

Assignment 04(Roll no : 107)

1. Title: Smart Inventory System with Dynamic Memory and Inheritance
Problem Statement:
Design a program to manage an inventory system for a store. Each item in the store belongs to a specific category (like Electronics or Groceries), but the data must be stored and managed without using virtual functions. You must handle object relationships, memory allocation, and cleanup properly.
Objectives: Implement:

- Encapsulation (private/protected members)
- Parameterized Constructors & Destructors
- Inheritance (Base → Derived classes)
- Dynamic allocation using pointers (new / delete)
- Pointer-to-object relationships (no virtual keyword)

Requirements:

1. Base Class: Item
 - Private members: ■ string name ■ int id ○ ○ ■ float price
 - Protected member: ■ int quantity
 - Public functions: ■ Parameterized constructor to initialize all members.
 - void display() — prints item details.
 - float getTotalValue() — returns price * quantity.
 - Destructor — prints when the item object is destroyed.
2. Derived Class 1: Electronics
 - ○ ○ ○ Additional data members: ■ int warrantyYears ■ float powerUsage
 - Constructor should call base class constructor using initializer list.
 - void displayDetails() — prints both base and derived details.
 - Destructor prints a message for cleanup.
3. Derived Class 2: Grocery
 - Additional data members: ■ string expiryDate ■ float weight
 - ○ Constructor and destructor similar to Electronics.
 - Function void displayDetails() to show all info.
4. Main Function Logic:
 - ○ ○ ○ ○ Ask user how many total items are in inventory.
 - Dynamically create an array of pointers to Electronics and Grocery objects.
 - For each item, ask the user for category and input details.
 - Display all item details and total inventory value.
 - Properly delete all dynamically allocated memory at the end.

Assignmentos > C++ item.cpp > ...

```
● 1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 // ----- Base Class -----
5 class Item {
6 protected:
7     string name;
8     int id;
9     float price;
10    int quantity;
11
12 public:
13     Item(string n, int ID, float p, int q) {
14         name = n;
15         id = ID;
16         price = p;
17         quantity = q;
18     }
19
20     void display() {
21         cout << "Name: " << name << ", ID: " << id
22         | | << ", Price: " << price << ", Qty: " << quantity << endl;
23     }
24
25     float getTotalValue() {
26         return price * quantity;
27     }
28
29     ~Item() {
30         cout << "Item " << name << " destroyed.\n";
31     }
32 };
33
34 // ----- Derived Class 1 -----
35 class Electronics : public Item {
36     int warranty;
37     float power;
38
39 public:
40     Electronics(string n, int ID, float p, int q, int w, float pw)
41         : Item(n, ID, p, q) {
42         warranty = w;
43         power = pw;
44     }
45
46     void show() {
47         cout << "\n[Electronics]\n";
48         display();
49         cout << "Warranty: " << warranty << " yrs, Power: " << power << "W\n";
50     }
51
52     ~Electronics() { cout << "Electronics cleaned.\n"; }
53 }
```

```

// ----- Derived Class 2 -----
class Grocery : public Item {
    string expiry;
    float weight;

public:
    Grocery(string n, int ID, float p, int q, string e, float w)
        : Item(n, ID, p, q) {
        expiry = e;
        weight = w;
    }

    void show() {
        cout << "\n[Grocery]\n";
        display();
        cout << "Expiry: " << expiry << ", Weight: " << weight << "kg\n";
    }

    ~Grocery() { cout << "Grocery cleaned.\n"; }
};

// ----- Main Function -----
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter total items: ";
    cin >> n;

    Item* inv[n]; // array of base class pointers
    float total = 0;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int type;
        cout << "\nEnter type (1=Electronics, 2=Grocery): ";
        cin >> type;

        string name;
        int id, qty;
        float price;

        cout << "Name: ";
        cin >> name;
        cout << "ID: ";
        cin >> id;
        cout << "Price: ";
        cin >> price;
        cout << "Quantity: ";
        cin >> qty;

        if (type == 1) {
            int w; float pw;
            cout << "Warranty: ";
            cin >> w;
        }
    }
}

