### LANGUAGE MODELING

### **Introduction:**

This assignment is similar to the first assignment of NLP Course where we developed a tweet tokenizer and outputted each token on a new line for every input tweet. In this assignment, we extend the tweet tokenizer to n-gram model where n tokens form one token. The model can be bigram (2 tokens together), tri-gram (3 tokens together), 4-gram (4 tokens together) or 5-gram.

## Logic:

- 1) This assignment is completed using first assignment of tweet tokenizer with some modifications in the output.
- 2) The output from first assignment consists of list of individual tokens. Instead of printing each token on new line, the program prints consecutive 2, 3, 4 or 5 tokens on one line and then increment the index of list by 1 again print the nest 2, 3, 4 or 5 tokens on next line and so on.
- 3) For bi-gram language model, the program prints 2 consecutive tokens from the list on the same line and separated by space.

For eg: woman who missed => woman who

who missed

- 2 consecutive words form one token in bi-gram model.
- 4) For tri-gram language model, the program prints 3 consecutive tokens from the list of individual tokens, on the same line and separated by space.

For eg:

```
"Hello!All" => " Hello !
Hello ! All
! All "
```

5) For 4-gram language model, the program prints 4 consecutive tokens from the list of individual tokens, on the same line and separated by space.

For eg:

woman who missed flight for Pune => woman who missed flight who missed flight for missed flight for Pune

6) For 5-gram language model, the program prints 5 consecutive tokens from the list of individual tokens, on the same line and separated by space.

For eg:

woman who missed flight for Pune => woman who missed flight for who missed flight for Pune

## **Datasets used:**

1) Fetched famous and most-liked tweets from wikipedia and prepared a dataset.

# **Resources:**

- 1) Python Documentation of re module
- 2) Python Documentation of NLTK