

# AI1103 : Assignment 3

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Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/YashasTadikamalla/AI1103/tree/main/Assignment3/codes>

and latex codes from

<https://github.com/YashasTadikamalla/AI1103/blob/main/Assignment3/Assignment3.tex>

## PROBLEM(GATE-26)

A fair dice is tossed two times. The probability that the second toss result in a value that is higher than the first toss is

- (A)  $\frac{2}{36}$     (B)  $\frac{2}{6}$     (C)  $\frac{5}{12}$     (D)  $\frac{1}{2}$

## SOLUTION(GATE-26)

Given, a fair die, which is tossed twice. Let the random variable  $X_i \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}, i = 1, 2$ , represent the outcome of the number on the die in the first, second toss respectively.

The probability mass function (PMF) for a fair die is expressed as

$$p_{X_i}(n) = \Pr(X_i = n) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6}, & 1 \leq n \leq 6 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (26.1)$$

Using (26.1), the cumulative distribution function (CDF) is obtained to be

$$F_{X_i}(r) = \Pr(X_i \leq r) = \begin{cases} \frac{r}{6}, & 1 \leq r \leq 6 \\ 1, & r \geq 7 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (26.2)$$

$$X_1 < X_2 \Rightarrow X_2 = k, X_1 \leq k - 1 \quad (26.3)$$

$\therefore X_1, X_2$  are independent,

$$\Pr(X_1 < X_2) = \sum_{X_2} F_{X_1}(X_2 - 1) \quad (26.4)$$

After unconditioning (26.4), we get

$$\Pr(X_1 < X_2) = \sum_{k=1}^6 p_{X_2}(k) F_{X_1}(k - 1) \quad (26.5)$$

Substituting (26.1) and (26.2), we get

$$\Pr(X_1 < X_2) = \sum_{k=1}^6 \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{k-1}{6} \right) \quad (26.6)$$

On solving, we get

$$\Pr(X_1 < X_2) = \frac{5}{12} \text{ (option (C))} \quad (26.7)$$

TABLE 1: Cases and their theoretical probabilities

Case	$X_1 < X_2$	$X_1 > X_2$	$X_1 = X_2$
Probability	$\frac{5}{12}$	$\frac{5}{12}$	$\frac{1}{6}$

Theoretical vs Simulation results for the above mentioned cases