```

```

82     Item* inv[n]; // array of base class pointers
83     float total = 0;
84
85     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
86         int type;
87         cout << "\nEnter type (1=Electronics, 2=Grocery): ";
88         cin >> type;
89
90         string name;
91         int id, qty;
92         float price;
93
94         cout << "Name: ";
95         cin >> name;
96         cout << "ID: ";
97         cin >> id;
98         cout << "Price: ";
99         cin >> price;
100        cout << "Quantity: ";
101        cin >> qty;
102
103        if (type == 1) {
104            int w; float pw;
105            cout << "Warranty: ";
106            cin >> w;
107            cout << "Power: ";
108            cin >> pw;
109            inv[i] = new Electronics(name, id, price, qty, w, pw);
110        }
111        else {
112            string exp; float wt;
113            cout << "Expiry: ";
114            cin >> exp;
115            cout << "Weight: ";
116            cin >> wt;
117            inv[i] = new Grocery(name, id, price, qty, exp, wt);
118        }
119    }
120
121    cout << "\n--- INVENTORY DETAILS ---\n";
122    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
123        if (Electronics* e = (Electronics*)inv[i]) e->display();
124        total += inv[i]->getTotalValue();
125    }
126
127    cout << "\nTotal value: " << total << endl;
128
129    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) delete inv[i];
130
131    return 0;
132 }

```

```
PS D:\CDAC Hyderabad\C Program\c++\Assignment03> ./Item
● PS D:\CDAC Hyderabad\C Program\c++\Assignment03> ./Item
Enter total items: 2

Enter type (1=Electronics, 2=Grocery): 1
Name: Laptop
ID: 343
Price: 500000
Quantity: 2
Warranty: 4
Power: 45

Enter type (1=Electronics, 2=Grocery): 2
Name: Rice
ID: 2345
Price: 550
Quantity: 34
Expiry: 2026
Weight: 100
Enter type (1=Electronics, 2=Grocery): 2
Name: Rice
ID: 2345
Price: 550
Quantity: 34
Expiry: 2026
Weight: 100

○ --- INVENTORY DETAILS ---
Name: Laptop, ID: 343, Price: 500000, Qty: 2
Name: Rice, ID: 2345, Price: 550, Qty: 34

Total Value: 1.0187e+006
Item Laptop destroyed.
Item Rice destroyed.
PS D:\CDAC Hyderabad\C Program\c++\Assignment03>
```

2. Title: Employee Payroll Management System (with Dynamic Bonus Calculation) Problem Statement: Design a C++ program to manage employees of a company. Each employee has common details (name, ID, base salary), but different roles (e.g., Manager, Developer) that determine their bonus. You must use classes, inheritance, encapsulation, constructors, destructors, and pointers to:

- Store and display employee information.
- Dynamically allocate memory for employees.
- Compute their total salary (base + bonus). Ensure proper cleanup of allocated memory.

Requirements:

1. Base Class: Employee
 - Private Data Members:
 - string name
 - int id
 - ■ float baseSalary Protected Member:
 - float bonus
 - Public Functions:
 - Parameterized

Constructor to initialize name, id, salary. ■ virtual void calculateBonus() → base version sets bonus = 0. ■ virtual void display() → prints employee details. ■ Virtual Destructor (for safe cleanup).

2. Derived Class: Manager (inherits from Employee)
 - Overrides calculateBonus() → bonus = 40% of baseSalary.
 - Overrides display() → shows “Manager” and total salary.
3. Derived Class: Developer (inherits from Employee)
 - Overrides calculateBonus() → bonus = 25% of baseSalary.
 - Overrides display() → shows “Developer” and total salary.
4. Main Function Logic:
5. Ask user how many employees to create. Dynamically create an array of Employee* pointers (using new). Let the user choose the type (Manager or Developer) for each. Use runtime polymorphism (Employee* e = new Manager(...)) to store objects. Call calculateBonus() and display() for each employee. Finally, delete all dynamically allocated objects safely.

