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47-D6AD-YASH SARANG-EM4-ASSIGNMENT

\mathcal{Z}

$$f(k) = 3^{k+1} = \begin{cases} 3^{-(k+1)} & k+1 < 0, k \leq -1 \\ 3^k & k+1 \geq 0, k \geq -1. \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{Z}\{f(k)\} &= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} f(k) \cdot z^{-k} \\ &= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{-1} 3^{-(k+1)} \cdot z^{-k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 3^k \cdot z^{-k} \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 3^{k-1} \cdot z^{-k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 3^k \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^k \\ &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^k \frac{1}{3} + 3 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^k \\ &= \frac{1}{9} \times \frac{1}{1-3z} + 3 \times \frac{1}{1-3/z} = \frac{1/9}{1-3z} + \frac{3/z}{z-3} \\ \text{for } |3z| &< 1 \text{ i.e. } |z| < 1/3 \text{ & } \left|\frac{3}{z}\right| < 1 \text{ i.e. } |z| > 3. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 3^{k-1} \cdot z^{-k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^k \times 3. \\ &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3z}{z}\right)^k \times \frac{1}{9} + 3 \frac{1}{1-3/z} \\ &= \frac{1}{9} \times \frac{1}{1-3z} + \frac{3z}{z-3}. \quad \text{for } |3z| < 1, \therefore |z| < 1/3 \\ &\quad \& |3/z| < 1, \& |z| > 3. \end{aligned}$$

\therefore for $|z| < 1/3$ & $|z| > 3$,

$$\mathcal{Z}\{f(k)\} = \frac{1/9}{1-3z} + \frac{3z}{z-3}.$$

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(P)

$$\rightarrow f(k) = \sin(3k+5), k \geq 0.$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i}, \quad \sin(3k+5) = \frac{e^{i(3k+5)} - e^{-i(3k+5)}}{2i}$$

$$\mathcal{Z}\{f(k)\} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left[\frac{e^{i3k+i5}}{2i} - \frac{e^{-i3k-i5}}{2i} \right] z^{-k}$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i3}}{z} \right)^k \times \frac{e^{i5}}{2i} - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i3} \cdot z}{z} \right)^k \times \frac{1}{2i e^{i5}}$$

$$= \frac{e^{i5}}{2i} \times \frac{1}{1 - e^{i3}/z} - \frac{e^{-i5}}{2i} \times \frac{1}{1 - 1/e^{i3} z}$$

$$= \frac{e^{i5}}{2i} \times \frac{z}{z - e^{i3}} - \frac{e^{-i5}}{2i} \times \frac{z \cdot e^{i5}}{z \cdot e^{i3} - 1}$$

for $\left| \frac{e^{i3}}{z} \right| < 1$ i.e. $|z| > |e^{i3}|$ & $|z \cdot e^{i3}| < 1$
 i.e. $|z| < |1/e^{i3}|$

\therefore for $|z| > 1$ & $|z| < 1$.

$$\mathcal{Z}\{f(k)\} = \left[\frac{e^{i5} \cdot z}{z - e^{i3}} - \frac{z \cdot e^{i5}}{z \cdot e^{i3} - 1} \right] \frac{1}{2i}$$

Q9)

$$f(k) = \frac{k}{k-1}, k \geq 1.$$

$$\mathcal{Z}\{f(k)\} = \mathcal{Z}\left\{\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{k}{k-1} z^{k-1}\right\}$$

$$\mathcal{Z}\{k-1\} \neq \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (k-1)z^{k-1} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)z^k = \frac{k}{z} \cancel{+} \frac{1}{1-z}$$

$$= \cancel{\frac{k}{z}} + \cancel{\frac{1}{z-k}} - \cancel{\frac{k}{z}} = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (k-1)z^{k-1}$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k \left(\cancel{\frac{z}{z}}\right)^{k+1} = 0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\cancel{\frac{z}{z}}\right)^{k+1} \cancel{k} \cancel{+} \cancel{0}$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\cancel{\frac{z}{z}}\right)^{k+2} \times (k+1).$$

$$= \frac{1}{z^2} \times \left[\frac{1}{(1-z)^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{z^2(1-z)^2}$$

$$\mathcal{Z}\left\{\frac{\mathcal{Z}\{k-1\}}{k-1}\right\} = - \int \frac{1}{z} \times \frac{1}{z^2(1-z)^2} dz.$$

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(Q1)

$$\rightarrow F(z) = \frac{z+1}{(z-2)^2}, \text{ i) } |z| > 2, \text{ ii) } |z| < 2.$$

i) for $|z| > 2$

$$F(z) = \frac{z+1}{z^2} \times \frac{1}{(1-2/z)^2} = \frac{z+1}{z^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)_k \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^k$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)_k \times \cancel{\frac{(z-2)^k}{z^{k+1}}} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)_k \times \frac{2^k}{z^{k+2}}.$$

for 1st part, co.efficient of $z^{-(k+1)} = (k+1) 2^k$ $k \geq 0$
 $z^{-k} = k \cdot 2^{k-1}$ $k \geq 1$.

