





#### Introduction

Hello, my name is Yash Bansode. In this project, I have utilized SQL queries to solve various questions related to Pizza Hut sales and gain useful insights.

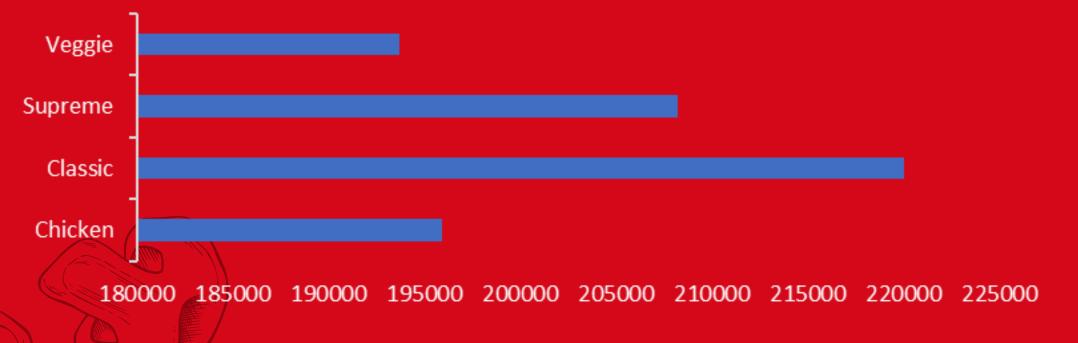




#### Market Analysis

Total Orders 21350 Total Revenue ₹8,17,860.05

#### Top 5 Pizza Type By Quantity

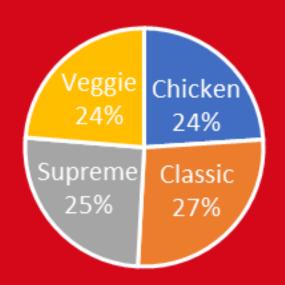


#### 2015: Revenue Trend By Month



Avg Order Value ₹ 38.31

Revenue By Pizza Category

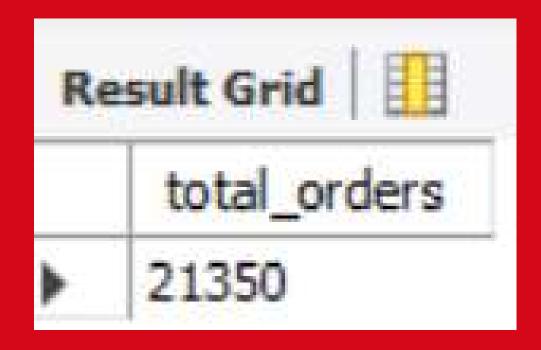






### Retrieve the total number of orders placed

```
SELECT COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders
FROM orders;
```



#### PIZZAHUT

### Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales

```
SELECT SUM(od.quantity * p.price) AS total_revenue
FROM order_details od
JOIN pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id;
```









#### Identify the highest-priced pizza



```
SELECT pizza_id, price
FROM pizzas
ORDER BY price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```







### Identify the most common pizza size ordered

```
SELECT p.size, SUM(od.quantity) AS total_ordered
FROM order_details od

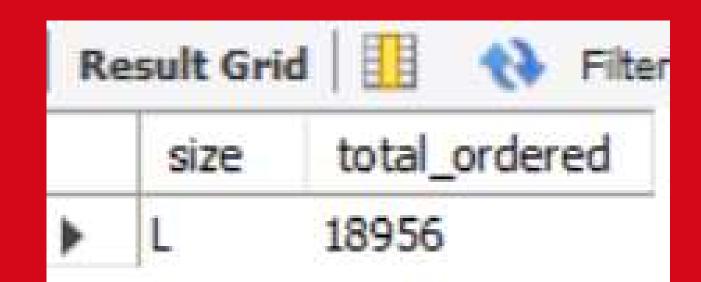
JOIN pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id

GROUP BY p.size

ORDER BY total_ordered DESC

LIMIT 1;
```











# List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities

```
SELECT pt.name, SUM(od.quantity) AS total_ordered
FROM order_details od
JOIN pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
JOIN pizza_types pt ON p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
GROUP BY pt.name
ORDER BY total_ordered DESC
LIMIT 5;
```



|             | name                       | total_ordered |  |
|-------------|----------------------------|---------------|--|
| <b>&gt;</b> | The Classic Deluxe Pizza   | 2453          |  |
|             | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | 2432          |  |
|             | The Hawaiian Pizza         | 2422          |  |
|             | The Pepperoni Pizza        | 2418          |  |
|             | The Thai Chicken Pizza     | 2371          |  |





# Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered

```
SELECT pt.category, SUM(od.quantity) AS total_quantity
FROM order_details od

JOIN pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id

JOIN pizza_types pt ON p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id

GROUP BY pt.category

ORDER BY total_quantity DESC;
```

| . Di cocui_quant | ity best,  |               |
|------------------|------------|---------------|
| Re               | esult Grid | Filter        |
|                  | category   | total_quantit |
| ▶ ·              | Classic    | 14888         |
|                  | Supreme    | 11987         |
|                  | Veggie     | 11649         |
|                  | Chicken    | 11050         |







ORDER BY order hour;

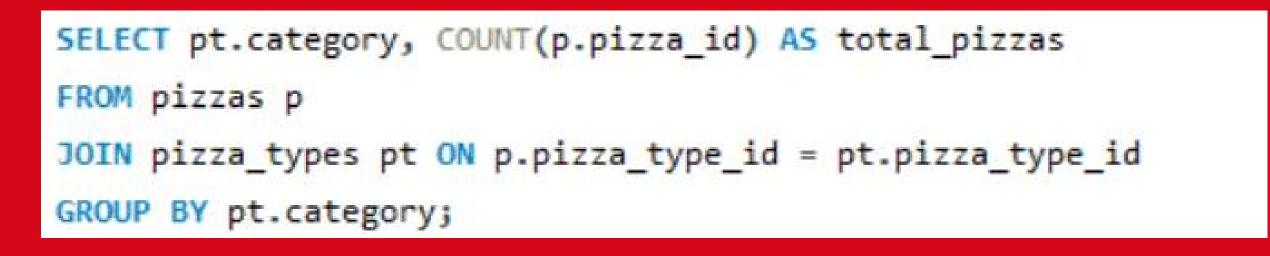
### Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day

SELECT HOUR(o.time) AS order\_hour, COUNT(o.order\_id) AS total\_orders
FROM orders o
GROUP BY HOUR(o.time)

| Result Grid |            |              |
|-------------|------------|--------------|
|             | order_hour | total_orders |
| <b>&gt;</b> | 9          | 1            |
|             | 10         | 8            |
|             | 11         | 1231         |
|             | 12         | 2520         |
|             | 13         | 2455         |
|             | 14         | 1472         |
|             | 15         | 1468         |
|             | 16         | 1920         |
|             | 17         | 2336         |
|             | 18         | 2399         |
|             | 19         | 2009         |
|             | 20         | 1642         |
|             | 21         | 1198         |
|             | 22         | 663          |
|             | 23         | 28           |



## Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas





| Result Grid   H Filter Ro |          |              |
|---------------------------|----------|--------------|
|                           | category | total_pizzas |
| <b>&gt;</b>               | Chicken  | 18           |
|                           | Classic  | 26           |
|                           | Supreme  | 25           |
|                           | Veggie   | 27           |







## Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day

