



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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Worksheet 9

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Subject Name: ADBMS

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Section/Group: KRG 2-A

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- Aim:** To understand and implement the setup of Amazon Relational Database Service (AWS RDS) by creating a database instance, configuring security groups, and establishing a secure connection between the local pgAdmin tool and the RDS instance hosted on the AWS Cloud.

2. Objective:

- To learn the basic concepts and features of Amazon Relational Database Service (AWS RDS).
- To create and configure a new RDS database instance on the AWS Management Console.
- To understand the role and configuration of security groups for controlling database access.
- To connect a local pgAdmin client to the AWS RDS instance securely using proper credentials and endpoint details.
- To verify successful database connectivity and perform basic operations through pgAdmin.

3. Code & Output:

1. Sign-in



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2. Navigating to RDS Service

The screenshot shows the AWS Aurora and RDS Databases page. On the left, there's a sidebar with various navigation options like Dashboard, Databases, Performance insights, etc. The main area is titled 'Databases (0)' and features a search bar and filters for DB identifier, Status, Role, Engine, Region, and Size. A large, friendly robot icon is centered above the message 'No resources'. At the bottom right of the main area is a prominent orange 'Create database' button. The top right corner shows account information: Account ID: 3961-8352-6319, Europe (Stockholm), and Shivanshu Ranjan.

3. Amazon RDS Dashboard Overview

The screenshot shows the Amazon RDS Dashboard. The sidebar includes links for Dashboard, Databases, Performance insights, and other RDS components. The main dashboard has several sections: 'Resources' (listing DB Instances, Parameter groups, DB Clusters, Snapshots, and more), 'Explore RDS' (with a 'Start tutorial' button), 'Create a database' (with a 'Create a database' button and a 'Restore from S3' button), and 'Recommended services' (which currently shows 'No recommendations yet'). The top right corner displays account details: Account ID: 3961-8352-6319, Europe (Stockholm), and Shivanshu Ranjan.



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4. Creating a New Database Instance

The screenshot shows the AWS RDS 'Create database' interface. In the 'Choose a database creation method' section, 'Easy create' is selected. Under 'Configuration', 'PostgreSQL' is chosen from a list that includes Aurora (MySQL Compatible), Aurora (PostgreSQL Compatible), MySQL, MariaDB, and Oracle. The PostgreSQL option is highlighted with a blue border. At the bottom, there are links for CloudShell, Feedback, and a copyright notice for 2025.

5. Selecting PostgreSQL as Database Engine

The screenshot shows the detailed configuration for the PostgreSQL database instance. It includes sections for 'DB instance identifier' (set to 'shivanshu-DB'), 'Master username' (set to 'postgres'), 'Credentials management' (with 'Self managed' selected), and 'Master password' and 'Confirm master password' fields. The 'Auto generate password' checkbox is unchecked. The 'Password strength' bar is at 'Neutral'. At the bottom, there are links for CloudShell, Feedback, and a copyright notice for 2025.



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6. Choosing Deployment Option and Template

VPC security group: default
Publicly accessible: No
Database port: 5432
DB instance identifier: shivanshu-DB
DB engine version: 17.4
DB parameter group: default.postgres17
Monitoring type: Database Insights - Standard
Performance insights: Enabled
Monitoring: Enabled
Maintenance: Auto minor version upgrade enabled
Delete protection: Not enabled

You are responsible for ensuring that you have all of the necessary rights for any third-party products or services that you use with AWS services.

Create database

7. Configuring Database Settings (Name, Username, Password)

Creating database shivanshu-db
Your database might take a few minutes to launch. You can use settings from shivanshu-db to simplify configuration of suggested database add-ons while we finish creating your DB for you.

Databases (1)

DB identifier	Status	Role	Engine	Region ...	Size
shivanshu-db	Creating	Instance	PostgreSQL	-	db.t4g.micro

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8. Setting Up Instance Size and Storage

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. In the top navigation bar, the 'Dashboard' tab is selected. On the left, the Object Explorer shows three servers: PostgreSQL 17, PostgreSQL 18, and shivanshu-DB. A context menu is open over the 'shivanshu-DB' entry, with the 'Register' option highlighted. Other options in the menu include 'Create', 'Refresh...', 'Remove Server Group', 'Disconnect from all servers', and 'Properties...'. Below the menu, a tooltip for 'pyAUMIITI' is visible, which is a management tool for PostgreSQL. The main pane displays a brief about pgAdmin and quick links for documentation, the website, and community support.

