

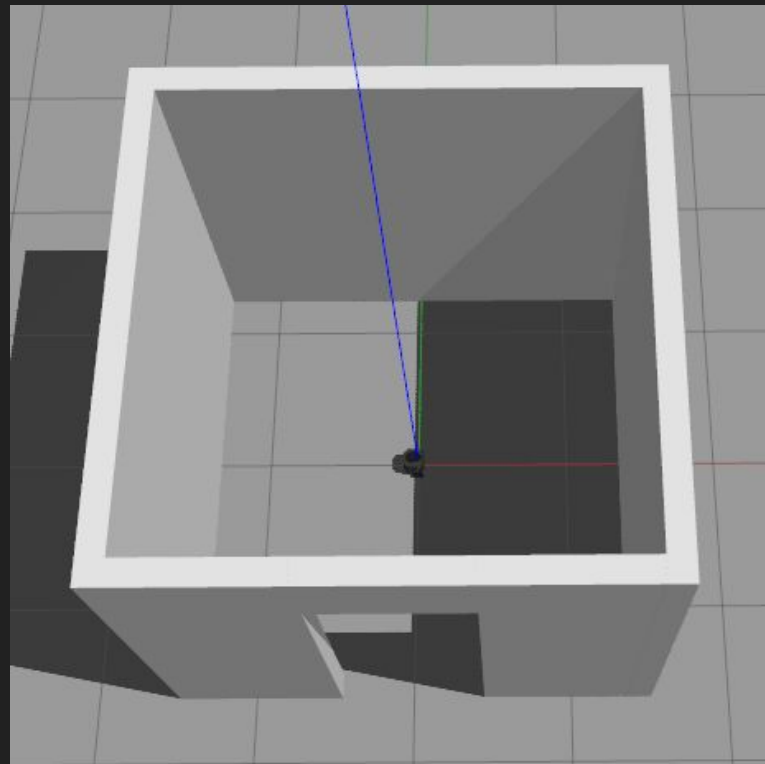
Escape Room

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What?

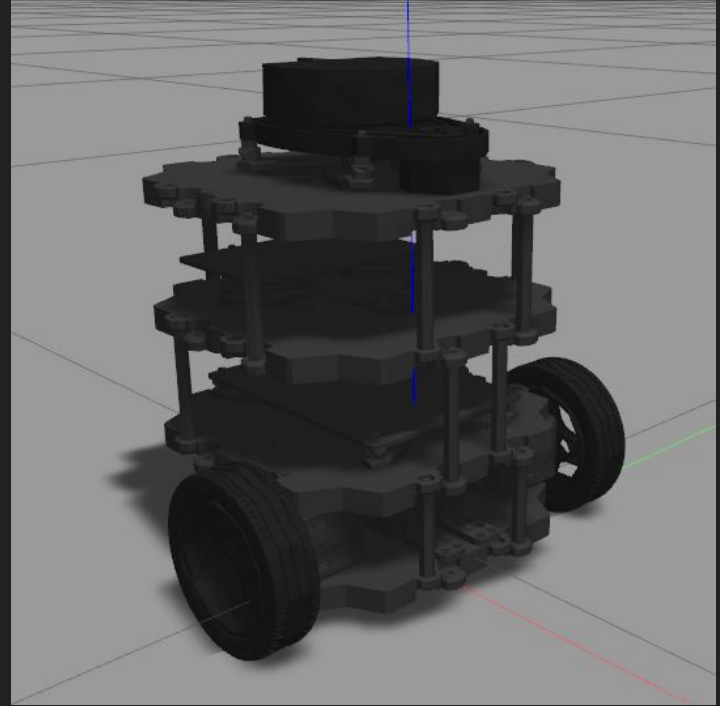
Given a robot placed in a room the task is to

1. Escape the room
2. Sense and avoid hitting **static** obstacles (viz. walls)
3. Sense and avoid hitting **dynamic** obstacles (viz. humans)



Why?

