### **PRACTICAL 6**

Aim: To Connect Flutter UI with FireBase database.

## **Theory:**

In modern mobile applications, user authentication and data management play a crucial role. Firebase, a backend-as-a-service platform by Google, simplifies authentication and database management for Flutter applications. Firebase Authentication allows secure sign-in using different methods such as email/password, phone authentication, and third-party providers (Google, Facebook, etc.). In this experiment, we integrate a Flutter UI with Firebase to enable user signup, login, password reset, and data storage in Firestore.

# Implementation in Our Code

## 1. User Signup

- o Users enter email, password, and username.
- Email format and password length are validated.
- o Firebase creates an account and stores user details in Firestore.
- o A verification email is sent to confirm authenticity.

#### 2. Email Verification

- Users must verify their email before logging in.
- The app restricts access until verification is complete.

### 3. User Login

- Users log in with email and password.
- Firebase checks credentials and verification status before granting access.

### 4. Password Reset

Users can request a password reset email if they forget their password.

### 5. Form Validation

 Ensures correct email format, password length (min 8 chars), and non-empty fields.

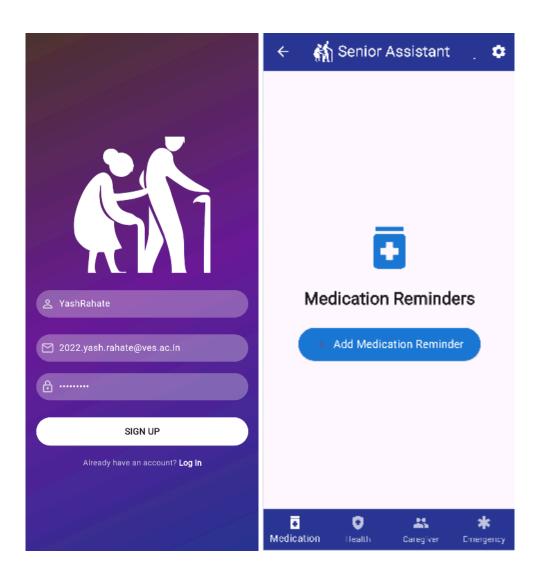
#### CODE

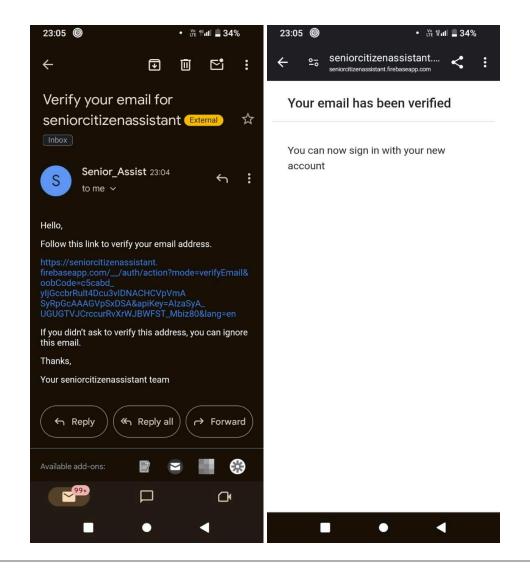
```
Folder Structure
lib/
   reuseable widgets/
   reuseable_widgets.dart
   — screens/
    - features/
      — add medication reminder screen.dart
         - caregiver connection screen.dart
         – emergency_assistance_screen.dart
         health_records_screen.dart
      ___ medication_reminders_screen.dart
      settings/
       font size settings.dart
        language_settings.dart
      i___ settings_screen.dart
      home_screen.dart
      - login_screen.dart
      reset_password.dart
      - signup_screen.dart
   - util/
   L— color_util.dart
   – widgets/
   custom_text_field.dart
   firebase_options.dart
   - main.dart
signup_screen.dart:
void signupUser() {
 if (_formKey.currentState?.validate() ?? false) {
  setState(() {
    _isLoading = true;
  });
  FirebaseAuth.instance
     .createUserWithEmailAndPassword(
    email: _emailTextController.text.trim(),
    password: _passwordTextController.text.trim(),
     .then((value) async {
    User? user = value.user;
    if (user != null) {
     // Save user details to Firestore
     await FirebaseFirestore.instance.collection('users').doc(user.uid).set({
      'username': _userNameTextController.text.trim(),
      'email': _emailTextController.text.trim(),
     });
```