9. Configuring Connectivity and VPC Settings

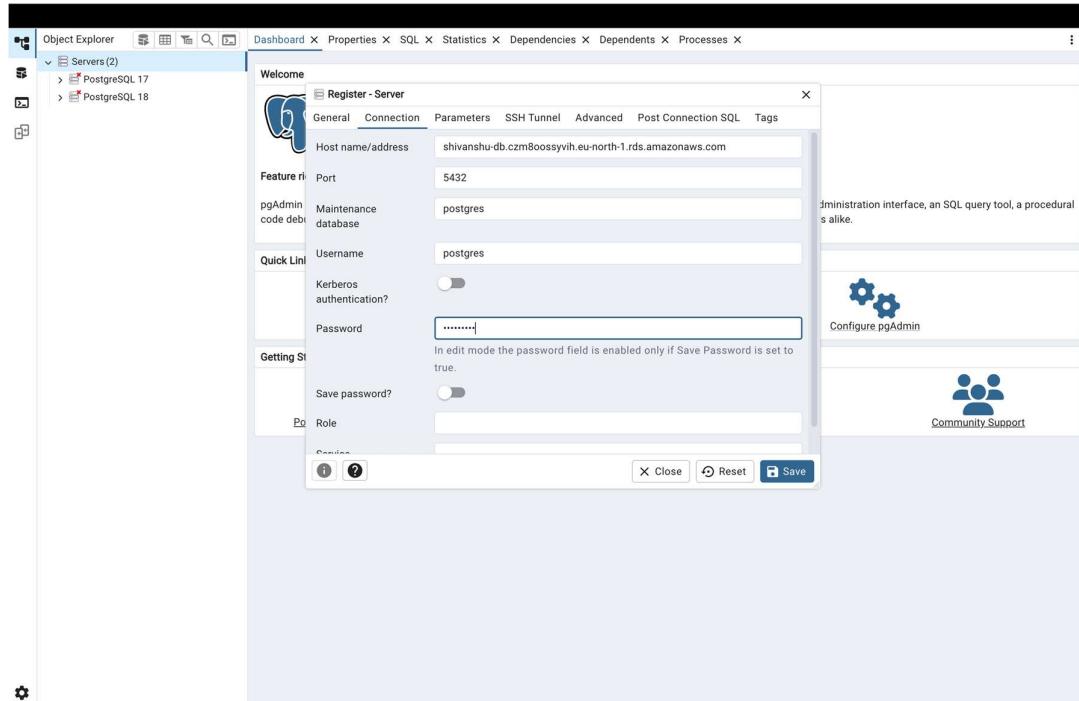
The screenshot shows the 'Register - Server' dialog box in pgAdmin 4. The 'General' tab is selected. The 'Name' field contains 'shivanshu-DB'. Under the 'Feature' section, there is a dropdown for 'Server group' set to 'Servers'. The 'Background' and 'Foreground' checkboxes are both unchecked. A 'Quick Link' button labeled 'Connect now?' is checked. The 'Getting Started' section includes links to PostgreSQL Documentation, pgAdmin Website, Planet PostgreSQL, and Community Support. At the bottom of the dialog are 'Close', 'Reset', and 'Save' buttons.



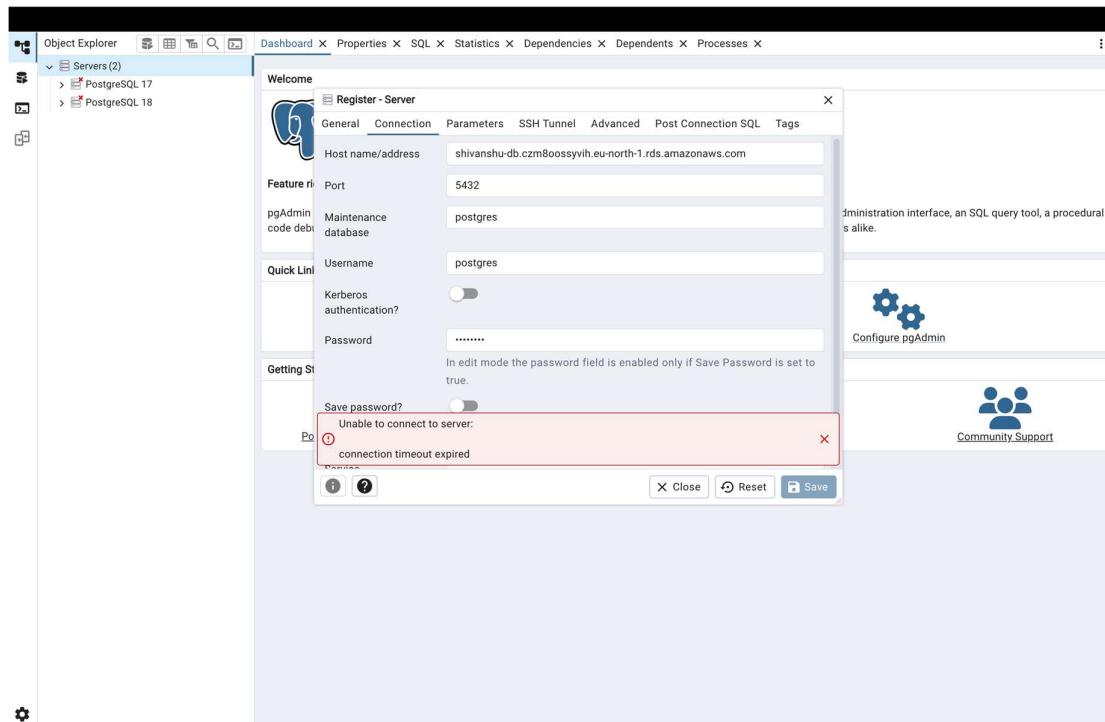
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10. Gr Setting Up Security Groups for RDS Access