1. Has sensing, planning and acting components.
2. Building blocks for building more sophisticated robots.
3. Sort of like a “basis set” for the “robot problem space”. :)



CSci 5551 relevance

1. Deals with the basic math behind robots in the aspects of sensing, planning and acting, which is the essence of CSci 5551
2. Uses ROS

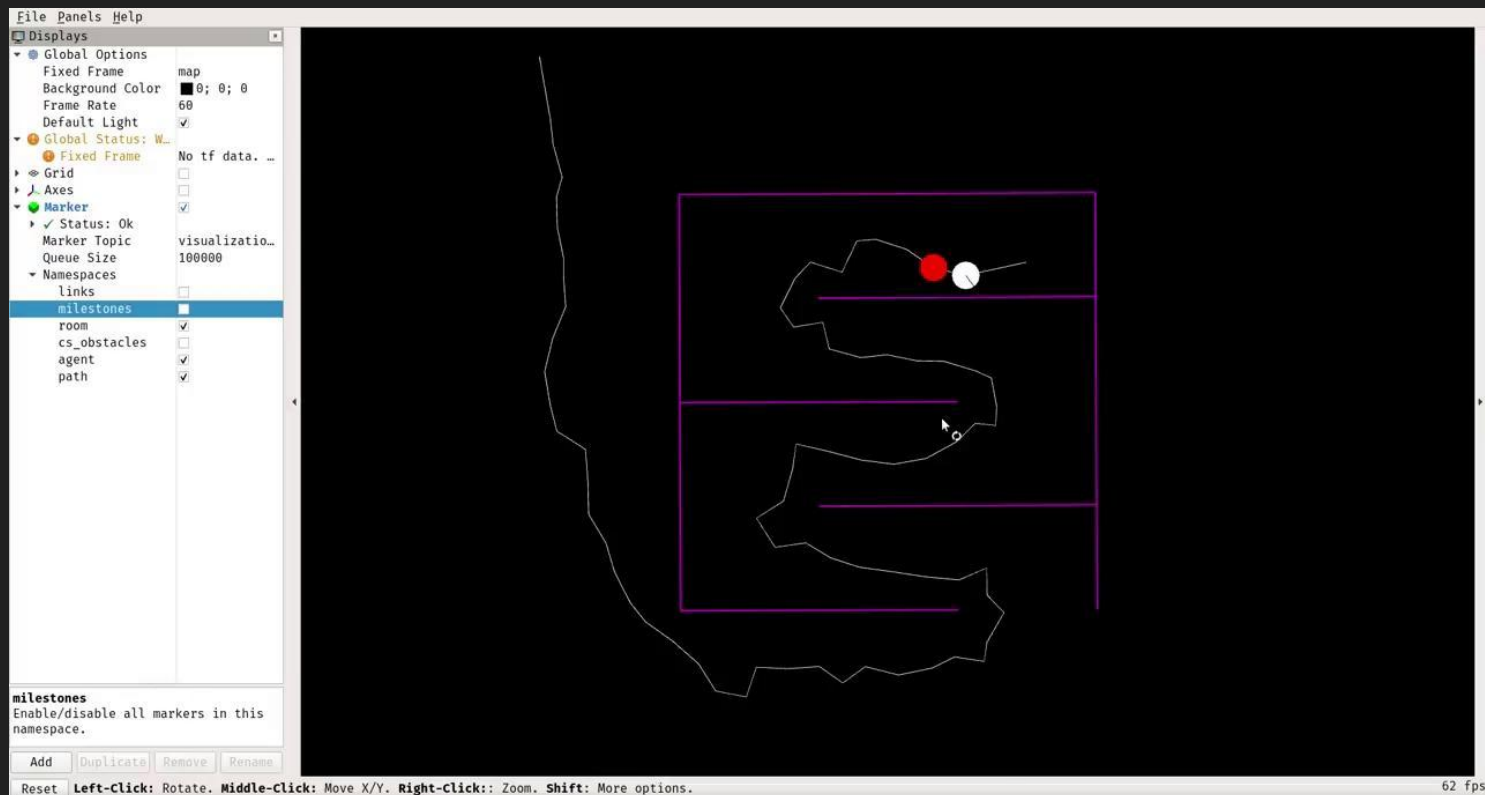
Roadmap

- Assume static obstacles are known and no dynamic obstacles and plan for this
 - Build configuration space with obstacles
 - Build a Probabilistic Roadmap
 - Use A* like search to find a path from start to finish positions
 - Move the Turtlebot along the path
- Get static obstacle information from sensors
 - Use laser scan for detecting obstacles
 - Keep track of them
 - Plan using currently known obstacles, replan if new ones found on path (spirit of D*Lite)
- Have dynamic obstacles
 - Assume friendly behaviour
 - Use repulsive force methods to avoid collision from dynamic obstacles