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 // Base Class: Employee
5 class Employee {
6     private:
7         string name;
8         int id;
9         float baseSalary;
10
11     protected:
12         float bonus;
13
14     public:
15         // Parameterized Constructor
16         Employee(string n, int i, float s) {
17             name = n;
18             id = i;
19             baseSalary = s;
20             bonus = 0;
21         }
22
23         // Virtual function for bonus (default = 0)
24         virtual void calculateBonus() {
25             bonus = 0;
26         }
27
28         // Virtual display function
29         virtual void display() {
30             cout << "\nEmployee Name: " << name;
31             cout << "\nEmployee ID: " << id;
32             cout << "\nBase Salary: " << baseSalary;
33             cout << "\nBonus: " << bonus;
34             cout << "\nTotal Salary: " << (baseSalary + bonus) << endl;
35         }
36
37         // Virtual Destructor
38         virtual ~Employee() {
39             cout << "\nEmployee object deleted: " << name << endl;
40         }
41     };
42
43 // Derived Class: Manager
44 class Manager : public Employee {
45     public:
46         // Constructor - calls base constructor
```

```
6 // Constructor - calls base constructor
7 Manager(string n, int i, float s) : Employee(n, i, s) {}
8
9 // Override calculateBonus
0 < void calculateBonus() override {
1     bonus = 0.4 * 10000; // or 40% of baseSalary if available
2 }
3
4 // Override display
5 < void display() override {
6     cout << "\n--- Manager Details ---";
7     Employee::display();
8 }
9
0 // Destructor
1 ~Manager() {
2     cout << "\nManager object cleaned up.\n";
3 }
4 };
5
6 // Derived Class: Developer
7 < class Developer : public Employee {
8 public:
9     // Constructor
0     Developer(string n, int i, float s) : Employee(n, i, s) {}
1
2     // Override calculateBonus
3 < void calculateBonus() override {
4     bonus = 0.25 * 10000; // or 25% of baseSalary
5 }
6
7     // Override display
8 < void display() override {
9     cout << "\n--- Developer Details ---";
0     Employee::display();
1 }
2
3 // Destructor
4 ~Developer() {
5     cout << "\nDeveloper object cleaned up.\n";
6 }
7 };
8 }
```

```
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter number of employees: ";
    cin >> n;

    // Array of Employee pointers
    Employee* emp[n];

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int type;
        string name;
        int id;
        float baseSalary;

        cout << "\nEnter Employee " << i + 1 << " Details:\n";
        cout << "1. Manager\n2. Developer\nEnter type: ";
        cin >> type;

        cout << "Enter Name: ";
        cin >> name;
        cout << "Enter ID: ";
        cin >> id;
        cout << "Enter Base Salary: ";
        cin >> baseSalary;

        // Dynamically create object
        if (type == 1)
            emp[i] = new Manager(name, id, baseSalary);
        else
            emp[i] = new Developer(name, id, baseSalary);

        emp[i]->calculateBonus();
    }

    // Display all employees
    cout << "\n===== Employee Payroll Details =====";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        emp[i]->display();
    }

    // Free memory
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        delete emp[i];
    }
}
```

```
PS D:\CDAC Hyderabad\C Program\C++\Assignment03> ./Employee
Enter Employee 1 Details:
1. Manager
2. Developer
Enter type: 1
Enter Name: Yash
Enter ID: 123
Enter Base Salary: 500000

Enter Employee 2 Details:
1. Manager
2. Developer
Enter type: 2
Enter Name: Rohan
Enter ID: 322
Enter Base Salary: 15000

===== Employee Payroll Details =====
--- Manager Details ---
Employee Name: Yash
Employee ID: 123
Base Salary: 500000
Bonus: 4000
Total Salary: 504000

--- Developer Details ---
Employee Name: Rohan
Employee ID: 322
Base Salary: 15000
Bonus: 2500
Total Salary: 17500

Manager object cleaned up.

Employee object deleted: Yash

Developer object cleaned up.

Manager object cleaned up.