11. Additional Database Configuration Options





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12. Reviewing and Creating the Database Instance

The screenshot shows the AWS RDS console for the 'shivanshu-db' database instance. The top navigation bar includes the AWS logo, a search bar, and account information (Account ID: 3961-8352-6319, Europe (Stockholm), Shivanshu Ranjan). The left sidebar has sections for Dashboard, Databases, Snapshots, Exports in Amazon S3, Automated backups, Reserved instances, Proxies, Subnet groups, Parameter groups, Option groups, Custom engine versions, Zero-ETL integrations, Events, Event subscriptions, Recommendations (0), and Certificate update. The main content area displays the 'Summary' tab for the 'shivanshu-db' instance, which is currently available. It shows metrics like CPU usage (21.27%), status (Available), role (Instance), engine (PostgreSQL), and region (eu-north-1a). Below the summary, tabs for Connectivity & security, Monitoring, Logs & events, Configuration, Zero-ETL integrations, Maintenance & backups, and Actions are visible. The 'Connectivity & security' tab is selected, showing details about the endpoint, port (5432), networking (VPC: vpc-086507ee77883ae1b, Availability Zone: eu-north-1a), and security (VPC security group: default). The bottom of the page includes CloudShell, Feedback, and standard footer links.

13. RDS Instance Creation in Progress

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 Security Groups console for the 'sg-0b4c8dc4647072099 - default' security group. The top navigation bar includes the AWS logo, a search bar, and account information (Account ID: 3961-8352-6319, Europe (Stockholm), Shivanshu Ranjan). The left sidebar shows the EC2 and Security Groups sections. The main content area is titled 'Edit inbound rules' and shows two existing rules: one for 'All traffic' from 'Custom' source and another for 'PostgreSQL' on port 5432 from 'My IP'. A new rule is being added, with the source set to '47.247.118.30/32'. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Cancel', 'Preview changes', and 'Save rules'.



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14. Viewing Database Instance Details

▼ Additional configuration

Public access

Publicly accessible

RDS assigns a public IP address to the database. Amazon EC2 instances and other resources outside of the VPC can connect to your database. Resources inside the VPC can also connect to the database. Choose one or more VPC security groups that specify which resources can connect to the database.

Not publicly accessible

No IP address is assigned to the DB instance. EC2 instances and devices outside the VPC can't connect.

Database port

Specify the TCP/IP port that the DB instance will use for application connections. The application connection string must specify the port number. The DB security group and your firewall must allow connections to the port. [Learn more](#)

5432

15. Copying the RDS Endpoint for Connection

Connectivity & security

Endpoint & port

Endpoint

shivanshu-db.czr8oossyvih.eu-north-1.rds.amazonaws.com

Port

5432

Networking

Availability Zone

eu-north-1a

VPC

vpc-086507ee77883ae1b

Subnet group

default-vpc-086507ee77883ae1b

Subnets

subnet-0db6b45e321b7000a

subnet-087377db566f545dc

subnet-0bac42bdab1e990c5

Network type

IPv4

Security

VPC security groups

default (sg-0b4c8dc4647072099)