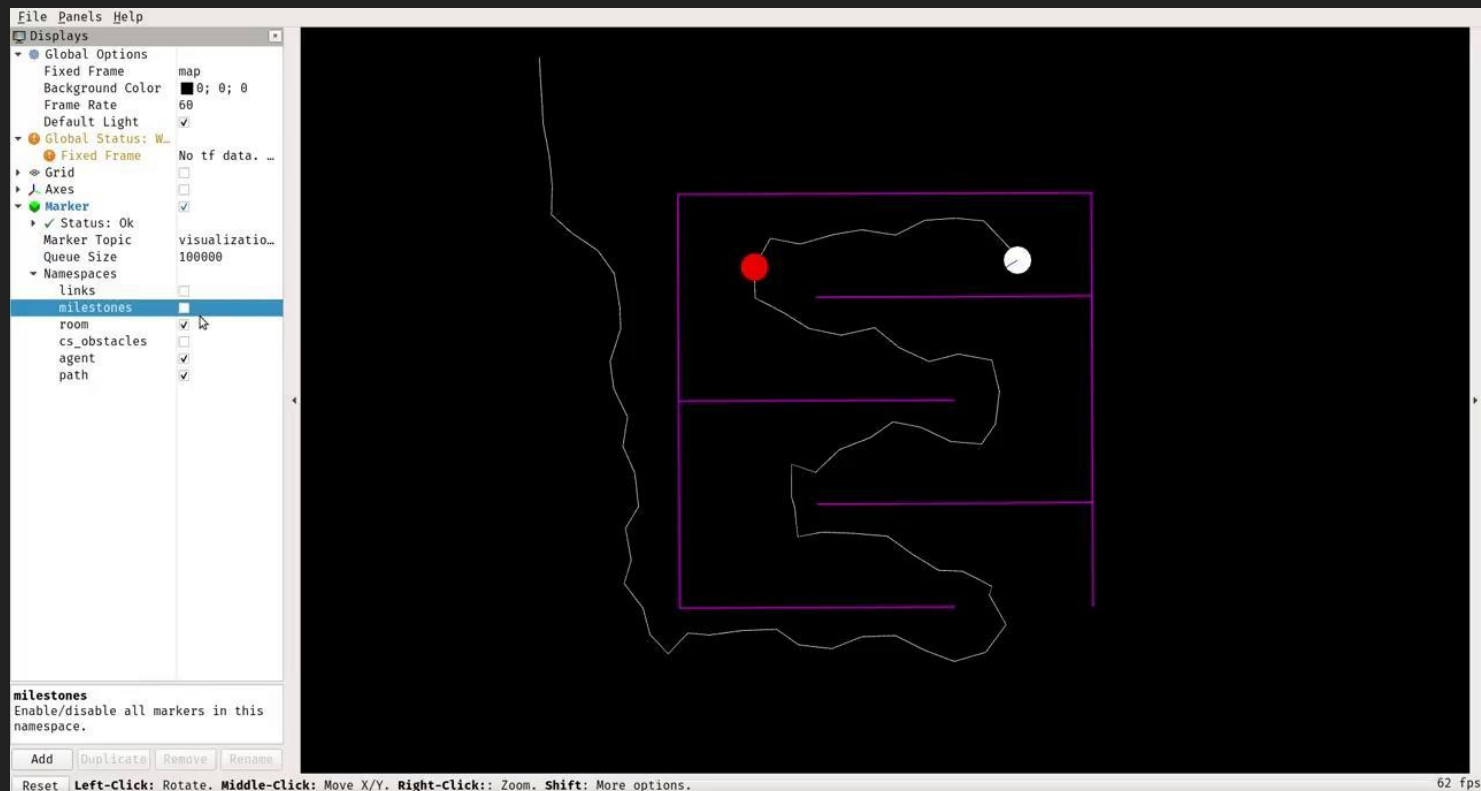
Progress

- Assume static obstacles are known and no dynamic obstacles and plan for this
 - Build configuration space with obstacles
 - Build a Probabilistic Roadmap
