



Data Collection and Preprocessing Phase

Date	16 June 2025
Team ID	SWTID1749710444
Project Title	Online Payment Fraud Detection using ML
Maximum Marks	6 Marks

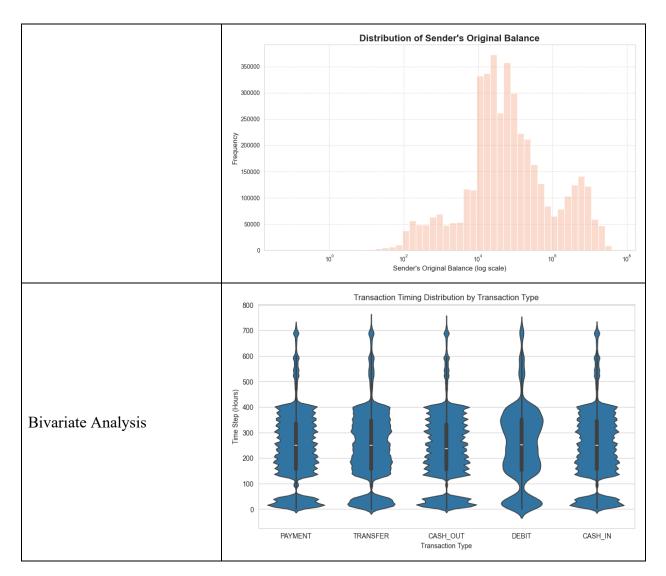
Data Exploration and Preprocessing

Identifies data sources, assesses quality issues like missing values and duplicates, and implements resolution plans to ensure accurate and reliable analysis.

Section	Description
Data Overview	step amount oldbalanceOrg newbalanceOrig oldbalanceDest newbalanceDest isFraud isFlaggedFrau count 6.362620e+06 1.224996e+06 1.224996e+06 1.298820e-03 2.514687e-0 std 1.423320e+02 6.038582e+05 2.888243e+06 2.924049e+06 3.399180e+06 3.674129e+06 3.590480e-02 1.585775e-0 min 1.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00
Univariate Analysis	Distribution of Transaction Amounts
	200000 200000 10 ⁻¹ 10 ¹ 10 ³ 10 ⁵ 10 ⁷ Transaction Amount (log scale)

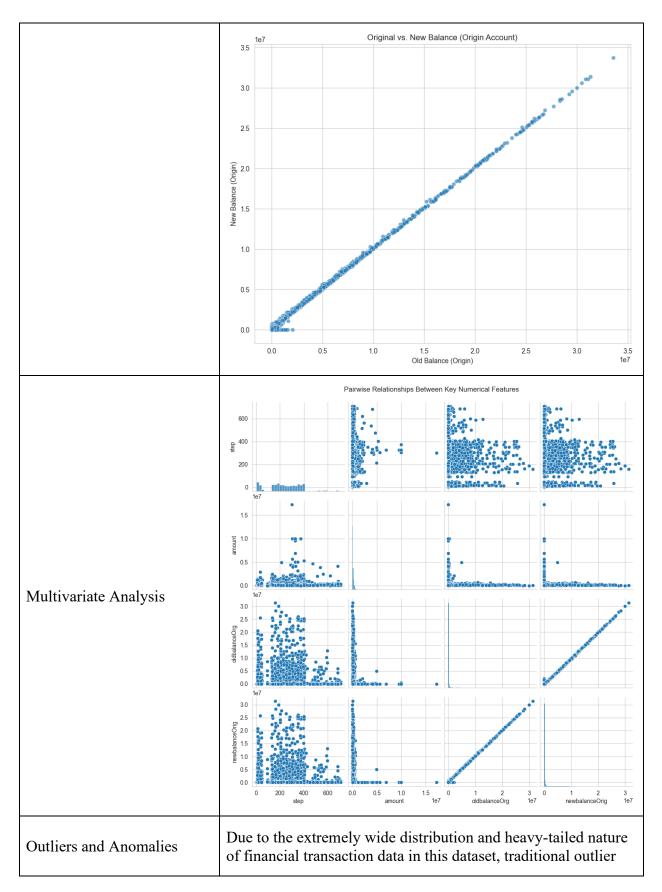










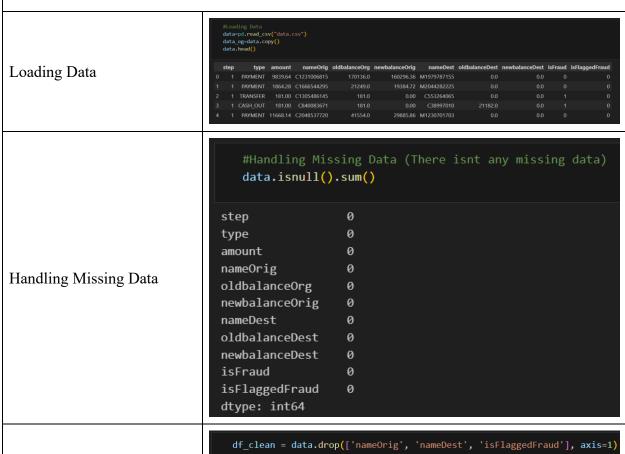






detection methods are not effective. The data spans several orders of magnitude (e.g., transaction amounts range from \$0 to \$92+ million), making it difficult to distinguish between legitimate large transactions and true anomalies using standard statistical methods.

Data Preprocessing Code Screenshots



Data Transformation

```
df_clean = data.drop(['nameOrig', 'nameDest', 'isFlaggedFraud'], axis=1)
df_clean.columns.tolist()

['step',
   'type',
   'amount',
   'oldbalanceOrg',
   'newbalanceOrig',
   'oldbalanceDest',
   'newbalanceDest',
   'isFraud']
```





		coded = pd.get coded.head()	_dummies(df_clea	n, columns=['t	ype'], prefix='t	type')					Python
	amount	oldbalanceOrg	newbalanceOrig	oldbalanceDest	newbalanceDest	isFraud	type_CASH_IN	type_CASH_OUT	type_DEBIT	type_PAYMENT	type_TRANSFER
	9839.64	170136.0					False	False	False	True	False
	1864.28	21249.0 181.0		0.0			False		False False		False
	181.00 181.00	181.0		0.0 21182.0			False False	False True	False False		True False
	11668.14	41554.0		0.0			False	False	False	True	False
	<pre>X = df_encoded.drop('isFraud', axis=1) y = df_encoded['isFraud'] scaler = StandardScaler() X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)</pre>										
Feature Engineering	New features such as balance changes and ratios were considered but not used in the baseline due to time/resource constraints.										
Save Processed Data	_		_df = _df.des		aFrame	(X_	scale	d, col	umns	=X.col	umns)