Active

Publicly accessible

Yes

Certificate authority [Info](#)

rds-ca-rsa2048-g1

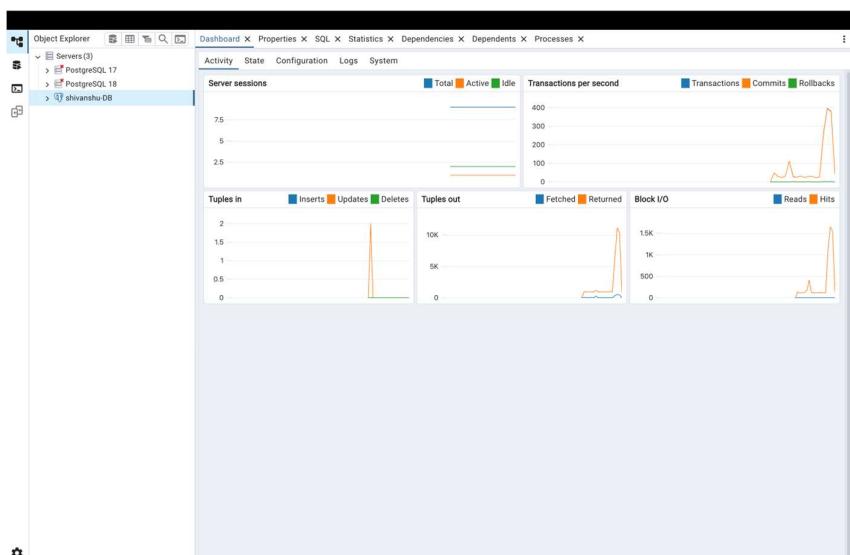
Certificate authority date

May 25, 2061, 03:29 (UTC+05:30)

DB instance certificate expiration date

October 30, 2026, 23:59 (UTC+05:30)

