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20 August
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break and continue
- finalise groups by thursday night
                                                            - used for skipping an iteration or breaking out of the loop
Dictionary Data Structure
                                                            for x in range(0,100):
- key/index not in sequence order but user defined
- key/index : value pair of items
                                                                if x7,10 == 0:
                                                                    continue
e.g.
a = {}
                                                                elif x == 78:
a[1] = "something
a[4] = "potato"
                                                                    break
                                                                else:
                                                                    print(x)
Set Data Structure
- all unique values inside the data structure
                                                            Loops
                                                            - While loop
6 = set(a)
                                                            e.g.
× = 50
                                                            while(x>=20):
Tuple Data Structure
                                                                print(x)
- non mutable/changeable lists after definition
                                                                × -= 1
c = (1,2,3)
                                                            Function
                                                            - returns an output for some input
Loops
- For loop
                                                            def avg(x, y, z):
return (x+y+z)/3
for x in a:
                                                            def functi(x, y, z):
    print(x)
# range(a,b) := [a,b)
                                                                a = x+y+z
for x in range(0,10):
                                                                return a
    for y in range(0,10):
        print(str(x) + " x " + str(y) + " = " + str(x*y)) Fibonacci series: 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8 ...
                                       Python Libraries
 Fibonacci using loop
                                       - Numpy, Scipy library for calculations and stuff - Matplotlib library for visualization
 # Loops - using processor
 e.g.
                                       - Scikit-learn library for various ML algo implementation
                                       - lasagne and kera's library for DL algo implementation
 y = 1
                                       - nltk library for natural language processing
 print(y)
 while True:
                                       Natural Language Processing (NLP):
     z = x + y
                                       early objective: part of speech tagging
     x = y
                                       - label every word with a part of speech
     y = 2
                                       - supervised classification task
      print(y)
                                           * different from normal supervised classification (as context)
                                           e.g. 1. I bat for this team.
                                               2. This is a bat.
 Fibonacci using function
                                               Note: 1. bat - verb
 # Recursion - using RAM
                                                     2. bat - noun
 e.g.
                                       - segmentation
 x = 1
                                           * breaking sentence into segments/parts
 y = 1
                                       - tokenization
 def fib1(x, y):
                                           * converting segments into tokens/numbers
     print(x + y)
                                       - Named Entity Detection
      fib1(y, x + y)
                                           * Istart and Istop tokens added before words to find specific phrases/named entities in text
 def fib(x, y):
                                           * State of the Art Models also give ~70-80% accuracy
     print(x)
                                       - stanford coreNLP library
      print(y)
                                           * For NLP algo implementation - not SOTA but pretty good girl
      Fib1(x, y)
                                       - most NLP datasets based on news related texts, journalistic text
 pip - package installer for python
                                       - direct and not have lot of references, therefore need better datasets for coreference resolution
 -numpy, scipy etc... python libraries
                                           * e.g. confusing text with lot of references asked while quizzing
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