Understanding ClimateChange

YASH KATE 23104B0035

VIDYALANKAR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

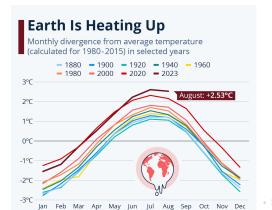
August 24, 2024

Overview of Climate Change

- **Definition:** Climate change refers to significant changes in global temperatures and weather patterns over time.
- Causes:
 - Greenhouse gas emissions (CO2, CH4, etc.)
 - Deforestation
 - Industrial activities
- Impact Areas:
 - Global temperature rise
 - Melting ice caps
 - Sea level rise
 - Extreme weather events

Key Statistics and Data

- Global temperature rise: 1.1°C above pre-industrial levels (as of 2024).
- Arctic sea ice extent has declined by 13% per decade since 1980.
- Sea levels have risen by approximately **20 cm** since 1900.



Case Studies

Case Study 1: The Maldives

- The Maldives is experiencing severe sea level rise.
- Increased risk of flooding and loss of land.
- Government efforts: Building sea walls and promoting climate resilience.

Case Study 2: Australia

- Frequent and intense bushfires.
- Impact on biodiversity and air quality.
- Government and community response: Fire management strategies and climate adaptation plans.

Potential Solutions and Actions

• Mitigation:

- Reducing greenhouse gas emissions through renewable energy sources.
- Enhancing energy efficiency in industries and homes.
- Promoting sustainable land use and conservation.

• Adaptation:

- Developing infrastructure to withstand extreme weather.
- Implementing water management strategies.
- Supporting climate-resilient agriculture.

International Agreements:

- Paris Agreement: A global effort to limit global warming to well below 2°C.
- Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs): Targets set by countries to reduce emissions.

Conclusion

- Climate change is a critical global issue with wide-ranging impacts.
- Addressing it requires a multifaceted approach involving mitigation, adaptation, and international cooperation.
- Everyone has a role to play in tackling climate change.

Questions and Discussion

THANK YOU