precision and Recall
print("Accuracy :",accuracy_score(error_df['True_class'],error_df['pred']))
print("Recall :",recall_score(error_df['True_class'],error_df['pred']))
print("Precision :",precision_score(error_df['True_class'],error_df['pred']))
```



Accuracy : 0.9981917769741231
Recall : 0.0
Precision : 0.0

C:\Users\rutik\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics_classification.py:1469: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 due to no predicted samples. Use `zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
_warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))

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