 - Use A* like search to find a path from start to finish positions
 - Move the Turtlebot along the path
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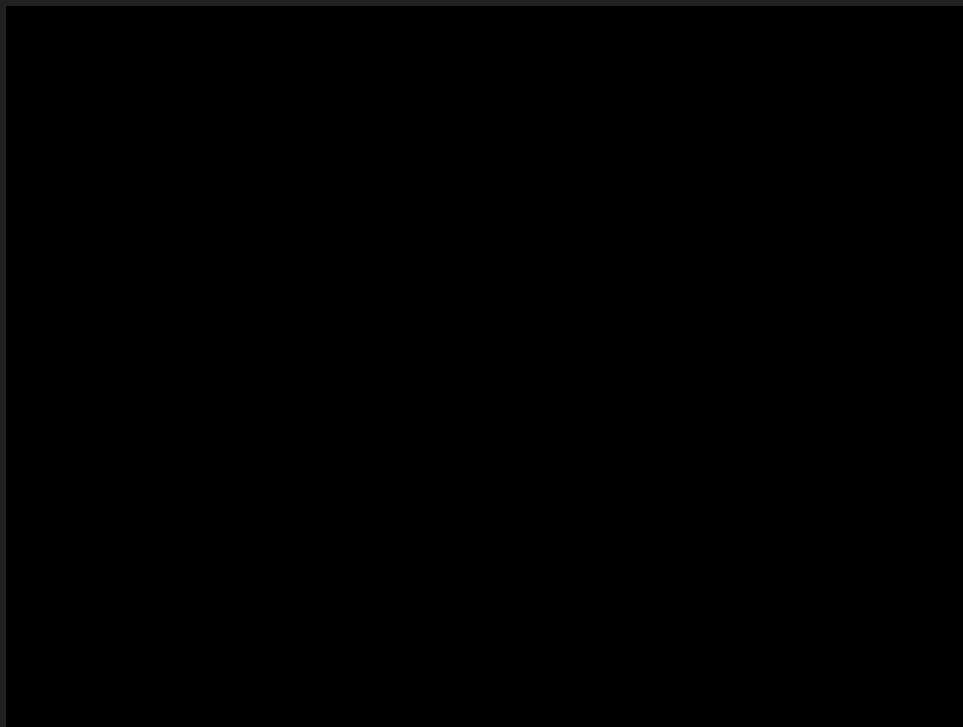
Results: Path generation for known obstacles