```
SELECT o.date, AVG(daily.total_quantity) AS avg_pizzas_per_day
FROM orders o

JOIN (
        SELECT order_id, SUM(quantity) AS total_quantity
        FROM order_details
        GROUP BY order_id
) daily ON o.order_id = daily.order_id
GROUP BY o.date;
```

| Re          | esult Grid | Filter Rows:       |  |
|-------------|------------|--------------------|--|
|             | date       | avg_pizzas_per_day |  |
| <b>&gt;</b> | 2015-01-01 | 2.3478             |  |
|             | 2015-01-02 | 2.4627             |  |
|             | 2015-01-03 | 2.3939             |  |
|             | 2015-01-04 | 2.0385             |  |
|             | 2015-01-05 | 2.3148             |  |

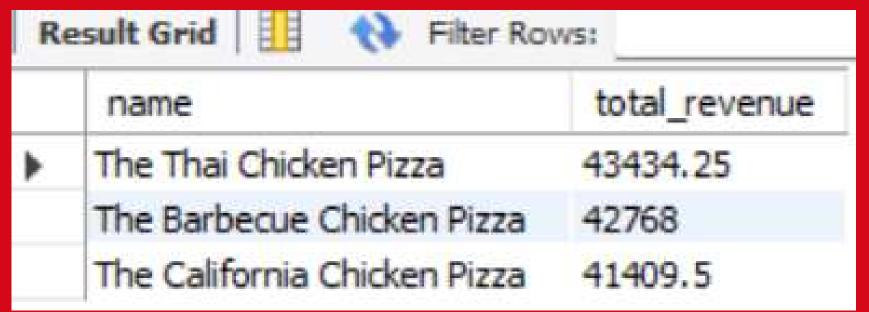






### Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue

```
SELECT pt.name, SUM(od.quantity * p.price) AS total_revenue
FROM order_details od
JOIN pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
JOIN pizza_types pt ON p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
GROUP BY pt.name
ORDER BY total_revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```







## Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue

```
SELECT pt.name,

ROUND((SUM(od.quantity * p.price) /

(SELECT SUM(od2.quantity * p2.price)

FROM order_details od2

JOIN pizzas p2 ON od2.pizza_id = p2.pizza_id) * 100), 2) AS revenue_percentage

FROM order_details od

JOIN pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id

JOIN pizzas p ON p.pizza_id = pt.pizza_id

JOIN pizza_types pt ON p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id

GROUP BY pt.name

ORDER BY revenue_percentage DESC;
```

| R | Result Grid                  |                    |  |  |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
|   | name                         | revenue_percentage |  |  |
| Þ | The Thai Chicken Pizza       | 5.31               |  |  |
|   | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 5.23               |  |  |
|   | The California Chicken Pizza | 5.06               |  |  |
|   | The Classic Deluxe Pizza     | 4.67               |  |  |







#### PIZZAHUT Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time

```
SELECT o.date,
       SUM(od.quantity * p.price) AS daily_revenue,
       SUM(SUM(od.quantity * p.price)) OVER (ORDER BY o.date) AS cumulative_revenue
FROM orders o
JOIN order_details od ON o.order_id = od.order_id
JOIN pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
GROUP BY o.date
ORDER BY o.date;
```



| Re | Result Grid |                    |                     |  |
|----|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|
|    | date        | daily_revenue      | cumulative_revenue  |  |
| •  | 2015-01-01  | 2713.8500000000004 | 2713.85000000000004 |  |
|    | 2015-01-02  | 2731.8999999999996 | 5445.75             |  |
|    | 2015-01-03  | 2662.4             | 8108.15             |  |
|    | 2015-01-04  | 1755.4500000000003 | 9863.6              |  |
|    | 2015-01-05  | 2065.95            | 11929.55            |  |



## Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category

```
SELECT category, name, total_revenue

FROM (

SELECT pt.category, pt.name,

SUM(od.quantity * p.price) AS total_revenue,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY pt.category ORDER BY SUM(od.quantity * p.price) DESC) AS rank_in_category

FROM order_details od

JOIN pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id

JOIN pizza_types pt ON p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id

GROUP BY pt.category, pt.name

1) ranked

WHERE rank_in_category <= 3

ORDER BY category, total_revenue DESC;
```

| R | esult Grid | Filter Rows:                 | Export:       |
|---|------------|------------------------------|---------------|
|   | category   | name                         | total_revenue |
| ١ | Chicken    | The Thai Chicken Pizza       | 43434.25      |
|   | Chicken    | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 42768         |
|   | Chicken    | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5       |