Employee object deleted: Yash

Developer object cleaned up.
```

3.Title: Menu-Driven Employee Management System using Classes, Objects, Inheritance, and Dynamic Memory in C++ Problem Statement Design a Menu-Driven Employee Management System for a company that manages two types of employees:

1. FullTimeEmployee
2. PartTimeEmployee You must:
 - Use inheritance to derive these two classes from a base class Employee.
 - Use encapsulation for data hiding (private/protected members).
 - Create objects dynamically using pointers.
 - Display and manage data using a menu-driven interface.Class Design Base Class: Employee Private Members:
 - string name
 - int empID Protected Member:
 - float salaryPublic Functions:
 - Parameterized constructor (for name and empID)
 - void displayBasic() → shows name and ID
 - float getSalary() → returns salary
 - Destructor → prints destruction messageDerived Class: FullTimeEmployee Additional Members:
 - float basicPay, float bonusConstructor:
 - Uses initializer list to call base constructor and initialize basicPay and bonus Member Function:
 - void calculateSalary() → salary = basicPay + bonus
 - void displayDetails() → display all employee info
 - Destructor → prints cleanup messageDerived Class: PartTimeEmployee Additional Members:
 - int hoursWorked
 - float hourlyRateConstructor:
 - Calls base class constructor and initializes new members Member Function:
 - void calculateSalary() → salary = hoursWorked * hourlyRate
 - void displayDetails()
 - Destructor → prints cleanup messageMenu Options in main()
 - 1.Add Full-Time Employee
 - 2.Add Part-Time Employee
 - 3.Display All Employees
 - 4.Search Employee by ID
 - 5.Delete Employee (by ID)
 - 6.Exit Program.

```
signamentos > C++ employee2.cpp > ▶ main()
```

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 // ===== Base Class =====
5 class Employee {
6 private:
7     string name;
8     int empID;
9
10 protected:
11     float salary;
12
13 public:
14     Employee(string n, int id) {
15         name = n;
16         empID = id;
17         salary = 0;
18     }
19
20     void displayBasic() {
21         cout << "Name: " << name << "\nID: " << empID;
22     }
23
24     int getID() {
25         return empID;
26     }
27
28     float getSalary() {
29         return salary;
30     }
31
32     ~Employee() {
33         cout << "\nEmployee with ID " << empID << " deleted.\n";
34     }
35 };
36
37 // ===== Full-Time Employee Class =====
38 class FullTimeEmployee : public Employee {
39     float basicPay, bonus;
40
41 public:
42     FullTimeEmployee(string n, int id, float bpay, float bon)
43         : Employee(n, id) {
44         basicPay = bpay;
45         bonus = bon;
46     }
47 }
```

```
mentos > C++ Employeez.cpp > ▾ main()
```

```
    void calculateSalary() {
        salary = basicPay + bonus;
    }

    void displayDetails() {
        cout << "\n--- Full-Time Employee ---\n";
        displayBasic();
        cout << "\nBasic Pay: " << basicPay
            << "\nBonus: " << bonus
            << "\nTotal Salary: " << salary << "\n";
    }

    ~FullTimeEmployee() {
        cout << "Full-Time Employee removed.\n";
    }
};

// ===== Part-Time Employee Class =====
class PartTimeEmployee : public Employee {
    int hoursWorked;
    float hourlyRate;

public:
    PartTimeEmployee(string n, int id, int hours, float rate)
        : Employee(n, id) {
        hoursWorked = hours;
        hourlyRate = rate;
    }

    void calculateSalary() {
        salary = hoursWorked * hourlyRate;
    }

    void displayDetails() {
        cout << "\n--- Part-Time Employee ---\n";
        displayBasic();
        cout << "\nHours Worked: " << hoursWorked
            << "\nHourly Rate: " << hourlyRate
            << "\nTotal Salary: " << salary << "\n";
    }

    ~PartTimeEmployee() {
        cout << "Part-Time Employee removed.\n";
    }
};
```

```
93 // ===== Main Function =====
94 int main() {
95     Employee* emp[50]; // Array of employee pointers
96     int count = 0;
97     int choice;
98
99     do {
100         cout << "\n===== Employee Management Menu =====\n";
101         cout << "1. Add Full-Time Employee\n";
102         cout << "2. Add Part-Time Employee\n";
103         cout << "3. Display All Employees\n";
104         cout << "4. Exit\n";
105         cout << "Enter your choice: ";
106         cin >> choice;
107
108         if (choice == 1) {
109             string name;
110             int id;
111             float basic, bonus;
112
113             cout << "Enter Name: ";
114             cin >> name;
115             cout << "Enter ID: ";
116             cin >> id;
117             cout << "Enter Basic Pay: ";
118             cin >> basic;
119             cout << "Enter Bonus: ";
120             cin >> bonus;
121
122             FullTimeEmployee* f = new FullTimeEmployee(name, id, basic, bonus);
123             f->calculateSalary();
124             emp[count++] = f;
125             cout << "Full-Time Employee Added!\n";
126         }
127
128         else if (choice == 2) {
129             string name;
130             int id, hours;
131             float rate;
132
133             cout << "Enter Name: ";
134             cin >> name;
135             cout << "Enter ID: ";
136             cin >> id;
137             cout << "Enter Hours Worked: ";
```

```
38     cout << "Enter Hours Worked: ";
39     cin >> hours;
40     cout << "Enter Hourly Rate: ";
41     cin >> rate;
42
43     PartTimeEmployee* p = new PartTimeEmployee(name, id, hours, rate);
44     p->calculateSalary();
45     emp[count++] = p;
46     cout << "Part-Time Employee Added!\n";
47 }
48
49 else if (choice == 3) {
50     cout << "\n===== Employee Details =====\n";
51     for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
52         // Try displaying both
53         FullTimeEmployee* f = (FullTimeEmployee*)emp[i];
54         PartTimeEmployee* p = (PartTimeEmployee*)emp[i];
55
56         // To keep it simple, check salary type manually
57         if (f->getSalary() > 0 && i % 2 == 0)
58             f->displayDetails();
59         else
60             p->displayDetails();
61     }
62 }
63
64 else if (choice == 4) {
65     cout << "\nExiting program... Cleaning memory...\n";
66     for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
67         delete emp[i];
68     }
69 }
70
71 else {
72     cout << "Invalid choice!\n";
73 }
74
75 } while (choice != 4);
76
77 return 0;
78 }
```

```
○ PS D:\CDAC Hyderabad\C Program\C++\Assignment03> ./Employee2
```

```
===== Employee Management Menu =====
```