Results: With trajectory optimization

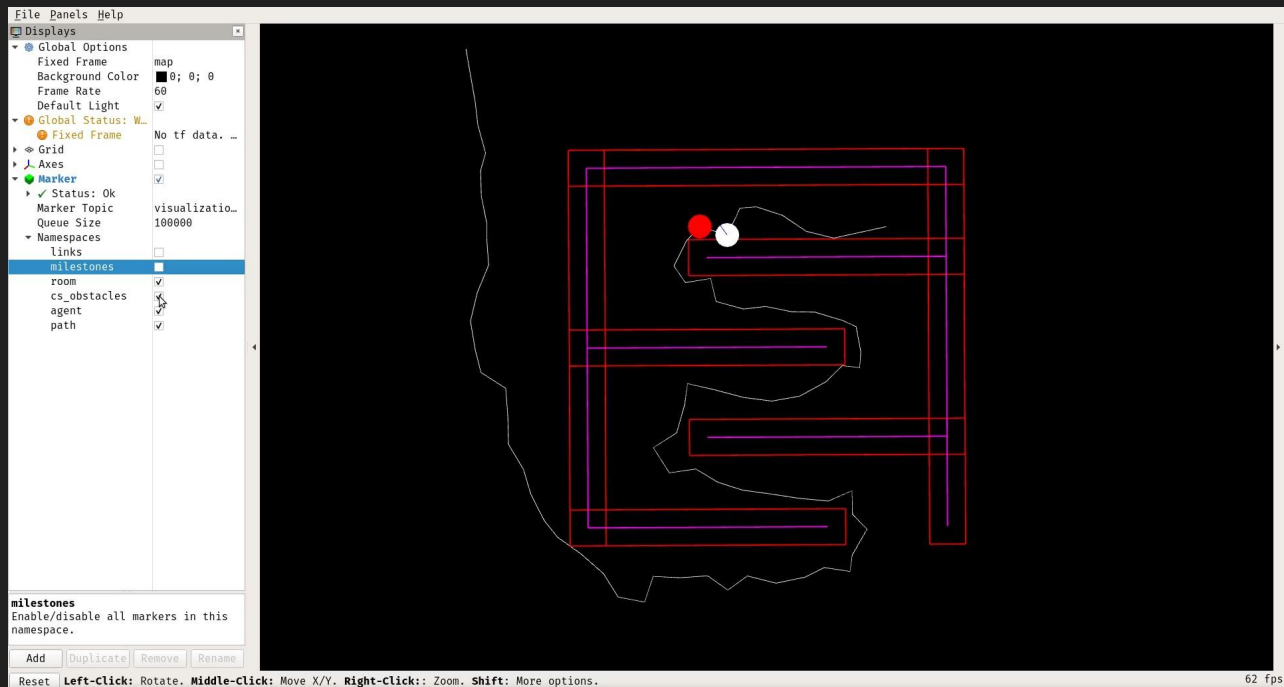


Results: With trajectory optimization



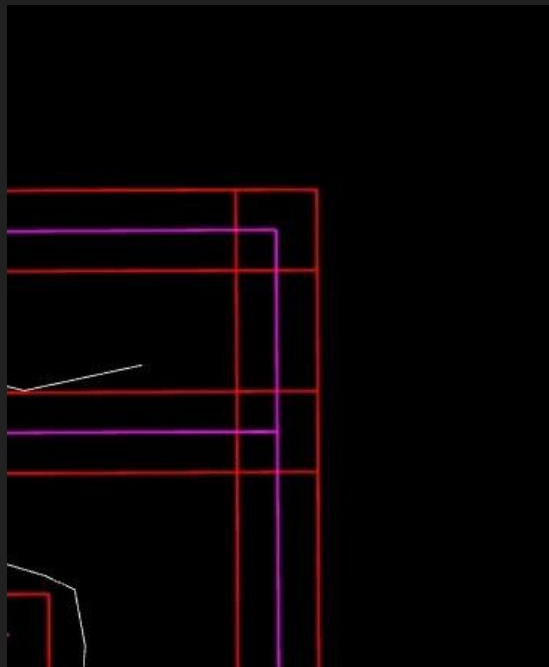
Challenges: Building a configuration space