2nd part, co.efficient of $z^{-(k+2)} = (k+1) \cdot 2^k$ $k \geq 0$
 $z^{-k} = (k-1) \cdot 2^{k-2}$, $k \geq 2$.

∴ $\mathcal{Z}^{-1}\{F(z)\} = k \cdot 2^{k-1} + (k-1) \cdot 2^{k-2}$ for $k \geq 2$.

ii) for $|z| < 2$,

$$F(z) = \frac{z+1}{z^2} \times \frac{1}{(1-z/2)^2} = \frac{z+1}{4} \times \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)_k \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^k$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(k+1)_k}{2^{k+2}} \times z^{k+1} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(k+1)_k}{2^{k+2}} \times z^k$$

for 1st part, co.efficient of $z^{k+1} = \frac{k+1}{2^{k+2}}$, $k \geq 0$

$$z^k = \frac{k}{2^{k+1}}, k \geq 1.$$

$$z^{-k} = \frac{-k \times 2^{k-1}}{2^{k+1}}, k \leq 1.$$

for 2nd part, co.eff of $z^k = (k+1)/2^k$ $k \geq 0$.
 $z^{-k} = (-k+1) \times 2^k$ $k \leq 0$.

$$\therefore \mathcal{Z}^{-1}\{F(z)\} = -k \cdot 2^{k-1} + (1-k) 2^k, \text{ for } k \leq 1 \dots$$

16)

$$\rightarrow F(z) = \frac{2z-3}{z^2-3z-4} = \frac{2z-3}{(z-4)(z+1)} . \quad \begin{cases} \text{i)} |z| < 1 \\ \text{ii)} 1 < |z| < 4 \\ \text{iii)} |z| > 4. \end{cases}$$

$$F(z) = \frac{2z-3}{(z-4)(z+1)} = \frac{A}{z-4} + \frac{B}{z+1}.$$

$$\text{for } z=4, \quad 2z-3 = A(5) \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{for } z=-1, \quad -2-3 = B(-5) \\ 5 = A(5) \\ A=1 \end{array} \right. \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} -5 = B(-5) \\ B=1. \end{array} \right.$$

$$F(z) = \frac{2z-3}{(z-4)(z+1)} = \frac{1}{(z-4)} + \frac{1}{(z+1)}.$$

i) for $|z| < 1$

$$\frac{1}{z-4} = -\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{1-z/4} = -\frac{1}{4} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{z}{4}\right)^k.$$

coefficient of $z^k = -4^{-(k+1)}$, $k \geq 0$.

$$\text{coefficient of } z^{-k} = -4^{k-1}, \quad k \leq 0. \quad \text{for } |z| < 4 \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{z+1} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k z^{-k}.$$

\therefore coefficient of $z^k = (-1)^k$, $k \geq 0$.

$$\text{coefficient of } z^{-k} = (-1)^k, \quad k \leq 0. \quad \text{for } |z| < 1 \quad \textcircled{2}$$

\therefore for $|z| < 1$, from $\textcircled{1}, \textcircled{2}$

$$z^{-1} \{f(z)\} = -4^{k-1} + (-1)^{-k}, \quad k \leq 0.$$

ii) for $1 < |z| < 4$,

$$\frac{1}{z+1} = \frac{1}{z} \times \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{z}} = \frac{1}{z} \times \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^k = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{z^{k+1}}$$

coefficient of $\frac{z^{(k+1)}}{z^{-k}} = \begin{cases} (-1)^k & k \geq 0 \\ (-1)^{k-1} & k \geq 1 \end{cases}$ ————— (3)

for $|z| < 1$

\therefore for $1 < |z| < 4$,

from (1), (3)

$$\mathcal{Z}^{-1} \{ f(z) \} = \begin{cases} (-1)^{k-1} & k \geq 1 \\ -4^{k-1} & k \leq 0. \end{cases}$$

iii) for $|z| > 4$,

$$\frac{1}{z-4} = \frac{1}{z} \times \frac{1}{1-\frac{4}{z}} = \frac{1}{z} \times \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4}{z}\right)^k = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{4^k}{z^{k+1}}$$

coefficient of $\frac{z^{-k-1}}{z^{-k}} = \begin{cases} 4^k & k \geq 0 \\ 4^{\frac{k-1}{4}} & k \geq 1 \end{cases}$, for $\frac{4}{z} < 1, |z| > 4$. ————— (4)

\therefore for $|z| > 4$, from (3) and (4)

$$\mathcal{Z}^{-1} \{ F(z) \} = (-1)^{k-1} + 4^{k-1}, \text{ for } k \geq 1.$$

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