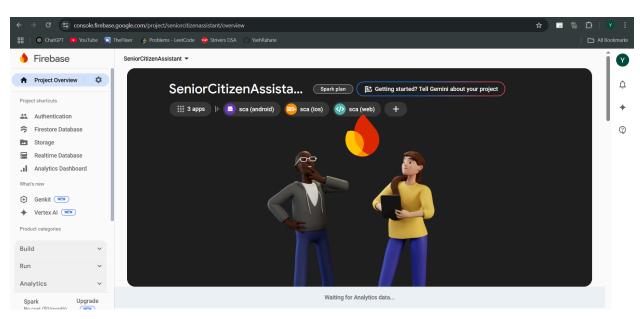
```
await user.sendEmailVerification(); // Ensure email verification
   }
   setState(() {
     _isLoading = false;
   });
   print("Created new account");
   // Navigate to HomeScreen
   Navigator.pushReplacement(
     context,
     MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => HomeScreen()),
   );
  }).catchError((error) {
   setState(() {
     _isLoading = false;
   });
   print("Error: ${error.toString()}");
   _showErrorDialog("Failed to create an account. Please try again.");
  });
}
login_screen.dart:
Future<void> _loginUser(BuildContext context) async {
  try {
   showDialog(
     context: context,
     barrierDismissible: false,
     builder: (context) => Center(child: CircularProgressIndicator()),
   );
   // Attempt to log in
   UserCredential userCredential =
      await FirebaseAuth.instance.signInWithEmailAndPassword(
     email: _emailTextController.text.trim(),
     password: _passwordTextController.text.trim(),
   );
   User? user = userCredential.user;
```

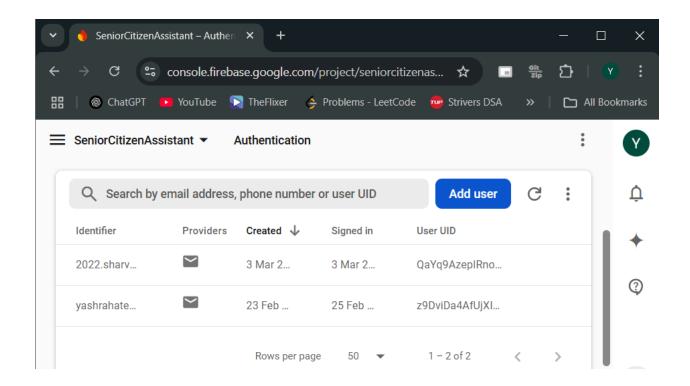
```
// Check if the email is verified
   if (user != null && !user.emailVerified) {
     await user.sendEmailVerification(); // Send verification email
     Navigator.pop(context);
     _showErrorDialog(
      context,
      "Please verify your email. A verification link has been sent to your email.",
     );
    return;
   }
   if (user != null) {
     print("Logged in successfully: ${user.email}");
   // Navigate to HomeScreen after successful login
   Navigator.pop(context);
   Navigator.pushReplacement(
     context,
     MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => HomeScreen()),
   );
  } catch (error) {
   Navigator.pop(context);
   _showErrorDialog(context, error.toString());
 }
reset_password.dart:
void _resetPassword() {
  final email = _emailTextController.text.trim();
  setState(() {
   _isLoading = true;
  });
  FirebaseAuth.instance
     .sendPasswordResetEmail(email: email)
     .then((value) {
   setState(() {
     isLoading = false;
   });
   _showSnackbar("Password reset email sent successfully!");
   Navigator.of(context).pop();
```

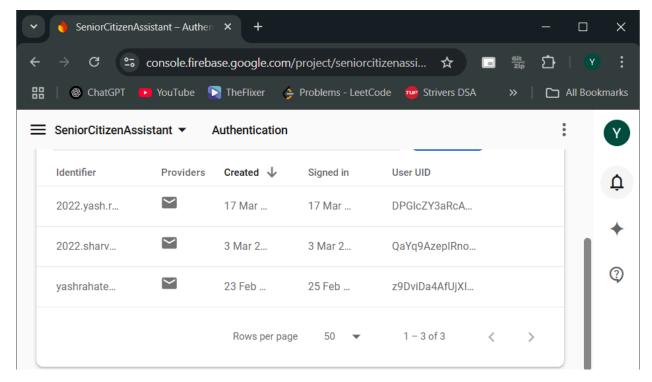
```
}).catchError((error) {
   setState(() {
     _isLoading = false;
   });
   _showSnackbar("Error: ${error.message}");
  });
VALIDATION code:
(value) {
              if (value == null || value.isEmpty) {
               return "Please enter your email";
              if (!RegExp(r'^[^@]+@[^@]+\.[^@]+').hasMatch(value)) {
               return "Enter a valid email address";
              }
              return null;
            },
(value) {
              if (value == null || value.isEmpty) {
               return 'Password is required';
              }
              if (value.length < 8) {
               return 'Password must be at least 8 characters long';
              }
              return null;
            },
```











**Conclusion:** We successfully integrated Firebase Authentication with Flutter, implementing signup, login, email verification, password reset, and Firestore data storage. During development, we faced issues such as username not fetching from Firestore and Firestore offline errors, which we resolved by forcing online data retrieval, handling cache properly, and ensuring Firestore writes before navigation.