- Taking extent of walls and turtlebot into account

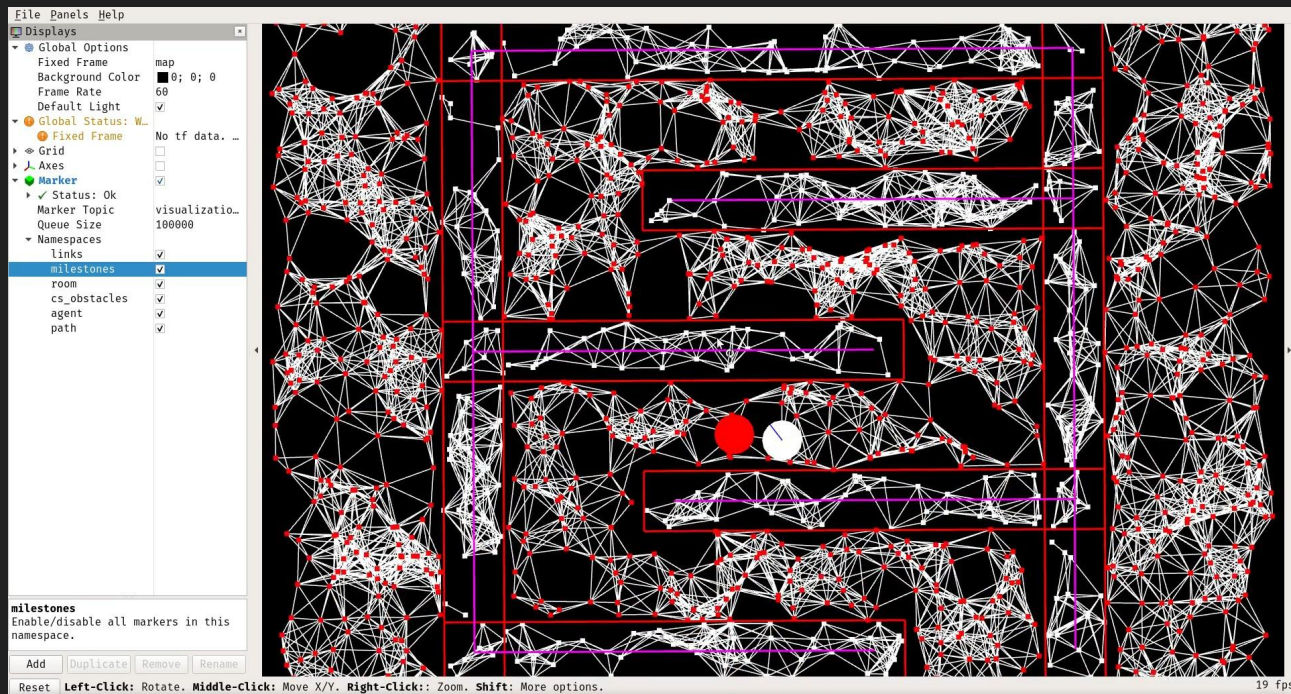


Challenges: CSpace edges of walls

- Simplifying assumption - rectangular CSpace obstacles

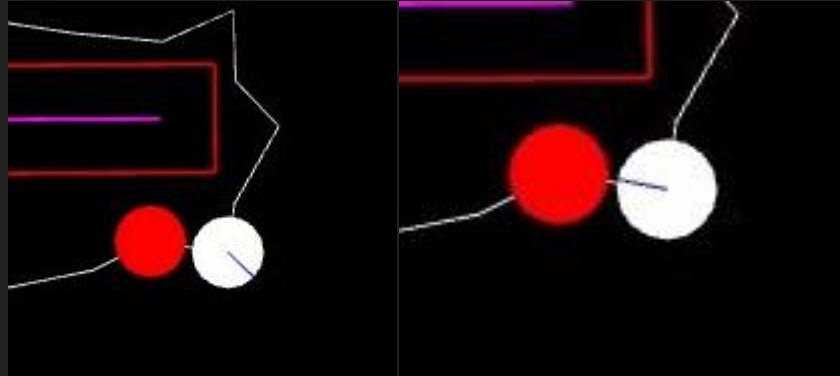


Challenges: Detecting edges intersect that obstacles



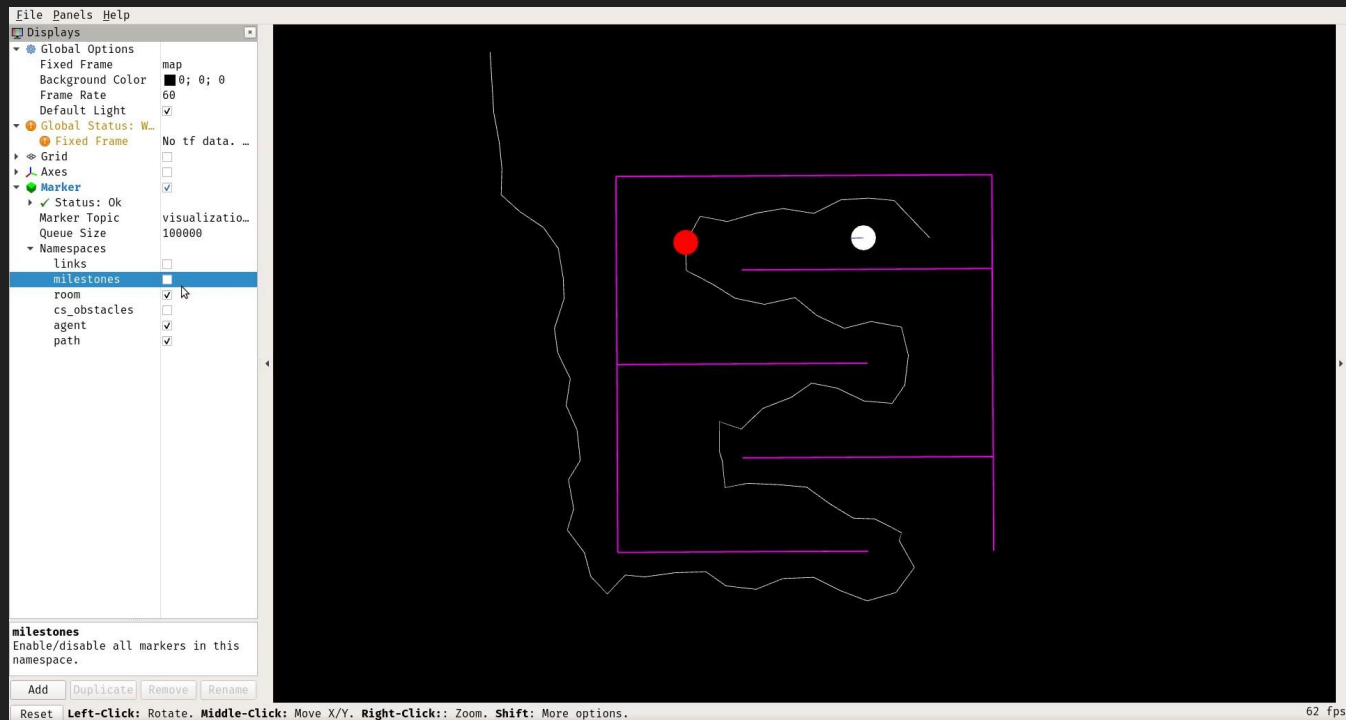
Challenges: Moving the robot on path

- Simple strategy orient and move



Challenges: Too many maneuvers

- Use trajectory optimization



Challenges - ROS/Gazebo

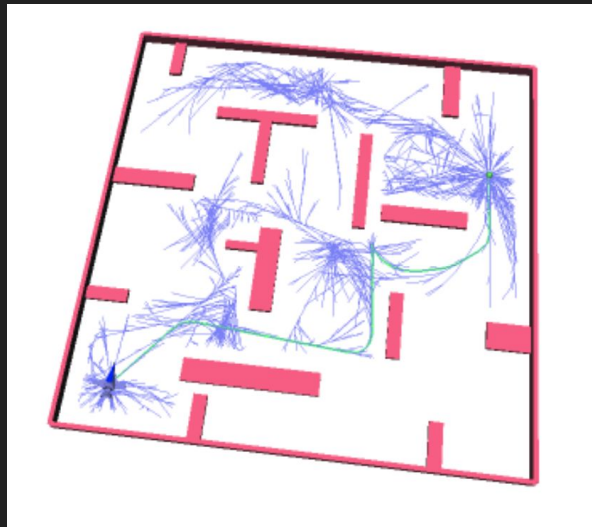
- Installing ROS and Gazebo
- Getting comfortable with ROS/rviz/Gazebo
- Gazebo is a resource hog!!