16. Launching pgAdmin on Local Machine

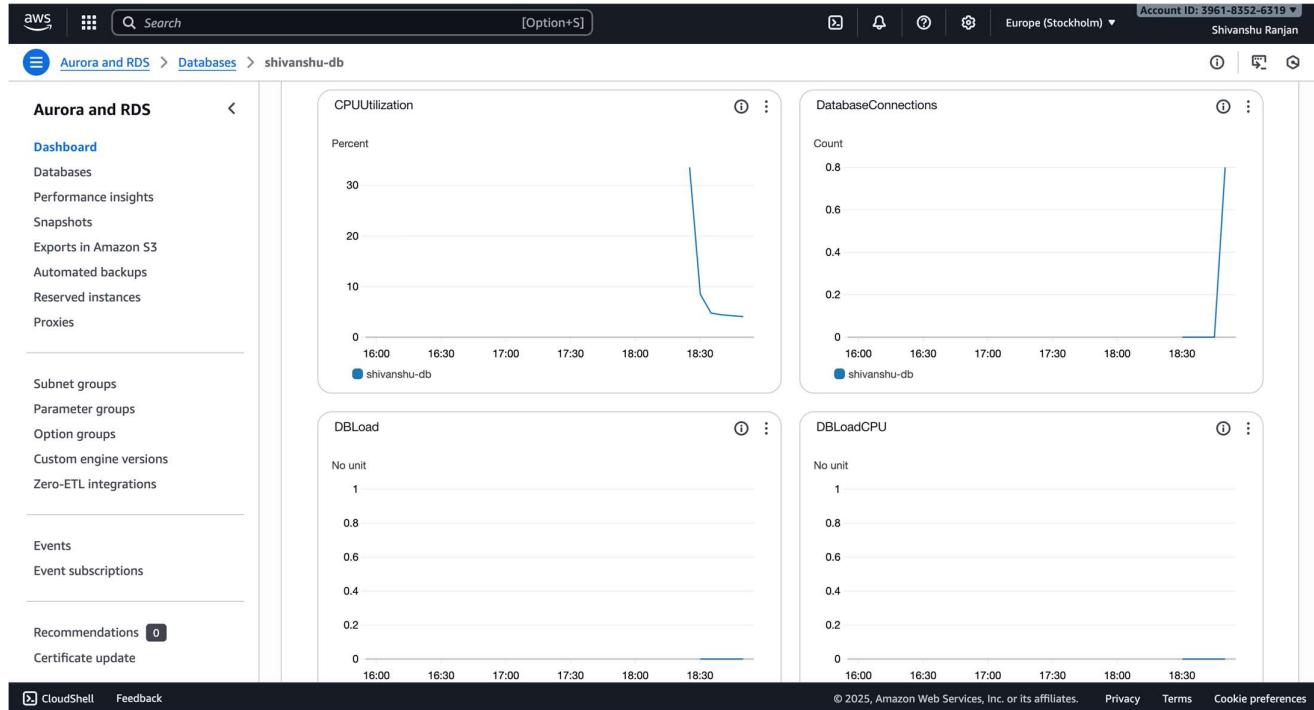




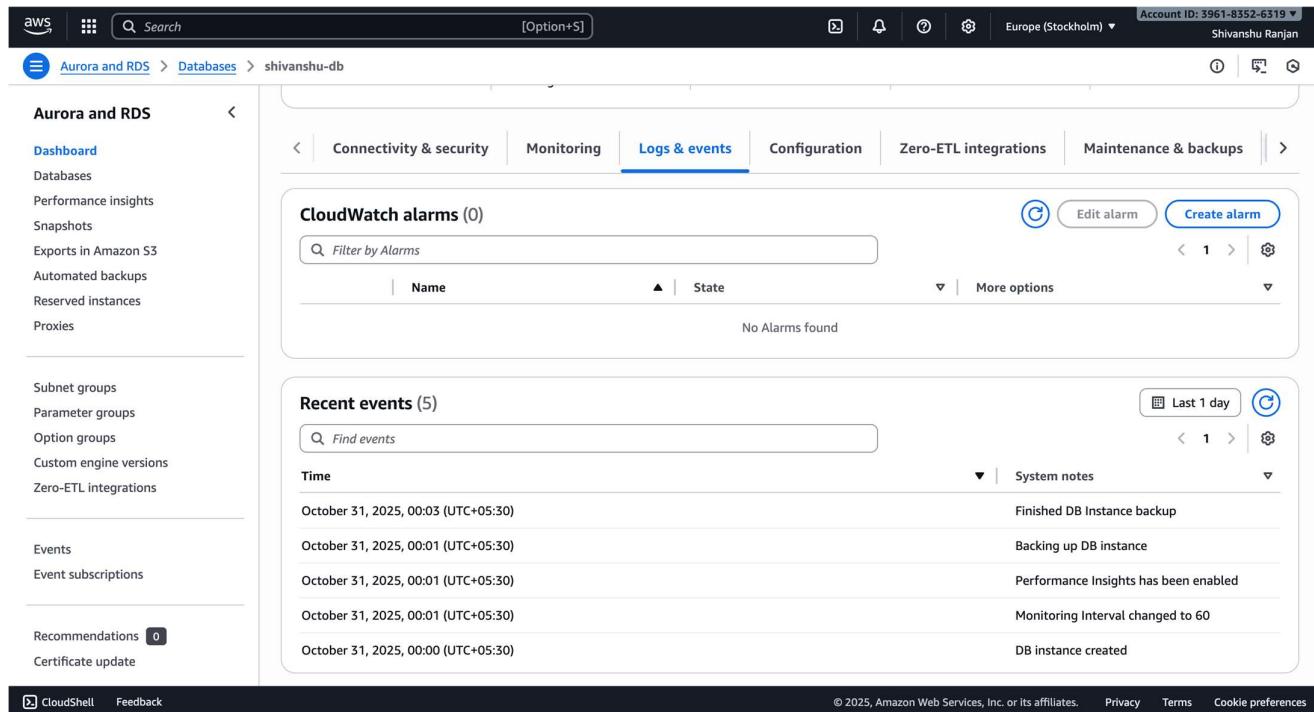
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17. Adding a New Server in pgAdmin



18. Entering Connection Details (Endpoint, Username, Password)





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19. Successful Connection to AWS RDS Database via pgAdmin

The screenshot shows the AWS RDS console interface. The left sidebar navigation includes: Dashboard, Databases (selected), Performance insights, Snapshots, Exports in Amazon S3, Automated backups, Reserved instances, Proxies, Subnet groups, Parameter groups, Option groups, Custom engine versions, Zero-ETL integrations, Events, Event subscriptions, Recommendations (0), and Certificate update. The main content area is titled "Deleting DB instance shivanshu-db". It displays a table of databases with one entry: "shivanshu-db" (Status: Deleting, Engine: PostgreSQL, Region: eu-north-1a, Size: db.t4g.micro). The top right of the main area has buttons for Group resources, Modify, Actions (with a dropdown menu), Create database, and a refresh icon. The top right corner of the page shows Account ID: 3961-8352-6319, Europe (Stockholm), and Shivanshu Ranjan.

4. Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the fundamental concepts and benefits of using Amazon RDS for relational database management in the cloud.
- Gain practical knowledge of creating and configuring an RDS database instance on AWS.
- Learn how to manage and secure database access using AWS security groups.
- Develop skills to connect a local pgAdmin client to a cloud-hosted RDS instance.
- Be able to monitor, manage, and test database connectivity and performance in a cloud environment.