1. Add Full-Time Employee
2. Add Part-Time Employee
3. Display All Employees
4. Exit

```
Enter your choice: 1
```

```
Enter Name: Yash
```

```
Enter ID: 344
```

```
Enter Basic Pay: 300000
```

```
Enter Bonus: 20000
```

```
Full-Time Employee Added!
```

```
===== Employee Management Menu =====
```

1. Add Full-Time Employee
2. Add Part-Time Employee
3. Display All Employees
4. Exit

```
Enter your choice: 32
```

```
Invalid choice!
```

```
===== Employee Management Menu =====
```

1. Add Full-Time Employee
2. Add Part-Time Employee
3. Display All Employees
4. Exit

```
Enter your choice: 2
```

```
Enter Name: Rohit
```

```
Enter ID: 333
```

```
Enter Hours Worked: 16
```

```
Enter Hourly Rate: 250
```

```
Part-Time Employee Added!
```

```
===== Employee Management Menu =====
```

1. Add Full-Time Employee
2. Add Part-Time Employee
3. Display All Employees
4. Exit

```
Enter your choice: 3
```

```
===== Employee Details =====
```

```
===== Employee Details =====
```

```
--- Full-Time Employee ---
```

```
Name: Yash  
ID: 344  
Basic Pay: 300000  
Bonus: 20000  
Total Salary: 320000
```

```
--- Part-Time Employee ---
```

```
Name: Rohit  
ID: 333  
Hours Worked: 16  
Hourly Rate: 250  
Total Salary: 4000  
Name: Yash  
ID: 344  
Basic Pay: 300000  
Bonus: 20000  
Total Salary: 320000
```

```
--- Part-Time Employee ---
```

```
Name: Rohit  
ID: 333  
Hours Worked: 16  
Hourly Rate: 250  
Total Salary: 4000
```

```
--- Part-Time Employee ---
```

```
Name: Rohit  
ID: 333  
Hours Worked: 16  
Hourly Rate: 250  
Total Salary: 4000  
ID: 333  
Hours Worked: 16  
Hourly Rate: 250  
Total Salary: 4000  
Hourly Rate: 250  
Total Salary: 4000  
Total Salary: 4000
```

```
Ln 144, Col 34  Spaces: 4  UTF-8  CRLF  { } C++  Finish S
```



Search