Final project should...

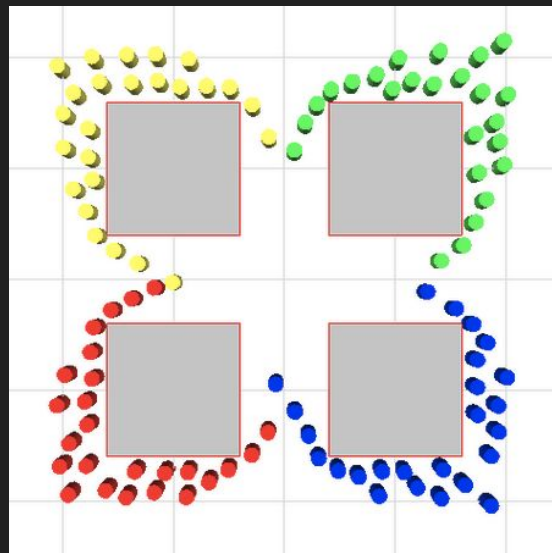
- Break “known” static obstacles assumption
 - Use laser scan for detecting obstacles
 - Keep track of them
 - Plan using currently known obstacles, replan if new ones found on path (spirit of D*Lite)
- Plan with dynamic obstacles
 - **May have to assume that the robot knows the position of humans**
 - Assume friendly behaviour
 - Use repulsive force methods to avoid collision from dynamic obstacles

The potential

- Use better explorative techniques like RRTs
- Use better dynamic obstacle collision avoidance like TTC or RVO



RRT example



RVO example

Thank you!