Errors + Grace Failure Chapter worksheet



Instructions

Block out time to get as many cross-functional leads as possible together in a room to work through these exercises & checklists.

Exercises

1. Error audit [~1 hour]

Collect canonical error examples to define existing and potential errors and solutions.

2. Quality assurance [~30 minutes]

Prioritize how you'll test and monitor errors and reporting so you can hear from your users early and often.



1. Error audit

As a team, brainstorm what kinds of errors users could encounter. If your team has a working prototype of your feature, try to add current examples.

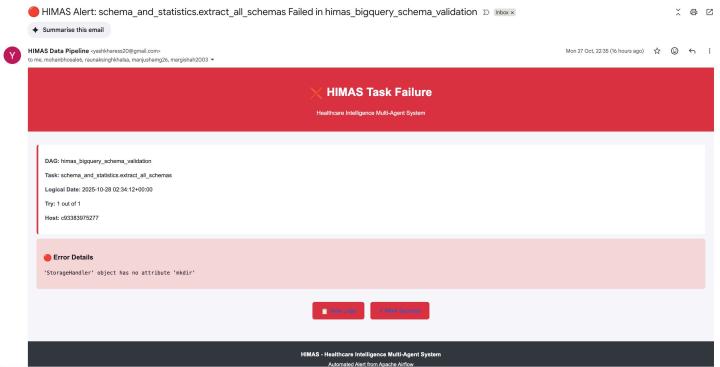
Use the template below to start collecting error examples so your team has a shared understanding about the different error types and solutions your model could produce.

Error	Users
Add screenshots, pictures, or logs to show what the user sees when encountering the error	
	User stakes
Error type	□ ków
☐ System limitation - Your system can't provide the right	□ biigh
answer, or any answer at all, due to inherent limitations to the	4 3
system.	
☐ Context - The system is "working as intended," but the user	
perceives an error because the actions of the system aren't	
well-explained, break the user's mental model, or were based	
on poor assumptions.	
Background - Situations in which the system isn't working	
correctly, but neither the user nor the system register an error.	

Error sources

Take each error identified above through these questions to determine the source of the error:

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Input error signals N/A - This is a data pipeline, not ar	
However, users may not anticipate Did the user anticipate the auto-corr	automatic schema baseline updates ection of their input into an Al system?
☐ Was the user's habituation interrupte	ed?
$\ \square$ Did the model improperly weigh a us	er action or other signal? If yes, likely a
context error.	
Relevance error signals First pipeline run has no baseline for comparate Demo dataset (100 patients) may not represent Is the model lacking available data of	
\square Is the model receiving unstable or no	oisy data?
$\ \square$ Is the system output presented to us	sers in a way that isn't relevant to the user's
needs?	
System hierarchy error	
Clear hierarchy: Airflow orchestrates → ☐ Is your user connecting your productions.	BigQuery processes → DVC versions t to another system, and it isn't clear which
system is in charge?	
Are there multiple systems monitoring	ng a single (or similar) output and an event
causes simultaneous alerts? Signal	crashes increase the user's mental load
because they have to parse multiple	signals to figure out what happened and
what to do next. Potential issue: Both Airflow task failure a Can cause alert fatigue if not properly cor Failure state	
☐ Is your feature unusable as the resul	t of multiple errors?
Yes, if GCP credentials fail AND DVC push Mitigation: Each component has independ	n fails AND email alerts fail

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Error resolution

Once you have identified the source or sources of the error, complete the sections below for each of the errors in the template with your team's plan for improving / reducing the identified error: Create as many copies as you need to cover all your identified errors.

Error rationale	Solution type	
Why the user thinks this is an error: Upstream table creation failed but didn't raise exception. System continues but produces invalid statistics. Neither user nor system initially registers this as an error.	Feedback User control Other:	
Error resolution		
User path: User reviews statistics → Notices zero row counts → Investigates upstream tasks → Finds SQL execution error → Fixes SQL query → Re-runs pipeline Examples: User sees errors, gives feedback, completes task; User sees error, takes over control, completes task		
Opportunity for model improvement:		
Example: User's feedback logged for model tuning		
Add row count validation after each table creation		

Raise exceptions for zero-row tables in critical layers

Log all table creation with row counts for audit trail

Implement data lineage tracking to trace empty tables to source

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2. Quality assurance

Getting your feature into users' hands is essential for identifying errors that your team, as expert users, may never encounter. Meet as a team to prioritize how you want to monitor errors reported by users so that your model is being tested and criticized by your users early and often.

As you have this discussion, consider all potential sources of error reporting:

- Reports sent to customer service
- Comments and reports sent through social media channels
- In-product metrics
- In-product surveys
- User research (out-of-product surveys, deep dive interviews, diary studies, etc.)

QA template

Goal	Review frequency
Monitor pipeline execution success rate and catch critical failures immediately	Daily
	☐ Weekly
Method Automated email alerts on pipeline failure	☐ Monthly
Automated email alerts on pipeline failure Airflow UI dashboard monitoring Check validation reports for anomalies	☐ Other:
Start date: October 28, 2025 Review / End date: December 12, 2025	

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