

<https://www.mongodb.com/nosql-explained>

cap theorem

<https://www.ibm.com/in-en/topics/cap-theorem>

query

<https://www.mongodb.com/developer/products/mongodb/>

<https://www.jdoodle.com/online-mongodb-terminal/>

//to create db

use sales

// to create collection and storing a document/data

```
db.product.insertOne({"name":"pen",cost:20})
```

//to retrieve data from collection

```
db.product.findOne()
```

//nesting docs

```
db.product.insertOne({"name":"mobile",cost:12000,details:
{brand:"samsung",color:"red"}})
```

```
db.product.insertOne({"name":"mobile",cost:12000,details:
{brand:"samsung",color:"green"}})
```

//prints only one data which is by default first document

```
db.product.findOne()
```

//to print all docs available in a collection

```
db.product.find()
```

//insert many docs(array of json docs)

```
db.product.insertMany([{"name":"pencil",cost:10}, {"name":"candy",cost:50}])
```

//CRUD operations, create read update delete

//read already we discussed

read can be done by findone or find

//filter in find method

filtering and retrieving one doc/data with a condition satisfied

```
db.product.findOne({name:"pen"})
```

// find method with filtering and retrieval many docs(filtering nested document)

```
db.product.find({"details.brand":"samsung"})
```

//updating data

```
db.product.updateOne({name:"pen"},{$set: {"cost":35}})
```

use find method to know status of update

//update many also possible

//delete

```
db.product.deleteOne({name:"pen"})
```

use find method to know status of delete

// delete many

```
db.product.deleteMany
```

//creating collection

```
db.createCollection('name',{options})
```

options:size of collection, max

//projection (like we discussed already -> filtering and from the result we project certain attributes)

to retrieve name from all docs

{ } first json document is empty our query document or filtering document so empty

{ } second json document is projection related

```
db.product.find({}, {name:1})
```

```
db.product.find({}, {name:1, _id:0})
```